

The L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} Sources

Johannes Braams
David Carlisle
Alan Jeffrey
Leslie Lamport
Frank Mittelbach
Chris Rowley
Rainer Schöpf

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This file is maintained by the L^AT_EX Project team.
Bug reports can be opened (category `latex`) at
<http://latex-project.org/bugs.html>.

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File a

ltdirchk.dtx

1 L^AT_EX System Dependent Initialisations

This file implements the semi-automatic determination of various system dependent parts of the initialisation. The actual definitions may be placed in a file `texsys.cfg`. Thus for operating systems for which the tests here do not result in acceptable settings, a ‘hand written’ `texsys.cfg` may be produced.

The macros that must be defined are:

`\@currdir` `\@currdir<filename><space>` should expand to a form of the filename that uniquely refers to the ‘current directory’ if this is possible. (The expansion should also end with a space.) on UNIX, this is `\def\@currdir{./}`. For more exotic operating systems you may want to make `\@currdir` a macro with arguments delimited by . and/or `<space>`. If the operating system has no concept of directory structure, this macro should be defined to be empty.

`\input@path` If the primitive `\openin` searches the same directories as the primitive `\input`, then it is possible to tell (using `\ifeof`) whether a file exists before trying to input it. For systems like this, `\input@path` should be left undefined.

If `\openin` does not ‘follow’ `\input` then `\input@path` must be defined to be a list of directories to search for input files. The format for each directory is as for `\@currdir`, normally just a prefix is required, but it may be a macro with space-delimited argument. That is, if `<dir>` is an entry in the input path, T_EX will try to load the expansion of `<dir><filename><space>`

So either `<dir>` should be defined as a macro with argument delimited by space, or it should just expand to a directory name, including the final directory separator, so that it may be concatenated with the `<filename>`. This means that for UNIX-like syntax, each `<dir>` should end with a slash, /.

`\input@path` should expand to a list of such directories, each in a {} group.

`\filename@parse` After a call of the form: `\filename@parse{<filename>}`, the three macros `\filename@area`, `\filename@base`, `\filename@ext` should be defined to be the ‘area’ (or directory), basename and extension respectively. If there was no extension specified in `<filename>`, `\filename@ext` should be `\let` to `\relax` (so this case may be tested with `\@ifundefined{\filename@ext}` and, perhaps a default extension substituted).

Normally one would not need to define this macro in `texsys.cfg` as the automatic tests can supply parsers that work with UNIX and VMS and Macintosh syntax, as well as a basic parser that will cover many other cases. However some operating systems may need a ‘hand produced’ parser in which case it should be defined in this file.

The UNIX parser also works for most MSDOS T_EX versions. Currently if the UNIX, VMS or Macintosh parser is not used, `\filename@parse` is defined to always return an empty area, and to split the argument into basename and extension at the first ‘.’ that occurs in the name. Parsers for other formats may be defined in `texsys.cfg`, in which case they will be used in preference to the default definitions.

`\@TeXversion` `\@TeXversion` is now set automatically by the initialisation tests in this file. You should not need to set it in `texsys.cfg`, however the following documentation

is left for information. L^AT_EX does not set this variable exactly, the automatic tests set it to:

- 2 for any version, v , $v < 3.0$
- 3 for any version, v , $3.0 \leq v \leq 3.14$
- $\langle\text{undefined}\rangle$ otherwise.

However these values are accurate enough for L^AT_EX to take appropriate action for these old T_EXs.

If your T_EX is older than version 3.141, then you should define `\@TeXversion` (using `\def`) to be the version number. If you do not do this¹, L^AT_EX will not work around a bug in old T_EX versions, and so error messages will appear in a very strange format, with $\wedge\wedge J$ appearing instead of line breaks:

```
! LaTeX Error: \rubbish undefined.^\wedge\wedge JSee the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion  
for explanation.^\wedge JType H <return> for immediate help.  
...
```

```
1.3 \renewcommand{\rubbish}  
    {}  
?
```

However if you put `\def\@TeXversion{3.14}` in `texsys.cfg` the following format will be used:

```
! LaTeX Error: \rubbish undefined.  
  
See the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion for explanation.  
Type H <return> for immediate help.  
!  
...  
  
1.3 \renewcommand{\rubbish}  
    {}  
?
```

Note that this has an extra line ! . which does not appear in error messages that use the default settings with a current version of T_EX, but this should not cause any confusion we hope.

2 Initialisation

As this file is read at a very early stage, some definitions that are normally considered to be part of the format must be made here.

2.1 INITEX

```
1 {*dircheck}  
2 {*initex}  
3 {initex}\ifnum\catcode`\'=1  
4 {initex} \errmessage  
5 {initex} {LaTeX must be made using an initex with no format preloaded}
```

¹Actually if your T_EX is really old, version 2, L^AT_EX can detect this, and sets `\@TeXversion` to 2 if it is not set in the `cfg` file.

```

6 <initex> \fi
7 \catcode`{=1
8 \catcode`}=2

```

If LuaTeX is in use the extensions and other new primitives have to be activated: this is done as early as possible. Older versions of LuaTeX do not hide the primitives: a version check is not needed as the version itself will be missing in the case where action is needed!

```

9 \ifx\directlua\undefined
10 \else
11   \ifx\luatexversion\undefined

```

Enable e-TeX/pdfTeX/Umath primitives with their natural names

```

12     \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",%
13                   tex.extraprimitives('etex', 'pdftex', 'umath'))}

```

In current formats enable primitives with unprefixed names. the `\textrallexclude` guards allow the primitives to be defined with a `\luatex` prefix if older formats are specified.

```

14 </initex>
15 </dircheck>
16 <*initex, \textrallexclude>
17 <\textrallexclude> \ifx\directlua\undefined\else
18 <\textrallexclude> \IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}{\luatexluafunction}
19 <\textrallexclude>                               {LuaTeX (prefixed names)}%
20     \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",%
21                   tex.extraprimitives("omega", "aleph", "luatex"))}
22 <\textrallexclude> \EndIncludeInRelease
23 <\textrallexclude> \IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\luatexluafunction}
24 <\textrallexclude>                               {LuaTeX (prefixed names)}%
25 <\textrallexclude> \directlua{
26 <\textrallexclude>   tex.enableprimitives(
27 <\textrallexclude>     "luatex",
28 <\textrallexclude>     tex.extraprimitives("core", "omega", "aleph", "luatex")
29 <\textrallexclude>   )
30 <\textrallexclude>   local i
31 <\textrallexclude>   local t = { }
32 <\textrallexclude>   for _,i in pairs(tex.extraprimitives("luatex")) do
33 <\textrallexclude>     if not string.match(i,"^U") then
34 <\textrallexclude>       if not string.match(i, "^luatex") then
35 <\textrallexclude>         table.insert(t,i)
36 <\textrallexclude>       end
37 <\textrallexclude>     else
38 <\textrallexclude>       if string.match(i,"^Uchar$") then
39 <\textrallexclude>         table.insert(t,i)
40 <\textrallexclude>       end
41 <\textrallexclude>     end
42 <\textrallexclude>   end
43 <\textrallexclude>   for _,i in pairs(t) do
44 <\textrallexclude>     tex.print(
45 <\textrallexclude>       "\noexpand\\let\\noexpand\\\" .. i
46 <\textrallexclude>       .. "\\noexpand\\undefined"
47 <\textrallexclude>     )
48 <\textrallexclude>   end
49 <\textrallexclude> }
50 <\textrallexclude> \EndIncludeInRelease

```

```

51 <|latexrelease>\fi
52 </initex, latexrelease>
53 <*dircheck>
54 <*initex>
55   \fi
56 \fi

```

That distraction over, back to the basics of a format.

```

57 \catcode`#6
58 \catcode`^=7
59 \chardef\active=13
60 \catcode`@=11
61 \countdef\count@=255
62 \let\bgroup={ \let\egroup=}
63 \ifx\@input\@undefined\let\@@input\input\fi
64 \ifx\@end\@undefined\let\@@end\end\fi
65 \chardef\@inputcheck0
66 \chardef\sixt@n=16
67 \newlinechar`\^J
68 \def\typeout{\immediate\write17}
69 \def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do{\{}{\do\}\}\do\${\do\&%
70   \do\#\do\^\do\_{\do\%\do\~}}
71 \def\@makeother#1{\catcode`#1=12\relax}
72 \def\spacef }
73 \def\@tempswafalse{\let\if@tempswa\iffalse}
74 \def\@tempswatrue{\let\if@tempswa\iftrue}
75 \let\if@tempswa\iffalse
76 \def\loop#1\repeat{\def\iterate{\#1\relax\expandafter\iterate\fi}%
77   \iterate \let\iterate\relax}
78 \let\repeat\fi
79 </initex>

```

2.2 Some bits of 2e

```

80 <*2ekernel>
81 \def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1<10 0\fi\number#1}
82 \long\def\@firstoftwo#1#2{#1}
83 \long\def\@secondoftwo#1#2{#2}

```

This is a special version of \ProvidesFile for initex use.

```

84 \def\ProvidesFile#1{%
85   \begingroup
86     \catcode`@ 10 %
87     \ifnum \endlinechar<256 %
88       \ifnum \endlinechar>\m@ne
89         \catcode\endlinechar 10 %
90       \fi
91     \fi
92     \@makeother\%
93     \@ifnextchar[{\@providesfile{#1}}{\@providesfile{#1}[]}}
94 \def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
95   \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
96   \@addtofilelist{ #2}%
97   \endgroup
98 \long\def\@addtofilelist#1{%

```

```

99 \def\@empty{}
100 \catcode`%=12
101 \def\@percentchar{%
102 \catcode`%=14
103 \let\@currdir\@undefined
104 \let\input@path\@undefined
105 \let\filename@parse\@undefined

\strip@prefix
106 \def\strip@prefix#1>{%
107 </2ekernel>

```

3 texsys.cfg

As mentioned above, any site specific definitions required to describe the filename handling must be entered into a file `texsys.cfg`. If `texsys.cfg` can not be located by `\openin`, we write a default version out. The default version only contains comments, so we do not actually input the file in that case. The automatic tests later will, hopefully, correctly define the required macros.

The tricky code below checks to see if `texsys.cfg` exists. If it does not, all the text in this file between START and END is copied verbatim to a new file `texsys.cfg`. If `texsys.cfg` is found, then it is simply input. This is only done when this file is being used unstripped.

```

108 (*docstrip)
109 \openin15=texsys.cfg
110 \ifeof15
111 \typeout{** Writing a default texsys.cfg}
112 \immediate\openout15=texsys.cfg
113 \begingroup
114 \catcode`^^M\active%
115 \let^^M\par%
116 \def\reserved@a#1^^M{%
117 \def\reserved@b{#1}%
118 \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c\endgroup\else%
119 \immediate\write15{#1}%
120 \expandafter\reserved@a\fi}%
121 \def\reserved@d#1START^^M{\let\do\@makeother\dospecials\reserved@a}%
122 \catcode`%=12
123 \def\reserved@c{%
124 \reserved@d
START

```

3.1 texsys.cfg

This file contains the site specific definitions of the four macros `\@currdir`, `\input@path`, `\filename@parse` and `\@TeXversion`.

As distributed it only contains comments, however this ‘empty’ file will work on many systems because of the automatic tests built into `ltdirchk.dtx`. You are allowed to edit this file to add definitions of these macros appropriate to your system.

The macros that must be defined are:

\@currdir \@currdir $\langle\text{filename}\rangle\langle\text{space}\rangle$ should expand to a form of the filename that uniquely refers to the ‘current directory’ if this is possible. (The expansion should also end with a space.) on UNIX, this is \def\@currdir{\./}. For more exotic operating systems you may want to make \@currdir a macro with arguments delimited by . and/or $\langle\text{space}\rangle$. If the operating system has no concept of directory structure, this macro should be defined to be empty.

\input@path If the primitive \openin searches the same directories as the primitive \input, then it is possible to tell (using \ifeof) whether a file exists before trying to input it. For systems like this, \input@path should be left undefined.

If \openin does not ‘follow’ \input then \input@path must be defined to be a list of directories to search for input files. The format for each directory is as for \@currdir, normally just a prefix is required, but it may be a macro with space-delimited argument. That is, if $\langle\text{dir}\rangle$ is an entry in the input path, TeX will try to load the expansion of
 $\langle\text{dir}\rangle\langle\text{filename}\rangle\langle\text{space}\rangle$

So either $\langle\text{dir}\rangle$ should be defined as a macro with argument delimited by space, or it should just expand to a directory name, including the final directory separator, so that it may be concatenated with the $\langle\text{filename}\rangle$. This means that for UNIX-like syntax, each $\langle\text{dir}\rangle$ should end with a slash, /. One exception to this rule is that the input path should *always* contain the empty directory {} as this will allow ‘full pathnames’ to be used, and the ‘current directory’ to be searched.

\input@path should expand to a list of such directories, each in a {} group.

\filename@parse After a call of the form: \filename@parse{\filename}, the three macros \filename@area, \filename@base, \filename@ext should be defined to be the ‘area’ (or directory), basename and extension respectively. If there was no extension specified in \filename, \filename@ext should be \let to \relax (so this case may be tested with \ifundefined{\filename@ext} and, perhaps a default extension substituted).

Normally one would not need to define this macro in `texsys.cfg` as the automatic tests can supply parsers that work with UNIX and VMS syntax, as well as a basic parser that will cover many other cases. However some operating systems may need a ‘hand produced’ parser in which case it should be defined in this file.

The UNIX parser also works for most MSDOS TeX versions. Currently if the UNIX or VMS parser is not used, \filename@parse is defined to always return an empty area, and to split the argument into basename and extension at the first ‘.’ that occurs in the name. Parsers for other formats may be defined in `texsys.cfg`, in which case they will be used in preference to the default definitions.

\@TeXversion You should not need to set this macro in `texsys.cfg`. L^AT_EX tests to set this automatically. See the comments in the opening section of `ltdirchk.dtx`.

The following sections give examples of definitions which might work on various systems. These are currently mainly untested as I only have access to a few systems, all of which do not need this file as the automatic tests work. All the code is commented out.

3.2 UNIX (web2c)

This implementation does make \openin and \input look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
125 \%def\@currdir{\./}
```

```
126 \%\\let\\input@path\\undefined
```

3.3 UNIX (other)

Apparently some commercial UNIX implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever directories are used at your site): note that the directory names should end with `/`.

```
127 \% \\def\\@currdir{./}
128 \% \\def\\input@path{%
129 \%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/distrib/}%
130 \%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/contrib/}%
131 \%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/local/}%
132 \% }
```

3.4 MSDOS (emtex)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
133 \% \\def\\@currdir{./}
134 \% \\let\\input@path\\undefined
```

3.5 MSDOS (other)

Some PC implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever directories are used at your site): note that the directory names should end with `/`. This assumes the implementation uses UNIX style `/` as the directory separator.

```
135 \% \\def\\@currdir{./}
136 \% \\def\\input@path{%
137 \%   {c:/tex/inputs/distrib/}%
138 \%   {c:/tex/inputs/contrib/}%
139 \%   {c:/tex/inputs/local/}%
140 \% }
```

3.6 VMS (DECUS TEX, PD VMS 3.6)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
141 \% \\def\\@currdir{[]}
142 \% \\let\\input@path\\undefined
```

3.7 VMS (???)

Some VMS implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following:

```
143 \% \\def\\@currdir{[]}
144 \% \\def\\input@path{%
145 \%   {tex_inputs:} }
```

```

146 % {SOMEDISK:[SOME.TEX.DIRECTORY]}%
147 %

```

3.8 MACINTOSH (OzTeX 1.6)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```

148 % \def\@currdir{`}
149 % \let\input@path\@undefined

```

3.9 MACINTOSH (other)

Some Macintosh implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever folders are used on your machine): note that the directory names should end with :, and they should contain *no* spaces.

```

150 % \def\@currdir{`}
151 % \def\input@path{`}
152 % {Hard-Disk:Applications:TeX:TeX-inputs:}`}
153 % {Hard-Disk:Applications:TeX:My-inputs:`}
154 %

```

3.10 FAKE EXAMPLE

This example is for an operating system that has filenames of the form `<area>name`. For maximum compatibility with macro sets, you want `name.ext` to be mapped to `<ext>name`. and `<area>name.ext` to be mapped to `<area.ext>name`. `\input` does this mapping automatically, but `\openin` does not, and does not look in the same places as `\input`. `<>name` is the desired ‘current directory’ syntax.

the following code would possibly work:

```

155 % \def\@dir#1#2 {%
156 %   \@d@r{#1}#2..\@nil%
157 % \def\@d@r#1#2.#3.#4\@nil{%
158 %   <\ifx\@dir#1\@dir\else#1\ifx\@dir#3\@dir\else.\fi\fi#3>#2 %
159 %
160 % \def\@currdir{\@dir{}}
161 % \def\input@path{%
162 %   {\@dir{area.one}}%
163 %   {\@dir{area.two}}%
164 %
END
165 \immediate\closeout15
If texsys.cfg did exist, then input it.
166 \else
167 \typeout{** Using the existing texsys.cfg}
168 \closein15
169 \input texsys.cfg
170 \fi
171 </docstrip>

```

If the stripped version of this file is being used (in `latex2e.ltx`) then `texsys.cfg` should be there, so just input it.

```
172 <dircheck>\input texsys.cfg
```

4 Setting \@currdir

`\@currdir` This is a local definition of `\IfFileExists`. It tries to relocate `texsys.aux`. If it succeeds, then the `\@currdir` syntax has been determined. If all the tests fail then `\@currdir` will be set to `\empty`, and `ltxcheck` will warn of this when it checks the format.

```
173 \begingroup
174 \count@=time
175 \divide\count@ 60
176 \count2=-\count@
177 \multiply\count2 60
178 \advance\count2 \time
```

`\today` The current date and time stamp.

```
179 \edef\today{%
180   \the\year/\two@digits{\the\month}/\two@digits{\the\day}:
181   \two@digits{\the\count@}:\two@digits{\the\count2}}
```

Create a file `texsys.aux` (hopefully in the current directory), then try to locate it again.

```
182 \immediate\openout15=texsys.aux
183 \immediate\write15{\today^J}
184 \immediate\closeout15 %

#1 is the file to try, #2 is what to do on success, #3 on failure.

185 \def\IfFileExists#1#2#3{%
186   \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
187   \ifeof\@inputcheck
188     #3\relax
189   \else
190     \read\@inputcheck to \reserved@a
191     \ifx\reserved@a\today
192       \typeout{#1 found}#2\relax
193     \else
194       \typeout{BAD: old file \reserved@a (should be \today)}%
195     #3\relax
196   \fi
197 \fi
198 \closein\@inputcheck}

199 \endlinechar=-1
```

If `\@currdir` has not been pre-defined in `texsys.cfg` then test for UNIX, VMS and Oz-TeX-Mac. syntax.

```
200 \ifx\@currdir\undefined
201   \IfFileExists{./texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{./}}%
202   {\IfFileExists{[]texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{[]}}%
203   {\IfFileExists{:texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{:}}{}}}
```

If it is still undefined at this point, all the above tests failed. Earlier versions interactively prompted for a definition at this point, but it seems impossible to reliably obtain information from users at this point in the installation. This version of the file produces a format with no user-interaction. Later if the format is not suitable for the system, `texsys.cfg` may be edited and the format re-made.

```

204  \ifx\@currdir\@undefined
205    \global\let\@currdir\@empty
206    \typeout{^^J^^J%
207      !! No syntax for the current directory could be found^^J%
208    }%
209  \fi

```

Otherwise `\@currdir` was defined in `texsys.cfg`. In this case check that the syntax specified works on this system. (In case a complete L^AT_EX system has been copied from one system to another.) If the test fails, give up. The installer should remove or correct the offending `texsys.cfg` and try again.

```

210 \else
211   \IfFileExists{\@currdir texsys.aux}{}{%
212     \edef\reserved@a{\errhelp{%
213       texsys.cfg specifies the current directory syntax to be^^J%
214       \meaning\@currdir^^J%
215       but this does not work on this system.^^J%
216       Remove texsys.cfg and restart.}}\reserved@a
217     \errmessage{Bad texsys.cfg file: \noexpand\@currdir}\@end}

```

The version of `\@currdir` in `texsys.cfg` looks OK.

```

218 \fi
219 \immediate\closeout15 %
220 \endgroup
221 \typeout{^^J^^J%
222   \noexpand\@currdir set to:
223   \expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\@currdir.^^J%
224 }

```

Stop here if the file is being used unstripped.

```

225 {*docstrip}
226 \relax\endinput
227 
```

5 Setting `\input@path`

Earlier versions of this file attempted to automatically test whether `\input@path` was required, and interactively prompt for a path if necessary. This was not found to be very reliable. The first-time installer of L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} can not be expected to have enough information to supply the correct information to the prompts. Now the interaction is omitted. After the format is made the installer can attempt to run the test document `ltxcheck.tex` through L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} . This will check, amongst other things, whether `texsys.cfg` will need to be edited and the format remade.

`\input@path` Now set up the `\input@path`.

\input@path should either be undefined, or a list of directories as described in the introduction.

```
228  \typeout{^^J%
229    Assuming \noexpand\openin and \noexpand\input^^J%
230    \ifx\input@path\@undefined
231      \input@path has not been pre-defined.
232      have the same search path.^^J%
233    \else
234      \input@path has been defined in texsys.cfg.
235      have different search paths.^^J%
236      LaTeX will use the path specified by \noexpand\input@path:^^J%
237  \fi
238 }
```

6 Filename Parsing

\filename@parse Split a filename into its components.

```
237 \ifx\filename@parse\@undefined
238   \def\reserved@a{./}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a
239   \filename@parse was not specified in texsys.cfg, but \@currdir looks like
240   UNIX...
241   \typeout{^^JDefining UNIX/DOS style filename parser.^^J}
242   \def\filename@parse#1{%
243     \let\filename@area\empty
244     \expandafter\filename@path#1\\}
```

Search for the last /.

```
243   \def\filename@path#1/#2\\{%
244     \ifx\\#2\\%
245       \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
246     \else
247       \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1}%
248       \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
249     \fi
250   \reserved@a}
```

251 \else\def\reserved@a{}{}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a

\filename@parse was not specified in texsys.cfg, but \@currdir looks like
VMS...

```
252   \typeout{^^JDefining VMS style filename parser.^^J}
253   \def\filename@parse#1{%
254     \let\filename@area\empty
255     \expandafter\filename@path#1\\}
```

Search for the last].

```
256   \def\filename@path#1]#2\\{%
257     \ifx\\#2\\%
258       \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
259     \else
260       \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1}%
261       \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
```

```

262      \fi
263      \reserved@a}
264 \else\def\reserved@a{:\}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a
\filename@parse was not specified in texsys.cfg, but \@currdir looks like Mac-
intosh...
265     \typeout{^^JDefining Mac style filename parser.^^J}
266     \def\filename@parse#1{%
267         \let\filename@area\empty
268         \expandafter\filename@path#1:\\}
Search for the last :.
269     \def\filename@path#1:#2\\{%
270         \ifx\\#2\\%
271             \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
272         \else
273             \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1:}%
274             \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
275         \fi
276         \reserved@a}
277 \else
\filename@parse was not specified in texsys.cfg. So just make a simple parser
that always sets \filename@area to empty.
278     \typeout{^^JDefining generic filename parser.^^J}
279     \def\filename@parse#1{%
280         \let\filename@area\empty
281         \expandafter\filename@simple#1.\\}
282 \fi\fi\fi
\filename@simple is used by all three versions. Finally we can split off the
extension.
283     \def\filename@simple#1.#2\\{%
284         \ifx\\#2\\%
285             \let\filename@ext\relax
286         \else
287             \edef\filename@ext{\filename@dot#2\\}%
288         \fi
289         \edef\filename@base{#1}}
Remove a final dot, added earlier.
290     \def\filename@dot#1.\\{#1}
291 \else
Otherwise, \filename@parse was specified in texsys.cfg.
292     \typeout{^^J^^J%
293     \noexpand\filename@parse was defined in texsys.cfg:^^J%
294     \expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\filename@parse.^^J%
295     }
296 \fi

```

7 T_EX Versions

\@TeXversion T_EX versions older than than 3.141 require \@TeXversion to be set. This can be determined automatically due to a trick suggested by Bernd Raichle. (Actually this will not always get the correct version number, eg T_EX3.14 would be detected as T_EX3, but L^AT_EX only needs to take account of T_EX's older than 3, or between 3 and 3.14.

```
297 \ifx\@TeXversion\undefined
298   \ifx\@undefined\inputlineno
299     \def\@TeXversion{2}
300   \else
301     {\catcode`^=active
302      \def\reserved@a#1#2{\if#1\string^#3\fi}
303      \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\reserved@a\string^J\@c}
304      \ifx\reserved@a\empty\else\gdef\@TeXversion{3}\fi}
305   \fi
306 \fi
307 </dircheck>
```

8 ltxcheck.tex

After the format has been made, and article.cls moved with the other files to the ‘standard input directory’ as specified in `install.txt`, the format may be checked by running the file `ltxcheck.tex`.

File b

ltplain.dtx

9 Plain T_EX

L^AT_EX includes almost all of the functionality of Knuth's original 'Basic Macros'. That is, the plain T_EX format described in Appendix B of the T_EXBook. However, some of the user commands are not much use so, in order to save memory, we may remove them from the kernel into a package. Here is a list of the commands that may be removed (PROBABLY NOT COMPLETE).

```
\magstep    \magstephalf  
\mathhexbox  
\vglue     \vgl@  
\hglue     \hgl@
```

This file is by now very small as most of it has been moved to more appropriate kernel files: it may disappear completely one day.

L^AT_EX font definitions are done using NFSS2 so none of PLAIN's font definitions are in L^AT_EX.

L^AT_EX has its own tabbing environment, so PLAIN's is disabled.

L^AT_EX uses its own output routine, so most of the plain one was removed.

```
1 {*2ekernel}  
2 \catcode`{\=1 % left brace is begin-group character  
3 \catcode`}=\=2 % right brace is end-group character  
4 \catcode`$=3 % dollar sign is math shift  
5 \catcode`&=4 % ampersand is alignment tab  
6 \catcode`#=6 % hash mark is macro parameter character  
7 \catcode`^=7 % circumflex and uparrow are for superscripts  
8 \catcode`_=8 % underline and downarrow are for subscripts  
9 \catcode`^^I=10 % ascii tab is a blank space  
10 \chardef\active=13 \catcode`~=\\active % tilde is active  
11 \catcode`^^L=\\active \outer\def^^L{\par}% ascii form-feed is \outer\par  
12 \message{catcodes,}
```

We had to define the \catcodes right away, before the message line, since \message uses the { and } characters. When INITEX (the T_EX initializer) starts up, it has defined the following \catcode values:

```
\catcode`^^@=9 % ascii null is ignored  
\catcode`^^M=5 % ascii return is end-line  
\catcode`\\=0 % backslash is TeX escape character  
\catcode`%=14 % percent sign is comment character  
\catcode` =10 % ascii space is blank space  
\catcode`^^?=15 % ascii delete is invalid  
\catcode`A=11 ... \catcode`Z=11 % uppercase letters  
\catcode`a=11 ... \catcode`z=11 % lowercase letters  
all others are type 12 (other)
```

Here is a list of the characters that have been specially catcoded:

```
13 \def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do{\{}{\do\}}\do\$\\do\&%  
14 \do\#\do\^\do\_\do\%\do\~}
```

(not counting ascii null, tab, linefeed, formfeed, return, delete) Each symbol in the list is preceded by , which can be defined if you want to do something to every item in the list.

We make @ signs act like letters, temporarily, to avoid conflict between user names and internal control sequences of plain format.

15 \catcode`@=11

To make the plain macros more efficient in time and space, several constant values are declared here as control sequences. If they were changed, anything could happen; so they are private symbols.

\one Small constants are defined using \chardef.

\tw@ 16 \chardef\one=1

\thr@@ 17 \chardef\tw@=2

\sixt@@n 18 \chardef\thr@@=3

\@cclv 19 \chardef\sixt@@n=16

20 \chardef\@cclv=255

\@cclvi Constants above 255 defined using \mathchardef.

\@m 21 \mathchardef\@cclvi=256

\@M 22 \mathchardef\@m=1000

\@MM 23 \mathchardef\@M=10000

24 \mathchardef\@MM=20000

Allocation of registers

Here are macros for the automatic allocation of \count, \box, \dimen, \skip, \muskip, and \toks registers, as well as \read and \write stream numbers, \fam codes, \language codes, and \insert numbers.

25 \message{registers,}

When a register is used only temporarily, it need not be allocated; grouping can be used, making the value previously in the register return after the close of the group. The main use of these macros is for registers that are defined by one macro and used by others, possibly at different nesting levels. All such registers should be defined through these macros; otherwise conflicts may occur, especially when two or more macro packages are being used at the same time.

The following counters are reserved:

0 to 9 page numbering

10 count allocation

11 dimen allocation

12 skip allocation

13 muskip allocation

14 box allocation

15 toks allocation

16 read file allocation

17 write file allocation

18 math family allocation

19 language allocation

20 insert allocation

21 the most recently allocated number

22 constant -1

New counters are allocated starting with 23, 24, etc. Other registers are allocated starting with 10. This leaves 0 through 9 for the user to play with safely, except that counts 0 to 9 are considered to be the page and subpage numbers (since they are displayed during output). In this scheme, `\count` 10 always contains the number of the highest-numbered counter that has been allocated, `\count` 14 the highest-numbered box, etc. Inserts are given numbers 254, 253, etc., since they require a `\count`, `\dimen`, `\skip`, and `\box` all with the same number; `\count` 20 contains the lowest-numbered insert that has been allocated. Of course, `\box255` is reserved for `\output`; `\count255`, `\dimen255`, and `\skip255` can be used freely.

It is recommended that macro designers always use `\global` assignments with respect to registers numbered

1, 3, 5, 7, 9,

and always non-`\global` assignments with respect to registers

0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 255.

This will prevent “save stack buildup” that might otherwise occur.

```

26 \count10=22 % allocates \count registers 23, 24, ...
27 \count11=9 % allocates \dimen registers 10, 11, ...
28 \count12=9 % allocates \skip registers 10, 11, ...
29 \count13=9 % allocates \muskip registers 10, 11, ...
30 \count14=9 % allocates \box registers 10, 11, ...
31 \count15=9 % allocates \toks registers 10, 11, ...
32 \count16=-1 % allocates input streams 0, 1, ...
33 \count17=-1 % allocates output streams 0, 1, ...
34 \count18=3 % allocates math families 4, 5, ...
35 \count19=0 % allocates \language codes 1, 2, ...
36 \count20=255 % allocates insertions 254, 253, ...

```

<code>\insc@unt</code>	The insertion counter and most recent allocation.
<code>\allocationnumber</code>	37 <code>\countdef\insc@unt=20</code> 38 <code>\countdef\allocationnumber=21</code>
<code>\m@ne</code>	The constant -1 . 39 <code>\countdef\m@ne=22 \m@ne=-1</code>
<code>\wlog</code>	Write on log file (only) 40 <code>\def\wlog{\immediate\write\m@ne}</code>
<code>\count@</code>	Here are abbreviations for the names of scratch registers that don't need to be allocated.
<code>\dimen@</code>	41 <code>\countdef\count@=255</code>
<code>\dimen@ii</code>	42 <code>\dimendef\dimen@=0</code>
<code>\skip@</code>	43 <code>\dimendef\dimen@i=1 % global only</code>
<code>\toks@</code>	44 <code>\dimendef\dimen@ii=2</code> 45 <code>\skipdef\skip@=0</code> 46 <code>\toksdef\toks@=0</code>
<code>\newcount</code>	Now, we define <code>\newcount</code> , <code>\newbox</code> , etc. so that you can say <code>\newcount\foo</code> and
<code>\newdimen</code>	<code>\foo</code> will be defined (with <code>\countdef</code>) to be the next counter.
<code>\newskip</code>	To find out which counter <code>\foo</code> is, you can look at <code>\allocationnumber</code> .
<code>\newmuskip</code>	Since there's no <code>\boxdef</code> command, <code>\chardef</code> is used to define a <code>\newbox</code> ,
<code>\newbox</code>	<code>\newinsert</code> , <code>\newfam</code> , and so on.
<code>\newread</code>	
<code>\newwrite</code>	
<code>\newlanguage</code>	File b: <code>ltplain.dtx</code> Date: 2016/07/29 Version v2.2c

LATEX change: remove `\outer` from `\newcount` and `\newdimen` (FMi) This is necessary to use `\newcount` inside `\if...` later on. Also remove from `\newskip`, `\newbox` `\newwrite` and `\newfam` (DPC) to save later redefinition.

```

47 </2ekernel>
48 {*2ekernel | latexrelease>
49 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
50 <latexrelease>          {\newcount}{Extended Allocation}%
51 \def\newcount {\e@alloc\count \countdef {\count10}\insc@unt\float@count}
52 \def\newdimen {\e@alloc\dimen \dimendef {\count11}\insc@unt\float@count}
53 \def\newskip {\e@alloc\skip \skipdef {\count12}\insc@unt\float@count}
54 \def\newmuskip
55           {\e@alloc\muskip\muskipdef{\count13}\m@ne\e@alloc@top}

```

For compatibility use `\chardef` in the classical range.

```

56 \def\newbox {\e@alloc\box
57           {\ifnum\allocationnumber<\@ccvi
58             \expandafter\chardef
59           \else
60             \expandafter\@alloc@chardef
61           \fi}
62           {\count14}\insc@unt\float@count}
63 \def\newtoks {\e@alloc\toks \toksdef{\count15}\m@ne\e@alloc@top}
64 \def\newread {\e@alloc\read \chardef{\count16}\m@ne\sixt@n}

```

Skip `\write18` due to its traditional use as a shell-escape.

```

65 \ifx\directlua\@undefined
66   \def\newwrite {\e@alloc\write \chardef{\count17}\m@ne\sixt@n}
67 \else
68   \def\newwrite {\e@alloc\write
69     {\ifnum\allocationnumber=18 \allocationnumber19\fi
70       \global\chardef}%
71     {\count17}%
72     \m@ne
73     {128}}
74 \fi
75 \def\new@mathgroup
76   {\e@alloc\mathgroup\chardef{\count18}\m@ne\mathgroup@top}
77 \def\newlanguage {\e@alloc\language \chardef{\count19}\m@ne\@ccvi}
78 \let\newfam\new@mathgroup
79 </2ekernel | latexrelease>

```

```

80 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
81 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
82 <latexrelease>          {\newcount}{Extended Allocation}%
83 <latexrelease>\def\newcount{\alloc@0\count \countdef\insc@unt}
84 <latexrelease>\def\newdimen{\alloc@1\dimen \dimendef\insc@unt}
85 <latexrelease>\def\newskip{\alloc@2\skip \skipdef\insc@unt}
86 <latexrelease>\def\newmuskip{\alloc@3\muskip\muskipdef\@ccvi}
87 <latexrelease>\def\newbox{\alloc@4\box\chardef\insc@unt}
88 <latexrelease>\def\newtoks{\alloc@5\toks\toksdef\@ccvi}
89 <latexrelease>\def\newread{\alloc@6\read\chardef\sixt@n}
90 <latexrelease>\def\newwrite{\alloc@7\write\chardef\sixt@n}
91 <latexrelease>\def\new@mathgroup{\alloc@8\fam\chardef\sixt@n}
92 <latexrelease>\def\newlanguage{\alloc@9\language\chardef\@ccvi}

```

```

93 <|latexrelease>\let\newfam\new@mathgroup
94 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

\e@alloc@chardef The upper limit of extended registers, which leaves this number (eg \dimen32767)
\e@alloc@top always unallocated by these macros. cf traditional \dimen255.

95 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
96 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
97 <|latexrelease>          {\e@alloc@chardef}{Extended Allocation}%
98 \ifx\directlua\undefined
99   \ifx\widowpenalties\undefined
classic tex has  $2^8$  registers.

100    \mathchardef\@alloc@top=255
101    \let\@alloc@chardef\mathchardef
102  \else
etex and xetex have  $2^{15}$  registers.

103    \mathchardef\@alloc@top=32767
104    \let\@alloc@chardef\mathchardef
105  \fi
106 \else
luatex has  $2^{16}$  registers.

107  \chardef\@alloc@top=65535
108  \let\@alloc@chardef\chardef
109 \fi
110 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
111 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
112 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
113 <|latexrelease>          {\e@alloc@chardef}{Extended Allocation}%
114 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@top\undefined
115 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@chardef\undefined
116 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

\@mathgroup@top The upper limit of extended math groups (\fam) 16 in classic TEX and e-TEX, but
256 in Unicode TeX variants.

117 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
118 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
119 <|latexrelease>          {\e@mathgroup@top}{Extended Allocation}%
120 \ifx\Umathcode\undefined
classic and e tex have 16 fam (0–15).

121  \chardef\@mathgroup@top=16
122 \else
xetex and luatex have 256 fam (0–255).

123  \chardef\@mathgroup@top=256
124 \fi
125 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
126 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
127 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
128 <|latexrelease>          {\e@mathgroup@top}{Extended Allocation}%
129 <|latexrelease>\let\@mathgroup@top\undefined
130 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

<code>\e@alloc</code>	A modified version of <code>\alloc@</code> that takes the count register rather than just the final digit of its number (assuming <code>\count1x</code>). It also has an extra argument to give the top of the extended range.
	#1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #6
	<code>\e@alloc type defcmd current top extended-top newname</code>
	Note that if just a single allocation range is required (not omitting a range up to 255 for inserts) then <code>-1</code> should be used for the first upper bound argument, <code>#4</code> .
131	<code>(*2ekernel | latexrelease)</code>
132	<code>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\e@alloc}{Extended Allocation}%</code>
133	<code>\def\e@alloc#1#2#3#4#5#6{%</code>
134	<code> \global\advance#3\@ne</code>
135	<code> \@ch@ck{\#3}{\#4}{\#5}{\#1}</code>
136	<code> \allocationnumber#3\relax</code>
137	<code> \global#2#6\allocationnumber</code>
138	<code> \wlog{\string#6=\string#1\the\allocationnumber}}%</code>
139	<code>}/2ekernel | latexrelease)</code>
140	<code>\EndIncludeInRelease</code>
141	<code>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\e@alloc}{Extended Allocation}%</code>
142	<code>\let\@alloc\@undefined</code>
143	<code>\EndIncludeInRelease</code>
144	<code>(*2ekernel)</code>
<code>\e@ch@ck</code>	Extended check command. If the first range is exceeded, bump to 256 (or 266 for counts) and try again, testing the extended range.
<code>\extrafloats</code>	Allocate matching registers from the top of the extended range and add to <code>\@freelist</code> .
145	<code>}/2ekernel)</code>
146	<code>(*2ekernel | latexrelease)</code>
147	<code>\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}{\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%</code>
148	<code>\IncludeInRelease{\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%</code>
149	<code>\gdef\@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%</code>
150	<code> \ifnum#1<#2\else</code>
	If we've reached the classical top limit, bump to 256 or 266 for counts (count 256–265 are reserved by the allocation system).
151	<code> \ifnum#1=#2\relax</code>
152	<code> \global#1\@cc@lvi</code>
153	<code> \ifx\count#4\global\advance#1 10 \fi</code>
154	<code> \fi</code>
	Check we are below the extended limit.
155	<code> \ifnum#1<#3\relax</code>
156	<code> \else</code>
157	<code> \errmessage{No room for a new \string#4}%</code>
158	<code> \fi</code>
159	<code> \fi} %</code>
160	<code>\EndIncludeInRelease</code>
161	<code>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%</code>
162	<code>\IncludeInRelease{\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%</code>
163	<code>\gdef\@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%</code>
164	<code>\ifnum#1<#2\else</code>

```

165 <|latexrelease>      \ifnum#1=#2\relax
166 <|latexrelease>          #1\@cclvi
167 <|latexrelease>          \ifx\count#4\advance#1 10 \fi
168 <|latexrelease>          \fi
169 <|latexrelease>          \ifnum#1<#3\relax
170 <|latexrelease>          \else
171 <|latexrelease>              \errmessage{No room for a new #4}%
172 <|latexrelease>          \fi
173 <|latexrelease>          \fi}%
174 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
175 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
176 <|latexrelease>          {\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%
177 <|latexrelease>\let\@ch@ck\@undefined
178 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
179 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
180 <|latexrelease>          {\extrafloats}{Extra floats}%
181 \let\float@count\@alloc@top

\extrafloats
182 \ifx\numexpr\@undefined
In classic TeX use \newinsert to allocate float boxes.
183 \def\extrafloats#1{%
184 \count@#1\relax
185 \ifnum\count@>\z@
186 \newinsert\reserved@a
187 \global\expandafter\chardef
188         \csname bx@\the\allocationnumber\endcsname\allocationnumber
189 \cons\@freelist{\csname bx@\the\allocationnumber\endcsname}%
190 \advance\count@\m@ne
191 \expandafter\extrafloats
192 \expandafter\count@
193 \fi
194 }%
195 \else
In e-tex take float boxes from the top of the extended range.
196 \def\extrafloats#1{%
197 \ifnum#1>\z@
198 \count@\numexpr\float@count-1\relax
199 \ch@ck0\count@\count
200 \ch@ck1\count@\dimen
201 \ch@ck2\count@\skip
202 \ch@ck4\count@\box
203 \global\@alloc@chardef\float@count\count@
204 \global\expandafter\@alloc@chardef
205         \csname bx@\the\float@count\endcsname\float@count
206 \cons\@freelist{\csname bx@\the\float@count\endcsname}%
207 \expandafter
208 \extrafloats\expandafter{\numexpr#1-1\relax}%
209 \fi}%
210 \fi

```

```

211 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
212 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
213 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
214 <latexrelease>           {\extrafloats}{Extra floats}%
215 <latexrelease>\let\float@count@\undefined
216 <latexrelease>\let\extrafloats@\undefined
217 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
218 {*2ekernel}

\alloc@

219 \def\alloc@#1#2#3#4#5{\global\advance\count1#1\@ne
220   \ch@ck#1#4#2% make sure there's still room
221   \allocationnumber\count1#1%
222   \global#3#5\allocationnumber
223   \wlog{\string#5=\string#2\the\allocationnumber}%

\newinsert

224 </2ekernel>
225 {*2ekernel | latexrelease>
226 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}
227 <latexrelease>           {\newinsert}{Extended \newinsert}%
228 \ifx\numexpr\undefined

If e-TeX is not available use the original plain TeX definition of \newinsert.

229 \def\newinsert#1{\global\advance\insc@unt \m@ne
230   \ch@ck0\insc@unt\count
231   \ch@ck1\insc@unt\dimen
232   \ch@ck2\insc@unt\skip
233   \ch@ck4\insc@unt\box
234   \allocationnumber\insc@unt
235   \global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
236   \wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}%

237 \else

The highest register allowed with \insert.

238 \ifx\directlua\undefined
239   \chardef\@insert@top255
240 \else
241   \chardef\@insert@top\@alloc@top
242 \fi

If the classic registers are exhausted, take an insert from the free float list and use \extrafloats to add a new float to that list.

243 \def\newinsert#1{%
244   \tempswafalse
245   \global\advance\insc@unt\m@ne
246   \ifnum\count10<\insc@unt
247   \ifnum\count11<\insc@unt
248   \ifnum\count12<\insc@unt
249   \ifnum\count14<\insc@unt
250     \tempswatrue
251   \fi\fi\fi\fi
252 \if@tempswa
253   \allocationnumber\insc@unt

```

```

254 \else
255 \global\advance\insc@unt\@ne
256   \extrafloats\@ne
257   \@next\@currbox\@freelist
258     {\ifnum\@currbox<\e@insert@top
259       \allocationnumber\@currbox
260     \else
261       \ch@ck0\m@ne\insert
262     \fi}%
263   {\ch@ck0\m@ne\insert}%
264 \fi
265 \global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
266 \wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}%
267 }

268 \fi
269 </2ekernel | latexrelease>

270 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
271 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
272 <latexrelease>           {\newinsert}{Extended \newinsert}%
273 <latexrelease>\let\e@insert@top\@undefined
274 <latexrelease>\def\newinsert#1{\global\advance\insc@unt \m@ne
275 <latexrelease> \ch@ck0\insc@unt\count
276 <latexrelease> \ch@ck1\insc@unt\dimen
277 <latexrelease> \ch@ck2\insc@unt\skip
278 <latexrelease> \ch@ck4\insc@unt\box
279 <latexrelease> \allocationnumber\insc@unt
280 <latexrelease> \global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
281 <latexrelease> \wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}%
282 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
283 {*2ekernel}

\ch@ck

284 \gdef\ch@ck#1#2#3{%
285   \ifnum\count1#1<#2\else
286     \errmessage{No room for a new #3}%
287   \fi}

\newhelp
288 \def\newhelp#1#2{\newtoks#1\expandafter{\csname#2\endcsname}}


\maxdimen Here are some examples of allocation.
\hideskip 289 \newdimen\maxdimen \maxdimen=16383.99999pt % the largest legal <dimen>
290 \newskip\hideskip \hideskip=-1000pt plus 1fill % negative but can grow

\p@
\z@ 291 \newdimen\p@\ p@=1pt % this saves macro space and time
\z@skip 292 \newdimen\z@ \z@=0pt % can be used both for Opt and 0
\voidb@x 293 \newskip\z@skip \z@skip=0pt plus0pt minus0pt
         294 \newbox\voidb@x % permanently void box register

295 \message{compatibility for TeX 2, }

```

If this file is used in an old T_EX we define the new features of T_EX 3.0 as simple macros or counters so that files that uses these features can be processed in such an environment (They will however produce some other results).

```
296 \ifx\@undefined\inputlineno
297   \newcount\inputlineno
```

This could be used to detect that an old T_EX is in force

```
298   \inputlineno-1
```

Extra test for MLTeX 2, RmS 91/11/07.

```
299   \ifx\@undefined\language
300     \newcount\language
301   \fi
302   \newcount\lefthyphenmin
303   \newcount\righthyphenmin
304   \newcount\errorcontextlines
305   \newcount\holdinginserts
306   \newdimen\emergencystretch
307   \newcount\badness
308   \let\noboundary\relax
309   \newcount\setlanguage
310 \fi
```

Assign initial values to T_EX's parameters

```
311 \message{parameters,}
```

All of T_EX's numeric parameters are listed here, but the code is commented out if no special value needs to be set. INITEX makes all parameters zero except where noted.

```
312 \pretolerance=100
313 \tolerance=200 % INITEX sets this to 10000
314 \hbadness=1000
315 \vbadness=1000
316 \linepenalty=10
317 \hyphenpenalty=50
318 \exhyphenpenalty=50
319 \binoppenalty=700
320 \relpenalty=500
321 \clubpenalty=150
322 \widowpenalty=150
323 \displaywidowpenalty=50
324 \brokenpenalty=100
325 \predisplaypenalty=10000

  \postdisplaypenalty=0
  \interlinepenalty=0
  \floatingpenalty=0, set during \insert
  \outputpenalty=0, set before TeX enters \output

326 \doublehyphendemerits=10000
327 \finalhyphendemerits=5000
328 \adjdemerits=10000

  \looseness=0, cleared by TeX after each paragraph
  \pausing=0
```

```

\holdinginserts=0
\tracingonline=0
\tracingmacros=0
\tracingstats=0
\tracingparagraphs=0
\tracingpages=0
\tracingoutput=0
329 \tracinglostchars=1
\tracingcommands=0
\tracingrestores=0
\language=0
330 \uchyph=1
\lefthyphenmin=2 \righthyphenmin=3 set below
\globaldefs=0
\maxdeadcycles=25 % INITEX does this
\hangafter=1 % INITEX does this, also TeX after each paragraph
\fam=0
\mag=1000 % INITEX does this
\escapechar='\\ % INITEX does this
331 \defaulthyphenchar='-
332 \defaultskewchar=-1
\endlinechar='^^M % INITEX does this
\newlinechar=-1      \LaTeX\ sets this in ltdefns.dtx.
333 \delimiterfactor=901
\time=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\day=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\month=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\year=now % TeX does this at beginning of job

```

In L^AT_EX we don't want box information in the transcript unless we do a full tracing.

```

334 \showboxbreadth=-1
335 \showboxdepth=-1
336 \errorcontextlines=-1
337 \hfuzz=0.1pt
338 \vfuzz=0.1pt
339 \overfullrule=5pt
340 \maxdepth=4pt
341 \splitmaxdepth=\maxdimen
342 \boxmaxdepth=\maxdimen
\lineskiplimit=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines
343 \delimitershortfall=5pt
344 \nulldelimiterspace=1.2pt
345 \scriptspace=0.5pt

```

```

\mathsurround=0pt
\predisplaysize=0pt, set before TeX enters $$
\displaywidth=0pt, set before TeX enters $$
\displayindent=0pt, set before TeX enters $$

346 \parindent=20pt
\hangindent=0pt, zeroed by TeX after each paragraph
\hoffset=0pt
\voffset=0pt

\baselineskip=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines
\lineskip=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines

347 \parskip=0pt plus 1pt
348 \abovedisplayskip=12pt plus 3pt minus 9pt
349 \abovedisplayshortskip=0pt plus 3pt
350 \belowdisplayskip=12pt plus 3pt minus 9pt
351 \belowdisplayshortskip=7pt plus 3pt minus 4pt

\leftskip=0pt
\rightskip=0pt

352 \topskip=10pt
353 \splittopskip=10pt

\tabskip=0pt
\spaceskip=0pt
\xspaceskip=0pt

354 \parfillskip=0pt plus 1fil

\normalbaselineskip We also define special registers that function like parameters:
\normallineskip 355 \newskip\normalbaselineskip \normalbaselineskip=12pt
\normallineskiplimit 356 \newskip\normallineskip \normallineskip=1pt
357 \newdimen\normallineskiplimit \normallineskiplimit=0pt

\interfootnotelinepenalty
358 \newcount\interfootnotelinepenalty \interfootnotelinepenalty=100

Definitions for preloaded fonts

\magstephalf
\magstep 359 \def\magstephalf{1095 }
360 \def\magstep#1{\ifcase#1 \or 1200\or 1440\or 1728\or
361 2074\or 2488\fi\relax}

Macros for setting ordinary text

\frenchspacing
\nonfrenchspacing 362 \def\frenchspacing{\sfcode`\. \sfcode`\? \sfcode`\! \sfcode`\' \sfcode`\' :\sfcode`\; \sfcode`\, \sfcode`\, \sfcode`\,}
363 364 \def\nonfrenchspacing{\sfcode`\..3000\sfcode`\?3000\sfcode`\!3000%
365 \sfcode`\,:2000\sfcode`\;1500\sfcode`\,,1250 }

```

```

\normalbaselines
366 \def\normalbaselines{\lineskip\normallineskip
367   \baselineskip\normalbaselineskip \lineskiplimit\normallineskiplimit}

\M Save a bit of space by using \let here.
\I 368 \def\^\M{\ } % control <return> = control <space>
369 \let\^\I\^\M % same for <tab>

\lq
\rq 370 \def\lq{'
371 \def\rq{'}

\lbrack
\rbrack 372 \def\lbrack{[]
373 \def\rbrack[]}

\aa These are not from plain.tex but they are similar to other commands found here
\AA and nowhere else, being alternate input forms for characters.
374 \def \aa {\r a}
375 \def \AA {\r A}

\endgraf
\endline 376 \let\endgraf=\par
377 \let\endline=\cr

\space
378 \def\space{ }

\empty This probably ought to go altogether, but let it to the LATEX version to save space.
379 \let\empty\@empty

\null
380 \def\null{\hbox{}}

\bgroup
\egroup 381 \let\bgroup={
382 \let\egroup=}

\obeylines In \obeylines, we say \let\^\M=\par instead of \def\^\M{\par} since this allows,
\obeyspaces for example, \let\par=\cr \obeylines \halign{...}
383 {\catcode`\^\M=\active % these lines must end with %
384   \gdef\obeylines{\catcode`\^\M\active \let\^\M\par}%
385   \global\let\^\M\par} % this is in case ^M appears in a \write
386 \def\obeyspaces{\catcode`\^\M\active}
387 {\obeyspaces\global\let =\space}

\loop We use Kabelschacht's method of doing loops, see TUB 8#2 (1987). (unless that
\iterate breaks something :-). It turned out to need an extra \relax: see pr/642 (\loop
\repeat could do one iteration too much in certain cases).
388 \long\def \loop #1\repeat{%
389   \def\iterate{\#1\relax % Extra \relax
390             \expandafter\iterate\fi

```

```

391           }%
392   \iterate
393   \let\iterate\relax
394 }

```

This setting of `\repeat` is needed to make `\loop...\\if...\\repeat` skippable within another `\if....`

```
395 \let\repeat=\fi
```

LATEX defines `\smallskip`, etc. in `ltspace.dtx`.

```
\nointerlineskip
\offinterlineskip 396 \def\nointerlineskip{\prevdepth-\@m\p@}
397 \def\offinterlineskip{\baselineskip-\@m\p@
398   \lineskip\z@\lineskiplimit\maxdimen}
```

```
\vglue
\hglue 399 \def\vglue{\afterassignment\vglue\skip@=}
400 \def\vglue{\par \dimen@\prevdepth \hrule \height\z@
401   \nobreak\vskip\skip@ \prevdepth\dimen@}
402 \def\hglue{\afterassignment\hglue\skip@=}
403 \def\hglue{\leavevmode \count@\spacefactor \vrule \width\z@
404   \nobreak\hskip\skip@ \spacefactor\count@}
```

LATEX defines `\~` in `ltdefns.dtx`.

```
\slash
405 \def\slash{/penalty\exhyphenpenalty} % a '/' that acts like a '-'
```

```
\break
\nobreak 406 \def\break{\penalty-\@M}
407 \def\nobreak{\penalty \@M}
408 \def\allowbreak{\penalty \z@}
```

```
\filbreak
\goodbreak 409 \def\filbreak{\par\vfil\penalty-200\vfilneg}
410 \def\goodbreak{\par\penalty-500 }
```

`\eject` Define `\eject` as in plain TEX but define `\supereject` only in the compatibility file.

```
411 \def\eject{\par\break}
```

```
\removelastskip
412 \def\removelastskip{\ifdim\lastskip=\z@\else\vskip-\lastskip\fi}
```

```
\smallbreak
\medbreak 413 \def\smallbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\smallskipamount
\bigbreak 414   \removelastskip\penalty-50\smallskip\fi}
415 \def\medbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\medskipamount
416   \removelastskip\penalty-100\medskip\fi}
417 \def\bigbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\bigskipamount
418   \removelastskip\penalty-200\bigskip\fi}
```

```

\m@th
419 \def\m@th{\mathsurround#1}

\underbar Due to LATEX's redefinition of \underline plain TEX's \underbar can be done in
a simpler fashion (but do we need it at all?).
420 \def\underbar#1{\underline{\sbox\tw@{#1}\dp\tw@{z@}\box\tw@{}}}

\strutbox LATEX sets \strutbox in \set@fontsize.
\strut 421 \newbox\strutbox
422 \def\strut{\relax\ifmmode\copy\strutbox\else\unhcopy\strutbox\fi}

\hidewidth For alignment entries that can stick out.
423 \def\hidewidth{\hskip\hideskip}

\narrower
424 \def\narrower{%
425   \advance\leftskip\parindent
426   \advance\rightskip\parindent}

LATEX defines \ae and similar commands elsewhere.
427 \chardef\%='\%
428 \chardef\&='\&
amp; 429 \chardef\#=+'\#
Most text commands are actually encoding specific and therefore defined later,
so commented out or removed from this file.

\leavevmode begins a paragraph, if necessary
430 \def\leavevmode{\unhbox\voidb@x}

\mathhexbox
431 \def\mathhexbox#1{\mbox{$\m@th \mathchar"##2#3$} }

\ialign
432 \def\ialign{\everycr{}\tabskip\z@skip\halign} % initialized \halign

\oalign
\o@align 433 \def\oalign#1{\leavevmode\vtop{\baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip.25ex%
\oalign 434   \ialign{##\crcr#1\crcr}}}%
435 \def\o@align{\lineskiplimit\z@\oalign}
436 \def\ooalign{\lineskiplimit-\maxdimen \oalign}

\sh@ft The definition of this macro in plain.tex was improved in about 1997; but as a
result its usage was changed and its new definition is not appropriate for LATEX.
Since the version given here has been in use by LATEX for many years it does
not seem prudent to remove it now. As far as we can tell it has only been used to
define \b and \d but this cannot be certain.
437 \def\sh@ft#1{\dimen@.00#1ex\multiply\dimen@\fontdimen1\font
438   \kern-.0156\dimen@} % compensate for slant in lowered accents

```

\ltx@sh@ft This is the L^AT_EX version of the second incarnation of the plain macro \sh@ft, which takes a dimension as its argument. It shifts a pseudo-accent horizontally by an amount proportional to the product of its argument and the slant-per-point (fontdimen 1).

```
439 \def\ltx@sh@ft #1{%
440   \dimen@ #1%
441   \kern \strip@pt
442   \fontdimen1\font \dimen@
443 } % kern by #1 times the current slant
```

L^AT_EX change: the text commands such as \d, \b, \c, \copyright, \TeX are now defined elsewhere.

L^AT_EX change: Make \t work in a moving argument. Now defined elsewhere.

\hrulefill L^AT_EX change: \kern\z@ added to end of \hrulefill and \dotfill to make them work in ‘tabular’ and ‘array’ environments. (Change made 24 July 1987). L^AT_EX change: \leavevmode added at beginning of \dotfill and \hrulefill so that they work as expected in vertical mode.

```
444 \def\hrulefill{\leavevmode\leaders\hrule\hfill\kern\z@}
```

The box in \dotfill originally contained (in plain.tex):

```
\mkern 1.5mu .\mkern 1.5mu;
```

the width of .44em differs from this by .04pt which is probably an acceptable difference within leaders.

```
445 \def\dotfill{%
446   \leavevmode
447   \cleaders \hb@xt@ .44em{\hss.\hss}\hfill
448   \kern\z@}
```

INITEX sets \sfcode x=1000 for all x, except that \sfcode‘X=999 for uppercase letters. The following changes are needed:

```
449 \sfcode`)=0 \sfcode`'=0 \sfcode`\]=0
```

The \nonfrenchspacing macro will make further changes to \sfcode values.

Definitions related to output

\magnification doesn’t work in L^AT_EX.

```
\def\magnification{\afterassignment\m@g\count@}
\def\m@g{\mag\count@
\hsize6.5truein\vsize8.9truein\dimen\footins8truein}
```

\showoverfull The following commands are used in debugging:

```
450 \def\showoverfull{\tracingonline\one}
```

\showoutput

```
\loggingoutput 451 \gdef\loggingoutput{\tracingoutput\one
452   \showboxbreadth\maxdimen\showboxdepth\maxdimen\errorstopmode}
453 \gdef\showoutput{\loggingoutput\showoverfull}
454 
```

\tracingall

```
\loggingall 455 \IfFileExists{2015/01/20}{\loggingall}{\etex tracing}%
456 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
```

```

457 \ifx\tracingscantokens\@undefined
458 \gdef\loggingall{%
459   \tracingstats\tw@
460   \tracingpages\@ne
461   \tracinglostchars\@ne
462   \tracingparagraphs\@ne
463   \errorcontextlines\maxdimen
464   \loggingoutput
465   \tracingmacros\tw@
466   \tracingcommands\tw@
467   \tracingrestores\@ne
468 }%
469 \else
470 \gdef\loggingall{%
471   \tracingstats\tw@
472   \tracingpages\@ne
473   \tracinglostchars\tw@
474   \tracingparagraphs\@ne
475   \tracinggroups\@ne
476   \tracingifs\@ne
477   \tracingscantokens\@ne
478   \tracingnesting\@ne
479   \errorcontextlines\maxdimen
480   \loggingoutput
481   \tracingmacros\tw@
482   \tracingcommands\thr@@
483   \tracingrestores\@ne
484   \tracingassigns\@ne
485 }%
486 \fi
487 \gdef\tracingall{\showoverfull\loggingall}
488 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
489 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
490 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\loggingall}{etex tracing}%
491 <latexrelease>\gdef\loggingall{\tracingcommands\tw@\tracingstats\tw@
492 <latexrelease> \tracingpages\@ne\tracinglostchars\@ne
493 <latexrelease> \tracingmacros\tw@\tracingparagraphs\@ne\tracingrestores\@ne
494 <latexrelease> \errorcontextlines\maxdimen\loggingoutput}
495 <latexrelease> \gdef\tracingall{\loggingall\showoverfull}
496 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

\tracingnone
\hideoutput 497 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/20}{\tracingnone}%
498 <latexrelease>                                         {turn off etex tracing}%
499 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
500 \ifx\tracingscantokens\@undefined
501 \def\tracingnone{%
502   \tracingonline\z@
503   \tracingcommands\z@
504   \showboxdepth\m@ne
505   \showboxbreadth\m@ne
506   \tracingoutput\z@
507   \errorcontextlines\m@ne
508   \tracingrestores\z@

```

```

509   \tracingparagraphs\z@%
510   \tracingmacros\z@%
511   \tracinglostchars\@ne%
512   \tracingpages\z@%
513   \tracingstats\z@%
514 }%
515 \else
516 \def\tracingnone{%
517   \tracingassigns\z@%
518   \tracingrestores\z@%
519   \tracingonline\z@%
520   \tracingcommands\z@%
521   \showboxdepth\m@ne%
522   \showboxbreadth\m@ne%
523   \tracingoutput\z@%
524   \errorcontextlines\m@ne%
525   \tracingnesting\z@%
526   \tracingscantokens\z@%
527   \tracingifs\z@%
528   \tracinggroups\z@%
529   \tracingparagraphs\z@%
530   \tracingmacros\z@%
531   \tracinglostchars\@ne%
532   \tracingpages\z@%
533   \tracingstats\z@%
534 }%
535 \fi
536 \def\hideoutput{%
537   \tracingoutput\z@%
538   \showboxbreadth\m@ne%
539   \showboxdepth\m@ne%
540   \tracingonline\m@ne%
541 }%
542 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
543 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
544 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\tracingnone}%
545 <latexrelease>                                {turn off etex tracing}%
546 <latexrelease>\let\tracingnone\@undefined
547 <latexrelease>\let\hideoutput\@undefined
548 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

    LATEX change: \showhyphens Defined later.
    Punctuation affects the spacing.

549 <*2ekernel>
550 \nonfrenchspacing
551 </2ekernel>

```

File c

ltvers.dtx

10 Version Identification

First we identify the date and version number of this release of L^AT_EX, and set \everyjob so that it is printed at the start of every L^AT_EX run.

```
\fmtname
\fmtversion
\patch@level
1  {*2ekernel}
2  \def\fmtname{LaTeX2e}
3  \edef\fmtversion
4  /2ekernel
5  \latexrelease\edef\latexreleaseversion
6  {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
7  {2016/03/31}
8  /2ekernel | latexrelease
9  {*2ekernel}
10 \def\patch@level{3}
```

Check that the format being made is not too old. The error message complains about ‘more than 5 years’ but in fact the error is not triggered until 65 months.

This code is currently not activated as we don’t know if we already got to the last official 2e version (due to staff shortage or due to a successor (think positive:-))).

```
11 \iffalse
12 \def\reserved@a#1/#2/#3@nil{%
13   \count@\year
14   \advance\count@-#1\relax
15   \multiply\count@ by 12\relax
16   \advance\count@\month
17   \advance\count@-#2\relax}
18 \expandafter\reserved@a\fmtversion@nil

\count@ is now the age of this file in months. Take a generous definition of ‘year’
so this message is not generated too often.

19 \ifnum\count@>65
20   \typeout{^^J%
21 !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!^^J%
22 ! You are attempting to make a LaTeX format from a source file^^J%
23 ! That is more than five years old.^^J%
24 !^^J%
25 ! If you enter <return> to scroll past this message then the format^^J%
26 ! will be built, but please consider obtaining newer source files^^J%
27 ! before continuing to build LaTeX.^^J%
28 !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!^^J%
29 }
30   \errhelp{To avoid this error message, obtain new LaTeX sources.}
31   \errmessage{LaTeX source files more than 5 years old!}
32 \fi
33 \let\reserved@a\relax
34 \fi
```

```

35  \ifnum\patch@level=0
36    \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
37      \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion>}}
38    \immediate
39    \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion>}
40 \else\ifnum\patch@level>0
41   \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
42     \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> patch level \patch@level}}
43   \immediate
44   \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> patch level \patch@level}
45 \else
46   \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
47     \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> pre-release\patch@level}}
48   \immediate
49   \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> pre-release\patch@level}
50 \fi
51 \fi
52 
```

\IncludeInRelease

```

53 
```

If a specific date has not been specified in `latexrelease` use '#1'.

```

54 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
55 \def\IncludeInRelease#1{\kernel@ifnextchar[%
56   {@\IncludeInRelease{#1}}
57   {@\IncludeInRelease{#1}{#1}}}

58 \def@\IncludeInRelease#1[#2]{@\IncludeInRele@se{#2}}
59 \def@\IncludeInRele@se#1#2#3{%
60   \toks@{[#1] #3}%
61   \expandafter\ifx\csname string#2+\currname+IIR\endcsname\relax
62     \ifnum\expandafter\@parse@version#1//00@nil
63       >\expandafter\@parse@version\fmtversion//00@nil
64       \GenericInfo{}{Skipping: \the\toks@}%
65       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter@gobble@IncludeInRelease
66     \else
67       \GenericInfo{}{Applying: \the\toks@}%
68       \expandafter\let\csname string#2+\currname+IIR\endcsname\empty
69     \fi
70   \else
71     \GenericInfo{}{Already applied: \the\toks@}%
72     \expandafter\gobble@IncludeInRelease
73   \fi
74 }

75 \long\def\@gobble@IncludeInRelease#1\EndIncludeInRelease{}
76 \let\EndIncludeInRelease\relax
77 
```

./2ekernel | latexrelease

File d

ltdefns.dtx

11 Definitions

This section contains commands used in defining other macros.

1 `\two@digits`

`\two@digits` Prefix a number less than 10 with ‘0’.

2 `\def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1<10 0\fi\number#1}`

`\typeout` Display something on the terminal.

3 `\def\typeout#1{\begingroup\set@display@protect`
4 `\immediate\write\@unused{#1}\endgroup}`

`\newlinechar` A char to be used as new-line in output to files.

5 `\newlinechar'\\^J`

11.2 Saved versions of TeX primitives

The TeX primitive `\foo` is saved as `\@@foo`. The following primitives are handled in this way:

`\@@par`

6 `\let\@@par=\par`
7 `\% \let\@@input=\input %%% moved earlier`
8 `\% \let\@@end=\end %%%`

`\@@hyph` The following comment was added when these commands were first set up, 19

April 1986: the `\-` command is redefined to allow it to work in the `\ttfamily` type style, where automatic hyphenation is suppressed by setting `\hyphenchar` to `-1`. The original primitive TeX definition is saved as `\@@hyph` just in case anyone needs it.

There is a need for a robust command for a discretionary hyphen since its exact representation depends on the glyphs available in the current font. For example, with suitable fonts and the T1 font encoding it is possible to use hanging hyphens.

A suitable robust definition that allows for many possible types of font and encoding may be as follows:

```
\DeclareRobustCommand {\-}{%
  \discretionary {%
    \char \ifnum\hyphenchar\font<\z@
      \defaulthyphenchar
    \else
      \hyphenchar\font
    \fi
  }{}{}%
}
```

The redefinition (via `\let`) of `\-` within tabbing also makes the use of a robust command advisable since then any redefinition of `\-` via `\DeclareRobustCommand` will not cause a conflict.

Therefore, macro writers should be hereby warned that these internals will probably change! It is likely that a future release of L^AT_EX will make `\-` effectively an encoding specific text command.

```

9 \let\@hyph=\-          % Save original primitive definition
10 \def\-\{\discretionary{-}{ }{ }\}

\@dischyp
11 \let\@dischyp=\-

\@@italiccorr Save the original italic correction.
12 \let\@@italiccorr=/

\@height The following definitions save token space. E.g., using \@height instead of height
\@depth saves 5 tokens at the cost in time of one macro expansion.
\@width 13 \def\@height{height} \def\@depth{depth} \def\@width{width}
\@minus 14 \def\@minus{minus}
\@plus 15 \def\@plus{plus}

\hb@xt@ The next one is another 100 tokens worth.
16 \def\hb@xt@{\hbox to}

17 \message{hacks,}
```

11.3 Command definitions

This section defines the following commands:

<code>\@namedef</code>	<code>{(NAME)}</code>
	Expands to <code>\def\{(NAME)</code> , except name can contain any characters.
<code>\@nameuse</code>	<code>{(NAME)}</code>
	Expands to <code>\{(NAME)</code> .
<code>\@ifnextchar</code>	<code>X{(YES)}{NO}</code>
	Expands to <code>\{YES\}</code> if next character is an ‘X’, and to <code>\{NO\}</code> otherwise. (Uses <code>\reserved@a-\reserved@c.</code>) NOTE: GOBBLES ANY SPACE FOLLOWING IT.
<code>\@ifstar</code>	<code>{(YES)}{(NO)}</code>
	Gobbles following spaces and then tests if next the character is a ‘*’. If it is, then it gobbles the ‘*’ and expands to <code>\{YES\}</code> , otherwise it expands to <code>\{NO\}</code> .
<code>\@dblarg</code>	<code>{(CMD)}{(ARG)}</code>
	Expands to <code>\{(CMD)\}[{ARG}]{ARG}</code> . Use <code>\@dblarg\CS</code> when <code>\CS</code> takes arguments <code>[ARG1]{ARG2}</code> , where default is <code>ARG1 = ARG2</code> .
<code>\@ifundefined</code>	<code>{(NAME)}{(YES)}{NO}</code>
	: If <code>\NAME</code> is undefined then it executes <code>\{YES\}</code> , otherwise it executes <code>\{NO\}</code> . More precisely, true if <code>\NAME</code> either undefined or = <code>\relax</code> .
<code>\@ifdefinable</code>	<code>\NAME{(YES)}</code> Executes <code>\{YES\}</code> if the user is allowed to define <code>\NAME</code> , otherwise it gives an error. The user can define <code>\NAME</code> if <code>\@ifundefined{NAME}</code> is true, ‘NAME’ ≠ ‘ <code>\relax</code> ’ and the first three letters of ‘NAME’ are not ‘end’, and if <code>\endNAME</code> is not defined.
<code>\newcommand</code>	<code>*{(\FOO)}[i]{TEXT}</code>

User command to define `\FOO` to be a macro with *i* arguments (*i* = 0 if missing) having the definition *(TEXT)*. Produces an error if `\FOO` already defined.

Normally the command is defined to be `\long` (ie it may take multiple paragraphs in its argument). In the star-form, the command is not defined as `\long` and a blank line in any argument to the command would generate an error.

```

\renewcommand *{(\FOO)}[<i>]{<TEXT>}
Same as \newcommand, except it checks if \FOO already defined.

\newenvironment *{(\FOO)}[<i>]{<DEF1>}{<DEF2>}
equivalent to:
\newcommand{\FOO}[i]{DEF1} \def{\endFOO}{DEF2}
(or the appropriate star forms).

\renewenvironment
Obvious companion to \newenvironment.

\@cons : See description of \output routine.
\@car T1 T2 ... Tn\@nil == T1 (unexpanded)
\@cdr T1 T2 ... Tn\@nil == T2 ... Tn (unexpanded)
\typeout {<message>}

\typein Produces a warning message on the terminal.
\typein {<message>}
Types message, asks the user to type in a command, then executes it
[\CS]{MSG}
Same as above, except defines \CS to be the input instead of executing it.

\typein
18 \def\typeinf%
19  \let\@typein\relax
20  \@testopt\@xtypein\@typein}

21 \ifx\directlua\undefined
22 \def\@xtypein[#1]#2{%
23  \typeout{#2}%
24  \advance\endlinechar\@M
25  \read\@inputcheck to#1%
26  \advance\endlinechar-\@M
27  \@typein}%
28 \else
29 \def\@xtypein[#1]#2{%
30  \typeout{#2}%
31  \begingroup \endlinechar\m@ne
32  \read\@inputcheck to#1%
33  \expandafter\endgroup
34  \expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{#1}%
35  \@typein}%
36 \fi

\@namedef
37 \def\@namedef#1{\expandafter\def\csname #1\endcsname}

\@nameuse
38 \def\@nameuse#1{\csname #1\endcsname}

```

```

\@cons
 39 \def\@cons#1#2{\begingroup\let\@elt\relax\xdef#1{#1}\@elt #2}\endgroup}

\@car
\@cdr 40 \def\@car#1#2\@nil{#1}
 41 \def\@cdr#1#2\@nil{#2}

\@carcube \@carcube T1 ... Tn\@nil = T1 T2 T3 , n > 3
 42 \def\@carcube#1#2#3#4\@nil{#1#2#3}

\@onlypreamble \@preamblecmds This macro adds its argument to the list of commands stored in \@preamblecmds
\@preamblecmds to be disabled after \begin{document}. These commands are redefined to generate \notprerr at this point.
 43 \def\@preamblecmds{}
 44 \def\@onlypreamble#1{%
 45   \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\@preamblecmds\expandafter{%
 46     \@preamblecmds\do#1}%
 47 \@onlypreamble\@onlypreamble
 48 \@onlypreamble\@preamblecmds

\@star@or@long Look ahead for a *. If present reset \l@ngrel@x so that the next definition, #1, will be non-long.
 49 \def\@star@or@long#1{%
 50   \@ifstar
 51   {\let\l@ngrel@x\relax#1}%
 52   {\let\l@ngrel@x\long#1}%

\l@ngrel@x This is either \relax or \long depending on whether the *-form of a definition command is being executed.
 53 \let\l@ngrel@x\relax

\newcommand User level \newcommand.
 54 \def\newcommand{\@star@or@long\new@command}

\new@command
 55 \def\new@command#1{%
 56   \@testopt{\newcommand#1}{0}{}

\@newcommand Handling arguments for \newcommand.
 57 \def\@newcommand#1[#2]{%
 58   \kernel@ifnextchar [{\@xargdef#1[#2]}{%
 59     {\@argdef#1[#2]}}}

Define #1 if it is definable.
  Both here and in \@xargdef the replacement text is absorbed as an argument because if we are not allowed to make the definition we have to get rid of it completely.
 60 \long\def\@argdef#1[#2]#3{%
 61   \@ifdefinable #1{\@yargdef#1\@ne{#2}{#3}}}

Handle the second optional argument.
 62 \long\def\@xargdef#1[#2][#3]#4{%
 63   \@ifdefinable#1{%

```

Define the actual command to be:

```
\def\foo{\@protected@testopt\foo\\foo{default}}
```

where \\foo is a csname generated from applying \csname and \string to \foo, ie the actual name contains a backslash and therefore can't clash easily with existing command names. "Default" is the contents of the second optional argument of (re)newcommand.

```
64      \expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{%
65          \expandafter
66          \@protected@testopt
67          \expandafter
68          #1%
69          \csname\string#1\endcsname
70          {#3}}%
```

Now we define the internal macro ie \\foo which is supposed to pick up all arguments (optional and mandatory).

```
71      \expandafter\@yargdef
72          \csname\string#1\endcsname
73          \tw@
74          {#2}%
75          {#4}}}
```

\@testopt This macro encapsulates the most common call to \ifnextchar, saving several tokens each time it is used in the definition of a command with an optional argument. #1 The code to execute in the case that there is a [need not be a single token but can be any sequence of commands that 'expects' to be followed by [. If this command were only used in \newcommand definitions then #1 would be a single token and the braces could be omitted from {#1} in the definition below, saving a bit of memory.

```
76 \long\def\@testopt#1#2{%
77   \kernel@ifnextchar[{#1}{#1[{#2]}]}
```

\@protected@testopt Robust version of \@testopt. The extra argument (#1) must be a single token. If protection is needed the call expands to \protect applied to this token, and the 2nd and 3rd arguments are discarded (by \x@protect). Otherwise \@testopt is called on the 2nd and 3rd arguments.

This method of making commands robust avoids the need for using up two csnames per command, the price is the extra expansion time for the \ifx test.

```
78 \def\@protected@testopt#1{%%
79   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
80     \expandafter\@testopt
81   \else
82     \x@protect#1%
83   \fi}
```

\@yargdef These generate a primitive argument specification, from a L^AT_EX [*digit*] form; **\@yargd@f** in fact *digit* can be anything such that \number*digit* is single digit.

Reorganised slightly so that \renewcommand{\reserved@a}[1]{foo} works. I am not sure this is worth it, as a following \newcommand would over-write the definition of \reserved@a.

Recall that L^AT_EX2.09 goes into an infinite loop with
\renewcommand[1]{\@tempa}{foo}
(DPC 6 October 93).

Reorganised again (DPC 1999). Rather than make a loop to construct the argument spec by counting, just extract the required argument spec by using a delimited argument (delimited by the digit). This is faster and uses less tokens. The coding is slightly odd to preserve the old interface (using #2 = \tw@ as the flag to surround the first argument with []). But the new method did not allow for the number of arguments #3 not being given as an explicit digit; hence (further expansion of this argument and use of) \number was added later in 1999.

It is not clear why these are still \long.

```

84 \long \def \yargdef #1#2#3{%
85   \ifx#2\tw@
86     \def\reserved@b##1{####1}%
87   \else
88     \let\reserved@b\gobble
89   \fi
90   \expandafter
91   \yargd@f \expandafter{\number #3}#1%
92 }

93 \long \def \yargd@f#1#2{%
94   \def \reserved@a ##1##2##{%
95     \expandafter\def\expandafter#2\reserved@b ##1%
96   }%
97   \l@ngrel@x \reserved@a 0##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8##9##1%
98 }

```

\@reargdef

```

99 \long\def\reargdef#1[#2]{%
100   \yargdef#1\@ne{#2}}

```

\renewcommand Check the command name is already used. If not give an error message. Then temporarily disable \@ifdefinable then call \newcommand. (Previous version \let#1=\relax but this does not work too well if #1 is \@tempa-e.)

```

101 \def\renewcommand{\@star@or@long\renew@command}

```

\renew@command

```

102 \def\renew@command#1{%
103   \begingroup \escapechar\m@ne\xdef\@gtempa{\string#1}\endgroup
104   \expandafter\ifundefined\@gtempa
105     {\@latex@error{\noexpand#1undefined}\@ehc}%
106     \relax
107   \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
108   \new@command#1}

```

\@ifdefinable Test is user is allowed to define a command.

```

109 \long\def\@ifdefinable #1#2{%
110   \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\@gobble\string #1}%
111   \ifundefined\reserved@a
112     {\edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\@carcube\reserved@a xxx\@nil}%
113      \ifx \reserved@b\@qend \notdefinable\else

```

```

114          \ifx \reserved@a\@qrelax \@notdefinable\else
115              #2%
116          \fi
117      \fi}%
118  \@notdefinable}

Saved definition of \@ifdefinable.

119 \let\@@ifdefinable\@ifdefinable
Version of \@ifdefinable for use with \renewcommand. Does not do the check
this time, but restores the normal definition.

120 \long\def\@rc@ifdefinable#1#2{%
121   \let\@ifdefinable\@@ifdefinable
122   #2}

\newenvironment Define a new user environment. #1 is the environment name. #2# Grabs all the
tokens up to the first {. These will be any optional arguments. They are not
parsed at this point, but are just passed to \@newenv which will eventually call
\newcommand. Any optional arguments will then be parsed by \newcommand as it
defines the command that executes the ‘begin code’ of the environment.

This #2# trick removed with version 1.2i as it fails if a { occurs in the optional
argument. Now use \@ifnextchar directly.

123 \def\newenvironment{\star@or@long\newenvironment}

\newenvironment
124 \def\newenvironment#1{%
125   \testoptf{\@newenva#1}0}

\@newenva
126 \def\@newenva#1[#2]{%
127   \kernel@ifnextchar [{\@newenvb#1[#2]}{\@newenv{#1}{[#2]}}]

\@newenvb
128 \def\@newenvb#1[#2][#3]{\@newenv{#1}{[#2][[#3]]}}


\renewenvironment Redefine an environment. For \renewenvironment disable \@ifdefinable and
then call \newenvironment. It is OK to \let the argument to \relax here as
there should not be a @temp... environment.

129 \def\renewenvironment{\star@or@long\renewenvironment}

\renewenvironment
130 \def\renewenvironment#1{%
131   \ifundefined{#1}%
132     {\@latex@error{Environment #1 undefined}\@ehc
133     }\relax
134   \expandafter\let\csname#1\endcsname\relax
135   \expandafter\let\csname end#1\endcsname\relax
136   \newenvironment{#1}{}}

\@newenv The internal version of \newenvironment.

Call \newcommand to define the begin-code for the environment. \def is used
for the end-code as it does not take arguments. (but may contain \pars)

Make sure that an attempt to define a ‘graf’ or ‘group’ environment fails.

```

```

137 \long\def\@newenv#1#2#3#4{%
138   \@ifundefined{#1}%
139     {\expandafter\let\csname#1\expandafter\endcsname
140      \csname end#1\endcsname}%
141     \relax
142   \expandafter\new@command
143     \csname #1\endcsname#2{#3}%
144   \l@ngrel@x\expandafter\def\csname end#1\endcsname{#4}}}

\newif And here's a different sort of allocation: For example, \newif\iff foo creates
\footrue, \foofalse to go with \iff foo.
145 \def\newif#1{%
146   \count@\escapechar \escapechar\m@ne
147   \let#1\iffalse
148   \@if#1\iftrue
149   \@if#1\iffalse
150   \escapechar\count@}

\@if
151 \def\@if#1#2{%
152   \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\@gobbletwo\string#1%
153   \expandafter\@gobbletwo\string#2\endcsname
154   {\let#1#2}{}}

\providecommand \providecommand takes the same arguments as \newcommand, but discards them
if #1 is already defined. Otherwise it just acts like \newcommand. This imple-
mentation currently leaves any discarded definition in \reserved@a (and possibly
\\reserved@a) this wastes a bit of space, but it will be reclaimed as soon as these
scratch macros are redefined.
155 \def\providecommand{\@star@or@long\provide@command}

\provide@command
156 \def\provide@command#1{%
157   \begingroup
158     \escapechar\m@ne\xdef\@gtempa{\string#1}%
159   \endgroup
160   \expandafter\@ifundefined\@gtempa
161     {\def\reserved@a{\new@command#1}{}%
162     {\def\reserved@a{\renew@command\reserved@a}{}%
163     \reserved@a}{}}

\CheckCommand \CheckCommand takes the same arguments as \newcommand. If the command
already exists, with the same definition, then nothing happens, otherwise a
warning is issued. Useful for checking the current state before a macro pack-
age starts redefining things. Currently two macros are considered to have the
same definition if they are the same except for different default arguments.
That is, if the old definition was: \newcommand\xxx[2][a]{(#1)(#2)} then
\CheckCommand\xxx[2][b]{(#1)(#2)} would not generate a warning, but, for
instance \CheckCommand\xxx[2]{(#1)(#2)} would.
164 \def\CheckCommand{\@star@or@long\check@command}

\CheckCommand is only available in the preamble part of the document.
165 @onlypreamble\CheckCommand

```

```

\check@command
166 \def\check@command#1#2{\@check@c#1{#2}}
167 \onlypreamble\check@command

\@check@c \CheckCommand itself just grabs all the arguments we need, without actually looking for [ optional argument forms. Now define \reserved@a. If \\reserved@a is then defined, compare it with the “\#1” otherwise compare \reserved@a with #1.
168 \long\def\@check@c#1#2#3{%
169   \expandafter\let\csname string\reserved@a\endcsname\relax
170   \renew@command\reserved@a#2{#3}%
171   \@ifundefined{\string\reserved@a}%
172   {\@check@eq#1\reserved@a}%
173   {\expandafter\@check@eq
174     \csname string#1\expandafter\endcsname
175     \csname string\reserved@a\endcsname}%
176 \onlypreamble\@check@c

\@check@eq Complain if #1 and #2 are not \ifx equal.
177 \def\@check@eq#1#2{%
178   \ifx#1#2\else
179     \@latex@warning@no@line
180       {Command \noexpand#1 has
181        changed.\MessageBreak
182        Check if current package is valid}%
183   \fi}
184 \onlypreamble\@check@eq

\@gobble The \@gobble macro is used to get rid of its argument.
\@gobbletwo 185 \long\def \@gobble #1{}
\@gobblefour 186 \long\def \@gobbletwo #1#2{}
187 \long\def \@gobblefour #1#2#3#4{}

\@firstofone Some argument-grabbers.
\@firstoftwo 188 \long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}
\@secondoftwo 189 \long\def\@firstoftwo#1#2{#1}
190 \long\def\@secondoftwo#1#2{#2}

\@iden \@iden is another name for \@firstofone for compatibility reasons.
191 \let\@iden\@firstofone

\@thirdofthree Another grabber now used in the encoding specific section.
192 \long\def\@thirdofthree#1#2#3{#3}

\@expandtwoargs A macro to totally expand two arguments to another macro
193 \def\@expandtwoargs#1#2#3{%
194 \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand#1{#2}{#3}}\reserved@a}

\@backslashchar A category code 12 backslash.
195 \edef\@backslashchar{\expandafter\gobble\string\\}

```

11.4 Robust commands and protect

Fragile and robust commands are one of the thornier issues in L^AT_EX's commands. Whilst typesetting documents, L^AT_EX makes use of many of T_EX's features, such as arithmetic, defining macros, and setting variables. However, there are (at least) three different occasions when these commands are not safe. These are called 'moving arguments' by L^AT_EX, and consist of:

- writing information to a file, such as indexes or tables of contents.
- writing information to the screen.
- inside an \edef, \message, \mark, or other command which evaluates its argument fully.

The method L^AT_EX uses for making fragile commands robust is to precede them with \protect. This can have one of five possible values:

- \relax, for normal typesetting. So \protect\foo will execute \foo.
- \string, for writing to the screen. So \protect\foo will write \foo.
- \noexpand, for writing to a file. So \protect\foo will write \foo followed by a space.
- \@unexpandable@protect, for writing a moving argument to a file. So \protect\foo will write \protect\foo followed by a space. This value is also used inside \edefs, \marks and other commands which evaluate their arguments fully.
- \@unexpandable@noexpand, for performing a deferred write inside an \edef. So \protect\foo will write \foo followed by a space. If you want \protect\foo to be written, you should use \@unexpandable@protect. (Removed as never used).

\@unexpandable@protect These commands are used for setting \protect inside \edefs.

\@unexpandable@noexpand
196 \def\@unexpandable@protect{\noexpand\protect\noexpand}
197 \% \def\@unexpandable@noexpand{\noexpand\noexpand\noexpand}

\DeclareRobustCommand
\declare@robustcommand This is a package-writers command, which has the same syntax as \newcommand, but which declares a protected command. It does this by having
\DeclareRobustCommand\foo
define \foo to be \protect\foo<space>,
and then use \newcommand\foo<space>. Since the internal command is \foo<space>, when it is written to an auxiliary file, it will appear as \foo.

We have to be a bit cleverer if we're defining a short command, such as _, in order to make sure that the auxiliary file does not include a space after the command, since _ a and _a aren't the same. In this case we define _ to be:

\x@protect_ \protect__<space>

which expands to:

```
\ifx\protect\@typeset@protect\else
  \x@protect@\_
\fi
\protect\_<space>
```

Then if `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect` (normally `\relax`) then we just perform `_<space>`, and otherwise `\x@protect@` gobbles everything up and expands to `\protect_`.

Note: setting `\protect` to any value other than `\relax` whilst in ‘typesetting’ mode will cause commands to go into an infinite loop! In particular, setting `\relax` to `\@empty` will cause `_` to loop forever. It will also break lots of other things, such as protected `\ifmmodes` inside `\haligns`. If you really really have to do such a thing, then please set `\@typeset@protect` to be `\@empty` as well. (This is what the code for `\patterns` does, for example.)

More fun with `\expandafter` and `\csname`.

```
198 \def\DeclareRobustCommand{\@star@or@long\declare@robustcommand}

199 \def\declare@robustcommand#1{%
200   \ifx#1\undefined\else\ifx#1\relax\else
201     \x@latex@info{Redefining \string#1}%
202   \fi\fi
203   \edef\reserved@a{\string#1}%
204   \def\reserved@b{#1}%
205   \edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\reserved@b}%
206   \edef#1{%
207     \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
208       \noexpand\x@protect
209       \noexpand#1%
210     \fi
211     \noexpand\protect
212     \expandafter\noexpand\csname
213       \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \endcsname
214   }%
215   \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
216   \expandafter\new@command\csname
217     \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \endcsname
218 }

\@x@protect
\x@protect 219 \def\x@protect#1{%
220   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect\else
221     \x@protect#1%
222   \fi
223 }
224 \def\x@protect#1\fi#2#3{%
225   \fi\protect#1%
226 }

\@typeset@protect
227 \let\@typeset@protect\relax
```

<pre> \set@display@protect These macros set \protect appropriately for typesetting or displaying. \set@typeset@protect 228 \def\set@display@protect{\let\protect\string} 229 \def\set@typeset@protect{\let\protect\@typeset@protect} \protected@edef The commands \protected@edef and \protected@xdef perform ‘safe’ \edefs \protected@xdef and \xdefs, saving and restoring \protect appropriately. For cases where restoring \unrestored@protected@xdef \protect doesn’t matter, there’s an ‘unsafe’ \unrestored@protected@xdef, \restore@protect useful if you know what you’re doing! 230 \def\protected@edef{% 231 \let\@@protect\protect 232 \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect 233 \afterassignment\restore@protect 234 \edef 235 } 236 \def\protected@xdef{% 237 \let\@@protect\protect 238 \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect 239 \afterassignment\restore@protect 240 \xdef 241 } 242 \def\unrestored@protected@xdef{% 243 \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect 244 \xdef 245 } 246 \def\restore@protect{\let\protect\@@protect} </pre> <p>\protect The normal meaning of \protect</p> <pre> 247 \set@typeset@protect </pre> <p>\MakeRobust The macro firstly checks if the controls sequence in question exists at all.</p> <pre> 248 </2ekernel> 249 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\MakeRobust}{\MakeRobust}% 250 {*2ekernel | latexrelease} 251 \def\MakeRobust#1{% 252 \@ifundefined{\expandafter\gobble\string#1}{% 253 \@latex@error{The control sequence ‘\string#1’ is undefined!}% 254 \MessageBreak There is nothing here to make robust}% 255 \c@ha 256 }% </pre> <p>Then we check if the macro is already robust. We do this by testing if the internal name for a robust macro is defined, namely \foo_U. If it is already defined do nothing, otherwise set \foo_U equal to \foo and redefine \foo so that it acts like a macro defined with \DeclareRobustCommand.</p> <pre> 257 {% 258 \@ifundefined{\expandafter\gobble\string#1\space}{% 259 {% 260 \expandafter\let\csname 261 \expandafter\gobble\string#1\space\endcsname=\#1% 262 \edef\reserved@a{\string#1}% 263 \def\reserved@b{\#1}% 264 \edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\reserved@b}% 265 \edef#1{% </pre>	<p>These macros set \protect appropriately for typesetting or displaying.</p> <p>The commands \protected@edef and \protected@xdef perform ‘safe’ \edefs and \xdefs, saving and restoring \protect appropriately. For cases where restoring \protect doesn’t matter, there’s an ‘unsafe’ \unrestored@protected@xdef, useful if you know what you’re doing!</p> <p>\protect The normal meaning of \protect</p> <p>\MakeRobust The macro firstly checks if the controls sequence in question exists at all.</p> <p>Then we check if the macro is already robust. We do this by testing if the internal name for a robust macro is defined, namely \foo_U. If it is already defined do nothing, otherwise set \foo_U equal to \foo and redefine \foo so that it acts like a macro defined with \DeclareRobustCommand.</p>
---	---

```

266      \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
267          \noexpand\x@protect\noexpand#1%
268      \fi
269      \noexpand\protect\expandafter\noexpand
270      \csname\expandafter\gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}%
271  }%
272  {\@latex@info{The control sequence ‘\string#1’ is already robust}}%
273 }%
274 }%
275 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
276 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
277 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\MakeRobust}{\MakeRobust}%
278 <latexrelease>\let\MakeRobust\@undefined
279 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
280 <*2ekernel>

```

11.5 Internal defining commands

These commands are used internally to define other L^AT_EX commands.

\@ifundefined	Check if first arg is undefined or \relax and execute second or third arg depending,
281	\def\@ifundefined#1{% 282 \expandafter\ifx\csname#1\endcsname\relax 283 \expandafter\@firstoftwo 284 \else 285 \expandafter\@secondoftwo 286 \fi}
\@qend	The following define \@qend and \@qrelax to be the strings ‘end’ and ‘relax’
\@qrelax	with the characters \catcode`12.
287	\edef\@qend{\expandafter\@cdr\string\end\@nil} 288 \edef\@qrelax{\expandafter\@cdr\string\relax\@nil}
\@ifnextchar	\@ifnextchar peeks at the following character and compares it with its first argument. If both are the same it executes its second argument, otherwise its third.
289	\long\def\@ifnextchar#1#2#3{% 290 \let\reserved@d=#1% 291 \def\reserved@a{#2}% 292 \def\reserved@b{#3}% 293 \futurelet\@let@token\@ifnch}
\kernel@ifnextchar	This macro is the kernel version of \@ifnextchar which is used in a couple of places to prevent the AMS variant from being used since in some places this produced chaos (for example if an fd file is loaded in a random place then the optional argument to \ProvidesFile could get printed there instead of being written only in the log file. This happened when there was a space or a newline between the mandatory and optional arguments! It should really be fixed in the amsmath package one day, but...
	Note that there may be other places in the kernel where this version should be used rather than the original, but variable, version.
294	\let\kernel@ifnextchar\@ifnextchar

\@ifnch	\@ifnch is a tricky macro to skip any space tokens that may appear before the character in question. If it encounters a space token, it calls xifnch.
	295 \def\@ifnch{% 296 \ifx\@let@token\@sptoken 297 \let\reserved@c\@xifnch 298 \else 299 \ifx\@let@token\reserved@d 300 \let\reserved@c\reserved@a 301 \else 302 \let\reserved@c\reserved@b 303 \fi 304 \fi 305 \reserved@c}
\@sptoken	The following code makes \@sptoken a space token. It is important here that the control sequence \: consists of a non-letter only, so that the following whitespace is significant. Together with the fact that the equal sign in a \let may be followed by only one optional space the desired effect is achieved. NOTE: the following hacking must precede the definition of \: as math medium space.
	306 \def\:{\let\@sptoken= } \: % this makes \@sptoken a space token
\@xifnch	In the following definition of \@xifnch, \: is again used to get a space token as delimiter into the definition.
	307 \def\:{\@xifnch} \expandafter\def\:{\futurelet\@let@token\@ifnch}
\makeatletter	Make internal control sequences accessible or inaccessible.
\makeatother	308 \def\makeatletter{\catcode`\\relax} 309 \def\makeatother{\catcode`\\relax}
\@ifstar	The new implementation below avoids passing the <i>true code</i> Through one more \def than the <i>false code</i> , which previously meant that # had to be written as ##### in one argument, but ## in the other. The * is gobbled by \@firstoftwo.
	310 \def\@ifstar#1{\@ifnextchar *{\@firstoftwo{#1}}{}}
\@dblarg	
\@xdblarg	311 \long\def\@dblarg#1{\kernel@ifnextchar[{\#1}{\@xdblarg{#1}}} 312 \long\def\@xdblarg#1#2[#1[{\#2}]{#2}}
\@sanitize	The command \@sanitize changes the catcode of all special characters except for braces to ‘other’. It can be used for commands like \index that want to write their arguments verbatim. Needless to say, this command should only be executed within a group, or chaos will ensue.
	313 \def\@sanitize{\@makeother\ \@makeother\\\@makeother\\$\\@makeother\&% 314 \@makeother\#\@makeother\^\\@makeother_\\@makeother\%\\@makeother\~}
\@onellevel@sanitize	This makes the whole “meaning” of #1 (its one-level expansion) into catcode 12 tokens: it could be used in \DeclareRobustCommand.
	If it is to be used on default float specifiers, this should be done when they are defined.
	315 \def\@onellevel@sanitize #1{% 316 \edef #1{\expandafter\strip@prefix 317 \meaning #1}% 318 }

319 ⟨/2ekernel⟩

File e

ltalloc.dtx

12 Counters

This section deals with counter and other variable allocation.

1 (*2ekernel)

The following are from plain TEX:

\z@ A zero dimen or number. It's more efficient to write \parindent\z@ than
\parindent 0pt.

\@ne The number 1.

\m@ne The number -1.

\tw@ The number 2.

\sixt@@n The number 16.

\@m The number 1000.

\@MM The number 20000.

\@xxxii The constant 32.

2 \chardef\@xxxii=32

\@Mi Constants 1001–1004.

\@Mii 3 \mathchardef\@Mi=10001

\@Miii 4 \mathchardef\@Mii=10002

\@miv 5 \mathchardef\@Miii=10003

6 \mathchardef\@Miv=10004

\@tempcnta Scratch count registers used by L^AT_EX kernel commands.

\@tempcntb 7 \newcount\@tempcnta

8 \newcount\@tempcntb

\if@tempswa General boolean switch used by L^AT_EX kernel commands.

9 \newif\if@tempswa

\@tempdima Scratch dimen registers used by L^AT_EX kernel commands.

\@tempdimb 10 \newdimen\@tempdima

\@tempdimc 11 \newdimen\@tempdimb

12 \newdimen\@tempdimc

\@tempboxa Scratch box register used by L^AT_EX kernel commands.

13 \newbox\@tempboxa

\@tempskipa Scratch skip registers used by L^AT_EX kernel commands.

\@tempskipb 14 \newskip\@tempskipa

15 \newskip\@tempskipb

```
\@temptokena Scratch token register used by LATEX kernel commands.  
16 \newtoks\@temptokena  
  
\@flushglue Glue used for \right- & \leftskip = 0pt plus 1fil  
17 \newskip\@flushglue \@flushglue = 0pt plus 1fil  
  
18 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File f

ltcntrl.dtx

13 Program control structure

This section defines a number of control structure macros, such as while-loops and for-loops.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{control,}

\@whilenum TEST \do {BODY}
\@whiledim TEST \do {BODY} : These implement the loop
    while TEST do BODY od
    where TEST is a TeX \ifnum or \ifdim test, respectively.
    They are optimized for the normal case of TEST initially false.

\@whilesw SWITCH \fi {BODY} : Implements the loop
    while SWITCH do BODY od
    Optimized for normal case of SWITCH initially false.

\@for NAME := LIST \do {BODY} : Assumes that LIST expands to
A1,A2,
    ... ,An .
    Executes BODY n times, with NAME = Ai on the i-th
iteration.
    Optimized for the normal case of n = 1. Works for n=0.

\@tfour NAME := LIST \do {BODY}
    if, before expansion, LIST = T1 ... Tn where each Ti is a
    token or {...}, then executes BODY n times, with NAME = Ti
    on the i-th iteration. Works for n=0.
```

NOTES: 1. These macros use no \@temp sequences.
2. These macros do not work if the body contains anything that looks syntactically to TeX like an improperly balanced \if \else \fi.

```
\@whilenum TEST \do {BODY} ==
BEGIN
    if TEST
        then BODY
            \@iwhilenum{TEST \relax BODY}
END

\@iwhilenum {TEST BODY} ==
BEGIN
    if TEST
        then BODY
```

```

        \@nextwhile = def(\@iwhilenum)
    else  \@nextwhile = def(\@whilenoop)
fi
\@nextwhile {TEST BODY}
END

\@whilesw SWITCH \fi {BODY} ==
BEGIN
if SWITCH
then BODY
\@iwhilesw {SWITCH BODY}\fi
fi
END

\@iwhilesw {SWITCH BODY} \fi ==
BEGIN
if SWITCH
then BODY
\@nextwhile = def(\@iwhilesw)
else \@nextwhile = def(\@whileswnoop)
fi
\@nextwhile {SWITCH BODY} \fi
END

\@whilenoop
\@whilenum
3 \long\def\@whilenum#1\do #2{\ifnum #1\relax #2\relax\@iwhilenum{#1\relax
4      #2\relax}\fi}
5 \long\def\@iwhilenum#1{\ifnum #1\expandafter\@iwhilenum
6      \else\expandafter\@gobble\fi{#1}}


\@whiledim
\@iwhiledim
7 \long\def\@whiledim#1\do #2{\ifdim #1\relax#2\@iwhiledim{#1\relax#2}\fi}
8 \long\def\@iwhiledim#1{\ifdim #1\expandafter\@iwhiledim
9      \else\expandafter\@gobble\fi{#1}}


\@whileswnoop
\@whilesw
\@iwhilesw
10 \long\def\@whilesw#1\fi{#1\#2\@iwhilesw{#1#2}\fi\fi}
11 \long\def\@iwhilesw#1\fi{#1\expandafter\@iwhilesw
12      \else\@gobbletwo\fi{#1}\fi}

\@for NAME := LIST \do {BODY} ==
BEGIN \@forloop expand(LIST),\@nil,\@nil \& NAME {BODY}
END

\@forloop CAR, CARCDR, CDRCDR \& NAME {BODY} ==
BEGIN
NAME = CAR
if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
else BODY;

```

```

        NAME = CARCDR
        if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
            else BODY
                \@iforloop CDRCDR \@@ NAME \do {BODY}
            fi
        fi
    END

\@iforloop CAR, CDR \@@ NAME {BODY} =
    NAME = CAR
    if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
        then \@nextwhile = def(\@fornoop)
        else BODY ;
            \@nextwhile = def(\@iforloop)
    fi
    \@nextwhile name cdr {body}

\@tfor NAME := LIST \do {BODY}
= \@tforloop LIST \@nil \@@ NAME {BODY}

\@tforloop car cdr \@@ name {body} =
    name = car
    if def(name) = def(\@nnil)
        then \@nextwhile == \@fornoop
        else body ;
            \@nextwhile == \@forloop
    fi
    \@nextwhile name cdr {body}

\@nnil
13 \def\@nnil{\@nil}

\@empty
14 \def\@empty{}

\@fornoop
15 \long\def\@fornoop#1\@#2#3{}

\@for
16 \long\def\@for#1:=#2\do#3{%
17   \expandafter\def\expandafter\@fortmp\expandafter{#2}%
18   \ifx\@fortmp\@empty \else
19     \expandafter\@forloop#2,\@nil,\@nil\@#1{#3}\fi}

\@forloop
20 \long\def\@forloop#1,#2,#3\@#4#5{\def#4{#1}\ifx #4\@nnil \else
21      #5\def#4{#2}\ifx #4\@nnil \else#5\@iforloop #3\@#4{#5}\fi\fi}

\@iforloop
22 \long\def\@iforloop#1,#2\@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\ifx #3\@nnil
23       \expandafter\@fornoop \else
24         #4\relax\expandafter\@iforloop\fi#2\@#3{#4}}

```

```

\@tfor
25 \def\@tfor#1:={\@tf0r#1 }
26 \long\def\@tf0r#1#2\do#3{\def\@fortmp{#2}\ifx\@fortmp\space\else
27     \@tforloop#2\@nil\@nil\@#1{#3}\fi}
28 \long\def\@tforloop#1#2\@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\ifx #3\@nnil
29     \expandafter\@fornoop \else
30     #4\relax\expandafter\@tforloop\fi#2\@#3{#4}}

```

\@break@tfor Break out of a \@tfor loop. This should be called *inside* the scope of an \if. See \@iffileonpath for an example.

```

31 \long\def\@break@tfor#1\@#2#3{\fi\fi}

```

\@removeelement Removes an element from a comma-separated list and puts it into a control sequence, called as \@removeelement{\langle element\rangle}{\langle list\rangle}{\langle cs\rangle}. Due to the implementation method the \langle element\rangle is not allowed to contain braces.

```

32 \def\@removeelement#1#2#3{%
33   \def\reserved@a##1,#1,##2\reserved@a{##1,##2\reserved@b}%
34   \def\reserved@b##1,\reserved@b##2\reserved@b{%
35     \ifx,##1\@empty\else##1\fi}%
36   \edef#3{%
37     \expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a,#2,\reserved@b,#1,\reserved@a}}

```

```

38 ⟨/2ekernel⟩

```

File g

lterror.dtx

14 Error handling

This section defines L^AT_EX's error commands.

```
1 (*2ekernel)
```

The ‘2ekernel’ code ensures that a \usepackage{autoerr} is essentially ignored if a ‘full’ format is being used that has the error messages already in the format.

These days we don't support autoloading approach any longer, but this part bit is kept in case it is used in old documents.

```
2 \expandafter\let\csname ver@autoerr.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

14.1 General commands

- \MessageBreak This command prints a new-line inside a message, followed by a continuation line begun with \cmsg@continuation. Normally it is defined to be \relax, but inside messages, it is let to \message@break.

```
3 \let\MessageBreak\relax
```

- \GenericInfo This takes two arguments: a continuation and a message, and sends the result to the log file.

```
4 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericInfo}[2]{%
5   \begingroup
6     \def\MessageBreak{^J#1}%
7     \set@display@protect
8     \immediate\write\m@ne{\#2\on@line.}%
9   \endgroup
10 }
```

- \GenericWarning This takes two arguments: a continuation and a message, and sends the result to the screen.

```
11 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericWarning}[2]{%
12   \begingroup
13     \def\MessageBreak{^J#1}%
14     \set@display@protect
15     \immediate\write\@unused{^J#2\on@line.^J}%
16   \endgroup
17 }
```

- \GenericError This macro takes four arguments: a continuation, an error message, where to go for further information, and the help information. It displays the error message, and sets the error help (the result of typing h to the prompt), and does a horrible hack to turn the last context line (which by default is the only context line) into just three dots. This could be made more efficient.

```
18 \bgroup
19 \lccode`\@`\%
```

```

20 \lccode`~`\ %
21 \lccode`}` %
22 \lccode`{`\ %
23 \lccode`T`\T%
24 \lccode`H`\H%
25 \catcode`_=11\relax%
26 \lowercase{%
27 \egroup%

```

Unfortunately TeX versions older than 3.141 have a bug which means that `^^J` does not force a linebreak in `\message` and `\errmessage` commands. So for these old TeX's we use `\typeout` to produce the message, and then have an empty `\errmessage` command. This causes an extra line of the form

```
! .
```

To appear on the terminal, but if you do not like it, you can always upgrade your TeX! In order for your format to use this version, you must define the macro `\@TeXversion` to be the version number, e.g., 3.14 of the underlying TeX. See the comments in `ltdircheck.dtx`.

```

28 \dimen@\ifx\@TeXversion\undefined4\else\@TeXversion\fi\p@%
29 \ifdim\dimen@>3.14\p@%

```

First the 'standard case'.

```

30 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericError}[4]{%
31 \begingroup%
32 \immediate\write\@unused{}%
33 \def\MessageBreak{^^J}%
34 \set@display@protect%
35 \edef%
36 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
37 \err@%
38 {{#4}}%
39 \errhelp%
40 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
41 \err@%
42 \let%
43 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
44 \err@%
45 \empty%
46 \def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
47 \def~{\errmessage{%
48 #2.^^J^^J}%
49 #3^^J}%
50 Type H <return> for immediate help%
51 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
52 \err@%
53 }}%
54 ~%
55 \endgroup}%
56 \else%

```

Secondly the version for old TeX's.

```

57 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericError}[4]{%
58 \begingroup%

```

```

59 \immediate\write\@unused{}%
60 \def\MessageBreak{^^J}%
61 \set@display@protect%
62 \edef%
63 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
64 \err@%
65 {\#4}%
66 \errhelp
67 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
68 \err@%
69 \let
70 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
71 \err@%
72 \errmessage
73 \def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
74 \def{\typeout{! }%
75 #2.^^J^^J}%
76 #3^^J%
77 Type H <return> for immediate help.}%
78 %   %<-----do not delete this space!----->%
79 \err@%
80 {}%
81 ~%
82 \endgroup}%
83 \fi}%

```

```

\PackageError
\PackageWarning
\PackageWarningNoLine
  \PackageInfo
  \ClassError
  \ClassWarning
\ClassWarningNoLine
  \ClassInfo

```

These commands are intended for use by package and class writers, to give information to authors. The syntax is:

```

\PackageError{package}{error}{help}
\PackageWarning{package}{warning}
\PackageWarningNoLine{package}{warning}
\PackageInfo{package}{info}

```

and similarly for classes. The **Error** commands print the *<error>* message, and present the interactive prompt; if the author types **h**, then the *<help>* information is displayed. The **Warning** commands produce a warning but do not present the interactive prompt. The **WarningNoLine** commands do the same, but don't print the input line number. The **Info** commands write the message to the log file. Within the messages, the command **\MessageBreak** can be used to break a line, **\protect** can be used to protect command names, and **\space** is a space, for example:

```

\newcommand{\foo}{FOO}
\PackageWarning{ethel}{%
  Your hovercraft is full of eels,\MessageBreak
  and \protect\foo\space is \foo}

```

produces:

```

Package ethel warning: Your hovercraft is full of eels,
(ethel)           and \foo is FOO on input line 54.

```

```

84 \gdef\PackageError#1#2#3{%
85   \GenericError{%
86     (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
87   }{%
88     Package #1 Error: #2%
89   }{%
90     See the #1 package documentation for explanation.%}
91   }{#3}%
92 }

93 \def\PackageWarning#1#2{%
94   \GenericWarning{%
95     (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
96   }{%
97     Package #1 Warning: #2%
98   }%
99 }
100 \def\PackageWarningNoLine#1#2{%
101   \PackageWarning{#1}{#2\@gobble}%
102 }
103 \def\PackageInfo#1#2{%
104   \GenericInfo{%
105     (#1) \@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
106   }{%
107     Package #1 Info: #2%
108   }%
109 }

110 \gdef\ClassError#1#2#3{%
111   \GenericError{%
112     (#1) \space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
113   }{%
114     Class #1 Error: #2%
115   }{%
116     See the #1 class documentation for explanation.%}
117   }{#3}%
118 }

119 \def\ClassWarning#1#2{%
120   \GenericWarning{%
121     (#1) \space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
122   }{%
123     Class #1 Warning: #2%
124   }%
125 }
126 \def\ClassWarningNoLine#1#2{%
127   \ClassWarning{#1}{#2\@gobble}%
128 }
129 \def\ClassInfo#1#2{%
130   \GenericInfo{%
131     (#1) \space\space\@spaces\@spaces
132   }{%
133     Class #1 Info: #2%
134   }%
135 }

```

```

\@latex@error    Errors and other info, for use in the LATEX core.
\@latex@warning
\@latex@warning@no@line
\@latex@info
\@latex@info@no@line
136 \gdef\@latex@error#1#2{%
137   \GenericError{%
138     \space\space\space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
139   }{%
140     LaTeX Error: #1%
141   }{%
142     See the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion for explanation.%
143   }{#2}%
144 }

145 \def\@latex@warning#1{%
146   \GenericWarning{%
147     \space\space\space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
148   }{%
149     LaTeX Warning: #1%
150   }%
151 }

152 \def\@latex@warning@no@line#1{%
153   \@latex@warning{#1\@gobble}%
154 \def\@latex@info#1{%
155   \GenericInfo{%
156     \@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
157   }{%
158     LaTeX Info: #1%
159   }%
160 }

161 \def\@latex@info@no@line#1{%
162   \@latex@info{#1\@gobble}%
\@font@warning and \@font@info are defined later since they have to be
redefined by the tracefont package.

\def\@font@warning#1{%
  \GenericWarning{%
    {font}\@spaces\@spaces}%
  {Font Warning: #1}%
}

\def\@font@info#1{%
  \GenericInfo{%
    (font)\space\@spaces
  }{%
    Font Info: #1%
  }%
}

\c@errorcontextlines \errorcontextlines as a LATEX counter, so that it may be manipulated with
\setcounter (once it is defined :-)
163 \let\c@errorcontextlines\errorcontextlines
164 \c@errorcontextlines=-1

\on@line The message ‘ on input line n’, if possible.
165 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne

```

```

166   \let\on@line\empty
167 \else
168   \def\on@line{ on input line \the\inputlineno}
169 \fi

\@warning Older LATEX messages. For the moment, these \let to the new message commands.
\@warning They may be changed later, once only obsolete packages and classes contain them.
\@latexerr

170 \let\@warning\@latex@warning
171 \let\@@warning\@latex@warning@no@line
172 \global\let\@latexerr\@latex@error

\@spaces Four spaces.
173 \def\@spaces{\space\space\space\space}

```

14.2 Specific errors

\@eha The more common error help messages.

```

\@ehb 174 \gdef\@ehaf{%
\@ehc 175 Your command was ignored.\MessageBreak
\@ehd 176 Type \space I <command> <return> \space to replace it %
177 with another command,\MessageBreak
178 or \space <return> \space to continue without it.}
179 \gdef\@ehbf{%
180 You've lost some text. \space \@ehc}
181 \gdef\@ehcf{%
182 Try typing \space <return> %
183 \space to proceed.\MessageBreak
184 If that doesn't work, type \space X <return> \space to quit.}
185 \gdef\@ehdf{%
186 You're in trouble here. \space\@ehc}

```

\@notdefinable Error message generated in \@ifdefinable from calls to one of the commands \newcommand, \newlength or \newtheorem specifying an already-defined command name or one that begins \end....

```

187 \gdef\@notdefinable{%
188 \@latex@error{%
189 Command \@backslashcharreserved@a\space
190 already defined.\MessageBreak
191 Or name \@backslashchar@qend... illegal,
192 see p.192 of the manual}\@eha}

```

\@nolnerr Generated by \newline and \\ when called in vertical mode.

```

193 \gdef\@nolnerr{%
194 \@latex@error{There's no line here to end}\@eha}

```

\@nocounterr Generated by \setcounter, \addtocounter or \newcounter if applied to an undefined counter *(cnt)*.

\@nocnterr Obsolete error message generated in L^AT_EX2.09 by \setcounter, \addtocounter or \newcounter for undefined counter. DO NOT use for L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} it MIGHT vanish! Use \@nocounterr{*(cnt)*} instead.

	195 \gdef\@nocounterr#1{% 196 \@latex@error{No counter '#1' defined}\@eha} 197 \gdef\@nocnterr{\@nocounterr?}
\@ctrerr	Called when trying to print the value of a counter numbered by letters that's greater than 26. 198 \gdef\@ctrerr{% 199 \@latex@error{Counter too large}\@ehb}
\@nodocument	Error produced if paragraphs are typeset in the preamble. 200 \gdef\@nodocument{% 201 \@latex@error{Missing \protect\begin{document}}}\@ehd
\@badend	Called by \end that doesn't match its \begin. RmS 1992/08/24: added code to \@badend to display position of non-matching \begin. FMi 1993/01/14: missing space added. 202 \gdef\@badend#1{% 203 \@latex@error{\protect\begin{\@currenvir}\@currenvline 204 \space ended by \protect\end{#1}}}\@eha}
\@badmath	Called by \[, \], \(or \) when used in wrong mode. 205 \gdef\@badmath{% 206 \@latex@error{Bad math environment delimiter}}\@eha
\@toodeep	Called by a list environment nested more than six levels deep, or an enumerate or itemize nested more than four levels. 207 \gdef\@toodeep{% 208 \@latex@error{Too deeply nested}}\@ehd
\@badpoptabs	Called by \endtabbing when not enough \poptabs have occurred, or by \poptabs when too many have occurred. 209 \gdef\@badpoptabs{% 210 \@latex@error{\protect\pushtabs\space and \protect\poptabs 211 \space don't match}}\@ehd
\@badtab	Called by \>, \+ , \- or \< when stepping to an undefined tab. 212 \gdef\@badtab{% 213 \@latex@error{Undefined tab position}}\@ehd
\@preamerr	This error is special: it appears in places where we normally have to \protect expansions. However, to prevent a protection of the error message itself (which would result in the message getting printed not issued on the terminal) we need to locally reset \protect to \relax. 214 \gdef\@preamerr#1{% 215 \begingroup 216 \let\protect\relax 217 \@latex@error{\ifcase #1 Illegal character\or 218 Missing @-exp\or Missing p-arg\fi\space 219 in array arg}\@ehd 220 \endgroup}

\@badlinearg	Occurs in \line and \vector command when a bad slope argument is encountered.
	<pre>221 \gdef\@badlinearg{% 222 \@latex@error{% 223 Bad \protect\line\space or \protect\vector 224 \space argument}\@ehb}</pre>
\@parmoderr	Occurs in a float environment or a \marginpar when encountered in inner vertical mode.
	<pre>225 \gdef\@parmoderr{% 226 \@latex@error{Not in outer par mode}\@ehb}</pre>
\@fltovf	Occurs in float environment or \marginpar when there are no more free boxes for storing floats.
	<pre>227 \gdef\@fltovf{% 228 \@latex@error{Too many unprocessed floats}\@ehb}</pre>
\@latexbug	Occurs in output routine. This is bad news.
	<pre>229 \gdef\@latexbug{% 230 \@latex@error{This may be a LaTeX bug}{Call for help}}</pre>
\@badcrerr	This error was removed and replaced by \nolnerr.
	<pre>231 \%def\@badcrerr {\@latex@error{Bad use of \protect\\}\@ehc}</pre>
\@noitemerr	\addvspace or \addpenalty was called when not in vmode. Probably caused by a missing \item.
	<pre>232 \gdef\@noitemerr{% 233 \@latex@error{Something's wrong--perhaps a missing % 234 \protect\item}\@ehc}</pre>
\@notprerr	A command that can be used only in the preamble appears after the command \begin{document}.
	<pre>235 \gdef\@notprerr{% 236 \@latex@error{Can be used only in preamble}\@eha}</pre>
\@inmatherr	Issued by commands that don't work correctly within math (like \item). There is no real error recovery happening, e.g., the user might get additional errors afterwards.
	<pre>237 \gdef\@inmatherr#1{% 238 \relax 239 \ifmmode 240 \@latex@error{Command \protect#1 invalid in math mode}\@ehc 241 \fi}</pre>
\@invalidchar	An error for use with invalid characters. This is commented out, since we decided to use catcode 15 instead.
	<pre>242 \%def\@invalidchar{\@latex@error{Invalid character in input}\@ehc} 243 </2ekernel></pre>

As well as the above error commands some error messages are directly coded to save space. The Messages already present in LATEX2.09 included:

Environment --- undefined

Issued by `\begin` for undefined environment.

tab overflow

Occurs in `\=` when maximum number of tabs exceeded.

\< in mid line

Occurs in `\<` when it appears in middle of line.

Float(s) lost

In output routine, caused by a float environment or `\marginpar` occurring in inner vertical mode.

File h

ltpar.dtx

15 Paragraphs

This section of the kernel declares the commands used to set `\par` and `\everypar` when ever their function needs to be changed for a long time.

15.1 Implementation

There are two situations in which `\par` may be changed:

- Long-term changes, in which the new value is to remain in effect until the current environment is left. The environments that change `\par` in this way are the following:
 - All list environments (itemize, quote, etc.)
 - Environments that turn `\par` into a noop: tabbing, array and tabular.
- Temporary changes, in which `\par` is restored to its previous value the next time it is executed. The following are all such uses.
 - `\end` when preceded by `\@endparenv`, which is called by `\endtrivlist`
 - The mechanism for avoiding page breaks and getting the spacing right after section heads.

`\@setpar` To permit the proper interaction of these two situations, long-term changes are made by the `\@setpar{\langle VAL\rangle}` command. It's function is:

To set `\par`. It `\def`'s `\par` and `\@par` to `\langle VAL\rangle`.

`\@restorepar` Short-term changes are made by the usual `\def\par` commands. The original values are restored after a short-term change by the `\@restorepar` commands.

`\@par` `\@par` always is defined to be the original TeX `\par`.

`\everypar` `\everypar` is changed only for the short term. Whenever `\everypar` is set non-null, it should restore itself to null when executed.

The following commands change `\everypar` in this way:

- `\item`
- `\end` when preceded by `\@endparenv`, which is called by `\endtrivlist`
- `\minipage`

When dealing with `\par` and `\everypar` remember the following two warnings:

1. Commands that make short-term changes to `\par` and `\everypar` must take account of the possibility that the new commands and the ones that do the restoration may be executed inside a group. In particular, `\everypar` is executed inside a group whenever a new paragraph begins with a left brace. The `\everypar` command that restores its definition should be local to the current group (in case the command is inside a minipage used inside someplace

where `\everypar` has been redefined). Thus, if `\everypar` is redefined to do an `\everypar{}` it could take several executions of `\everypar` before the restoration “holds”. This usually causes no problem. However, to prevent the extra executions from doing harm, use a global switch to keep anything harmful in the new `\everypar` from being done twice.

2. Commands that change `\everypar` should remember that `\everypar` might be supposed to set the following switches false:

- `@nobreak`
- `@minipage`

they should do the setting if necessary.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{par,}
```

`\@setpar` Initiate a long-term change to `\par`.

```
\@par 3 \def\@setpar#1{\def\par{\def\@par{#1}}}
```

The default definition of `\@par` will ensure that if `\@restorepar` defines `\par` to execute `\@par` it will redefine itself to the primitive `\@@par` after one iteration.

```
4 \def\@par{\let\par\@@par\par}
5 /2ekernel
```

`\@restorepar` Restore from a short-term change to `\par`.

```
6 \def\@restorepar{\def\par{\@par}}
```

File i

ltspacex.dtx

16 Spacing

This section deals with spacing, and line- and page-breaking.

16.1 User Commands

```
\nopagebreak  [i] : i = 0,...,4.  
              Default argument = 4. Puts a penalty into the vertical list output as follows:  
0 : penalty = 0  
1 : penalty = \clowpenalty  
2 : penalty = \medpenalty  
3 : penalty = \highpenalty  
4 : penalty = 10000  
\pagebreak  [i] : same as except negatives of its penalty  
\linebreak  [i] : analog of the above  
\nolinebreak [i] : analog of the above  
\samepage   : inhibits page breaking most places by setting the following penalties to 10000:  
  \interlinepenalty  
  \postdisplaypenalty  
  \interdisplaylinepenalty  
  \beginparpenalty  
  \endparpenalty  
  \itempenalty  
  \secpenalty  
  \interfootnotelinepenalty  
\\  : initially defined to be \newline  
    \\[length] : initially defined to be \vspace{length}\\newline  
Note: \\* adds a \vadjust{\penalty 10000}  
      OBSOLETE COMMANDS (which never made it into the manual):  
      \obeycr : defines jCR_ == \\relax  
      \restorecr : restores jCR_ to its usual meaning.
```

16.2 Chris' comments

There are several aspects of the handling of space in horizontal mode that are inconsistent or do not work well in some cases. These are largely concerned with ignoring the effect of space tokens that would otherwise typeset an inter-word space.

Negating the effect of such space tokens is achieved by two mechanisms:

- `\unskip` is used to remove the glue just added by a space that has already had its effect; it is sometimes invoked after an `\ifdim` test on `\lastskip` (see below);
- `\ignorespaces` is used to ignore space-tokens yet to come.

The test done on `\lastskip` is sometimes for equality with zero and sometimes for being positive. Recall also that the test is only on the natural length of the glue and that no glue cannot be distinguished from glue whose natural length is zero: to summarise, a pretty awful test. It is not clear why these tests are not all the same; I think that they should all be for equality. One place where `\unskip` is often used is just before a `\par` (which itself internally does an `\unskip`) and one bit of code (in `\@item`) even has two `\unskips` before a `\par`. These uses may be fossil code but if they are necessary, maybe `\@killglue` would be even safer.

Such removal of glue by `\unskip` may sometimes have the wrong result, removing not the glue from a space-token but other explicit glue; this is sometimes not what is intended.

A common way to prevent such removal is to add an `\hskip\z@` after the glue that should not be removed. This protects that glue against one `\unskip` with no test but not against more than one. It does work for ‘tested `\unskips`’. This is used by `\hspace*` but not by `\hspace`; this is inconsistent as the star is supposed to prevent removal only at the beginning of a line, not at the end, or in a tabular, etc.

If this reason for removing glue were the only consideration then a tested-`\unskip` and protection by `\hskip\z@` would suffice but would need to be consistently implemented.

However, the class of invisibles, commands and environments tries to be even cleverer: one of these tries to leave only one inter-word space whenever there is one before it and one after it; and it does this quite well.

But problems can arise when there is not a space-token on both sides of it; in particular, when an invisible appears at the beginning or end of a piece of text the method still leaves one space token whereas usually in these cases it should leave none.

Also, the current rules do not work well when more than one such command appears consecutively, separated by space-tokens; it leaves glue between every other invisible.

There is also a question about what these commands should do when they occur next to spaces that do not come from space tokens but, for example, from `\hspace`. Should they still produce ‘just one space’? If so, which one? It is good to note that the manual is sufficiently cautious about invisibles that we are not obliged to make anything work.

Another interesting side-road to explore is whether the space-tokens either side of an `\hspace{...}` should be ignored.

One alternative to the current algorithm that is often suggested is that all glue around the invisible should be consolidated into a space after it (usually without stating how much glue should be put there). The command `\nolinebreak` is implemented this way (and `\linebreak` should also be). This does not work correctly for the following common case:

```
... some text
\index{some-word}
some-word and more text.
```

This is optimal coding since it is normal to index a word that gets split across a page-break on its starting page. This would, on the other hand, fix another common (and documented) failure of the current system: when the invisible is

the last thing in a paragraph the space before it is not removed and, worse, it is also hidden from the paragraph-ending mechanism so that an ‘empty’ line can be created at the end of the paragraph.

Another deficiency (I think) of the current system is that the following is treated as having the `\index` command between the paragraphs, which is probably not what the author intended (since there is no empty line after it).

```
\index{beginnings}
Beginnings of paragraphs ...
```

I know of no algorithm that will handle satisfactorily even all the most common cases; note that it could be that the best algorithm may be different for different invisibles since, for example, the common uses and expected behaviour of `\index`, `\marginpar`, `\linebreak`, `\pagebreak` and `\vspace` are somewhat different. [For example, is `\vspace` ever used in the middle of a paragraph?]

One method that can (and is) used to make invisible commands produce no space when used at the beginning of text is to put in some glue that is nearly enough the same as no glue or glue of zero length in all respects except for the precise test for not being exactly equal to zero; examples of such glue are `\hskip 1sp` and, possibly better but more complex, `\hskip -1sp \hskip 1sp`. However, this only works when it is known that user-supplied text is about to start.

Some similar concerns apply to the handling of space and penalties in vertical mode; there is an extra hurdle here as `\unskip` does not work on the main vertical list. The complexity of the tests done by `\addvspace` have never been explained.

The implementation of space hacks etc for vertical mode is another major area that needs further attention; my earlier experiments did not produce much improvement over the current unsatisfactory situation.

One particular problem is what happens when the following very natural coding is used (part of the problem here is that this looks like an hmode problem, but it is not):

```
... end of text.

\begin{enumerate}
  \item \label{item:xxx} Item text.
\end{enumerate}
```

16.3 Some immediate actions

- Fix bug in `\linebreak`.
- Fix bug in `**`.
- Reimplement `\|`, etc, removing extra `\vadjusts` and getting better error trapping (this seems to involve a lot more tokens).
- Investigate whether `\|`, etc need to be errors in vmode; I think that they could be noops (maybe with a warning).
- Make all(?) `\unskip`s include test for zero skip (rather than other tests or no test).

- Consider replacing `\hskip 1sp` by something better (here called an ‘infinitesimal’ skip).
- Look at all `\hskip\z@` (or similar) to see if they should be changed to an ‘infinitesimal’ skip.
- Resolve the inconsistency between `\hspace` and `\hspace*`.
- Remove unnecessary `\unskip`s.
- Investigate and rationalise the ‘newline’ code.
- Find better algorithms for all sorts of things or, easier(?), fix TeX itself.

16.4 The code

```

1 <*2ekernel>
2 \message{spacing,}

\pagebreak
\nopagebreak
3 \def\pagebreak{\@testopt{\@no@pgbk-}4}
4 \def\nopagebreak{\@testopt{\@no@pgbk4}{}

\@no@pgbk
5 \def\@no@pgbk #1[#2]{%
6   \ifvmode
7     \penalty #1\@getpen{#2}%
8   \else
9     \@bsphack
10    \vadjust{\penalty #1\@getpen{#2}}%
11    \@esphack
12  \fi}

\linebreak
\nolinebreak
13 \def\linebreak{\@testopt{\@no@lnbk-}4}
14 \def\nolinebreak{\@testopt{\@no@lnbk4}{

\@no@lnbk
15 \def\@no@lnbk #1[#2]{%
16   \ifvmode
17     \nolnerr
18   \else
19     \tempskipa\lastskip
20     \unskip
21     \penalty #1\@getpen{#2}%
22     \ifdim\tempskipa>\z@
23       \hskip\tempskipa
24       \ignorespaces
25     \fi
26   \fi}
27 \def\samepage{\interlinepenalty\@M
28   \postdisplaypenalty\@M

```

```

29   \interdisplaylinepenalty\@M
30   \beginparpenalty\@M
31   \endparpenalty\@M
32   \itempenalty\@M
33   \secpenalty\@M
34   \interfootnotelinepenalty\@M}

```

- \`\\ The purpose of the new code is to fix a few bugs; however, it also attempts to optimize the following, in order of priority:

1. efficient execution of plain \\;
2. efficient execution of \\[...];
3. memory use;
4. name-space use.

The changes should make no difference to the typeset output. It appears to be safe to use `\reserved@e` and `\reserved@f` here (other reserved macros are somewhat disastrous).

These changes made `\newline` even less robust than it had been, so now it is explicitly robust, like \\.

`\@normalcr` The internal definition of the ‘normal’ definition of \\.

```

35 \DeclareRobustCommand\\{%
36   \let \reserved@e \relax
37   \let \reserved@f \relax
38   \@ifstar{\let \reserved@e \vadjust \let \reserved@f \nobreak
39             \@xnewline}%
40             \@xnewline}
41 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@normalcr
42     \csname\expandafter\gobble\string\\ \endcsname

```

`\newline` A simple form of the ‘normal’ definition of \\.

```
43 \DeclareRobustCommand\newline{\@normalcr\relax}
```

`\@xnewline`

```

44 \def\@xnewline{\@ifnextchar[%] bracket matching
45           \newline
46           {\@gnewline\relax}}

```

`\@newline`

```

47 \def\@newline[#1]{\let \reserved@e \vadjust
48           \@gnewline {\vskip #1}}

```

`\@gnewline` The `\nobreak` added to prevent null lines when \\ ends an overfull line. Change made 24 May 89 as suggested by Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Schöpf

```

49 \def\@gnewline #1{%
50   \ifvmode
51     \nolnerr
52   \else
53     \unskip \reserved@e {\reserved@f#1}\nobreak \hfil \break
54   \fi}

```

```

\@getpen
55 \def\@getpen#1{\ifcase #1 \z@ \or \@lowpenalty\or
56           \@medpenalty \or \@highpenalty
57           \else \OM \fi}

\if@nobreak Switch used to avoid page breaks caused by \label after a section heading, etc.
It should be GLOBALLY set true after the \nobreak and globally set false by
the next invocation of \everypar.
    Commands that reset \everypar should globally set it false if appropriate.
58 \def\@nobreakfalse{\global\let\if@nobreak\iffalse}
59 \def\@nobreaktrue {\global\let\if@nobreak\iftrue}
60 \Onobreakfalse

\@savsk Registers used to save the space factor and last skip.
\@savsf
61 \newdimen\@savsk
62 \newcount\@savsf

\@bsphack \@bsphack and \@esphack used by macros such as \index and \begin{@float}
... \end{@float} that want to be invisible — i.e., not leave any extra space when
used in the middle of text. Such a macro should begin with \@bsphack and end
with \@esphack The macro in question should not create any text, nor change the
mode.

Before giving the current definition we give an extended definition that is
currently not used (because it doesn't work as advertised:-)
These are generalised hacks which attempt to do sensible things when ‘invisible
commands’ appear in vmode too.

They need to cope with space in both hmode (plus spacefactor) and vmode,
and also cope with breaks etc. In vmode this means ensuring that any following
\addvspace, etc sees the correct glue in \lastskip.

In fact, these improved versions should be used for other cases of ‘whatsits,
thingies etc’ which should be invisible. They are only for commands, not environments
(see notes on \@Esphack).

BTW, anyone know why the standard hacks are surrounded by \ifmmode\else
rather than simply \ifhmode?

And are there any cases where saving the spacefactor is essential? I have some
extensions where it is, but it does not appear to be so in the standard uses.

\def \@bsphack{%
  \relax \ifvmode
    \@savsk \lastskip
    \ifdim \lastskip=\z@
    \else
      \vskip -\lastskip
    \fi
  \else
    \ifhmode
      \@savsk \lastskip
      \@savsf \spacefactor
    \fi
  \fi
}

```

I think that, in vmode, it is the safest to put in a `\nobreak` immediately after such things since writes, inserts etc followed by glue give valid breakpoints and, in general, it is possible to create breaks but impossible to destroy them.

```
\def \@esphack{%
    \relax \ifvmode
        \nobreak
        \ifdim \@savsk=\z@
    \else
        \vskip\@savsk
    \fi
\else
    \ifhmode
        \spacefactor \@savesf
        \ifdim \@savsk>\z@
            \ignorespaces
        \fi
    \fi
\fi
}
```

For the moment we are going to ignore the vertical versions until they are correct.

```
63 \def\@bsphack{%
64   \relax
65   \ifhmode
66     \@savsk\lastskip
67     \@savesf\spacefactor
68   \fi}
\@esphack Companion to \@bsphack.
69 </2ekernel>
70 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}%
71 <latexrelease> {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
72 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
73 \def\@esphack{%
74   \relax
75   \ifhmode
76     \spacefactor\@savesf
77     \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
78       \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
79         \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
80       \fi
81       \ignorespaces
82     \fi
83   \fi}%
84 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
85 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
86 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
87 <latexrelease> {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
88 <latexrelease>\def\@esphack{%
89 <latexrelease> \relax
90 <latexrelease> \ifhmode
91 <latexrelease> \spacefactor\@savesf
```

```

92 <|latexrelease>      \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
93 <|latexrelease>      \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
94 <|latexrelease>      \ignorespaces
95 <|latexrelease>      \fi
96 <|latexrelease> \fi}%
97 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
98 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
99 <|latexrelease>          {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
100 <|latexrelease>\def\@esphack{%
101 <|latexrelease> \relax
102 <|latexrelease> \ifhmode
103 <|latexrelease>   \spacefactor\@savsf
104 <|latexrelease>   \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
105 <|latexrelease>   \ignorespaces
106 <|latexrelease>   \fi
107 <|latexrelease> \fi}%
108 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
109 <*2ekernel>

```

\@Eshack A variant of `\@esphack` that sets the `@ignore` switch to true (as `\@esphack` used to do previously). This is currently used only for floats and similar environments.

```

w
110 </2ekernel>
111 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
112 <|latexrelease>          {\@Eshack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
113 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
114 \def\@Eshack{%
115   \relax
116   \ifhmode
117     \spacefactor\@savsf
118     \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
119       \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
120       \ignorettrue
121       \ignorespaces
122     \fi
123   \fi}%
124 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
125 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
126 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
127 <|latexrelease>          {\@Eshack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
128 <|latexrelease>\def\@Eshack{%
129 <|latexrelease> \relax
130 <|latexrelease> \ifhmode
131 <|latexrelease>   \spacefactor\@savsf
132 <|latexrelease>   \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
133 <|latexrelease>   \ignorettrue
134 <|latexrelease>   \ignorespaces
135 <|latexrelease>   \fi
136 <|latexrelease> \fi}%
137 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
138 <*2ekernel>

```

\@vbsphack Another variant which is useful for invisible things which should not live in vmode (this is how some people feel about marginals).

If it occurs in vmode then it enters hmode and ensures that `\@savsk` is nonzero so that the `\ignorespaces` is put in later. It is not used at present.

```
\def \vbsphack{ %
  \relax \ifvmode
    \leavevmode
    \@savsk 1sp
    \@savsf \spacefactor
  \else
    \ifhmode
      \@savsk \lastskip
      \@savsf \spacefactor
    \fi
  \fi
}
```

16.5 Vertical spacing

L^AT_EX supports the plain T_EX commands `\smallskip`, `\medskip` and `\bigskip`. However, it redefines them using `\vspace` instead of `\vskip`.

Extra vertical space is added by the command `\addvspace{<skip>}`, which adds a vertical skip of `<skip>` to the document. The sequence `\addvspace{<s1>} \addvspace{<s2>}` is equivalent to `\addvspace{<maximum of s1, s2>}`.

`\addvspace` should be used only in vertical mode, and gives an error if it's not. The `\addvspace` command does *not* add vertical space if `@minipage` is true. The minipage environment uses this to inhibit the addition of extra vertical space at the beginning.

Penalties are put into the vertical list with the `\addpenalty{<penalty>}` command. It works properly when `\addpenalty` and `\addvspace` commands are mixed.

The `@nobreak` switch is set true used when in vertical mode and no page break should occur. (Right now, it is used only by the section heading commands to inhibit page breaking after a heading.)

```
\addvspace{SKIP} ==
BEGIN
  if vmode
    then if @minipage
      else if \lastskip =0
        then \vskip SKIP
      else if \lastskip < SKIP
        then \vskip -\lastskip
          \vskip SKIP
      else if SKIP < 0 and \lastskip >= 0
        then \vskip -\lastskip
          \vskip \lastskip + SKIP
    fi      fi      fi      fi
  else useful error message (CAR).
  fi
END
```

`\@xaddvskip` Internal macro for `\vspace` handling the case that space has previously been added.

```

139 \def\@xaddvskip{%
140   \ifdim\lastskip<\@tempskipb
141     \vskip-\lastskip
142     \vskip\@tempskipb
143   \else
144     \ifdim\@tempskipb<\z@
145       \ifdim\lastskip<\z@
146         \else
147           \advance\@tempskipb\lastskip
148           \vskip-\lastskip
149           \vskip \@tempskipb
150         \fi
151       \fi
152     \fi}

```

\addvspace Add vertical space taking into account space already added, as described above.

```

153 \def\addvspace#1{%
154   \ifvmode
155     \if@minipage\else
156       \ifdim \lastskip =\z@
157         \vskip #1\relax
158       \else
159         \@tempskipb#1\relax
160         \@xaddvskip
161       \fi
162     \fi
163   \else
164     \@noitemerr
165   \fi}

```

\addpenalty

```

166 {/2ekernel}
167 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
168 <latexrelease>          {\addpenalty}\{\addpenalty}%
169 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}

```

Fix provided by Donald (though the original fix was not good enough). In 2005 Plamen Tanovski discovered that this fix wasn't good enough either as the \vskip kept getting bigger if several \addpenalty commands followed each other. Donald kindly send a new fix.

```

170 \def\addpenalty#1{%
171   \ifvmode
172     \if@minipage
173     \else
174       \if@nobreak
175     \else
176       \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
177         \penalty#1\relax
178       \else
179         \@tempskipb\lastskip

```

We have to make sure the final \vskip seen by TeX is the correct one, namely \@tempskipb. However we may have to adjust for \prevdepth when placing the penalty but that should not affect the skip we pass on to TeX.

```

180          \begingroup
181              \tempskipa\tempskipb
182              \advance \tempskipb
183              \ifdim\prevdepth>\maxdepth\maxdepth\else
If \prevdepth is -1000pt due to \nointerlineskip we better not add it!
184                  \ifdim \prevdepth = -\em\p@ \z@ \else \prevdepth \fi
185                  \fi
186                  \vskip -\tempskipb
187                  \penalty#1%
188                  \ifdim\tempskipa=\tempskipb
Do nothing if the \prevdepth check made no adjustment.
189                  \else
Combine the prevdepth adjustment into a single skip.
190                  \advance\tempskipb -\tempskipa
191                  \vskip \tempskipb
192                  \fi
The final skip is always the specified length.
193                  \vskip \tempskipa
194                  \endgroup
195                  \fi
196                  \fi
197                  \fi
198      \else
199          \noitemerr
200      \fi}%
201 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
202 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
203 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
204 <latexrelease>           {\addpenalty}{\addpenalty}%
205 <latexrelease>\def\addpenalty#1{%
206 <latexrelease>  \ifvmode
207 <latexrelease>    \if@minipage
208 <latexrelease>    \else
209 <latexrelease>      \if@nobreak
210 <latexrelease>      \else
211 <latexrelease>        \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
212 <latexrelease>          \penalty#1\relax
213 <latexrelease>          \else
214 <latexrelease>            \tempskipb\lastskip
215 <latexrelease>            \vskip -\lastskip
216 <latexrelease>            \penalty#1%
217 <latexrelease>            \vskip\tempskipb
218 <latexrelease>          \fi
219 <latexrelease>        \fi
220 <latexrelease>      \fi
221 <latexrelease>    \else
222 <latexrelease>      \noitemerr
223 <latexrelease>    \fi}%
224 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
225 <*2ekernel>

\vspace
\@vspace
\@vspacer  The new code for these commands depends on the following facts:

```

- The value of prevdepth is changed only when a box or rule is created and added to a vertical list;
- The value of prevdepth is used only when a box is created and added to a vertical list;
- The value of prevdepth is always local to the building of one vertical list.

```

226 \DeclareRobustCommand\vspace{\@ifstar\@vspace\@vspace}
227 \def\@vspace #1{%
228   \ifvmode
229     \vskip #1
230     \vskip\z@skip
231   \else
232     \@bsphack
233     \vadjust{\@restorepar
234       \vskip #1
235       \vskip\z@skip
236     }%
237     \@esphack
238   \fi}

239 \def\@vspace#1{%
240   \ifvmode
241     \dimen@\prevdepth
242     \hrule \height\z@
243     \nobreak
244     \vskip #1
245     \vskip\z@skip
246     \prevdepth\dimen@
247   \else
248     \@bsphack
249     \vadjust{\@restorepar
250       \hrule \height\z@
251       \nobreak
252       \vskip #1
253       \vskip\z@skip}%
254     \@esphack
255   \fi}

\smallskip
\medskip 256 \def\smallskip{\vspace\smallskipamount}
\bigskip 257 \def\medskip{\vspace\medskipamount}
258 \def\bigskip{\vspace\bigskipamount}

\smallskipamount
\medskipamount 259 \newskip\smallskipamount \smallskipamount=3pt plus 1pt minus 1pt
\bigskipamount 260 \newskip\medskipamount \medskipamount =6pt plus 2pt minus 2pt
261 \newskip\bigskipamount \bigskipamount =12pt plus 4pt minus 4pt

```

16.6 Horizontal space (and breaks)

\nobreakdashes This idea is borrowed from the amsmath package but here we define a robust command.

This command is a low-level command designed for use only before hyphens or dashes (such as `-`, `--`, or `---`).

It could probably be better implemented: it may need its own private token register and temporary command.

Setting the hyphen in a box and then unboxing it means that the normal penalty will not be added after it—and if the penalty is not there a break will not be taken (unless an explicit penalty or glue follows, thus the final `\nobreak`).

Note that even if it is not followed by a `'`, it still leaves vmode and sets the spacefactor; so use it carefully!

```

262 \DeclareRobustCommand{\nobreakdashes}{%
263   \leavevmode
264   \toks@{}%
265   \def\reserved@a##1{\toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@-}%
266                           \futurelet@\let@token \reserved@b}%
267   \def\reserved@b   {\ifx\let@token -%
268                         \expandafter\reserved@a
269                         \else
270                           \setbox\z@\hbox{\the\toks@\nobreak}%
271                           \unhbox\z@
272                           \spacefactor\sfcode`-
273                           \fi}%
274   \futurelet@\let@token \reserved@b
275 }
```

`\nobreakspace` This is a robust command that produces a horizontal space at which, in paragraph-mode, a line-break is not possible. We then define an active `~` to expand to it since this is the documented behaviour of `~`. One reason for introducing this is that some 8-bit input encodings have a slot for such a space and we do not want to use active characters as the L^AT_EX internal commands.

The braces in the definition of `~` are needed to ensure that a following space is preserved when reading to/from internal files.

We need to keep `\@xobeysp` as it is widely used; so here it is let to the non-robust command `\nobreakspace`.

```

276 \DeclareRobustCommand{\nobreakspace}{%
277   \leavevmode\nobreak\ }
278 \catcode`\~=13
279 \def~{\nobreakspace{}}
280 \expandafter\let\expandafter\@xobeysp\csname nobreakspace \endcsname
```

`\,` Used in paragraph mode produces a `\thinspace`. It has the ordinary definition in math mode. Useful for quotes inside quotes, as in ‘‘\,‘Foo’, he said.’’

```

281 \DeclareRobustCommand{\,}{%
282   \relax\ifmmode\mskip\thinmuskip\else\thinspace\fi
283 }
```

`\@` Placed before a `.`, makes it a sentence-ending period. Does the right thing for other punctuation marks as well. Does this by setting spacefactor to 1000.

```

284 </2ekernel>
285 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
286 <latexrelease>          {\@Space after \@}%
287 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
```

```

288 \def\@{\spacefactor\@m{}}
289 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
290 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
291 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
292 <latexrelease>                                {\@}{Space after \@}%
293 <latexrelease>\def\@{\spacefactor\@m{}}
294 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
295 <*2ekernel>

\hspace
296 \DeclareRobustCommand\hspace{\@ifstar\hspacer\hspace}

\@hspac
297 \def\@hspac#1{\hskip #1\relax}

\@hspac
extra \hskip 0pt added 1985/17/12 to guard against a following \unskip \relax
added 13 Oct 88 for usual TeX lossage replaced both changes by \hskip\z@skip
27 Nov 91
298 \def\@hspac#1{\vrule \width\z@\nobreak
299           \hskip #1\hskip \z@skip}

\fill
300 \newskip\fill
301 \fill = 0pt plus 1fill

\stretch
302 \def\stretch#1{\z@ \@plus #1fill\relax}

\thinspace
\negthinspace
303 \def\thinspace{\kern .16667em }
\enspace
304 \def\negthinspace{\kern-.16667em }
305 \def\enspace{\kern.5em }

\enskip
\quad
306 \def\enskip{\hskip.5em\relax}
\quad
307 \def\quad{\hskip1em\relax}
\quad
308 \def\quad{\hskip2em\relax}

\obeycr
\restorecr
The following definitions will probably get deleted or moved to compatibility mode
soon.
309 {\catcode`^\^M=13 \gdef\obeycr{\catcode`^\^M13 \def^\^M{\relax}%
310   @gobblecr}%
311 {\catcode`^\^M=13 \gdef\@gobblecr{\@ifnextchar
312   @gobble\ignorespaces}%
313 \gdef\restorecr{\catcode`^\^M5 }}

314 </2ekernel>

```

File j

ltlogos.dtx

17 Logos

Various logos are defined here.

- \TeX The \TeX logo, adjusted so that a full stop after the logo counts as ending a sentence.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \def\TeX{T\kern-.1667em\lower.5ex\hbox{E}\kern-.125emX\@}
```

- \LaTeX The \LaTeX logo.

```
3 \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.36em%
4      {\sbox{z@ T}%
5       \vbox to\ht{z@{\hbox{\check@mathfonts
6           \fontsize\sf@size{z@%
7           \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
8           A}}%
9           \vss}%
10      }%
11      \kern-.15em%
12      \TeX}}
```

- \LaTeXe The \LaTeX_{2ε} logo as proposed by A-W designers.

```
13 \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeXe}{\mbox{\m@th
14   \if b\expandafter\@car\f@series\@nil\boldmath\fi
15   \LaTeX\kern.15em2$_{\textstyle\backslash varepsilon}$}}
16 
```

File k

ltfiles.dtx

18 File Handling

The following user commands are defined in this part:

\document	(ie \begin{document})	Reads in the .AUX files and \catcode's @ to 12.
\nofiles		Suppresses all file output by setting \@filesw false.
\includeonly	{(NAME1, ... ,NAMEn)}	Causes only parts NAME1, ... ,NAMEn to be read by their \include commands. Works by setting partsw true and setting \@partlist to NAME1, ... ,NAMEn.
\include	{(NAME)}	Does an \input NAME unless \@partsw is true and NAME is not in \@partlist. If \@filesw is true, then it directs .AUX output to NAME.AUX, including a checkpoint at the end.
\input	{(NAME)}	The same as TeX's \input, except it allows optional braces around the file name. In L ^A T _E X 2 _{ε} , it also avoids the primitive 'missing file' error, if the file can not be found.
\IfFileExists	{(NAME)}{(then)}{(else)}	If the file exists on the system, execute <i>then</i> otherwise execute <i>else</i> .
\InputIfFileExists	{(NAME)}{(then)}{(else)}	If the file exists on the system, execute <i>then</i> and input <i>NAME</i> otherwise execute <i>else</i> .
1 /*2ekernel*/ 2 \message{files,}		
VARIABLES, SWITCHES AND INTERNAL COMMANDS:		
\@mainaux : Output file number for main .AUX file.		
\@partaux : Output file number for current part's .AUX file.		
\@auxout : Either \@mainout or \@partout, depending on which .AUX file output goes to.		
\@input{foo} : If file foo exists, then \input's it, otherwise types a warning message.		
@filesw : Switch – set false if no .AUX, .TOC, .IDX etc files are to be written		
@partsw : Set true by a \includeonly command.		
\@partlist : Set to the argument of the \includeonly command.		
\cp@FOO : The checkpoint for \include'd file FOO.TEX, written by \@writeckpt at the end of file FOO.AUX		
\includeonly{FILELIST} == BEGIN		

```

\@partsw := T
\@partlist := FILELIST
END

\include{FILE} ==
BEGIN
  \clearpage
  if \@files w = T
    then \immediate\write\@mainaux{\string\@input{FILE.AUX}}
  fi
  if \@partsw = T
    then \@tempswa := F
        \reserved@b == FILE
        for \reserved@a := \@partlist
          do if eval(\reserved@a) = eval(\reserved@b)
              then \@tempswa := T           fi
          od
    fi
  if \@tempswa = T
    then \@auxout := \@partaux
        if \@files w = T
          then \immediate\openout\@partaux{FILE.AUX}
              \immediate\write\@partaux{\relax}
        fi
        \@input{FILE.TEX}
        \clearpage
        \@writeckpt{FILE}
        if @files w then \closeout\@partaux fi
        \@auxout := \@mainaux
    else \cp@FILE
  fi
END

\@writeckpt{FILE} ==
BEGIN
  if \@files w = T
    \immediate\write on file \@partaux:
      \@setckpt{FILE}{% }
  for \reserved@a := \cl@ckpt
    do \immediate\write on file \@partaux:
      \global\string\setcounter
{eval(\reserved@a)}{eval(\c@eval(\reserved@a))}%
      od
      \immediate\write on file \@partaux: %
  fi
END

\@setckpt{FILE}{LIST} ==

```

```

BEGIN
  G \cp@FILE := LIST
END

INITIALIZATION
  \@tempswa := T

\@inputcheck Allocate read stream for testing and output stream.
\@unused 3 \newread\@inputcheck
          4 \newwrite\@unused

\@mainaux
\@partaux 5 \newwrite\@mainaux
          6 \newwrite\@partaux

\if@filesw
\if@partsw 7 \newif\if@filesw \@fileswtrue
             8 \newif\if@partsw \@partswfalse

\@clubpenalty This stores the current normal (non-infinite) value of \clubpenalty; it should
               therefore be reset whenever the normal value is changed (as in the bibliography
               in the standard styles).
               9 \newcount\@clubpenalty
               10 \@clubpenalty \clubpenalty

\document Cancel the \begingroup from \begin
           11 \def\document{\endgroup
If some options on \documentclass haven't been used by any package we will now
give a warning since this is most certainly a misspelling.
           12 \ifx\@unusedoptionlist\@empty\else
               \@latex@warning@no@line{Unused global option(s):`^J%
               \@spaces[\@unusedoptionlist]}%
           13 \fi
           14 \@colht\textheight
           15 \@colroom\textheight \vsize\textheight
           16 \columnwidth\textwidth
           17 \clubpenalty\clubpenalty
           18 \if@twocolumn
               \advance\columnwidth -\columnsep
               \divide\columnwidth\tw@ \hsize\columnwidth \@firstcolumntrue
           19 \fi
           20 \hsize\columnwidth \linewidth\hsize
           21 \begingroup\@floatplacement\@dblfloatplacement
           22 \makeatletter\let\@writefile\@gobbletwo
           23 \global\let\@multiplelabels \relax
           24 \input{\jobname.aux}%
           25 \endgroup
           26 \if@filesw
               \immediate\openout\@mainaux\jobname.aux
               \immediate\write\@mainaux{\relax}%
           27 \fi
           28
           29
           30
           31
           32
           33

```

Dateline 1991/03/26: FMi added `\process@table` to support NFSS; This will also work with old lfonts if no other style defines `\process@table`. The following line forces the initialization of the math fonts.

```

34  \process@table
35  \let\glb@currsize\@empty %% Force math initialization.

36  \normalsize
37  \everypar{}%
```

So that punctuation in headings is not disturbed by verbatim or other local changes to the space factor codes, save the document default here. This will be locally reset by the output routine. For special cases a class may want to define `\normalsfcodes` directly, in case that definition will be used. (This is an old bug, problem existed in L^AT_EX2.0x and plain T_EX.)

```

38  \ifx\normalsfcodes\@empty
39  \ifnum\sfcodes`.=\@m
40    \let\normalsfcodes\frenchspacing
41  \else
42    \let\normalsfcodes\nonfrenchspacing
43  \fi
44 \fi
```

Way back in 1991 (08/26) FMi & RmS set the `\@noskipsec` switch to true in the preamble and to false here. This was done to trap lists and related text in the preamble but it does not catch everything; hence Change 1.1g was introduced.

```

45  \@noskipsecfalse
46  \let \@refundefined \relax
```

Just before disabling the preamble commands we execute the begin document hook which contains any code contributed by `\AtBeginDocument`. Also disable the gathering of the file list, if no `\listfiles` has been issued. `\AtBeginDocument` is redefined at this point so that and such commands that get into the hook do not chase their tail...

```

47  \let\AtBeginDocument\@firstofone
48  \@begindocumenthook
```

Most of the following assignments will be done globally in case the user adds something like `\begin{multicols}` to the document hook, i.e. starts are group in `\begin{document}`.

Since a value of exactly 0pt for `\topskip` causes `\twocolumn[]` to misbehave, we add this check, hoping that it will not cause any problems elsewhere.

```

49  \ifdim\topskip<1sp\global\topskip 1sp\relax\fi
50  \global\@maxdepth\maxdepth
51  \global\let\@begindocumenthook\@undefined
52  \ifx\@listfiles\@undefined
53    \global\let\@filelist\relax
54    \global\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
55  \fi
```

At the very end we disable all preamble commands. This has to happen after the begin document hooks was executed so that this hook can still use such commands.

```

56  \gdef\do##1{\global\let ##1\@notprerr}%
57  \@preamblecmds
```

The next line saves tokens and also allows `\@nодокумент` to be used directly to trap preamble errors.

```
58 \global\let \@nодокумент \relax
```

The next line is a pure safety measure in case a do list is ever expanded at the wrong place. In addition it will save a few tokens to get rid of the above definition.

```
59 \global\let\do\noexpand
```

Use of `\AtBeginDocument` hook might mean that we are already in horizontal mode, so ignore the space after `\begin{document}`.

```
60 \ignorespaces}
```

```
61 \@onlypreamble\document
```

`\normalsfcodes` The setting of `\@empty` is just a flag. This command may be defined in a class or package file. If it is still `\@empty` at `\begin{document}` it will be defined to be `\frenchspacing` or `\nonfrenchspacing`, depending on which of those appears to be in effect at that point.

```
62 \let\normalsfcodes\@empty
```

`\nofiles` Set `\@fileswfalse` which suppresses the places where L^AT_EX makes `\immediate` writes. The `\makeindex` and `\maketoc` are disabled. `\protected@write` is redefined not to write to the file specified, but rather to write a blank line to the log file. This ensures that a `\whatsit` node is still created, and so spacing is not affected by the `\nofiles` command; to ensure this more generally, the `\if@nobreak` test is needed.

```
63 \def\nofiles{%
64   \@fileswfalse
65   \typeout{No auxiliary output files.^J}%
66   \long\def\protected@write##1##2##3{%
67     {\write\m@ne{}\if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi}%
68   \let\makeindex\relax
69   \let\maketoc\relax
70 }@\onlypreamble\nofiles
```

`\protected@write` This takes three arguments: an output stream, some initialization code, and some text to write. It then writes this, with appropriate handling of `\protect` and `\thepage`.

```
71 \long\def \protected@write#1#2#3{%
72   \begingroup
73   \let\thepage\relax
74   #2%
75   \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
76   \edef\reserved@a{\write#1{\#3}}%
77   \reserved@a
78   \endgroup
79   \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi
80 }
```

```
81 \let\@auxout=\@mainaux
```

`\includeonly`

```
82 \def\includeonly#1{%
83   \@partswtrue
```

```

84  \edef\@partlist{\zap@space#1 \@empty{}}
85 \onlypreamble\includeonly

\include In the definition of \include, \def\reserved@b changed to \edef\reserved@b
to be consistent with the \edef in \includeonly. (Suggested by Rainer Schöpf
& Frank Mittelbach. Change made 20 Jul 88.)
    Changed definition of \include to allow space at end of file name — otherwise,
    typing \include{foo } would cause LATEX to overwrite foo.tex. Change made
    24 May 89, suggested by Rainer Schöpf and Frank Mittelbach
    Made \include check for being used inside an \include'd file, as this will not
    work and cause surprising results.
86 \def\include#1{\relax
87   \ifnum\@auxout=\@partaux
88     \@latex@error{\string\include\space cannot be nested}\@eha
89   \else \@include#1 \fi}

\@include
90 \def\@include#1 {%
91   \clearpage
92   \if@files w
93     \immediate\write\@mainaux{\string\@input{#1.aux}}%
94   \fi
95   \tempswat rue
96   \if@partsw
97     \tempswaf alse
98     \edef\reserved@b{#1}%
99     \for\reserved@a:=\@partlist\do
100       {\ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b\tempswat rue\fi}%
101   \fi
102   \if@tempswa
103     \let\@auxout\@partaux
104     \if@files w
105       \immediate\openout\@partaux #1.aux
106       \immediate\write\@partaux{\relax}%
107     \fi
108     \input{#1.tex}%
109     \clearpage
110     \writeckpt{#1}%
111     \if@files w
112       \immediate\closeout\@partaux
113     \fi
114   \else
115     \deadcycles\z@%
116     \nameuse{cp@#1}%
117   \fi
118   \let\@auxout\@mainaux}

\@writeckpt
119 \def\@writeckpt#1{%
120   \if@files w

```

```

121      \immediate\write\@partaux{\string\@setckpt{#1}\@charlb}%
122      {\let\@elt\@wckptelt \cl@0@ckpt}%
123      \immediate\write\@partaux{\@charrb}%
124  \fi}

\@wckptelt
125 \def\@wckptelt#1{%
126   \immediate\write\@partaux{%
127     \string\setcounter{#1}{\the\@nameuse{c@#1}}}}
\@setckpt RmS 93/08/31: introduced \@setckpt
128 \def\@setckpt#1{\global\@namedef{cp@#1}{}}

\@charlb The following defines \@charlb and \@charrb to be { and }, respectively with
\@charrb \catcode 11.
\@charrb [{}]
129 {\catcode`[=1 \catcode`]=2
130 \catcode`[=11 \catcode`}=11
131 \gdef\@charlb[{}]
132 \gdef\@charrb[]]
133 ]% }brace matching

```

18.1 Safe Input Macros

```

\IfExists
134 \long\def \IfExists#1#2#3{%
135   \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
136   \ifeof\@inputcheck
137     \ifx\input@path\@undefined
138       \def\reserved@a{#3}%
139     \else
140       \def\reserved@a{\@iffileonpath{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
141     \fi
142   \else
143     \closein\@inputcheck
144     \edef\@filef@und{#1}%
145     \def\reserved@a{#2}%
146   \fi
147   \reserved@a}

\@iffileonpath If the file is not found by \openin, and \input@path is defined, look in all the
directories specified in \input@path.
148 \long\def\@iffileonpath#1{%
149   \let\reserved@a\@secondoftwo
150   \expandafter\@tfor\expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter
151     :\expandafter=\input@path\do{%
152     \openin\@inputcheck\reserved@b#1 %
153     \ifeof\@inputcheck\else
154       \edef\@filef@und{\reserved@b#1}%
155       \let\reserved@a\@firstoftwo%
156       \closein\@inputcheck
157       \@break@tfor
158     \fi}%
159   \reserved@a}

```

\InputIfFileExists	Now define \InputIfFileExists to input #1 if it seems to exist. Immediately prior to the input, #2 is executed. If the file #1 does not exist, execute '#3'.
160	\long\def \InputIfFileExists#1#2{%
161	\IfExists{#1}{%
162	{#2\@addtofilelist{#1}\@@input \@filef@und}}
\input	Input a file: if the argument is given in braces use safe input macros, otherwise use TeX's primitive \input command (which is called \@@input in L ^A T _E X).
163	\def\input{\@ifnextchar\bgroup\@iinput\@@input}
\@iinput	Define \@iinput (i.e., \input) in terms of \InputIfFileExists.
164	\def\@iinput#1{%
165	\InputIfFileExists{#1}{}%
166	{\filename@parse{#1}{%
167	\edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\@missingfileerror
168	{\filename@area\filename@base}{%
169	{\ifx\filename@ext\relax tex\else\filename@ext\fi}}{%
170	\reserved@a}}
\@input	Define \@input in terms of \IfFileExists. So this is a 'safe input' command, but the files input are not listed by \listfiles.
	We don't want .aux, .toc files etc be listed by \listfiles. However, something like .bb1 probably should be listed and thus should be implemented not by \@input.
171	\def\@input#1{%
172	\IfFileExists{#1}{\@@input\@filef@und}{\typeout{No file #1.}}
\@input@	Version of \@input that does add the file to \@filelist.
173	\def\@input@#1{\InputIfFileExists{#1}{}\typeout{No file #1.}}
\@missingfileerror	This 'error' command avoids TeX's primitive missing file loop.
	Missing file error. Prompt for a new filename, offering a default extension.
174	\gdef\@missingfileerror#1#2{%
175	\typeout{^^J! LaTeX Error: File '#1.#2' not found.^^J^^J%
176	Type X to quit or <RETURN> to proceed,^^J%
177	or enter new name. (Default extension: #2)^J{%
178	\message{Enter file name: }{%
179	{\endlinechar\m@ne
180	\global\read\m@ne to\@gtempa}{%
181	\ifx\@gtempa\@empty
182	\else
183	\def\reserved@a{x}\ifx\reserved@a\@gtempa\batchmode\@@end\fi
184	\def\reserved@a{X}\ifx\reserved@a\@gtempa\batchmode\@@end\fi
185	\filename@parse\@gtempa
186	\edef\filename@ext{%
187	\ifx\filename@ext\relax#2\else\filename@ext\fi}{%
188	\edef\reserved@a{%
189	\noexpand\InputIfFileExists
190	{\filename@area\filename@base.\filename@ext}{%
191	{}}
192	{\noexpand\@missingfileerror
193	{\filename@area\filename@base}{\filename@ext}}}{%
194	\reserved@a
195	\fi}

`\@obsoletefile` For compatibility with L^AT_EX 2.09 document styles, we distribute files called `article.sty`, `book.sty`, `report.sty`, `slides.sty` and `letter.sty`. These use the command `\@obsoletefile`, which produces a warning message.

```
196 \def\@obsoletefile#1#2{%
197   \@latex@warning@no@line{inputting '#1' instead of obsolete '#2'}}%
198 \onlypreamble\@obsoletefile
```

18.2 Listing files

```

\@filelist A list of files input so far. The initial value of \@gobble eats the comma before
the first file name.

199 \let\@filelist\@gobble

\@addtolist Add to the list of files input so far. This ‘real’ definition is only used for ‘cfg’
files during initex. An initial definition of \@gobble has already been set.

200 \%def\@addtolist#1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,#1}

\listfiles A preamble command to cause \end{document} to list files input from the main
file.

201 \%def\listfiles{%
202   \let\listfiles\relax
203   \def\@listfiles##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8##9\@c{%
204     \def\reserved@d{\%}
205     \atfor\reserved@c:==##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8\do{%
206       \ifx\reserved@c\reserved@d
207         \edef\filename@area{ \filename@area}%
208       \fi}%
209   \def\@dofilelist{%
210     \typeout{^^J *File List*}%
211     \for\currname:=\@filelist\do{%
212       \filename@parse\currname
213       \edef\reserved@a{%
214         \filename@base.%}
215       \ifx\filename@ext\relax tex\else\filename@ext\fi}%
216       \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@b
217           \csname ver@\reserved@a\endcsname
218       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@listfiles\expandafter
219           \filename@area\filename@base\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\@c
220       \typeout{%
221         \filename@area\reserved@a
222         \ifx\reserved@b\relax\else\@spaces\reserved@b\fi}%
223       \typeout{ *****^J}}}

```

The `\@filelist` will be de-activated if `\listfiles` does not appear in the preamble. `\begin{document}` contains code equivalent to the following:

```
\AtBeginDocument{%
  \ifx\@listfiles\@undefined
    \let\@filelist\relax
    \let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
  \fi}
```

```
\@dofilelist
225 \let\@dofilelist\relax
226 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File 1

ltoutenc.dtx

19 Font encodings

This section of the kernel contains commands for declaring encoding-specific commands, such as accents. It also contains the code for some of the encoding files, including `omlenc.def`, `omsenc.def`, `t1enc.def` and `ot1enc.def` files, which define the OLM, OMS, T1 and OT1 encodings, and the `fontenc` package for selecting encodings.

The `fontenc` package has options for encodings, of which the last option is the default encoding. For example, to use the OT2, OT3 and T1 encodings, with T1 as the default, you say:

```
\usepackage[OT2,OT3,T1]{fontenc}
```

The standard kernel set-up loads font encoding files and selects an encoding as follows.

```
\input{omlenc.def}
\input{t1enc.def}
\input{ot1enc.def}
\input{omsenc.def}
\fontencoding{OT1}
```

Note that the files in the standard `inputenc` package depend on this behaviour of the kernel.

The syntax for declaring encoding-specific commands is:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\command}{{encoding}}
[number] [default] {commands}
```

This command is like `\newcommand`, except that it defines a command which is specific to one encoding. The resulting command is always robust, even if its definition is fragile. For example, the definition of `\l` in the OT1 encoding is:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\l}{OT1}{{\@xxxii 1}}
```

`\DeclareTextCommand` takes the same optional arguments as `\newcommand`.

```
\ProvideTextCommand{\command}{{encoding}}
[number] [default] {commands}
```

This acts like `\DeclareTextCommand`, but does nothing if the command is already defined.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\command}{{encoding}}{\slot}
```

This command defines a text symbol, with a particular slot in that encoding. The commands:

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT1}{25}
\DeclareTextCommand{\ss}{OT1}{\char25 }
```

have the same effect, but the `\DeclareTextSymbol` is faster.

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\command}{encoding}{slot}
```

This command declares a text accent. The commands:

```
\DeclareTextAccent{"OT1}{127}
\DeclareTextCommand{"OT1}{\add@accent {127}}
```

have the same effect.

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\command}
{encoding}{argument}{slot}
```

This command declares a composite letter, for example in the T1 encoding `\'{a}` is slot 225, which is declared by:

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\'{T1}{a}{225}}
```

The *command* will normally have been declared with `\DeclareTextAccent`, or as a one-argument `\DeclareTextCommand`.

`\DeclareTextComposite` is the most common example of using the more general declaration `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand`, which can define a composite to be an arbitrary piece of text.

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\command}
{encoding}{argument}{text}
```

For example, in the OT1 encoding Å has a hand-crafted definition this is declared as follows

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT1}{A}
{\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@.ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
\r\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A
```

The *command* will normally have been declared with `\DeclareTextAccent`, or as a one-argument `\DeclareTextCommand`.

The commands defined using the above declarations can be used in two ways. Normally they are used by just calling the command in the appropriate encoding, for example `\ss`. However, sometimes you may wish to use a command in an encoding where it is not defined. If the command has no arguments, then you can use it in another encoding by calling `\UseTextSymbol`:

```
\UseTextSymbol{encoding}{command}
```

For example, `\UseTextSymbol{OT1}{\ss}` has the same effect as:

```
{\fontencoding{OT1}\selectfont\ss}
```

If the command has one argument then you can use it in another encoding by calling `\UseTextAccent`:

```
\UseTextAccent{encoding}{command}{text}
```

For example, if the current encoding is OT2 then `\UseTextAccent{OT1}{\'{a}}` has the same effect as:

```
{\fontencoding{OT1}\selectfont\'{\fontencoding{OT2}\selectfont a}}
```

You can also declare a default definition for a text command, which will be used if the current encoding has no appropriate definition. Such use will also set the definition for this command in the current encoding to equal this default definition; this makes subsequent uses of the command much faster.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\command}{\definition}
```

For example, the default definition of the command `\textonequarter` (which produces the fraction $\frac{1}{4}$) could be built using math mode:

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textonequarter}{\ensuremath {\frac{1}{4}}}
```

There is a matching `\Provide` command which will not override an existing default definition:

```
\ProvideTextCommandDefault{\command}{\definition}
```

The most common use for these commands is to use symbols from other encodings, so there are some optimizations provided:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\command}{\encoding}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\command}{\encoding}
```

are short for:

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\command}
  {\UseTextSymbol{\encoding}{\command}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault[1]{\command}
  {\UseTextAccent{\encoding}{\command}{\#1}}
```

For example, to make OT1 the default encoding for `\ss` and `\'` you say:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ss}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\'}{OT1}
```

Note that you can use these commands on any zero- or one-argument commands declared with `\DeclareText*` or `\ProvideText*`, not just those defined using `\DeclareTextSymbol` or `\DeclareTextAccent`.

19.1 Removing encoding-specific commands

In some cases encoding definitions are given to provide some limited support since nothing better is available, for example, the definition for `\textdollar` in OT1 is a hack since `$` and `£` actually share the same slot in this encoding. Thus if such a glyph becomes available in a different encoding (e.g., TS1) one would like to get rid of the flaky one and make the default definition point to the new encoding. In such a case defining

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{TS1}{36}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{TS1}
```

is not enough since if typesetting in OT1 L^AT_EX will still find the encoding specific definition for OT1 and therefore ignore the new default. Therefore to ensure that in this case the TS1 version is used we have to remove the OT1 declaration:

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}
```

Since the \$ sign is a proper glyph in the T1 encoding there is no point removing its definition and forcing L^AT_EX to pick up the TS1 version if typesetting in this encoding. However, assume you want to use the variant dollar sign, i.e., \$ for your dollars. In that case you have to get rid of the T1 declaration as well, e.g., the following would do that for you:

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{T1}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdollar}
  {\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\textdollaroldstyle}
```

19.2 The order of declarations

If an encoding-specific command is defined for more than one encoding, then it will execute fastest in the encoding in which it was defined last since its top-level definition will be set up to execute in that encoding without any overhead.

For this reason the file `fonttext.1tx` currently first loads the definitions for the T1 encoding and then those for the OT1 encoding so that typesetting in OT1 is optimized since that is (still) the default. However, when T1 is explicitly requested (via `\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}`) the top-level definitions are automatically changed to favour T1 since its declarations are reloaded in the process.

For the same reason default declarations should never come last since they are implemented as a special encoding themselves (with the name ?). Specifying them last would simply mean to make those encoding-specific commands equally inefficient in all encodings. Therefore the `textcomp` package, for example, first sets up all defaults to point to TS1 and then declares the commands in the TS1 encoding.

19.3 Docstrip modules

This `.dtx` file is be used to generate several related files containing font encoding definitions. The mutually exclusive docstrip options are listed here.

T1	generates <code>t1enc.def</code> for the Cork encoding.
TS1	generates <code>ts1enc.def</code> for the Text Companion encoding.
TS1sty	generates <code>textcomp.sty</code> , package that sets up use of the Text Companion encoding.
OT1	generates <code>ot1enc.def</code> for Knuth's CM encoding.
OMS	generates <code>omsenc.def</code> for Knuth's math symbol encoding.
OML	generates <code>omlenc.def</code> for Knuth's math letters encoding.
OT4	generates <code>ot4enc.def</code> for the Polish extension to the OT1 encoding, created by B. Jackowski and M. Ry��ko for use with the Polish version of Computer Modern and Computer Concrete.
package	generates <code>fontenc.sty</code> for selecting encodings.
2ekernel	for the kernel commands.

19.4 Definitions for the kernel

19.4.1 Declaration commands

This section contains definitions for commands such as accents which depend on the current encoding. These commands will usually be kept in `.def` files, for

example `ot1enc.def` contains the definitions for the OT1 encoding.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{font encodings,}
3 Far too many macros in one block here!
```

```
\DeclareTextCommand
\ProvideTextCommand
\DeclareTextSymbol
  \dec@text@cmd
\chardef\text@cmd
  \changed@cmd
  \changed@x
\TextSymbolUnavailable
  \inmathwarn
```

If you say:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\foo}{T1}...
```

then `\foo` is defined to be `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo`, where `\T1\foo` is *one* control sequence, not two! We then call `\newcommand` to define `\T1\foo`.

```
3 \def\DeclareTextCommand{%
4   \dec@text@cmd\newcommand}
5 \def\ProvideTextCommand{%
6   \dec@text@cmd\providecommand}
7 \def\dec@text@cmd#1#2#3{%
8   \expandafter\def\expandafter#2%
9   \expandafter{%
10     \csname#3-cmd\expandafter\endcsname
11     \expandafter#2%
12     \csname#3\string#2\endcsname
13   }%
14 \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
15 \expandafter#1\csname#3\string#2\endcsname}
```

This command was introduced to fix a major bug in `\dec@text@cmd` without changing that command itself. This was thought to be necessary because it is defined in more than one package. (Perhaps the more serious bug is to put complex low-level commands like this in packages?)

The problem it solves is that whereas both `\newcommand` and `\providecommand` (used just above) both handle the resetting of `\@ifdefinable` (following its disabling in `\dec@text@cmd`), the primitive `\chardef` neither needs the disabling, nor does the resetting.

```
16 \def\chardef@text@cmd{%
17   \let\@ifdefinable\@ifdefinable
18   \chardef
19 }
20 \def\DeclareTextSymbol#1#2#3{%
21   \dec@text@cmd\chardef@text@cmd#1{#2}#3\relax
22 }
```

The declarations are only available before `\begin{document}`.

```
23 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextCommand
24 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextSymbol
```

The sneaky bit in all this is what `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo` does. There are five possibilities, depending on the current values of `\protect`, `\cf@encoding` and `\ifmmode`:

- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect` and `\cf@encoding` is T1, then we execute `\T1\foo`. This should be the normal behaviour, and is optimized for speed.
- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) OT1, and `\OT1\foo` is defined, then we execute `\OT1\foo`.

- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) `OT1`, we're in text mode, and `\OT1\foo` is undefined, then we define `\OT1\foo` to be the default value of `\foo`, and execute `\OT1\foo`.
- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) `OT1`, we're in math mode, and `\OT1\foo` is undefined, then we execute the default value of `\foo`. (This is necessary so that things like `X_\copyright` work properly.)
- If `\protect` is not `\@typeset@protect` then we execute `\noexpand\foo`. For example, if we are writing to a file, then this results in `\foo` being written. If we are in a `\mark`, then `\foo` will be put in the mark—since `\foo` is robust, it will then survive all the things which may happen to it whilst it's a `\mark`.

So after all that, we will either execute the appropriate definition of `\foo` for the current encoding, or we will execute `\noexpand\foo`.

The default value of `\foo` is `\?\foo` if it is defined, and an error message otherwise.

When the encoding is changed from `T1` to `OT1`, `\T1-cmd` is defined to be `\@changed@cmd` and `\OT1-cmd` is defined to be `\@current@cmd`. This means that the test for what the current encoding is can be performed quickly.

```

25 \def\@current@cmd#1{%
26   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
27     \cinmathwarn#1%
28   \else
29     \noexpand#1\expandafter\gobble
30   \fi}

31 \def\@changed@cmd#1#2{%
32   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
33     \cinmathwarn#1%
34     \expandafter\ifx\csname\cf@encoding\string#1\endcsname\relax
35       \expandafter\ifx\csname ?\string#1\endcsname\relax
36         \expandafter\def\csname ?\string#1\endcsname{%
37           \TextSymbolUnavailable#1%
38         }%
39       \fi
40       \global\expandafter\let
41         \csname\cf@encoding\string#1\expandafter\endcsname
42         \csname ?\string#1\endcsname
43     \fi
44     \csname\cf@encoding\string#1%
45     \expandafter\endcsname
46   \else
47     \noexpand#1%
48   \fi}

49 \gdef\TextSymbolUnavailable#1{%
50   \@latex@error{%
51     Command \protect#1 unavailable in encoding \cf@encoding%
52   }\@eha}

```

The command `\cinmathwarn` produces a warning message if we are currently in math mode. Note that since this command is used inside text commands, it can't

call `\relax` before the `\ifmmode`. This means that it is possible for the warning to fail to be issued at the beginning of a row of an `halign` whose template enters math mode. This is probably a bad feature, but there's not much that can be done about it, since adding a `\relax` would break ligatures and kerning between text symbols.

A more efficient solution would be to make `\@inmathwarn` and `\@inmatherr` equal to `\@empty` and `\relax` by default, and to have `\everymath` reset them to their usual definitions. This is left for future investigation (for example it may break some third party code).

```
53 \def\@inmathwarn#1{%
54   \ifmmode
55     \@latex@warning{Command \protect#1 invalid in math mode}%
56   \fi}
```

`\DeclareTextCommandDefault` These define commands with encoding ?.

Note that `\DeclareTextCommandDefault` can only be used in the preamble, but that the `\Provide` version is allowed in inputenc .def files, so is allowed anywhere.

```
57 \def\DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{%
58   \DeclareTextCommand#1?}
59 \def\ProvideTextCommandDefault#1{%
60   \ProvideTextCommand#1?}
61 \@onlypreamble\DeclareTextCommandDefault
62 %\@onlypreamble\ProvideTextCommandDefault
```

They require `\?-cmd` to be initialized as `\@changed@cmd`.

```
63 \expandafter\let\csname?-cmd\endcsname\@changed@cmd
```

`\DeclareTextAccent` This is just a disguise for defining a TeX `\accent` command.

```
64 \def\DeclareTextAccent#1#2#3{%
65   \DeclareTextCommand#1{#2}{\add@accent{#3}}}
66 \@onlypreamble\DeclareTextAccent
```

`\add@accent` To save space this code is shared between all text accents that are set using the `\accent` primitive. The argument is pre-set in a box so that any font loading that is needed is already done within the box. This is needed because font-loading involves grouping and that would prevent the accent mechanism from working so that the accent would not be positioned over the argument. Declarations that change the font should be allowed (only low-level ones are at present) inside the argument of an accent command, but not size changes, as they involve `\setbox` operations which also inhibit the mechanism of the `\accent` primitive.

Note that the whole process is within a group. For a detailed discussion of this reimplementation and its deficiencies, see pr/3160.

```
67 \def\add@accent#1#2{\hmode@bgroup
```

Turn off the group in `\UseTextSymbol` in case this is used inside the argument of `\add@accent`.

```
68   \let\hmode@start@before@group\@firstofone
69   \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{#2}%
```

When presetting the argument in a box we record its `\spacefactor` for later use after the accent got typeset. This way something like `\`A` gets the spacefactor of `A` (i.e., 999) rather than the default value of 1000.

```
70     \global\mathchardef\accent@spacefactor\spacefactor}%
71     \accent#1 #2\egroup\spacefactor\accent@spacefactor}
```

Default definition for `\accent@spacefactor` prevents a horrible death of the above macro inside an unprotected `\edef`.

```
72 \let\accent@spacefactor\relax
```

```
\hmode@bgroup
```

```
73 \def\hmode@bgroup{\leavevmode\bgroup}
```

`\DeclareTextCompositeCommand` `\DeclareTextComposite` `\@text@composite` `\@text@composite@x` `\@strip@args`

Another amusing game to play with `\expandafter`, `\csname`, and `\string`. When you say `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\foo}{T1}{a}{bar}`, we look to see if the expansion of `\T1\foo` begins with `\@text@composite`, and if it doesn't, we redefine `\T1\foo` to be:

```
#1 -> \@text@composite \T1\foo #1\@empty \@text@composite {...}
```

where `...` is the previous definition of `\T1\foo`. Finally, we define `\T1\foo-a` to expand to `bar`.

```
74 \def\DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1#2#3#4{%
75   \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@a\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
76   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ifx
77   \expandafter\expandafter\@car\reserved@a\relax\relax@nil \@text@composite \else
78     \edef\reserved@b##1{%
79       \def\expandafter\noexpand
80         \csname#2\string#1\endcsname####1{%
81           \noexpand\@text@composite
82             \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
83               ####1\noexpand\@empty\noexpand\@text@composite
84                 {##1}}%
85       \expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter{\reserved@a{##1}}%
86     \fi
87     \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\string\csname
88       #2\endcsname\string#1-\string#3\endcsname{##1}}%
89 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextCompositeCommand
```

This all works because:

```
\@text@composite \T1\foo A\@empty \@text@composite {...}
```

expands to `\T1\foo-A` if `\T1\foo-A` has been defined, and `...` otherwise.

Note that `\@text@composite` grabs the first token of the argument and puts just that in the csname. This is so that `\{\textit{e}\}` will work—it checks whether `\T1'-\textit{e}` is defined (which presumably it isn't) and so expands to `\{\accent 1 \textit{e}\}`.

This trick won't always work, for example `\{\itshape e\}` will expand to (with spaces added for clarity):

```
\csname \string \T1'\ - \string {\itshape e} \empty \endcsname
```

which will die pretty horribly. Unfortunately there's not much can be done about this if we're going to use `\csname` lookups as a fast way of accessing composites.

This has an unfortunate 'misfeature' though, which is that in the T1 encoding, `\'{aa}` produces á. This is not the expected behaviour, and should perhaps be fixed if the fix doesn't affect performance too badly.

Finally, it's worth noting that the `\empty` is used in `\@text@composite` so that accents will work even when the argument is empty. If you say `\'{}{}` then this looks up `\T1\-\empty`, which ought to be `\relax`, and so all is well. If we didn't include the `\empty`, then `\'{}{}` would expand to:

```
\csname \string \T1\` - \string \endcsname
```

so the `\endcsname` would be `\string`'ed and the whole of the rest of the document would be put inside the `\csname`. This would not be good.

```
90 \def\@text@composite#1#2#3\@text@composite{%
91   \expandafter\@text@composite@x
92     \csname\string#1-\string#2\endcsname}
```

Originally the `\@text@composite@x` macro had two arguments and if #1 was not `\relax` it was executed, otherwise #2 was executed. All this happened within the `\ifx` code so that neither #1 nor #2 could have picked up any additional arguments from the input stream. This has now being changed using the typical `\@firstoftwo / \@secondoftwo` coding. This way the final expansion will happen without any `\else` or `\fi` intervening in the case that we need to get a further token from the input stream.

```
93 \def\@text@composite@x#1{%
94   \ifx#1\relax
95     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
96   \else
97     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
98   \fi
99   #1}
```

The command `\DeclareTextComposite` uses `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand` to declare a command which expands out to a single glyph.

```
100 \catcode\z@=11\relax
101 \def\DeclareTextComposite#1#2#3#4{%
102   \def\reserved@a{\DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1{#2}{#3}{#4}%
103   \bgroup
104     \lccode\z@#4%
105     \lowercase{%
106       \egroup
107       \reserved@a ^~@}}
108 \catcode\z@=15\relax
109 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextComposite
```

`\UseTextAccent` These fragile commands access glyphs from different encodings. They use grotty low-level calls to the font selection scheme for speed, and in order to make sure that `\UseTextSymbol` doesn't do anything which you're not allowed to do between an `\accent` and its glyph.

For a detailed discussion of this reimplementation and its deficiencies, see pr/3160.

```

110 \def\UseTextAccent#1#2#3{%
111   \hmode@start@before@group
112   {%
113     \let\hmode@start@before@group\@firstofone
114     \let\@curr@enc\cf@encoding
115     \use@text@encoding{#1}%
116     #2{\use@text@encoding\@curr@enc#3}%
117   }%
118 \def\UseTextSymbol#1#2{%
119   \hmode@start@before@group
120   {%
121     \def\@wrong@font@char{\MessageBreak
122       for \noexpand\symbol{'\string#2'}\}%
123     \use@text@encoding{#1}%
124     #2%
125   }%
126 }
127 \def\use@text@encoding#1{%
128   \edef\f@encoding{#1}%
129   \xdef\font@name{%
130     \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
131   \pickup@font
132   \font@name
133   \@@enc@update}

```

`\hmode@start@before@group` The `\hmode@start@before@group` starts hmode and should be immediately followed by an explicit `{...}`. Its purpose is to ensure that hmode is started before this group is opened. Inside `\add@accent` and `\UseTextAccent` it is redefined to remove this group so that it doesn't conflict with the `\accent` primitive.

For a detailed discussion see pr/3160.

```
134 \let\hmode@start@before@group\leavevmode
```

`\DeclareTextSymbolDefault` Some syntactic sugar. Again, these should probably be optimized for speed.

```

135 \def\DeclareTextSymbolDefault#1#2{%
136   \DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{\UseTextSymbol{#2}{#1}}%
137 \def\DeclareTextAccentDefault#1#2{%
138   \DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{\UseTextAccent{#2}{#1}}%
139 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextSymbolDefault
140 \onlypreamble\DeclareTextAccentDefault

```

`\UndeclareTextCommand` This command safely removes and encoding specific declaration for a given encoding. It is helpful if one intends to use the default definition always and therefore wants to get rid of a declaration for some specific encoding.

```
141 \def\UndeclareTextCommand#1#2{%
```

If there is no declaration for the current encoding do nothing. (This makes a hash table entry but without eTeX we can't do anything about that).

```

142   \expandafter\ifx\csname#2\string#1\endcsname\relax
143   \else

```

Else: throw away that declaration.

```
144     \global\expandafter\let\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
145             \@undefined
```

But this is unfortunately not enough, we have to take a look at the top-level definition of the encoding specific command which for a command `\foo` would look similar to `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo` (three tokens).

Of course, instead of `\T1` one could see a different encoding name; which one depends the encoding for which `\foo` was declared last.

Now assume we have just removed the declaration for `\foo` in `\T1` and the top-level of `\foo` expands to the above. Then we better change that pretty fast otherwise we do get an “undefined csname error” when we try to typeset `\foo` within `\T1` instead of getting the default definition for `\foo`. And what is the best way to change that top-level definition? Well, the only “encoding” we know for sure will still be around is the default encoding denoted by `?`.

Thus in case the last token of the top-level expansion is now undefined we change the declaration to look like `\?-cmd \foo \?\foo` which is done by the following (readable?) code:

```
146     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
147     \ifx\expandafter\@thirdofthree#1\@undefined
148         \expandafter\gdef\expandafter#1\expandafter
149             {\csname ?-cmd\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter
150                 #1\csname?\string#1\endcsname}%
151     \fi
152 \fi
153 }
154 \onlypreamble\UndeclareTextCommand
```

19.4.2 Hyphenation

```
\patterns
\@@patterns
\hyphenation
\@@hyphenation
155 \% \let\@@patterns\patterns
156 \% \let\@@hyphenation\hyphenation
157 \% \def\patterns{%
158 \%   \bgroup
159 \%     \let\protect\@empty
160 \%     \let\@typeset@protect\@empty
161 \%     \let\@changed@x\@changed@x@mouth
162 \%   \afterassignment\egroup
163 \%   \@@patterns
164 \%}
165 \% \def\hyphenation{%
166 \%   \bgroup
167 \%     \let\protect\@empty
168 \%     \let\@typeset@protect\@empty
169 \%     \let\@changed@x\@changed@x@mouth
170 \%   \afterassignment\egroup
171 \%   \@@hyphenation
172 \%}
```

19.4.3 Miscellania

- \a The \a command is used to access the accent commands even when they have been redefined (for example by the `tabbing` environment). Its internal name is `\@tabacckludge`.

The `\string` within the `\csname` guards against something like ' being active at the point of use.

```
173 \def\@tabacckludge#1{\expandafter\@changed@cmd
174                               \csname\string#1\endcsname\relax}
175 \let\@tabacckludge
```

19.4.4 Default encodings

We define the default encodings for most commands to be either OT1, OML or OMS. These defaults are in the kernel and therefore fonts with these encodings must be available unless these defaults are redefined elsewhere. Recall that the standard kernel loads the encoding files for these encodings, and also that for the T1 encoding.

The naming conventions in the kernel are not what we would use if we were starting from scratch... Those defined by DEK (like `\ae` and `\ss`) or by the TeX Users Group Technical Working Group on multi-lingual typesetting (like `\th` and `\ng`) have short names. Those which were added to the kernel in 1993 and early 1994 are named after their Adobe glyph names (like `\guillemotleft` and `\quotedblbase`). Unfortunately, this naming scheme won't work for all glyphs, since some names (like `\space`) are already used, and some (like `\endash`) are very likely to be defined by users. So we're now using the naming scheme of `\text` followed by the Adobe name, (like `\textendash` and `\textsterling`). Except that some glyphs don't have Adobe names, so we're using the names used by fontinst for those (like `\textcompwordmark`). Sigh.

Some accents from OT1:

```
176 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\`}{OT1}
177 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\'}{OT1}
178 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\`}{OT1}
179 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\=}{OT1}
180 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\H}{OT1}
181 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\^}{OT1}
182 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\'}{OT1}
183 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\b}{OT1}
184 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\c}{OT1}
185 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\d}{OT1}
186 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\r}{OT1}
187 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\u}{OT1}
188 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\v}{OT1}
189 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\~}{OT1}
```

Some symbols from OT1:

```
190 \% \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\AA}{OT1}
191 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\AE}{OT1}
192 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\L}{OT1}
193 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\OE}{OT1}
194 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\O}{OT1}
195 \% \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\aa}{OT1}
```

```

196 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ae}{OT1}
197 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\i}{OT1}
198 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\j}{OT1}

199 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ij}{OT1}
200 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\IJ}{OT1}

201 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\l}{OT1}
202 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\oe}{OT1}
203 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\o}{OT1}
204 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ss}{OT1}
205 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{OT1}
206 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textemdash}{OT1}
207 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textendash}{OT1}
208 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textexclamdown}{OT1}
209 %\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthyphenchar}{OT1}
210 %\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthyphen}{OT1}
211 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquestiondown}{OT1}
212 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotedblleft}{OT1}
213 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotedblright}{OT1}
214 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotelleft}{OT1}
215 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquoteright}{OT1}
216 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsterling}{OT1}

```

Some symbols from OMS:

```

217 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasteriskcentered}{OMS}
218 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbackslash}{OMS}
219 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbar}{OMS}
220 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbardbl}{OMS}
221 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbraceleft}{OMS}
222 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbraceright}{OMS}
223 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbullet}{OMS}
224 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdaggerdbl}{OMS}
225 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdagger}{OMS}
226 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textparagraph}{OMS}
227 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperiodcentered}{OMS}
228 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsection}{OMS}
229 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\textcircled}{OMS}

```

Some symbols from OML:

```

230 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textless}{OML}
231 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textgreater}{OML}
232 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\t}{OML}

```

Some defaults we can fake.

The interface for defining \copyright changed, it used to use \expandafter to add braces at the appropriate points.

```

233 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcopyright}{\textcircled{c}}
234 % \expandafter\def\expandafter
235 %           \copyright\expandafter{\expandafter{\copyright}}

236 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textasciicircum}{\^{}}
237 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textasciitilde}{\~{}}
238 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcompwordmark}{\leavevmode\kern\z@}
239 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textunderscore}{%
240   \leavevmode \kern.06em\vbox{\hrule\@width.3em}}

```

```

241 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textvisiblespace}{%
242   \mbox{\kern.06em\vrule \height.3ex}%
243   \vbox{\hrule \width.3em}%
244   \hbox{\vrule \height.3ex}%
245 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textellipsis}{%
246   .\kern\fontdimen3\font
247   .\kern\fontdimen3\font
248   .\kern\fontdimen3\font
249 \% \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textregistered}{\textcircled{\scshape r}}%
250 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textregistered}{\textcircled{%
251   \check@mathfonts\fontsize\sf@size\z@\math@fontsfalse\selectfont R}}%
252 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texttrademark}{\textsuperscript{TM}}%
253 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\SS}{\SS}
254 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textordfeminine}{\textsuperscript{a}}%
255 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textordmasculine}{\textsuperscript{o}}%

```

19.4.5 Math material

Some commands can be used in both text and math mode:

```

256 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\$}{\ifmmode\mathdollar\else\textdollar\fi}
257 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\{}{\ifmmode\lbrace\else\textbraceleft\fi}
258 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\}}{\ifmmode\rbrace\else\textbraceright\fi}
259 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\P}{\ifmmode\mathparagraph\else\textparagraph\fi}
260 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\S}{\ifmmode\mathsection\else\textsection\fi}
261 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\dag}{\ifmmode{\textdagger}\else\textdagger\fi}
262 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\ddag}{\ifmmode{\textdaggerdbl}\else\textdaggerdbl\fi}

```

For historical reasons `\copyright` needs {} around the definition in maths.

```

263 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\_}{%
264   \ifmmode\nfss@text{\textunderscore}\else\textunderscore\fi}
265 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\copyright}{%
266   \ifmmode{\nfss@text{\textcopyright}}\else\textcopyright\fi}
267 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\pounds}{%
268   \ifmmode\mathsterling\else\textsterling\fi}
269 \ DeclareRobustCommand{\dots}{%
270   \ifmmode\mathellipsis\else\textellipsis\fi}
271 \let\ldots\dots

```

Default definition of comma below.

```

272 </2ekernel>
273 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}{\textcommabelow}{comma accent}%
274 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
275 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcommabelow[1]}{%
276   {\hmode@bgroup\ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\raise-.31ex
277     \hbox{\check@mathfonts\fontsize\ssf@size\z@
278       \math@fontsfalse\selectfont,\}\hidewidth}\egroup}%
279 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
280 </2ekernel | latexrelease>

```

```

281 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\textcommabelow}{comma accent}%
282 <|latexrelease>\let\textcommabelow\@undefined
283 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-G\endcsname\@undefined
284 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-K\endcsname\@undefined
285 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-k\endcsname\@undefined
286 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-L\endcsname\@undefined
287 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-l\endcsname\@undefined
288 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-N\endcsname\@undefined
289 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-n\endcsname\@undefined
290 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-R\endcsname\@undefined
291 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-r\endcsname\@undefined
292 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

Default definition of comma above (E.G.).

```

293 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2016/02/01}{\textcommabelow}{comma above}%
294 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
295 \DeclareTextCommandDefault\textcommabelow[1]{%
296   \hmode@bgroup
297   \oalign{%
298     \hidewidth
299     \raise.7ex\hbox{%
300       \check@mathfonts\fontsize\ssf@size\z@\math@fontsf@lse\selectfont%
301     }%
302     \hidewidth\crcr
303     \null\#1\crcr
304   }%
305   \egroup
306 }
307 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
308 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
309 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\textcommabelow}{comma above}%
310 <|latexrelease>\let\textcommabelow\@undefined
311 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\OT1\string\c-g\endcsname\@undefined
312 <|latexrelease>\expandafter\let\csname string\T1\string\c-g\endcsname\@undefined
313 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

19.5 Definitions for the OT1 encoding

The definitions for the ‘TEX text’ (OT1) encoding.

Declare the encoding.

```

314 {*OT1}
315 \DeclareFontEncoding{OT1}{}{}
```

Declare the accents.

```

316 \DeclareTextAccent{"}{OT1}{127}
317 \DeclareTextAccent{'}{OT1}{19}
318 \DeclareTextAccent{.}{OT1}{95}
319 \DeclareTextAccent{=}{OT1}{22}
320 \DeclareTextAccent{`}{OT1}{94}
321 \DeclareTextAccent{'}{OT1}{18}
322 \DeclareTextAccent{`}{OT1}{126}
323 \DeclareTextAccent{H}{OT1}{125}
324 \DeclareTextAccent{u}{OT1}{21}
325 \DeclareTextAccent{v}{OT1}{20}
```

```

326 \DeclareTextAccent{\r}{OT1}{23}

Some accents have to be built by hand: Note that \ooalign and \o@lign must
be inside a group. In these definitions we no longer use the helper function
\sh@ft from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

327 \DeclareTextCommand{\b}{OT1}[1]
328   {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}%
329     \vbox to .2ex{\hbox{\char22}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
330 \DeclareTextCommand{\c}{OT1}[1]
331   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{\#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent24 #1%
332     \else\ooalign{\unhbox\z@\crcr\hidewidth\char24\hidewidth}\fi}
333 \DeclareTextCommand{\d}{OT1}[1]
334   {\hmode@bgroup
335     \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}

    Declare the text symbols.

336 \DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{OT1}{29}
337 \DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{OT1}{30}
338 \DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{OT1}{31}
339 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{OT1}{26}
340 \DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{OT1}{16}
341 \DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{OT1}{17}
342 \DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{OT1}{27}
343 \DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{OT1}{28}
344 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT1}{25}
345 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{OT1}{124}
346 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{OT1}{123}

Using the ligatures helps with OT1 fonts that have \textexclamdown and
\textquestiondown in unusual positions.

347 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{OT1}{60}
348 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{OT1}{62}
349 \DeclareTextCommand{\textexclamdown}{OT1}{!'}
350 \DeclareTextCommand{\textquestiondown}{OT1}{?'}
351 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthypenchar}{OT1}{'-}
352 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthypen}{OT1}{'-}
353 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{OT1}{92}
354 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{OT1}{`}
355 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotel}{OT1}{\'}
356 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoter}{OT1}{\`}

Some symbols which are faked from others:

357 \% \DeclareTextCommand{\aa}{OT1}
358 \%   {{\accent23a}}
359 \DeclareTextCommand{\L}{OT1}
360   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{L}\hb@xt@wd\z@{\hss\xxxii L}}
361 \DeclareTextCommand{\l}{OT1}
362   {\hmode@bgroup\xxxii l\egroup}
363 \% \DeclareTextCommand{\AA}{OT1}
364 \%   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{h}\dimen@ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
365 \%     \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}

In the OT1 encoding Å has a hand-crafted definition, so we have here the first
recorded explicit use of \DeclareTextCompositeCommand.

366 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT1}{A}
367   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%

```

```

368     \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}
The dutch language uses the letter ‘ij’. It is available in T1 encoded fonts, but not
in the OT1 encoded fonts. Therefor we fake it for the OT1 encoding.
369 \DeclareTextCommand{\ij}{OT1}{%
370   \nobreak\hskip\z@skip i\kern-0.02em j\nobreak\hskip\z@skip}
371 \DeclareTextCommand{\IJ}{OT1}{%
372   \nobreak\hskip\z@skip I\kern-0.02em J\nobreak\hskip\z@skip}
In the OT1 encoding, £ and $ share a slot.
373 \DeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}{\hmode@bgroup
374   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
375     \slshape
376   \else
377     \upshape
378   \fi
379   \char`\$\egroup}
380 \DeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT1}{\hmode@bgroup
381   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
382     \itshape
383   \else
384     \fontshape{ui}\selectfont
385   \fi
386   \char`\$\egroup}

```

Here we are adding some more composite commands to the OT1 encoding. This makes the use of certain accents with i compatible with their use with the T1 encoding; this enables them to become true L^AT_EX internal representations. However, it will make these accents work a little less fast since a check will always be made for the existence of a composite.

```

387 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT1}{i}{`i}
388 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT1}{i}{`i}
389 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\'}{OT1}{i}{\@tabacckludge`i}
390 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\'}{OT1}{i}{\@tabacckludge'i}
391 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\^}{OT1}{i}{^i}
392 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\"}{OT1}{i}{\"i}

```

T1 encoding is given more extensive set of overloads for \c. But here we just adjust \c{g}.

```

393 \ifx\textcommaabove\undefined\else
394 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{OT1}{g}{\textcommaabove{g}}
395 \fi
396 
```

19.6 Definitions for the T1 encoding

The definitions for the ‘Extended T_EX text’ (T1) encoding.

Declare the encoding.

```

397 (*T1)
398 \DeclareFontEncoding{T1}{}{}

```

Declare the accents.

```

399 \DeclareTextAccent{\`}{T1}{0}
400 \DeclareTextAccent{\'}{T1}{1}

```

```

401 \DeclareTextAccent{\^}{T1}{2}
402 \DeclareTextAccent{\~}{T1}{3}
403 \DeclareTextAccent{\"}{T1}{4}
404 \DeclareTextAccent{\H}{T1}{5}
405 \DeclareTextAccent{\r}{T1}{6}
406 \DeclareTextAccent{\v}{T1}{7}
407 \DeclareTextAccent{\u}{T1}{8}
408 \DeclareTextAccent{\=}{T1}{9}
409 \DeclareTextAccent{\.}{T1}{10}

```

Some accents have to be built by hand. Note that `\o@align` and `\o@lign` must be inside a group. In these definitions we no longer use the helper function `\sh@ft` from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

```

410 \DeclareTextCommand{\b}{T1}[1]
411   {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}%
412     \vbox to .2ex{\hbox{\char9}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
413 \DeclareTextCommand{\c}{T1}[1]
414   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{\#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent11 #1%
415     \else{\o@align{\unhbox\z@\crcr
416       \hidewidth\char11\hidewidth}}\fi}
417 \DeclareTextCommand{\d}{T1}[1]
418   {\hmode@bgroup
419     \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}
420 \DeclareTextCommand{\k}{T1}[1]
421   {\hmode@bgroup\o@align{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12}\egroup}
422 \DeclareTextCommand{\textogonekcentered}{T1}[1]
423   {\hmode@bgroup\o@align{%
424     \null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12\hidewidth}\egroup}

```

Some symbols are constructed.

Slot 24 contains a small circle intended for construction of these two glyphs.

```

425 \DeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
426   {\%\char 24 } % space or 'relax as delimiter?
427 \DeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
428   {\%\char 24\char 24 } % space or 'relax as delimiter?

```

Declare the text symbols.

```

429 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\AA}{T1}{197}
430 \DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{T1}{198}
431 \DeclareTextSymbol{\DH}{T1}{208}
432 \DeclareTextSymbol{\DJ}{T1}{208}
433 \DeclareTextSymbol{\L}{T1}{138}
434 \DeclareTextSymbol{\NG}{T1}{141}
435 \DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{T1}{215}
436 \DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{T1}{216}
437 \DeclareTextSymbol{\SS}{T1}{223}
438 \DeclareTextSymbol{\TH}{T1}{222}
439 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\aa}{T1}{229}
440 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{T1}{230}
441 \DeclareTextSymbol{\dh}{T1}{240}
442 \DeclareTextSymbol{\dj}{T1}{158}
443 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotleft}{T1}{19}
444 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotright}{T1}{20}
445 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglleft}{T1}{14}
446 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglright}{T1}{15}

```

```

447 \DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{T1}{25}
448 \DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{T1}{26}
449 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ij}{T1}{188}
450 \DeclareTextSymbol{\IJ}{T1}{156}
451 \DeclareTextSymbol{\l}{T1}{170}
452 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ng}{T1}{173}
453 \DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{T1}{247}
454 \DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{T1}{248}
455 \DeclareTextSymbol{\quotedblbase}{T1}{18}
456 \DeclareTextSymbol{\quotesinglbase}{T1}{13}
457 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{T1}{255}
458 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicircum}{T1}{`^}
459 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciitilde}{T1}{`~}
460 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbackslash}{T1}{`\\}
461 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbar}{T1}{`|}
462 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceleft}{T1}{`{`}
463 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceright}{T1}{``}
464 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcompwordmark}{T1}{23}
465 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{T1}{`\$}
466 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{T1}{22}
467 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{T1}{21}
468 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{T1}{189}
469 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textgreater}{T1}{`>}
470 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphenchar}{T1}{127}
471 \% \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphen}{T1}{`-}
472 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textless}{T1}{`<}
473 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{T1}{190}
474 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{T1}{16}
475 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{T1}{17}
476 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedbl}{T1}{`"}
477 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotelleft}{T1}{``}
478 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteright}{T1}{``}
479 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{T1}{159}
480 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsterling}{T1}{191}
481 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textunderscore}{T1}{95}
482 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textvisiblespace}{T1}{32}
483 \DeclareTextSymbol{\th}{T1}{254}

```

Declare the composites.

```

484 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{i}{`\i}
485 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{\i}{`\i}

"80 = 128
486 \DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{A}{128}
487 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{A}{129}
488 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{C}{130}
489 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{C}{131}
490 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{D}{132}
491 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{E}{133}
492 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{E}{134}
493 \DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{G}{135}

"88 = 136
494 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{L}{136}
495 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{L}{137}

```

```

496 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{N}{139}
497 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{N}{140}
498 \DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{O}{142}
499 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{R}{143}
"90 = 144
500 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{R}{144}
501 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{S}{145}
502 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{S}{146}
503 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{S}{147}
504 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{T}{148}
505 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{T}{149}
506 \DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{U}{150}
507 \DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{U}{151}
"98 = 152
508 \DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{Y}{152}
509 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{Z}{153}
510 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{Z}{154}
511 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{Z}{155}
512 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{I}{157}
"A0 = 160
513 \DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{a}{160}
514 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{a}{161}
515 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{c}{162}
516 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{c}{163}
517 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{d}{164}
518 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{e}{165}
519 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{e}{166}
520 \DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{g}{167}
"A8 = 168
521 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{l}{168}
522 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{l}{169}
523 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{n}{171}
524 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{n}{172}
525 \DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{o}{174}
526 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{r}{175}
"B0 = 176
527 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{r}{176}
528 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{s}{177}
529 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{s}{178}
530 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{s}{179}
531 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{t}{180}
532 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{t}{181}
533 \DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{u}{182}
534 \DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{u}{183}
"B8 = 184
535 \DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{y}{184}
536 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{z}{185}
537 \DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{z}{186}
538 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{z}{187}

```

```

    "C0 = 192
539 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{A}{192}
540 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{A}{193}
541 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{A}{194}
542 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{A}{195}
543 \DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{A}{196}
544 \DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{A}{197}
545 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{C}{199}

    "C8 = 200
546 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{E}{200}
547 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{E}{201}
548 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{E}{202}
549 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{E}{203}
550 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{I}{204}
551 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{I}{205}
552 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{I}{206}
553 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{I}{207}

    "D0 = 208
554 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{N}{209}
555 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{O}{210}
556 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{O}{211}
557 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{O}{212}
558 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{O}{213}
559 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{O}{214}

    "D8 = 216
560 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{U}{217}
561 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{U}{218}
562 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{U}{219}
563 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{U}{220}
564 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{Y}{221}

    "E0 = 224
565 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{a}{224}
566 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{a}{225}
567 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{a}{226}
568 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{a}{227}
569 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{a}{228}
570 \DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{a}{229}
571 \DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{c}{231}

    "E8 = 232
572 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{e}{232}
573 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{e}{233}
574 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{e}{234}
575 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{e}{235}
576 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{i}{236}
577 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{i}{236}
578 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{i}{237}
579 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{i}{237}
580 \DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{i}{238}
581 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{i}{238}
582 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{i}{239}
583 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{i}{239}

```

```

    "F0 = 240
584 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{n}{241}
585 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{o}{242}
586 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{o}{243}
587 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{o}{244}
588 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{o}{245}
589 \DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{o}{246}
    "F8 = 248
590 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{u}{249}
591 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{u}{250}
592 \DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{u}{251}
593 \DeclareTextComposite{\\"}{T1}{u}{252}
594 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{y}{253}
595 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\k}{T1}{o}{\textogonekcentered{o}}
596 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\k}{T1}{O}{\textogonekcentered{O}}
597 \ifx\textcommaabove\@undefined\else
598 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{g}{\textcommaabove{g}}
599 \fi
600 \ifx\textcommabelow\@undefined\else
601 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{G}{\textcommabelow{G}}
602 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{K}{\textcommabelow{K}}
603 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{k}{\textcommabelow{k}}
604 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{L}{\textcommabelow{L}}
605 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{l}{\textcommabelow{l}}
606 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{N}{\textcommabelow{N}}
607 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{n}{\textcommabelow{n}}
608 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{R}{\textcommabelow{R}}
609 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{r}{\textcommabelow{r}}
610 \fi
611 </T1>

```

19.7 Definitions for the OMS encoding

The definitions for the ‘ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}\mathrm{X}$ math symbol’ (OMS) encoding. Even though this is meant to be a math font, it includes some of the standard $\mathrm{L}^{\mathrm{A}}\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}\mathrm{X}$ text symbols.

Declare the encoding.

```

612 <*OMS>
613 \DeclareFontEncoding{OMS}{}{}

```

Declare the symbols.

```

614 % \changes{v1.99}{2004/02/02}{Added \cs{textbigcircle}}
615 % Note that slot 13 has in places been named |\Orb|: please root
616 % out and destroy this impolity wherever you find it!
617 % \begin{macrocode}
618 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasteriskcentered}{OMS}{3} % "03
619 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbackslash}{OMS}{110} % "6E
620 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbar}{OMS}{106} % "6A
621 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbardbl}{OMS}{107} % "6B
622 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceleft}{OMS}{102} % "66
623 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceright}{OMS}{103} % "67
624 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbullet}{OMS}{15} % "0F

```

```

625 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdaggerdbl}{OMS}{122} % "7A
626 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdagger}{OMS}{121} % "79
627 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textparagraph}{OMS}{123} % "7B
628 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textperiodcentered}{OMS}{1} % "01
629 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{OMS}{120} % "78
630 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbigcircle}{OMS}{13} % "0D
631 \DeclareTextCommand{\textcircled}{OMS}[1]{\hmode@bgroup
632   \oalign{\hfil\raise .07ex\hbox {\upshape#1}\hfil\crcr
633     \char 13 \% "0D
634   }%
635 \egroup}
636 
```

19.8 Definitions for the OML encoding

The definitions for the ‘ TeX math italic’ (OML) encoding. Even though this is meant to be a math font, it includes some of the standard LATEX text symbols.

Declare the encoding.

```

638 {*OML}
639 \DeclareFontEncoding{OML}{}{}

```

Declare the symbols.

```

640 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textless}{OML}{`<}
641 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textgreater}{OML}{`>}
642 \DeclareTextAccent{\t}{OML}{127} % "7F
643 
```

19.9 Definitions for the OT4 encoding

These definitions are for the Polish extension to the ‘ TeX text’ (OT1) encoding. This encoding was created by B. Jackowski and M. Ryćko for use with the Polish version of Computer Modern and Computer Concrete. In positions 0–127 it is identical to OT1 but it contains some additional characters in the upper half. The LATEX support was developed by Mariusz Olko.

The PL fonts that use it are available as follows:

Metafont sources <ftp://ftp.gust.org.pl/TeX/language/polish/pl-mf.zip>;
 Font files <ftp://ftp.gust.org.pl/TeX/language/polish/pl-tfm.zip>.

Declare the encoding.

```

644 {*OT4}
645 \DeclareFontEncoding{OT4}{}{}
646 \DeclareFontSubstitution{OT4}{cmr}{m}{n}

```

Declare the accents.

```

647 \DeclareTextAccent{"}{OT4}{127}
648 \DeclareTextAccent{'}{OT4}{19}
649 \DeclareTextAccent{.}{OT4}{95}
650 \DeclareTextAccent{=}{OT4}{22}
651 \DeclareTextAccent{^}{OT4}{94}
652 \DeclareTextAccent{`}{OT4}{18}
653 \DeclareTextAccent{~}{OT4}{126}
654 \DeclareTextAccent{H}{OT4}{125}
655 \DeclareTextAccent{u}{OT4}{21}

```

```

656 \DeclareTextAccent{\v}{OT4}{20}
657 \DeclareTextAccent{\r}{OT4}{23}

```

The ogonek accent is available only under a e A & E. But we have to provide some definition for \k. Some other accents have to be built by hand as in OT1:

```

658 \DeclareTextCommand{\k}{OT4}[1]{%
659     \TextSymbolUnavailable{\k{#1}}#1}

```

In these definitions we no longer use the helper function \sh@ft from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

```

660 \DeclareTextCommand{\b}{OT4}[1]{%
661     {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}}%
662      \vbox to .2ex{\hbox{\char22}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
663 \DeclareTextCommand{\c}{OT4}[1]{%
664     {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{\#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent24 #1%
665      \else\ooalign{\unhbox\z@\crcr\hidewidth\char24\hidewidth}\fi}}
666 \DeclareTextCommand{\d}{OT4}[1]{%
667     {\hmode@bgroup
668      \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}

```

Declare the text symbols.

```

669 \DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{OT4}{29}
670 \DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{OT4}{30}
671 \DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{OT4}{31}
672 \DeclareTextSymbol{\L}{OT4}{138}
673 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{OT4}{26}
674 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotleft}{OT4}{174}
675 \DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotright}{OT4}{175}
676 \DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{OT4}{16}
677 \DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{OT4}{17}
678 \DeclareTextSymbol{\l}{OT4}{170}
679 \DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{OT4}{28}
680 \DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{OT4}{27}
681 \DeclareTextSymbol{\quotedblbase}{OT4}{255}
682 \DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT4}{25}
683 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{OT4}{124}
684 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{OT4}{123}
685 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{OT4}{60}
686 %\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphenchar}{OT4}{`-}
687 %\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphen}{OT4}{`-}
688 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{OT4}{62}
689 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{OT4}{92}
690 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{OT4}{`}
691 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotleft}{OT4}{`}
692 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotright}{OT4}{`}

```

Definition for Å as in OT1:

```

693 \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT4}{A}{%
694     {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
695      \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}}

```

In the OT4 encoding, £ and \$ share a slot.

```

696 \DeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT4}{\hmode@bgroup
697     \ifdim \fontdimen@ne\font >\z@
698         \slshape
699     \else

```

```

700      \upshape
701      \fi
702      \char`$\\egroup}
703 \DeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT4}{\hmode@bgroup
704   \ifdim \fontdimen@ne\font >\z@
705     \itshape
706   \else
707     \fontshape{ui}\selectfont
708   \fi
709   \char`$\\egroup}

Declare the composites.

710 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{A}{129}
711 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{C}{130}
712 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{E}{134}
713 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{N}{139}
714 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{S}{145}
715 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{Z}{153}
716 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT4}{Z}{155}
717 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{a}{161}
718 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{c}{162}
719 \DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{e}{166}
720 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{n}{171}
721 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{s}{177}
722 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{z}{185}
723 \DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT4}{z}{187}
724 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{o}{211}
725 \DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{o}{243}
726 </OT4>

```

19.10 Definitions for the TS1 encoding

```

727 <*TS1>
728 \DeclareFontEncoding{TS1}{}{}
729 \DeclareFontSubstitution{TS1}{cmr}{m}{n}

```

Some accents have to be built by hand. Note that `\ooalign` and `\o@lign` must be inside a group.

```

730 \DeclareTextCommand{\capitalcedilla}{TS1}[1]
731   {\hmode@bgroup
732   \ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char11\hidewidth}\egroup}
733 \DeclareTextCommand{\capitalogonek}{TS1}[1]
734   {\hmode@bgroup
735   \ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12\hidewidth}\egroup}

```

Accents for capital letters.

These commands can be used by the end user either directly or through definitions of the type

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\'}{T1}{X}{\capitalacute X}
```

None of the latter definitions are provided by default, since they are probably rarely used.

`”00 = 0`

```
736 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalgrave}{TS1}{0}
```

```

737 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalacute}{TS1}{1}
738 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalcircumflex}{TS1}{2}
739 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitaltilde}{TS1}{3}
740 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitaldieresis}{TS1}{4}
741 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalhungarumlaut}{TS1}{5}
742 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalring}{TS1}{6}
743 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalcaron}{TS1}{7}

"08 = 8

744 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalbreve}{TS1}{8}
745 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalmacron}{TS1}{9}
746 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitaldotaccent}{TS1}{10}

```

Tie accents.

The tie accent was borrowed from the `cmmi` font. The `tc` fonts now provide four tie accents, the first two are done in the classical way with assymetric glyphs hanging out of their boxes; the new ties are centered in their boxes like all other accents. They need a name: please tell us if you know what to call them.

" =

```

747 \DeclareTextAccent{\t}{TS1}{26}
748 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitaltie}{TS1}{27}
749 \DeclareTextAccent{\newtie}{TS1}{28}
750 \DeclareTextAccent{\capitalnewtie}{TS1}{29}

```

Compund word marks.

The text companion fonts contain two compound word marks of different heights, one has `cap_height`, the other `asc_height`.

```

751 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcapitalcompwordmark}{TS1}{23}
752 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textascendercompwordmark}{TS1}{31}

```

The text companion symbols.

```

753 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotestraightbase}{TS1}{13}

```

"10 = 16

```

754 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotestraightdblbase}{TS1}{18}
755 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwelveudash}{TS1}{21}
756 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreequartersemdash}{TS1}{22}

```

"18 = 24

```

757 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textleftarrow}{TS1}{24}
758 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrightarrow}{TS1}{25}

```

"20 = 32

```

759 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textblank}{TS1}{32}
760 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{TS1}{36}
761 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotesingle}{TS1}{39}

```

"28 = 40

```

762 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasteriskcentered}{TS1}{42}

```

Note that '054 is a comma and '056 is a full stop: these make numbers using oldstyle digits easier to input.

```

763 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdblhyphen}{TS1}{45}
764 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textfractionsolidus}{TS1}{47}

```

```

Oldstyle digits.
"30 = 48
765 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textzerooldstyle}{TS1}{48}
766 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textoneoldstyle}{TS1}{49}
767 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwooldstyle}{TS1}{50}
768 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreeoldstyle}{TS1}{51}
769 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textfouroldstyle}{TS1}{52}
770 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textfiveoldstyle}{TS1}{53}
771 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsixoldstyle}{TS1}{54}
772 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsevenoldstyle}{TS1}{55}
"38 = 56
773 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texteightoldstyle}{TS1}{56}
774 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textnineoldstyle}{TS1}{57}

More text companion symbols.

775 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textlang}{TS1}{60}
776 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textminus}{TS1}{61}
777 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrangle}{TS1}{62}
"48 = 72
778 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmho}{TS1}{77}

The big circle is here to define the command \textcircled. Formerly it was
taken from the cmsy font.

779 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbigcircle}{TS1}{79}
780 \DeclareTextCommand{\textcircled}{TS1}[1]{\hmode@bgroup
781   \ooalign{%
782     \hfil \raise .07ex\hbox {\upshape#1}\hfil \crcr
783     \char 79 \% '117 = "4F
784   }%
785 \egroup}

More text companion symbols.
"50 = 80
786 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textohm}{TS1}{87}
"58 = 88
787 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textlbrackdbl}{TS1}{91}
788 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrbrackdbl}{TS1}{93}
789 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textuparrow}{TS1}{94}
790 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdownarrow}{TS1}{95}
"60 = 96
791 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciigrave}{TS1}{96}
792 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textborn}{TS1}{98}
793 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdivorced}{TS1}{99}
794 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdied}{TS1}{100}
"68 = 104
795 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textleaf}{TS1}{108}
796 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmarried}{TS1}{109}
797 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmusicalnote}{TS1}{110}
"78 = 120
798 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttildelow}{TS1}{126}

```

This glyph, \textdblhyphenchar is hanging, like the hyphenchar of the ec fonts.

799 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdblhyphenchar}{TS1}{127}

”80 = 128

800 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciibreve}{TS1}{128}

801 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicaron}{TS1}{129}

This next glyph is *not* the same as \textquotedbl.

802 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textacutedbl}{TS1}{130}

803 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textgravedbl}{TS1}{131}

804 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdagger}{TS1}{132}

805 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdaggerdbl}{TS1}{133}

806 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbardbl}{TS1}{134}

807 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textperthousand}{TS1}{135}

”88 = 136

808 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbullet}{TS1}{136}

809 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcelsius}{TS1}{137}

810 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollaroldstyle}{TS1}{138}

811 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcentoldstyle}{TS1}{139}

812 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textflorin}{TS1}{140}

813 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcolonmonetary}{TS1}{141}

814 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textwon}{TS1}{142}

815 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textnaira}{TS1}{143}

”90 = 144

816 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textguaraní}{TS1}{144}

817 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeso}{TS1}{145}

818 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textlira}{TS1}{146}

819 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrecipe}{TS1}{147}

820 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobang}{TS1}{148}

821 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobangdown}{TS1}{149}

822 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdong}{TS1}{150}

823 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttrademark}{TS1}{151}

”98 = 152

824 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpertenthousand}{TS1}{152}

825 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpilcrow}{TS1}{153}

826 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbaht}{TS1}{154}

827 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textnumero}{TS1}{155}

This next name may change. For the following sign we know only a german name, which is abzüglich. The meaning is something like “commercial minus”. An ASCII ersatz is ./. (dot slash dot). The temporary English name is \textdiscount.

828 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiscount}{TS1}{156}

829 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textestimated}{TS1}{157}

830 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textopenbullet}{TS1}{158}

831 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textservicemark}{TS1}{159}

”A0 = 160

832 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textlquill}{TS1}{160}

833 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrquill}{TS1}{161}

834 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcent}{TS1}{162}

835 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsterling}{TS1}{163}

836 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcurrency}{TS1}{164}

```

837 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textyen}{TS1}{165}
838 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textbrokenbar}{TS1}{166}
839 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{TS1}{167}
"A8 = 168
840 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciidieresis}{TS1}{168}
841 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcopyright}{TS1}{169}
842 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textordfeminine}{TS1}{170}
843 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcopyleft}{TS1}{171}
844 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textlnot}{TS1}{172}

The meaning of the circled-P is “sound recording copyright”.
845 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcircledP}{TS1}{173}
846 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textregistered}{TS1}{174}
847 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciimacron}{TS1}{175}

"B0 = 176
848 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdegree}{TS1}{176}
849 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpm}{TS1}{177}
850 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwosuperior}{TS1}{178}
851 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreesuperior}{TS1}{179}
852 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciacute}{TS1}{180}
853 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmu}{TS1}{181} % micro sign
854 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textparagraph}{TS1}{182}
855 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textperiodcentered}{TS1}{183}

"B8 = 184
856 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textreferencemark}{TS1}{184}
857 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textonesuperior}{TS1}{185}
858 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textordmasculine}{TS1}{186}
859 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsurd}{TS1}{187}
860 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textonequarter}{TS1}{188}
861 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textonehalf}{TS1}{189}
862 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreequarters}{TS1}{190}
863 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texteuro}{TS1}{191}

"E0 = 208
864 \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttimes}{TS1}{214}

"F0 = 240
865 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiv}{TS1}{246}
866 </TS1>

```

20 Package files

This file now also contains some packages that provide access to the more specialised encodings.

20.1 The fontenc package

This package allows authors to specify which encodings they will use. For each encoding `FOO`, the package looks to see if the encoding `FOO` has already been declared. If it has not, the file `fooenc.def` is loaded. The default encoding is set to be `FOO`.

In addition the package at the moment contains extra code to extend the `\@uclclist` (list of upper/lower case pairs) for encodings that involve cyrillic characters. THIS IS A TEMPORARY SOLUTION and will not stay this way forever (or so we hope) but right now we are missing a proper interface for this and didn't wanted to rush it.

867 `(*package)`

Here we define a macro that extends the `\@uclclist` if needed and afterwards turns itself in a noop.

```
868 \def\update@uclc@with@cyrillic{%
869  \expandafter\def\expandafter\@uclclist\expandafter
870  {\@uclclist
871   \cyra\CYRA\cyrabch\CYRABHCH\cyrabchdsc\CYRABHCHDSC\cyrabhdze
872   \CYRABHDZE\cyrabha\CYRABHHA\cyrae\CYRAE\cyrb\CYRB\cyrbyus
873   \CYRBYUS\cycr\CYRC\cyrch\CYRCH\cyrchldsc\CYRCHLDSC\cyrchrdsc
874   \CYRCHRDS\cyrchvcrs\CYRCHVCRS\cyrd\CYRD\cyrdelta\CYRDELTA
875   \cyrdje\CYRDJE\cyrdze\CYRDZE\cyrdzhe\CYRDZHE\cyre\CYRE\cyreps
876   \CYREPS\cyrerev\CYREREV\cyrery\CYRERY\cyrf\CYRF\cyrfita
877   \CYRFITA\cyrg\CYRG\cyrgdsc\CYRGDSC\cyrgdschcrs\CYRGDSCHCRS
878   \cyrgchcrs\CYRGHCRS\cyrghk\CYRGHK\cyrgup\CYRGUP\cyrh\CYRH
879   \cyrhdsc\CYRHDSC\cyrhccrs\CYRHHCRS\cyrhk\CYRHHK\cyrhdsn
880   \CYRHRDSN\cyri\CYRI\cyrie\CYRIE\cyrii\CYRII\cyrishrt\CYRISHRT
881   \cyrishrtsc\CYRISHRTDSC\cyrizh\CYRIZH\cyrje\CYRJE\cyrk\CYRK
882   \cyrkbeak\CYRKBEAK\cyrkdesc\CYRKDESC\cyrkcrs\CYRKHCRS\cyrkhk
883   \CYRKHK\cyrkvcrs\CYRKVCRS\cyrl\CYRL\cyrldesc\CYRLDSC\cyrlhk
884   \CYRLHK\cyrlje\CYRLJE\cyrm\CYRM\cyrmdesc\CYRMDESC\cyrmhk\CYRMHK
885   \cyrn\CYRN\cyrndsc\CYRNDSC\cyrng\CYRNG\cyrnhk\CYRNHK\cyrnje
886   \CYRNJE\cyrnlhk\CYRNLHK\cyro\CYRO\cyrotld\CYROTLD\cyrp\CYRP
887   \cyrphk\CYRPHK\cyrq\CYRQ\cyrr\CYRR\cyrrdsc\CYRRDSC\cyrrhk
888   \CYRRHK\cyrrtck\CYRRTICK\cyrs\CYRS\cyrsacrs\CYRSACRS
889   \cyrschwa\CYRSCHWA\cyrsdsc\CYRSDSC\cyrsemisftsn\CYRSEMISFTSN
890   \cyrsftsn\CYRSFTSN\cyrsh\CYRSH\cyrshch\CYRSHCH\cyrshha\CYRSHHA
891   \cyrt\CYRT\cyrtdesc\CYRTDSC\cyrtetse\CYRTETSE\cyrtshe\CYRTSHE
892   \cyru\CYRU\cyrushrt\CYRUSHRT\cyrv\CYRV\cyrw\CYRW\cyry\CYRY
893   \cyrya\CYRYA\cyryat\CYRYAT\cyryhcrs\CYRYHCRS\cyryi\CYRYI\cyryo
894   \CYRYO\cyryu\CYRYU\cyrz\CYRZ\cyrzdesc\CYRZDSC\cyrz\CYRZH
895   \cyrzhdsc\CYRZHDSC}%
896 \let\update@uclc@with@cyrillic\relax
897 }
```

Here we process each option:

```
898 \DeclareOption*{%
899   \let\encodingdefault\CurrentOption
900   \edef\reserved@f{%
901     \lowercase{\def\noexpand\reserved@f{\CurrentOption enc.def}}{}%
902   \reserved@f
903   \InputIfFileExists\reserved@f
904     {}{\PackageError{fontenc}{%
905       {Encoding file '\reserved@f' not found.}%
906       \MessageBreak
907       {You might have misspelt the name of the encoding}%
908       {Necessary code for this encoding was not
909        loaded.}%
910       {Thus calling the encoding later on will}}}
```

```

911         produce further error messages.} } %
912 \let\reserved@f\relax
913 \expandafter\in@\expandafter{\CurrentOption}%
914                                     {T2A,T2B,T2C,X2,LCY,OT2}%
915 \ifin@
916   \expandafter\in@\expandafter\cyra\expandafter
917   {\@uclclist}%
918 \ifin@
919 \else
920   \update@uclc@with@cyrillic
921 \fi
922 \fi
923 }
924 \ProcessOptions*
925 \fontencoding\encodingdefault\selectfont

```

To save some space we get rid of the macro extending the `\@uclclist` (might have happened already).

```
926 \let\update@uclc@with@cyrillic\relax
```

Finally we pretend that the fontenc package wasn't read in. This allows for using it several times, e.g., in a class file and in the preamble (at the cost of not getting any version info). That kind of hackery shows that using a general purpose package just for loading an encoding is not the right kind of interface for setting up encodings — it will get replaced at some point in the future.

```

927 \global\expandafter\let\csname ver@fontenc.sty\endcsname\relax
928 \global\expandafter\let\csname opt@fontenc.sty\endcsname\relax
929 \global\let\@ifl@ter@@\@ifl@ter
930 \def\@ifl@ter#1#2#3#4#5{\global\let\@ifl@ter\@ifl@ter@@}
931 
```

20.2 The `textcomp` package

This one is for the `TS1` encoding which contains text symbols for use with the `T1`-encoded text fonts. It therefore first inputs the file `TS1enc.def` and then sets (or resets) the defaults for the symbols it contains. The result of this is that when one of these symbols is accessed and the current encoding does not provide it, the symbol will be supplied by a silent, local change to this encoding.

```
932 (*TS1sty)
```

Since many PostScript fonts only implement a subset of `TS1` many commands only produce black blobs of ink. To resolve the resulting problems a number of options have been introduced and some code has been developed to distinguish sub-encodings.

The sub-encodings have a numerical id and are defined as follows for `TS1`:

#5 those TS1 symbols that are also in the ISO-Adobe character set; without `\textcurrency`, which is often misused for the Euro. Older Type1 fonts from the non-TEX world provide only this subset.

#4 = **#5** + `\texteuro`. Most newer fonts provide this.

#3 = **#4** + `\textomega`. Can also be described as $TS1 \cap (ISO\text{-}Adobe \cup MacRoman)$. (Except for the missing "currency".)

#2 = **#3** + `\textestimated` + `\textcurrency`. Can also be described as $TS1 \cap Adobe\text{-}Western\text{-}2$. This may be relevant for OpenType fonts, which usually show the Adobe-Western-2 character set.

#1 = $TS1 - \textcircled{t}$. These two glyphs are often not implemented and if their kernel defaults are changed commands like `\copyright` unnecessarily fail.

#0 = full TS1

And here a summary to go in the transcript file:

```
933 \PackageInfo{textcomp}{Sub-encoding information:\MessageBreak
934   \space\space 5 = only ISO-Adobe without
935     \string\textcurrency\MessageBreak
936   \space\space 4 = 5 + \string\texteuro\MessageBreak
937   \space\space 3 = 4 + \string\textohm\MessageBreak
938   \space\space 2 = 3 + \noexpand\textestimated+
939     \string\textcurrency\MessageBreak
940   \space\space 1 = TS1 - \noexpand\textcircled-
941     \string\t\MessageBreak
942   \space\space 0 = TS1 (full)\MessageBreak
943 Font families with sub-encoding setting implement\MessageBreak
944 only a restricted character set as indicated.\MessageBreak
945 Family '?' is the default used for unknown fonts.\MessageBreak
946 See the documentation for details@\gobble}
```

\DeclareEncodingSubset An encoding subset to which a font family belongs is declared by the command `\DeclareEncodingSubset` that takes the major encoding as the first argument (e.g., `TS1`), the family name as the second argument (e.g., `cmr`), and the subset encoding id as a third, (e.g., `0` for `cmr`).

The default encoding subset to use when nothing is known about the current font family is named `?`.

```
947 \def\DeclareEncodingSubset#1#2#3{%
948   \@ifundefined{#1:#2}{%
949     {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Setting #2 sub-encoding to #1/#3}}%
950     {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Changing #2 sub-encoding to #1/#3}}%
951     \namedef{#1:#2}{#3}%
952 }@\onlypreamble\DeclareEncodingSubset
```

The options for the package are the following:

safe for unknown font families enables only symbols that are also in the ISO-Adobe character set; without "currency", which is often misused for the Euro. Older Type1 fonts from the non-TeX world provide only this subset.

euro enables the “safe” symbols plus the `\texteuro` command. Most newer fonts provide this.

full enables all TS1 commands; useful only with fonts like EC or CM bright.

almostfull same as “full”, except that `\textcircled` and `\t` are *not* redefined from their defaults to avoid that commands like `\copyright` suddenly no longer work.

force ignore all subset encoding definitions stored in the package itself or in the configuration file and always use the default subset as specified by one of the other options (seldom useful, only dangerous).

`\iftc@forced` Switch used to implement the **force** option
953 `\newif\iftc@forced \tc@forcedfalse`

This is implemented by defining the default subset:

```
954 \DeclareOption{full}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{0}}
955 \DeclareOption{almostfull}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{1}}
956 \DeclareOption{euro}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{4}}
957 \DeclareOption{safe}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{5}}
```

The default is “almostfull” which means that old documents will work except that `\textcircled` and `\t` will use the kernel defaults (with the advantage that this also works if the current font (as often the case) doesn’t implement these glyphs.

The “force” option simply sets the switch to true.

```
958 \DeclareOption{force}{\tc@forcedtrue}
```

The suggestions to user is to use the “safe” option always unless that balks in which case they could switch to “almostfull” but then better check their output manually.

```
959 \def\tc@errorwarn{\PackageError}
960 \DeclareOption{warn}{\gdef\tc@errorwarn{\#1\#2\#3{\PackageWarning{\#1}{\#2}}}}
961 \ExecuteOptions{almostfull}
962 \ProcessOptions\relax
```

`\CheckEncodingSubset` The command `\CheckEncodingSubset` will check if the current font family has the right encoding subset to typeset a certain command. It takes five arguments as follows: first argument is either `\UseTextSymbol`, `\UseTextAccent` depending on whether or not the symbol is a text symbol or a text accent.

The second argument is the encoding from which this symbol should be fetched.

The third argument is either a fake accessor command or an error message. the code in that argument (if ever executed) receives two arguments: #2 and #5 of `\CheckEncodingSubset`.

Argument four is the subset encoding id to test against: if this value is higher than the subset id of the current font family then we typeset the symbol, i.e., execute `#1{\#2}\#5` otherwise it runs `\#3\#5`, e.g., to produce an error message or fake the glyph somehow.

Argument five is the symbol or accent command that is being checked.

For usage examples see definitions below.

```
963 \iftc@forced
```

If the “force” option was given we always use the default for testing against.

```
964 \def\CheckEncodingSubset#1#2#3#4#5{%
965     \ifnum #4>%
966         0\csname #2:\endcsname
967         \relax
968     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
969   \else
970     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
971 \fi
972 {#1{#2}}{#3}%
973 #5%
974 }
```

In normal circumstances the test is a bit more complicated: first check if there exists a macro `\⟨arg2⟩:{⟨current-family⟩}` and if so use that value to test against, otherwise use the default to test against.

```
975 \else
976 \def\CheckEncodingSubset#1#2#3#4#5{%
977     \ifnum #4>%
978         \expandafter\ifx\csname #2:\f@family\endcsname\relax
979             0\csname #2:\endcsname
980         \else
981             \csname #2:\f@family\endcsname
982         \fi
983         \relax
984     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
985   \else
986     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
987 \fi
988 {#1{#2}}{#3}%
989 #5%
990 }
991 \fi
```

tc@subst

```
992 \def\tc@subst#1{%
993     \tc@errorwarn{textcomp}%
994     {Symbol \string#1 not provided by\MessageBreak
995      font family \f@family\space
996      in TS1 encoding.\MessageBreak Default family used instead}\@eha
997 \bgroup\fontfamily{textcompsubstdefault}\selectfont#1\egroup
998 }
```

\textcompsubstdefault

```
999 \def\textcompsubstdefault{cmr}
```

\tc@error \tc@error is going to be used in arg #3 of \CheckEncodingSubset when a symbol is not available in a certain font family. It gets pass the encoding it normally lives in (arg one) and the name of the symbol or accent that has a problem.

```
1000 % error commands take argument:
1001 % #1 symbol to be used
1002 \def\tc@error#1{%
1003     \PackageError{textcomp}%
1004     {Symbol \string#1 not provided by\MessageBreak
1005      font family \f@family\space
1006      in TS1 encoding.\MessageBreak Default family used instead}\@eha
1007 }
```

```

1004     {Accent \string#1 not provided by\MessageBreak
1005         font family \f@family\space
1006         in TS1 encoding}\@eha
1007 }

\tc@fake@euro \tc@fake@euro is an example of a “fake” definition to use in arg #3 of
\CheckEncodingSubset when a symbol is not available in a certain font family.
Here we produce an Euro symbol by combining a “C” with a “=”.

1008 \def\tc@fake@euro#1{%
1009     \leavevmode
1010     \PackageInfo{textcomp}{Faking \noexpand#1 for font family
1011                     \f@family\MessageBreak in TS1 encoding}%
1012     \valign{\#}\cr
1013     \vfil\hbox to 0.07em{\dimen@\f@size\p@
1014                     \math@fontsfalse
1015                     \fontsize{.7\dimen@}\z@\selectfont=\hss}%
1016     \vfil\cr%
1017     \hbox{C}\cr\cr
1018 }%
1019 }

```

\tc@check@symbol These are two abbreviations that we use below to check symbols and accents in TS1. Only there to save some space, e.g., we can then write

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcurrency}{\tc@check@symbol3\textcurrency}
```

to ensure that \textcurrency is only typeset if the current font has a TS1 subset id of less than 3. Otherwise \tc@error is called telling the user that for this font family \textcurreny is not available.

```
1020 \def\tc@check@symbol{\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\tc@subst}
1021 \def\tc@check@accent{\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}\tc@error}
```

We start with the commands that are “safe” and which can be unconditionally set up, first the accents...

```

1022 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcedilla}{TS1}
1023 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalogonek}{TS1}
1024 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalgrave}{TS1}
1025 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalacute}{TS1}
1026 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcircumflex}{TS1}
1027 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaltilde}{TS1}
1028 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaldieresis}{TS1}
1029 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalhungarumlaut}{TS1}
1030 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalring}{TS1}
1031 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcaron}{TS1}
1032 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalbreve}{TS1}
1033 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalmacron}{TS1}
1034 \DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaldotaccent}{TS1}

```

... and then the other glyphs.

```

1035 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcapitalcompwordmark}{TS1}
1036 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textascendercompwordmark}{TS1}
1037 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotestraightbase}{TS1}
1038 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotestraightdblbase}{TS1}
1039 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttwelveudash}{TS1}

```

```

1040 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreequartersemdash}{TS1}
1041 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{TS1}
1042 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotesingle}{TS1}
1043 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasteriskcentered}{TS1}
1044 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textfractionsolidus}{TS1}
1045 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textminus}{TS1}
1046 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textlbrackdbl}{TS1}
1047 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textrbrackdbl}{TS1}
1048 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciigrave}{TS1}
1049 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttildelow}{TS1}
1050 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciibreve}{TS1}
1051 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciicaron}{TS1}
1052 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textgravedbl}{TS1}
1053 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textacutedbl}{TS1}
1054 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdagger}{TS1}
1055 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdaggerdbl}{TS1}
1056 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbardbl}{TS1}
1057 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperthousand}{TS1}
1058 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbullet}{TS1}
1059 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcelsius}{TS1}
1060 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textflorin}{TS1}
1061 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttrademark}{TS1}
1062 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcent}{TS1}
1063 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsterling}{TS1}
1064 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textyen}{TS1}
1065 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbrokenbar}{TS1}
1066 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsection}{TS1}
1067 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciidieresis}{TS1}
1068 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcopyright}{TS1}
1069 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textordfeminine}{TS1}
1070 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textlnot}{TS1}
1071 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textregistered}{TS1}
1072 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciimacron}{TS1}
1073 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdegree}{TS1}
1074 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textpm}{TS1}
1075 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttwosuperior}{TS1}
1076 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreesuperior}{TS1}
1077 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciacute}{TS1}
1078 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textmu}{TS1}
1079 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textparagraph}{TS1}
1080 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperiodcentered}{TS1}
1081 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonesuperior}{TS1}
1082 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textordmasculine}{TS1}
1083 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonequarter}{TS1}
1084 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonehalf}{TS1}
1085 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreequarters}{TS1}
1086 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttimes}{TS1}
1087 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdiv}{TS1}

```

The \texteuro is only available for subsets with id 4 or less. Otherwise we fake the glyph using \tc@fake@euro

```

1088 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texteuro}{}
1089   {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\tc@fake@euro5\texteuro}

```

The \textohm is only available for subsets with id 3 or less. Otherwise we

produce an error.

```
1090 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textohm}{\tc@check@symbol4\textohm}
```

The \textestimated and \textcurrency are only provided for fonts with subset encoding with id 2 or less.

```
1091 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textestimated}{%
1092     {\tc@check@symbol3\textestimated}%
1093 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcurrency}{%
1094     {\tc@check@symbol3\textcurrency}}
```

Nearly all of the remaining glyphs are provided only with fonts with id 1 or 0, i.e., are essentially complete.

```
1095 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\capitaltie}{%
1096     {\tc@check@accent2\capitaltie}%
1097 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\newtie}{%
1098     {\tc@check@accent2\newtie}%
1099 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\capitalnewtie}{%
1100     {\tc@check@accent2\capitalnewtie}%
1101 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textleftarrow}{%
1102     {\tc@check@symbol2\textleftarrow}%
1103 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrightarrow}{%
1104     {\tc@check@symbol2\textrightarrow}%
1105 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textblank}{%
1106     {\tc@check@symbol2\textblank}%
1107 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdblhyphen}{%
1108     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdblhyphen}%
1109 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textzerooldstyle}{%
1110     {\tc@check@symbol2\textzerooldstyle}%
1111 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textoneoldstyle}{%
1112     {\tc@check@symbol2\textoneoldstyle}%
1113 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texttwooldstyle}{%
1114     {\tc@check@symbol2\texttwooldstyle}%
1115 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textthreeoldstyle}{%
1116     {\tc@check@symbol2\textthreeoldstyle}%
1117 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textfouroldstyle}{%
1118     {\tc@check@symbol2\textfouroldstyle}%
1119 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textfiveoldstyle}{%
1120     {\tc@check@symbol2\textfiveoldstyle}%
1121 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsixoldstyle}{%
1122     {\tc@check@symbol2\textsixoldstyle}%
1123 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsevenoldstyle}{%
1124     {\tc@check@symbol2\textsevenoldstyle}%
1125 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texteightoldstyle}{%
1126     {\tc@check@symbol2\texteightoldstyle}%
1127 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnineoldstyle}{%
1128     {\tc@check@symbol2\textnineoldstyle}%
1129 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlangle}{%
1130     {\tc@check@symbol2\textlangle}%
1131 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrangle}{%
1132     {\tc@check@symbol2\textrangle}%
1133 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmho}{%
1134     {\tc@check@symbol2\textmho}%
1135 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textbigcircle}{%
1136     {\tc@check@symbol2\textbigcircle}%
1137 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textuparrow}{%
```

```

1138     {\tc@check@symbol2\textuparrowarrow}
1139 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdownarrowarrow}{%
1140     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdownarrowarrow}%
1141 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textborn}{%
1142     {\tc@check@symbol2\textborn}%
1143 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdivorced}{%
1144     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdivorced}%
1145 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdied}{%
1146     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdied}%
1147 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textleaf}{%
1148     {\tc@check@symbol2\textleaf}%
1149 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmarried}{%
1150     {\tc@check@symbol2\textmarried}%
1151 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmusicalnote}{%
1152     {\tc@check@symbol2\textmusicalnote}%
1153 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdblhyphenchar}{%
1154     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdblhyphenchar}%
1155 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdollaroldstyle}{%
1156     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdollaroldstyle}%
1157 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcentoldstyle}{%
1158     {\tc@check@symbol2\textcentoldstyle}%
1159 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcolonmonetary}{%
1160     {\tc@check@symbol2\textcolonmonetary}%
1161 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textwon}{%
1162     {\tc@check@symbol2\textwon}%
1163 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnaira}{%
1164     {\tc@check@symbol2\textnaira}%
1165 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textguarani}{%
1166     {\tc@check@symbol2\textguarani}%
1167 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpeso}{%
1168     {\tc@check@symbol2\textpeso}%
1169 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlira}{%
1170     {\tc@check@symbol2\textlira}%
1171 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrecipe}{%
1172     {\tc@check@symbol2\textrecipe}%
1173 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textinterrobang}{%
1174     {\tc@check@symbol2\textinterrobang}%
1175 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textinterrobangdown}{%
1176     {\tc@check@symbol2\textinterrobangdown}%
1177 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdong}{%
1178     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdong}%
1179 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpertenthousand}{%
1180     {\tc@check@symbol2\textpertenthousand}%
1181 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpilcrow}{%
1182     {\tc@check@symbol2\textpilcrow}%
1183 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textbaht}{%
1184     {\tc@check@symbol2\textbaht}%
1185 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnumero}{%
1186     {\tc@check@symbol2\textnumero}%
1187 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdiscount}{%
1188     {\tc@check@symbol2\textdiscount}%
1189 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textopenbullet}{%
1190     {\tc@check@symbol2\textopenbullet}%
1191 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textservicemark}%

```

```

1192     {\tc@check@symbol2{textservicemark}}
1193 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlquill}{%
1194     {\tc@check@symbol2{textlquill}}
1195 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrquill}{%
1196     {\tc@check@symbol2{textrquill}}
1197 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcopyleft}{%
1198     {\tc@check@symbol2{textcopyleft}}
1199 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcircledP}{%
1200     {\tc@check@symbol2{textcircledP}}
1201 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textreferencemark}{%
1202     {\tc@check@symbol2{textreferencemark}}
1203 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsurd}{%
1204     {\tc@check@symbol2{textsurd}}

```

The `\textcircled` and `\t` are handled specially, unless the current font has a subset id of 0 (i.e. full TS1) we pick the symbols up from the the math font encodings, i.e., the third argument to `\CheckEncodingSubset` uses `\UseTextAccent` to get them from there.

```

1205 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcircled}{%
1206     {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}}%
1207     {\UseTextAccent{OMS}}1\textcircled}
1208 \DeclareTextCommandDefault{\t}{%
1209     {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}}%
1210     {\UseTextAccent{OML}}1\t}

```

Finally input the encoding-specific definitions for TS1 thus making the top-level definitions optimised for this encoding (and not for the default encoding, see section 19.2).

```
1211 \input{ts1enc.def}
```

Now having the new glyphs available we also want to make sure that they are used. For most cases this will automatically happen but for some glyphs there are inferior definitions already known to L^AT_EX which will prevent the usage of the TS1 versions (see section 19.1 above). So we better get rid of them:

```

1212 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT1}
1213 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar} {OT1}

```

Similar declarations should probably be made for other encodings like OT4 if they are in use.

```

1214 \%UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT4}
1215 \%UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar} {OT4}

```

From the T1 encoding there are two candidates for removal: `\%` and `\%o` since these are both constructed from `\%` followed by a tiny ‘o’ rather than being a single glyph. The problem with this approach is that in PostScript fonts this small zero is usually not available resulting in `\%■` rather than `\%o` while the real glyph (at least for `\textperthousand`) is available in the PostScript version of TS1. So for the moment we compromise by removing the T1 declaration for `\textperthousand` but keeping the one for `\textpertenthousand`. This will have the effect that with Computer Modern fonts everything will come out (although `\%o` and `\%oo` are not taken from the same physical font) and with PostScript fonts `\%o` will come out correctly while `\%oo` will most likely look like `\%■` — which is probably an improvement over just getting a single ‘■’ to indicate a completely missing glyph, which would happen if we also ‘undeclared’ `\textpertenthousand`.

```

1216 \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
1217 %\UndeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}

```

20.2.1 Supporting oldstyle digits

```

1218 \DeclareRobustCommand\oldstylenums[1]{%
1219   \begingroup
1220   \ifmmode
1221     \mathgroup\symletters #1%
1222   \else
1223     \CheckEncodingSubset\@use@text@encoding{TS1}%
1224     {\PackageWarning{textcomp}%
1225      {Oldstyle digits unavailable for
1226       family \f@family.\MessageBreak
1227       Lining digits used instead}}%
1228     \tw@{\#1}%
1229   \fi
1230 \endgroup
1231 }

```

20.2.2 Subset encoding defaults

For many font families commonly used in the TeX world we provide the subset encoding data here. Users can add additional font families in the file `textcomp.cfg` if they own other fonts.

However, if the option “forced” was given then all subset encoding specifications are ignored, so there is no point in setting any of them up:

```

1232 \iftc@forced \else
    Computer modern based fonts (e.g., CM, CM-Bright, Concrete):

```

```

1233 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmr}      {0}
1234 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmss}     {0}
1235 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmtt}     {0}
1236 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmvtt}    {0}
1237 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmbr}     {0}
1238 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmtl}     {0}
1239 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ccr}      {0}

```

PSNFSS fonts:

```

1240 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptm}      {4}
1241 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pcr}      {4}
1242 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{phv}      {4}
1243 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ppl}      {3}
1244 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pag}      {4}
1245 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pbk}      {4}
1246 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pnc}      {4}
1247 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pzc}      {4}
1248 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{bch}      {4}
1249 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{put}      {5}

```

Other CTAN fonts (probably not complete):

```

1250 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{uag}      {5}
1251 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ugq}      {5}
1252 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{u18}      {4}
1253 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{u19}      {4}  % (LuxiSans, one day)

```

```

1254 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{augie}      {5}
1255 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{dayrom}       {3}
1256 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{dayroms}      {3}
1257 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxr}          {0}
1258 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxss}         {0}
1259 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxtt}         {0}
1260 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txr}          {0}
1261 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txss}         {0}
1262 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txtt}         {0}

```

Latin Modern and TeX Gyre:

```

1263 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmr}          {0}
1264 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmdh}         {0}
1265 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmss}         {0}
1266 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmssq}        {0}
1267 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmvtt}        {0}
1268 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmtt}         {0}

1269 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qhv}          {0}
1270 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qag}          {0}
1271 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qbk}          {0}
1272 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qcr}          {0}
1273 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qcs}          {0}
1274 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qpl}          {0}
1275 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qtm}          {0}
1276 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qzc}          {0}
1277 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qhvc}        {0}

```

Fourier-GUTenberg:

```

1278 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futs}        {4}
1279 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futx}        {4}
1280 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futj}        {4}

```

Y&Y's Lucida Bright

```

1281 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlh}          {3}
1282 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hls}          {3}
1283 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlst}        {3}

```

The remaining settings for Lucida are conservative: the following fonts contain the `\textohm` character but not the `\texteuro`, i.e., belong to neither subset 4 nor subset 3. If you want to use the `\textohm` with these fonts copy these definition to `textcomp.cfg` and change the subset to 3. However in that case make sure that you do not use the `\texteuro`.

```

1284 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlct}        {5}
1285 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlx}          {5}
1286 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlce}         {5}
1287 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcn}         {5}
1288 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcw}         {5}
1289 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcf}        {5}

```

Other commercial families...

```

1290 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pplx}        {3}
1291 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pplj}        {3}
1292 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptmx}        {4}
1293 \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptmj}        {4}

```

If the file `textcomp.cfg` exists it will be loaded at this point. This allows to define further subset encodings for font families not covered by default.

```
1294 \InputIfFileExists{textcomp.cfg}
1295   {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Local configuration file used}{}}
1296 \fi
1297 </TS1sty>
```

File m

ltcounts.dtx

21 Counters and Lengths

Commands for defining and using counters. This file defines:

\newcounter	To define a new counter.
\setcounter	To set the value of counters.
\addtocounter	Increase the counter #1 by the number #2.
\stepcounter	Increase a counter by one.
\refstepcounter	Increase a counter by one, also setting the value used by \label.
\value	For accessing the value of the counter as a T _E X number (as opposed to \the<counter> which expands to the <i>printed</i> representation of <counter>)
\arabic	\arabic{<counter>}: 1, 2, 3, ...
\roman	\roman{<counter>}: i, ii, iii, ...
\Roman	\Roman{<counter>}: I, II, III, ...
\alph	\alph{<counter>}: a, b, c, ...
\Alph	\Alph{<counter>}: A, B, C, ...
\fnsymbol	\fnsymbol{<counter>}: *, †, ‡, ...
1 (*2ekernel)	

21.1 Environment Counter Macros

An environment foo has an associated counter defined by the following control sequences:

\c@foo	Contains the counter's numerical value. It is defined by \newcount\foocount.
\thefoo	Macro that expands to the printed value of \foocount. For example, if sections are numbered within chapters, and section headings look like Section II-3. The Nature of Counters then \thesection might be defined by:
\def\thesection	{\@Roman{\c@chapter}-\@arabic{\c@section}}
\p@foo	Macro that expands to a printed 'reference prefix' of counter foo. Any \ref to a value created by counter foo will produce the expansion of \p@foo\thefoo when the \label command is executed. See file ltxref.dtx for an extension of this mechanism.
\cl@foo	List of counters to be reset when foo stepped. Has format \@elt{counterA}\@elt{counterB}\@elt{counterC}.

NOTE:

\thefoo and \p@foo must be defined in such a way that \edef\bar{\thefoo} or \edef\bar{\p@foo} defines \bar so that it will evaluate to the counter value at the time of the \edef, even after \foocount and any other counters have been changed. This will happen if you use the standard commands \arabic, \Roman, etc.

The following commands are used to define and modify counters.

```

\refstepcounter{\⟨foo⟩}
Same as \stepcounter, but it also defines \currentreference so that a subsequent \label{\⟨bar⟩} command causes \ref{\⟨bar⟩} to generate the current value of counter ⟨foo⟩.

\@definecounter{\⟨foo⟩}
Initializes counter {\⟨foo⟩} (with empty reset list), defines \p@foo and \thefoo to be null. Also adds ⟨foo⟩ to \cl@ckpt – the reset list of a dummy counter @ckpt used for taking checkpoints for the \include system.

\@addtoreset{\⟨foo⟩}{\⟨bar⟩} : Adds counter ⟨foo⟩ to the list of counters \cl@bar to be reset when counter ⟨bar⟩ is stepped.

\setcounter \setcounter{\⟨foo⟩}{\⟨val⟩} : Globally sets \foocounter equal to ⟨val⟩.

2 \def\setcounter#1#2{%
3   \@ifundefined{c@#1}{%
4     {\@nocounterr{#1}}{%
5       {\global\csname c@#1\endcsname#2\relax}}}}}

\addtocounter \addtocounter{\⟨foo⟩}{\⟨val⟩} Globally increments \foocounter by ⟨val⟩.

6 \def\addtocounter#1#2{%
7   \@ifundefined{c@#1}{%
8     {\@nocounterr{#1}}{%
9       {\global\advance\csname c@#1\endcsname #2\relax}}}}}

\newcounter \newcounter{\⟨newctr⟩}{[\⟨oldctr⟩]} Defines ⟨newctr⟩ to be a counter, which is reset when counter ⟨oldctr⟩ is stepped. If ⟨newctr⟩ already defined produces ‘c@newctr already defined’ error.

10 \def\newcounter#1{%
11   \expandafter\@ifdefinable \csname c@#1\endcsname
12   {\@definecounter{#1}}{%
13     \@ifnextchar[{\@newctr{#1}}{}}

\value \value{\⟨ctr⟩} produces the value of counter ⟨ctr⟩, for use with a \setcounter or \addtocounter command.

14 \def\value#1{\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\@newctr
15 \def\@newctr#1[#2]{%
16   \@ifundefined{c@#2}{\@nocounterr{#2}}{\@addtoreset{#1}{#2}}}

\stepcounter \stepcounterfoo Globally increments counter \c@FOO and resets all subsidiary counters.

17 \def\stepcounter#1{%
18   \addtocounter{#1}\@ne
19   \begingroup
20     \let\@elt\@stpelt
21     \csname cl@#1\endcsname
22   \endgroup}

\@stpelt Rather than resetting the “within” counter to zero we set it to -1 and then run \stepcounter that moves it to 0 and also initiates resetting the next level down.

23 {/2ekernel}
24 {latexrelease}\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@stpelt}

```

```

25 <|latexrelease>                                {Reset nested counters}%
26 {*2ekernel | latexrelease>
27 \def\@stpeilt#1{\global\csname c@#1\endcsname \m@ne\stepcounter{#1}}%
28 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
29{/2ekernel | latexrelease>
30 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@stpeilt}
31 <|latexrelease>                                {Reset nested counters}%%
32 <|latexrelease>\def\@stpeilt#1{\global\csname c@#1\endcsname \z@}%
33 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
34 {*}2ekernel}

\cl@@ckpt
35 \def\cl@@ckpt{\@elt{page}}


\@definecounter
36 \def\@definecounter#1{\expandafter\newcount\csname c@#1\endcsname
37   \setcounter{#1}\z@
38   \global\expandafter\let\csname cl@#1\endcsname\@empty
39   \@addtoreset{#1}{\@ckpt}%
40   \global\expandafter\let\csname p@#1\endcsname\@empty
41   \expandafter
42   \gdef\csname the#1\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter
43     {\expandafter\@arabic\csname c@#1\endcsname}}


\@addtoreset
44 \def\@addtoreset#1#2{\expandafter\@cons\csname cl@#2\endcsname {#1}}


Numbering commands for definitions of \theCOUNTER and \list arguments.
All commands can now be used in text and math mode.

\arabic Representation of <counter> as arabic numerals. Changed 29 Apr 86 to make it
print the obvious thing it COUNTER not positive.
45 \def\arabic#1{\expandafter\@arabic\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\roman Representation of <counter> as lower-case Roman numerals.
46 \def\roman#1{\expandafter\@roman\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\Roman Representation of <counter> as upper-case Roman numerals.
47 \def\Roman#1{\expandafter\@Roman\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\alph Representation of <counter> as a lower-case letter: 1 = a, 2 = b, etc.
48 \def\alph#1{\expandafter\@alph\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\Alpha Representation of <counter> as an upper-case letter: 1 = A, 2 = B, etc.
49 \def\Alpha#1{\expandafter\@Alpha\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\fnsymbol Representation of <COUNTER> as a footnote symbol: 1 = *, 2 = †, etc.
50 \def\fnsymbol#1{\expandafter\@fnsymbol\csname c@#1\endcsname}

\@arabic \@arabic\FOOcounter Representation of \FOOcounter as arabic numerals.
51 \def\@arabic#1{\number #1} %% changed 29 Apr 86

```

```

\@roman  \@roman\FOOcounter Representation of \FOOcounter as lower-case Roman numerals.
52 \def\@roman#1{\romannumeral #1}

\@Roman  \@Roman\FOOcounter Representation of \FOOcounter as upper-case Roman numerals.
53 \def\@Roman#1{\expandafter\@slowromancap\romannumeral #1@}

\@slowromancap Fully expandable macro to change a roman number to uppercase.
54 \def\@slowromancap#1{\ifx @#1% then terminate
55   \else
56     \if i#1I\else\if v#1V\else\if x#1X\else\if l#1L\else\if
57       c#1C\else\if d#1D\else \if m#1M\else\if f#1f\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
58     \expandafter\@slowromancap
59   \fi
60 }

\@alph  \@alph\FOOcounter Representation of \FOOcounter as a lower-case letter: 1 = a, 2 = b, etc.
61 \def\@alph#1{%
62   \ifcase#1\or a\or b\or c\or d\or e\or f\or g\or h\or i\or j\or
63   k\or l\or m\or n\or o\or p\or q\or r\or s\or t\or u\or v\or w\or x\or
64   y\or z\else\@ctrerr\fi}

\@Alph  \@Alph\FOOcounter Representation of \FOOcounter as an upper-case letter: 1 = A, 2 = B, etc.
65 \def\@Alph#1{%
66   \ifcase#1\or A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\or G\or H\or I\or J\or
67   K\or L\or M\or N\or O\or P\or Q\or R\or S\or T\or U\or V\or W\or X\or
68   Y\or Z\else\@ctrerr\fi}

\@fnsymbol Typesetting old fashioned footnote symbols. This can be done both in text or math mode now.
This macro is another example of an ever recurring problem in TeX: Determining if something is text-mode or math-mode. It is imperative for the decision between text and math to be delayed until the actual typesetting is done as the code in question may go through an \edef or \write where an \ifmmode test would be executed prematurely. Hence in the implementation below, \@fnsymbol is not robust in itself but the parts doing the actual typesetting are.
In the case of \@fnsymbol we make use of the robust command \TextOrMath which takes two arguments and typesets the first if in text-mode and the second if in math-mode. Note that in order for this command to make the correct decision, it must insert a \relax token if run under regular TeX, which ruins any kerning between the preceding characters and whatever awaits typesetting. If you use eTeX as engine for LATEX (as recommended) this unfortunate side effect is not present.
69 </2ekernel>
70 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@fnsymbol}{\Use \TextOrMath}%
71 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
72 \def\@fnsymbol#1{%
73   \ifcase#1\or \TextOrMath{textasteriskcentered }*\or

```

```

74   \TextOrMath \textdagger \dagger\or
75   \TextOrMath \textdaggerdbl \ddagger\or
76   \TextOrMath \textsection \mathsection\or
77   \TextOrMath \textparagraph \mathparagraph\or
78   \TextOrMath \textbardbl \|\or
79   \TextOrMath {\textasteriskcentered}\textasteriskcentered}\{**}\or
80   \TextOrMath {\textdagger\textdagger}\{\dagger\dagger}\or
81   \TextOrMath {\textdaggerdbl\textdaggerdbl}\{\ddagger\ddagger}\else
82   \@ctrerr \fi
83 }%
84 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
85 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
86 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@fnsymbol}{Use \TextOrMath}%
87 <latexrelease>\def\@fnsymbol#1{\ensuremath{%
88 <latexrelease> \ifcase#1\or *\or \dagger\or \ddagger\or \mathsection\or
89 <latexrelease> \mathparagraph\or \|\or **\or \dagger\dagger
90 <latexrelease> \or \ddagger\ddagger \else\@ctrerr\fi}}%
91 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
92 <*2ekernel>

```

\TextOrMath When using regular \TeX , we make this command robust so that it always selects the correct branch in an `\ifmmode` switch with the usual disadvantage of ruining kerning. For the application we use it for here that shouldn't matter. The alternative would be to mimic `\IeC` from `inputenc` but then it will have the disadvantage of choosing the wrong branch if appearing at the beginning of an alignment cell. However, users of e\TeX will be pleasantly surprised to get the best of both worlds and no bad side effects.

First some code for checking if we are running e\TeX but making sure not to permanently turn `\eTeXversion` into `\relax`.

```

93 </2ekernel>
94 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\TextOrMath}{\TextOrMath}%
95 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
96 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
97 \expandafter\ifx\csname eTeXversion\endcsname\relax

```

In case of ordinary \TeX we define `\TextOrMath` as a robust command but make sure it always grabs its arguments. If we didn't do this it might very well gobble spaces in the input stream.

```

98 \DeclareRobustCommand\TextOrMath{%
99   \ifmmode \expandafter\@secondoftwo
100  \else \expandafter\@firstoftwo \fi}
101 \protected@edef\TextOrMath#1#2{\TextOrMath{#1}{#2}}
102 \else

```

For e\TeX the situation is similar. The robust macro is a hidden one so that we again avoid problems of gobbling spaces in the input.

```

103 \protected\expandafter\def\csname TextOrMath\space\endcsname{%
104   \ifmmode \expandafter\@secondoftwo
105  \else \expandafter\@firstoftwo \fi}
106 \edef\TextOrMath#1#2{%
107   \expandafter\noexpand\csname TextOrMath\space\endcsname
108   {#1}{#2}}
109 \fi
110 </2ekernel | latexrelease>

```

```
111 <|latexrelease|>\EndIncludeInRelease
112 <|latexrelease|>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\TextOrMath}{\TextOrMath}%
113 <|latexrelease|>\let\TextOrMath\@undefined
114 <|latexrelease|>\EndIncludeInRelease
115 <*2ekernel>
116 </2ekernel>
```

File n

ltlength.dtx

22 Lengths

\newlength	Declare #1 to be a new length command.
\setlength	Set the length command, #1, to the value #2.
\addtolength	Increase the value of the length command, #1, by the value #2.
\settowidth	Set the length, #1 to the width of a box containing #2.
\settoheight	Set the length, #1 to the height of a box containing #2.
\settodepth	Set the length, #1 to the depth of a box containing #2.
	1 {*2ekernel}
	2 \message{lengths,}
\newlength	3 \def\newlength#1{\@ifdefinable#1{\newskip#1}}
\setlength	4 </2ekernel>
	5 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01} %
	6 <latexrelease> \setlength{Using \setlength with \dimen0} %
	7 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
	8 \def\setlength#1#2{#1 #2\relax}
	9 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
	10 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
	11 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00} %
	12 <latexrelease> \setlength{Using \setlength with \dimen0} %
	13 <latexrelease>\def\setlength#1#2{#1#2\relax}
	14 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
	15 (*2ekernel)
\addtolength	\relax added 24 Mar 86
	16 \def\addtolength#1#2{\advance#1 #2\relax}
\settoheight	The obvious analogs of \settowidth.
\settodepth	17 \def\@settodim#1#2#3{\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{{#3}}#2#1\@tempboxa
\settowidth	Clear the memory afterwards (which might be a lot).
\@settodim	18 \setbox\@tempboxa\box\voidb@x
	19 \def\settoheight{\@settodim\ht}
	20 \def\settodepth {\@settodim\dp}
	21 \def\settowidth {\@settodim\wd}
\@settopoint	This macro takes the contents of the skip register that is supplied as its argument and removes the fractional part to make it a whole number of points. This can be used in class files to avoid values like 345.466666pt when calculating a dimension.
	22 \def\@settopoint#1{\divide#1\p@\multiply#1\p@}
	23 </2ekernel>

File o ltfssbas.dtx

This file contains the main implementation of the ‘low level’ font selection commands. See other parts of the L^AT_EX distribution, or *The L^AT_EX Companion* for higher level documentation of the L^AT_EX ‘New’ Font Selection Scheme.

Warning: The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

The ‘2ekernel’ code ensures that a \usepackage{autofss1} is essentially ignored if a ‘full’ format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

Note the autofss2 loading is currently disabled.

```
1 <2ekernel>\expandafter\let\csname ver@autofss1.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

23 Preliminary macros

We define a number of macros that will be used later.

\@nomath \@nomath is used by most macros that will have no effect in math mode. It issues a warning message.

```
2 (*2ekernel)
3 \def\@nomath#1{\relax\ifmmode
4   \@font@warning{Command \noexpand#1 invalid in math mode}\fi}
```

\no@alphabet@error The macro \no@alphabet@error is called whenever the user requests a math *alphabet* that is not available in the current *version*. In math mode an error message is produced otherwise the command keeps silent. The argument is the name of the control sequence that identifies the math *alphabet*. The \relax at the beginning is necessary to prevent T_EX from scanning too far in certain situations.

```
5 \gdef\no@alphabet@error#1{\relax \ifmmode
6   \@latex@error{Math\space alphabet\space identifier\space
7     \noexpand#1 is\space undefined\space in\space math\space
8     version\space ‘\math@version’}%
9   {Your\space requested\space math\space alphabet\space
10    is\space undefined\space in\space the\space current\space
11    math\space version.^^JCheck\space the\space spelling\space
12    or\space use\space the\space \noexpand\SetMathAlphabet\space
13    command.}%
14 \fi}
```

\new@mathgroup \mathgroup We also give a new name to \newfam and \fam to avoid verbal confusion (see the introduction).²

```
15 \% \def\new@mathgroup{\alloc@8\mathgroup\chardef\sixt@n}
16 \let\mathgroup\fam
17 \% \let\newfam\new@mathgroup
18 \onlypreamble\new@mathgroup
```

²For the same reason it seems advisable to \let\fam and \newfam equal to \relax, but this is commented out to retain compatibility to existing style files.

24 Macros for setting up the tables

\DeclareFontShape The macro \DeclareFontShape takes 6 arguments:
19 \def\DeclareFontShape{\begingroup
First we restore the catcodes of all characters used in the syntax.
20 \nfss@catcodes
We use \expandafter \endgroup to restore catcode in case something goes wrong
with the argument parsing (suggested by Tim Van Zandt)

\DeclareFontShape
21 \expandafter\endgroup
22 \DeclareFontShape@}
23 \def\DeclareFontShape@#1#2#3#4#5#6{
24 \expandafter\ifx\csname #1#2\endcsname\relax
25 @latex@error{Font family '#1#2' unknown}\@eha
26 \else
27 \expandafter
28 \xdef\csname#1/#2/#3/#4\endcsname{\expandafter\noexpand
29 \csname #5\endcsname}
30 \def\reserved@a{#6}
31 \global
32 \expandafter\let\csname#5\expandafter\endcsname
33 \ifx\reserved@a\empty
34 \empty
35 \else
36 \reserved@a
37 \fi
38 \fi
39 }

\DeclareFixedFont Define a direct font switch that avoids all overhead.
40 \def\DeclareFixedFont#1#2#3#4#5#6{
41 \begingroup
42 \math@fontsfalsete
43 \every@math@size{}%
44 \fontsize{#6}\z@
45 \usefont{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
46 \global\expandafter\let\expandafter#1\the\font
47 \endgroup
48 }

\do@subst@correction
49 \def\do@subst@correction{
50 \xdef\subst@correction{
51 \font@name
52 \global\expandafter\font
53 \csname \curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname
54 \noexpand\fontname\font
55 \relax}%

Calling \subst@correction after the current group means calling it after we have
loaded the substitution font which is done inside a group.

56 \aftergroup\subst@correction
57 }

```
\DeclareFontFamily
```

```
 58 \def\DeclareFontFamily#1#2#3{%
```

If we want fast checking for the encoding scheme we can just check for `\T@..` being defined.

```
 59 % \tempswafalse
 60 % \def\reserved@b{#1}%
 61 % \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
 62 %     \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \tempswatrue\fi}%
 63 % \cdp@list
 64 % \if@tempswa
 65 \ifundefined{T@#1}%
 66   {%
 67     \@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#1' unknown}\@eha
 68   }%
 69 }
```

Now we have to define the macro `\(#1)+(#2)` to contain #3. But since most of the time #3 will be empty we use `\let` in a tricky way rather than a simple `\def` since this will save internal memory. We store the argument #3 in a temporary macro `\reserved@a`.

```
70 \def\reserved@a{#3}%
```

We compare `\reserved@a` with `\empty`. If these two are the same we `\let` the ‘extra’ macro equal to `\empty` which is not the same as doing a `\let` to `\reserved@a` — the latter would blow one extra memory location rather than reusing the one from `\empty`.

```
71 \global
72 \expandafter\let\csname #1+#2\expandafter\endcsname
73   \ifx \reserved@a\empty
74     \empty
75   \else \reserved@a
76   \fi
77 }
78 }
```

`\cdp@list` We initialize the code page list to be empty.

```
79 \let\cdp@list\empty
80 \onlypreamble\cdp@list
```

```
\cdp@elt
```

```
81 \let\cdp@elt\relax
82 \onlypreamble\cdp@elt
```

```
\DeclareFontEncoding
```

```
83 \def\DeclareFontEncoding{%
```

First we start with ignoring all blanks and newlines since every surplus space in the second or third argument will come out in a weird place in the document.

```
84 \begingroup
85 \nfss@catcodes
86 \expandafter\endgroup
87 \DeclareFontEncoding@}
88 \onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncoding
```

```

89 \def\DeclareFontEncoding#1#2#3{%
90   \expandafter
91   \ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
92     \def\cdp@elt{\noexpand\cdp@elt}%
93     \xdef\cdp@list{\cdp@list\cdp@elt{#1}%
94                   {\default@family}{\default@series}%
95                   {\default@shape}}%

```

To support encoding dependent commands (like accents) we initialise the command `\langle encoding -cmd` to be `\@changed@cmd`. (See `ltoutenc.dtx` for details.)

```

96   \expandafter\let\csname#1-cmd\endcsname\@changed@cmd
97 \else
98   \@font@info{Redeclaring font encoding #1}%
99 \fi
100 \global\@namedef{T@#1}{#2}%
101 \global\@namedef{M@#1}{\default@M#3}%

```

Keep a record of the last encoding being declared:

```

102 \xdef\LastDeclaredEncoding{#1}%
103 }
104 \onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncoding@

```

`\LastDeclaredEncoding` The last encoding being declared by `\DeclareFontEncoding`.

```

105 \def\LastDeclaredEncoding{}%

```

`\DeclareFontSubstitution`

```

106 \def\DeclareFontSubstitution#1#2#3#4{%
107   \expandafter
108   \ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
109     \@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#1' unknown}\@eha
110   \else
111     \begingroup

```

We loop through the `\cdp@list` and rebuild it anew in `\toks@` thereby replacing the defaults for the encoding in question with the new defaults. It is important to store the encoding to test against expanded in `\reserved@a` since it might just be `\LastDeclaredEncoding` that is passed as `#1`.

```

112   \edef\reserved@a{#1}%
113   \toks@{}%
114   \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{%
115     \def\reserved@b{##1}%
116     \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b

```

Here we use the new defaults but we use `##1` (i.e., the encoding name already stored previously) since we know that it is expanded.

```

117   \addto@hook\toks@{\cdp@elt{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}}%
118 \else

```

If `\reserved@a` and `\reserved@b` differ then we simply copy from the old list to the new.

```

119   \addto@hook\toks@{\cdp@elt{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}}%
120 \fi}%
121 \cdp@list

```

```

122      \xdef\cdp@list{\the\toks@}%
123  \endgroup
124  \global
125  \@namedef{D@#1}{%
126      \def\default@family{#2}%
127      \def\default@series{#3}%
128      \def\default@shape{#4}%
129  }%
130  \fi
131 }
132 \onlypreamble\DeclareFontSubstitution

\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults
133 \def\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults#1#2{%
134   \ifx\relax#1\else
135     \ifx\default@T\empty\else
136       \@font@info{Overwriting encoding scheme text defaults}%
137     \fi
138     \gdef\default@T{#1}%
139   \fi
140   \ifx\relax#2\else
141     \ifx\default@M\empty\else
142       \@font@info{Overwriting encoding scheme math defaults}%
143     \fi
144     \gdef\default@M{#2}%
145   \fi
146 }
147 \onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults

\default@T
\default@M 148 \let\default@T\empty
149 \let\default@M\empty

```

\DeclarePreloadSizes

```

150 \def\DeclarePreloadSizes#1#2#3#4#5{%
151   \ifundefined{T@#1}%
152     {\@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#1' unknown}\@eha}%
153   }%

```

Don't know at the moment what this group here does!

```
154   \begingroup
```

We define a macro `\reserved@f3` that grabs the next *size* and loads the corresponding font. This is done by delimiting `\reserved@f`'s only argument by the token , (comma).

```
155   \def\reserved@f##1,%
```

The end of the list will be detected when there are no more elements, i.e. when `\reserved@f`'s argument is empty. The trick used here is explained in Appendix D of the TeXbook: if the argument is empty the `\if` will select the first clause and `\let \reserved@f` equal to `\relax`. (We use the > character here since it cannot appear in font file names.)

```
156   \if>##1>%
```

³We cannot use `\tempa` since it is needed in `\pickup@font`.

```

157           \let\reserved@f\relax
158       \else
```

Otherwise, we define `\font@name` appropriately and call `\pickup@font` to do the work. Note that the requested `\curr@fontshape` combination must have been defined, or you will get an error. The definition of `\font@name` is carried out globally to be consistent with the rest of the code in this file.

```

159           \xdef\font@name{\csname#1/#2/#3/#4##1\endcsname}%
160           \pickup@font
```

Now we forget the name of the font just loaded. More precisely, we set the corresponding control sequence to `\relax`. This means that later on, when the font is first used, the macro `\define@newfont` is called again to execute the ‘extra’ macro for this font.

```

161           \global\expandafter\let\font@name\relax
162       \fi
```

Finally we call `\reserved@f` again to process the next *size*. If `\reserved@f` was `\let` equal to `\relax` this will end the macro.

```
163           \reserved@f}%
```

We finish with reinserting the list of sizes after the `\reserved@f` macro and appending an empty element so that the end of the list is recognized properly.

```

164           \reserved@f#5,%
165           \endgroup
166       }%
167   }
168 \onlypreamble\DeclarePreloadSizes
```

`\ifmath@fonts` We need a switch to decide if we have to switch math fonts. For this purpose we provide `\ifmath@fonts` that can be set to true or false by the `\S@...` macros depending on if math fonts are provided for this size or not. The default is of course to switch all fonts.

```
169 \newif\ifmath@fonts \math@fontstrue
```

`\DeclareMathSizes` `\DeclareMathSizes` takes the text size, math text size, math script size, and math scriptscript size as arguments and defines the right `\S@...` macro.

```

170 \def\DeclareMathSizes{%
171   \@ifstar{\@DeclareMathSizes\math@fontstrue}{%
172     {\@DeclareMathSizes{}}}
173 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathSizes
```

`\@DeclareMathSizes` This modification by Michael J. Downes on comp.text.tex on 2002/10/17 allows the user to have settings such as

```
\DeclareMathSizes{9.5dd}{9.5dd}{7.4dd}{6.6dd}.
```

```

174 </2ekernel>
175 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease[2015/01/01]{\@DeclareMathSizes}%
176 <latexrelease>                                {Arbitrary units in \DeclareMathSizes}%
177 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
178 \def\@DeclareMathSizes #1#2#3#4#5{%
179   \@defaultunits\dimen@ #2pt\relax\@nnil
180   \if $#3$%
181     \expandafter\let\csname S@\stripopt\dimen@\endcsname\math@fontstrue
182   \else
```

```

183      \c@defaultunits\dimen@ii #3pt\relax\@nnil
184      \c@defaultunits\@tempdima #4pt\relax\@nnil
185      \c@defaultunits\@tempdimb #5pt\relax\@nnil
186      \toks@\{#1}%
187      \expandafter\xdef\csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname{%
188          \gdef\noexpand\@size{\strip@pt\dimen@ii}%
189          \gdef\noexpand\@size{\strip@pt\@tempdima}%
190          \gdef\noexpand\@size{\strip@pt\@tempdimb}%
191          \the\toks@%
192      }%
193  \fi
194 }%
195 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
196 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
197 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\c@DeclareMathSizes}%
198 <latexrelease>          {Arbitrary units in \c@DeclareMathSizes}%
199 <latexrelease>\def\c@DeclareMathSizes#1#2#3#4#5{%
200 <latexrelease>    \c@defaultunits\dimen@#2pt\relax\@nnil
201 <latexrelease>    \if$#3$%
202 <latexrelease>        \expandafter \let
203 <latexrelease>            \csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname
204 <latexrelease>            \math@fontsfalse
205 <latexrelease>        \else
206 <latexrelease>            \expandafter \gdef
207 <latexrelease>            \csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname
208 <latexrelease>                {\gdef\@size{#3}\gdef\@size{#4}%
209 <latexrelease>                \gdef\@size{#5}%
210 <latexrelease>                #1}%
211 <latexrelease>            \fi}%
212 <latexrelease>        }%
213 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
214 <*2ekernel>
215 \c@onlypreamble\c@DeclareMathSizes

```

25 Selecting a new font

25.1 Macros for the user

\fontencoding \f@encoding As we said in the introduction a font is described by four parameters. We first define macros to specify the wanted *family*, *series*, or *shape*. These are simply recorded in internal macros \f@family, \f@series, and \f@shape, resp. We use \edef's so that the arguments can also be macros.

```

216 \c@DeclareRobustCommand\fontencoding[1]{%
217     \expandafter\ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
218         \c@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#1' unknown}\c@eha
219     \else
220         \edef\f@encoding{#1}%
221         \ifx\cf@encoding\f@encoding

```

If the new encoding is the same as the old encoding we have nothing to do. However, in case we had a sequence of several encoding changes without a \selectfont in-between we can save processing by making sure that \enc@update is \relax.

```

222      \let\enc@update\relax
223      \else
```

If current and new encoding differ we define the macro `\enc@update` to contain all updates necessary at `\selectfont` time.

```

224      \let\enc@update\@enc@update
225      \fi
226      \fi
227 }
```

`\@enc@update`

```
228 \def\@enc@update{%
```

When `\@enc@update` is executed `\f@encoding` holds the encoding name for the new encoding and `\cf@encoding` the name of the last active encoding.

We start by setting the init command for encoding dependent macros to `\@changed@cmd`.

```

229      \expandafter
230      \let
231      \csname\cf@encoding -cmd\endcsname
232      \@changed@cmd
```

Then we turn the one for the new encoding to `\@current@cmd` (see `ltoutenc.dtx` for further explanations).

```

233      \expandafter
234      \let
235      \csname\f@encoding-cmd\endcsname
236      \@current@cmd
```

We execute the default settings `\default@T`, followed by the one for the new encoding.

```

237      \default@T
238      \csname T@\f@encoding\endcsname
```

Finally we change the default substitution values, disable `\enc@update` and make `\f@encoding` officially the current encoding.

```

239      \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname
240      \let\enc@update\relax
241      \let\cf@encoding\f@encoding
242 }
```

`\enc@update` The default action in `\selectfont` is to do nothing.

```
243 \let\enc@update\relax
```

`\fontfamily`

```
244 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontfamily[1]{\edef\f@family{\#1}}
```

`\fontseries`

```
245 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontseries[1]{\edef\f@series{\#1}}
```

`\f@series`

```
246 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontshape [1]{\edef\f@shape{\#1}}
```

`\fontshape`

Some handy abbreviation if you want to get some particular font in the current size. If also the size should change one has to issue a `\fontsize` command first.

```
247 \def\usefont#1#2#3#4{\fontencoding{\#1}\fontfamily{\#2}\%
```

```
248      \fontseries{\#3}\fontshape{\#4}\selectfont
```

```
249      \ignorespaces}
```

<code>\linespread</code>	The command <code>\linespread</code> changes the current <code>\baselinestretch</code> by calling <code>\set@fontsize</code> . The values for <code>\f@size</code> and <code>\f@baselineskip</code> will be left unchanged.
	250 <code>\DeclareRobustCommand{\linespread}[1]</code> 251 <code>{\set@fontsize{#1}\f@size\f@baselineskip}</code>
<code>\fontsize</code>	We also define a macro that allows to specify a size. In this case, however, we also need the value of <code>\baselineskip</code> . As the first argument to <code>\set@fontsize</code> we pass the current value of <code>\baselinestretch</code> . This will either match the internal value (in which case nothing changes, or it will be an updated value due to a user change of that macro using <code>\renewcommand</code> . If we would pass the internal <code>\f@linespread</code> such a change would be effectively overwritten by a size change.
	252 <code>\DeclareRobustCommand{\fontsize}[2]</code> 253 <code>{\set@fontsize\baselinestretch{#1}{#2}}</code>
<code>\f@linespread</code>	This macro holds the current internal value for <code>\baselinestretch</code> .
	254 <code>\let\f@family\@empty</code> 255 <code>\let\f@series\@empty</code> 256 <code>\let\f@shape\@empty</code> 257 <code>\let\f@size\@empty</code> 258 <code>\let\f@baselineskip\@empty</code> 259 <code>\let\f@linespread\@empty</code>
<code>\cf@encoding</code>	
	260 <code>\let\f@encoding\@empty</code> 261 <code>\let\cf@encoding\@empty</code>
<code>\@defaultunits</code>	The function <code>\@defaultunits</code> when wrapped around a dimen or skip assignment supplies default units. Usage: <code>\@defaultunits\dimen@=#1pt\relax\@nnil</code> Note: the <code>\relax</code> is *important*. Other units can be substituted for the 'pt' if desired.
	We use <code>\remove@to@nnil</code> as an auxiliary macros for <code>\@defaultunits</code> . It just has to gobble the supplied default unit 'pt' or whatever, if it wasn't used in the assignment.
	262 <code>\def\@defaultunits{\afterassignment\remove@to@nnil}</code>
<code>\strip@pt</code>	This macro strips the characters pt produced by using <code>\the</code> on a dimen register.
<code>\rem@pt</code>	263 <code>\begingroup</code> 264 <code>\catcode`P=12</code> 265 <code>\catcode`T=12</code> 266 <code>\lowercase{</code> 267 <code>\def\x{\def\rem@pt##1.##2PT{##1\ifnum##2>\z@.##2\fi}}</code> 268 <code>\expandafter\endgroup\x</code> 269 <code>\def\strip@pt{\expandafter\rem@pt\the}</code>
<code>\mathversion</code>	<code>\mathversion</code> takes the math <i>version</i> name as argument, defines <code>\math@version</code>
<code>\math@version</code>	appropriately and switches to the font selected forcing a call to <code>\glb@settings</code> if the <i>version</i> is known to the system.
	270 <code>\DeclareRobustCommand{\mathversion}[1]</code> 271 <code>{\@nomath\mathversion}</code>

```

272      \expandafter\ifx\csname mv@\#1\endcsname\relax
273      \@latex@error{Math version '#1' is not defined}\@eha\else
274      \edef\math@version{\#1}%

```

We need to force a math font setup both now and at the point where we return to the previous math version. Forcing a math font setup can simply be done by setting `\glb@currsize` to an invalid value since this will trigger the setup when the formula starts.

```
275      \gdef\glb@currsize{}%
```

When the scope of the current `\mathversion` ends we need to restore the old setup. However this time we need to force it directly at least if we are inside math, otherwise we could wait. Another way to enhance this code here is to do the setting only if the version really has changed after all. This might be interesting in case of `amstext` and `boldsymbol`.

```

276      \aftergroup\glb@settings
277      \fi}

```

If \TeX would support a hook just before the end of a formula (opposite of `\everymath` so to speak) the implementation of the algorithm would be much simpler because in that case we would set up the correct math fonts at this point without having to worry about incorrect settings due to nesting. The same would be true if in \LaTeX the use of `$` (as the primitive \TeX command) would be impossible and instead only a higher-level interface would be available. Note that this does not mean that a `$` couldn't be the short-hand for starting and stopping that higher-level interface, it only means that the direct \TeX function must be hidden.

Anyway, since we don't have this and won't have it in $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$ we need to implement it in a somewhat slower way.

We test for the current math font setup on entry of a formula, i.e., on the hooks `\everymath` and `\everydisplay`. But since these hooks may contain user data we provide ourselves with an internal version of these hooks which stays frozen.

<code>\frozen@everymath</code>	New internal names for <code>\everymath</code> and <code>\everydisplay</code> .
<code>\frozen@everydisplay</code>	278 <code>\let\frozen@everymath\everymath</code> 279 <code>\let\frozen@everydisplay\everydisplay</code>
<code>\everymath</code>	Now we provide now user hooks that will be called in the frozen internals.
<code>\everydisplay</code>	280 <code>\newtoks\everymath</code> 281 <code>\newtoks\everydisplay</code>
<code>\frozen@everymath</code>	Now we define the behaviour of the frozen hooks: first check the math setup then call the user hook.
	282 <code>\frozen@everymath = {\check@mathfonts</code> 283 <code>\the\everymath}</code>
<code>\frozen@everydisplay</code>	Ditto for the display hook.
	284 <code>\frozen@everydisplay = {\check@mathfonts</code> 285 <code>\the\everydisplay}</code>
<code>\curr@math@size</code>	This holds locally the current math size.
	286 <code>\let\curr@math@size\empty</code>

25.2 Macros for loading fonts

\pickup@font	The macro \pickup@font which is used in \selectfont is very simple: if the font name is undefined (i.e. not known yet) it calls \define@newfont to load it.
	<pre> 287 \def\pickup@font{% 288 \expandafter \ifx \font@name \relax 289 \define@newfont 290 \fi}</pre>
\split@name	\pickup@font assumes that \font@name is set but it is sometimes called when \f@family, \f@series, \f@shape, or \f@size may have the wrong settings (see, e.g., the definition of \getanddefine@fonts). Therefore we need a macro to extract font <i>family</i> , <i>series</i> , <i>shape</i> , and <i>size</i> from the font name. To this end we define \split@name which takes the font name as a list of characters of \catcode 12 (without the backslash at the beginning) delimited by the special control sequence \@nil. This is not very complicated: we first ensure that / has the right \catcode
	<pre> 291 {\catcode`\/=12</pre> <p>and define \split@name so that it will define our private \f@encoding, \f@family, \f@series, \f@shape, and \f@size macros.</p> <pre> 292 \gdef\split@name#1/#2/#3/#4/#5@nil{\def\f@encoding{#1}% 293 \def\f@family{#2}% 294 \def\f@series{#3}% 295 \def\f@shape{#4}% 296 \def\f@size{#5}}}</pre>
\curr@fontshape	Abbreviation which may get removed again for speed.
	<pre> 297 \def\curr@fontshape{\f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/\f@shape}</pre>
\define@newfont	Now we can tackle the problem of defining a new font.
	<pre> 298 \def\define@newfont{%</pre> <p>We have already mentioned that the token list that \split@name will get as argument must not start with a backslash. To reach this goal we will set the \escapechar to -1 so that the \string primitive will not generate an escape character. To keep this change local we open a group. We use \begingroup for this purpose since \define@newfont might be called in math mode, and an empty \bgroup...\egroup would add an empty Ord atom to the math list and thus affect the spacing.</p> <p>Also locally redefine \typeout so that ‘No file ...fd’ Warnings become Font Info message just sent to the log file.</p> <pre> 299 \begingroup 300 \let\typeout\@font@info 301 \escapechar\m@ne</pre> <p>Then we extract <i>encoding scheme</i>, <i>family</i>, <i>series</i>, <i>shape</i>, and <i>size</i> from the font name. Note the four \expandafter’s so that \font@name is expanded first, then \string, and finally \split@name.</p> <pre> 302 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter 303 \split@name\expandafter\string\font@name\@nil</pre>

If the `\curr@fontshape` combination is not available, (i.e. undefined) we call the macro `\wrong@fontshape` to take care of this case. Otherwise `\extract@font` will load the external font for us.

```
304 %     \expandafter\ifx
305 %         \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname \relax
306 %         \try@load@fontshape % try always
307 %     \fi
308 %     \expandafter\ifx
309 %         \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname \relax
310 %         \wrong@fontshape\else
```

To allow substitution we call the `curr@fontshape` macro which usually will expand to `\relax` but may hold code for substitution (see `\subst@fontshape` definition).

```
311 %     \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
312 %     \extract@font\fi
```

We are nearly finished and must only restore the `\escapechar` by closing the group.

```
313 % \endgroup}
314 \def\try@load@fontshape{%
315 %     \expandafter
316 %     \ifx\csname \f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname\relax
317 %         \@font@info{Try loading font information for
318 %             \f@encoding+\f@family}%
319 % }
```

We predefine this combination to be `\empty` which means that next time we don't try again unnecessary in case we don't find a `.fd` file. If the file contains a `\DeclareFontFamily` command than this setting will be overwritten.

```
319 % \global\expandafter\let
320 %     \csname\f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname\empty
```

Set the catcodes used in the syntax, but do it only once (this will be restored at the end of the font loading group).

```
321 % \nfss@catcodes
322 % \let\nfss@catcodes\relax
```

For increased portability make the external filename monocase, but look for the (old style) mixed case filename if the first attempt fails.

On any monocase system this means that the file is looked for twice which takes up time and string space, but at least for this release Check for both names to give people time to re-install their private fd files with lowercase names.

```
323 % \edef\reserved@a{%
324 %     \lowercase{%
325 %         \noexpand\InputIfFileExists{\f@encoding\f@family.fd}}}}
326 % \reserved@a\relax
327 % {\@input{\f@encoding\f@family.fd}}%
328 % }
```

\nfss@catcodes This macro should contain the standard `\catcode` assignments to all characters which are used in the commands found in an `.fd` file and which might have special `\catcodes` in the middle of a document. If necessary, this list can be extended in a package file using a suitable number of `\expandafter`, i.e.,

```
\expandafter\def\expandafter\nfss@catcodes
\expandafter{\nfss@catcodes <additional settings>}
```

Note, that this macro might get executed several times since it is also called by `\DeclareFontShape`, thus it probably should not be misused as a general purpose hook.

```
329 \def\nfss@catcodes{%
```

We start by making @ a letter and ignoring all blanks and newlines.

```
330     \makeatletter
331     \catcode`\ 9%
332     \catcode`\"I9%
333     \catcode`\"M9%
```

Then we set up \, {, }, # and % in case an .fd file is loaded during a verbatim environment.

```
334     \catcode`\\z@
335     \catcode`{\@ne
336     \catcode`}\@tw@
337     \catcode`\#6%
338     \catcode`\^7%
339     \catcode`\%14%
```

The we make sure that the important syntax parts have the right \catcode.

```
340     \@makeother\<%
341     \@makeother\>%
342     \@makeother\*%
343     \@makeother\.%%
344     \@makeother\-%%
345     \@makeother\//%
346     \@makeother\[%
347     \@makeother\]%
348     \@makeother\%
349     \@makeother\%
350     \@makeother\%"%
351 }
```

`\DeclareErrorFont` Declare the last resort shape! We assume that in this fontshape there is a 10pt font but it doesn't really matter. We only loose one macro name if the assumption is false. But at least the font should be there!

```
352 \def\DeclareErrorFont#1#2#3#4#5{%
353     \xdef\error@fontshape{%
354         \noexpand\expandafter\noexpand\split@name\noexpand\string
355         \expandafter\noexpand\csname#1/#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
356         \noexpand\@nil}%
357 }
```

Initialize all those internal variables which may or may not have values in the first seconds of NFSS' bootstrapping process. Later on such values will be updated when an encoding is selected, etc.

We definitely don't want to set `\f@encoding`; we can set all the others since if they are left "blank" any selection would grab "error default values" as well. However, this probably should go also.

```
357 %     \gdef\f@encoding{#1}%
358     \gdef\default@family{#2}%
359     \gdef\default@series{#3}%
360     \gdef\default@shape{#4}%
361     \global\let\f@family\default@family
```

```

362      \global\let\f@series\default@series
363      \global\let\f@shape\default@shape
364      \gdef\f@size{#5}%
365      \gdef\f@baselineskip{#5pt}%
366 }
367 \onlypreamble\DeclareErrorFont

```

\wrong@fontshape Before we come to the macro \extract@font we have to take care of unknown \curr@fontshape combinations. The general strategy is to issue a warning and to try a default *shape*, then a default *series*, and finally a default *family*. If this last one also fails TeX will go into an infinite loop. But if the defaults are set incorrectly one deserves nothing else!

```

368 </2ekernel>
369 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\wrong@fontshape}%
370 <latexrelease>          {Font substitution in preamble}%
371 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
372 \def\wrong@fontshape{%
373   \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname % install defaults if in math

```

We remember the wanted \curr@fontshape combination which we will need in a moment.

```

374   \edef\reserved@a{\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname}%
375   \ifx\last@fontshape\reserved@a
376     \errmessage{Corrupted NFSS tables}%
377     \error@fontshape
378   \else

```

Then we warn the user about the mess and set the shape to its default.

```

379     \let\f@shape\default@shape

```

If the combination is not known, try the default *series*.

```

380   \expandafter\ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
381     \let\f@series\default@series

```

If this is still undefined, try the default *family*. Otherwise give up. We never try to change the encoding scheme!

```

382   \expandafter
383   \ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
384     \let\f@family\default@family

```

If we change the font family and we are in the preamble then the corresponding .fd file may not been loaded yet. Therefore we try this now. Otherwise equating the requested font shape with the finally selected fontshape below will fail and can result in “NFSS tables corrupted”. After begin document that will not happen as all .fd files involved in substitution are loaded at \begin{document}.

```

385   \begingroup
386     \try@load@fontshape
387   \endgroup
388   \fi \fi
389 \fi

```

At this point a valid \curr@fontshape combination must have been found. We inform the user about this fact.

The \expandafter\string here stops TeX adding the space that it usually puts after command names in messages. The similar construction with \undefined just produces ‘undefined’, but saves a few tokens.

`\@wrong@font@char` is locally redefined in `\UseTextSymbol` from its normal (empty) definition, to report the symbol generating the font switch.

```
390     \@font@warning{Font shape '\expandafter\string\reserved@a'
391                     \expandafter\@gobble\string\@undefined\MessageBreak
392                     using '\curr@fontshape' instead\@wrong@font@char}%
393     \global\let\last@fontshape\reserved@a
```

We change `\@defaultsubs` to produce a warning at the end of the document.

The macro `\@defaultsubs` is initially `\relax` but gets changed here if some default font substitution happens. It is then executed in `\enddocument`.

```
394     \gdef\@defaultsubs{%
395         \@font@warning{Some font shapes were not available, defaults
396                     substituted.\@gobbletwo}}%
```

If we substitute a `\curr@fontshape` combination by the default one we don't want the warning to be printed out whenever this (unknown) combination is used. Therefore we globally `\let` the macro corresponding to the wanted combination equal to its substitution. This requires the use of four `\expandafter`'s since `\csname... \endcsname` has to be expanded before `\reserved@a` (i.e. the requested combination), and this must happen before the `\let` is executed.

```
397     \global\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let
398         \expandafter\reserved@a
399         \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
```

Now we can redefine `\font@name` accordingly. This *must* be done globally since it might occur in the group opened by `\define@newfont`. If we would this definition were local the closing `\endgroup` there would restore the old meaning of `\font@name` and then switch to the wrong font at the end of `\selectfont` although the correct font was loaded.

```
400     \xdef\font@name{%
401         \csname\curr@fontshape\f@size\endcsname}%

```

The last thing this macro does is to call `\pickup@font` again to load the font if it is not defined yet. At this point this code will loop endlessly if the defaults are not well defined.

```
402     \pickup@font}
403 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
404 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
405 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\wrong@fontshape}%
406 <latexrelease>                      {Font substitution in preamble}%
407 <latexrelease>\def\wrong@fontshape{%
408 <latexrelease>    \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname
409 <latexrelease>    \edef\reserved@a{\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname}%
410 <latexrelease>    \ifx\last@fontshape\reserved@a
411 <latexrelease>        \errmessage{Corrupted NFSS tables}%
412 <latexrelease>        \error@fontshape
413 <latexrelease>    \else
414 <latexrelease>        \let\f@shape\default@shape
415 <latexrelease>        \expandafter\ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
416 <latexrelease>            \let\f@series\default@series
417 <latexrelease>            \expandafter
418 <latexrelease>                \ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
419 <latexrelease>                    \let\f@family\default@family
420 <latexrelease>                \fi \fi
```

```

421 ⟨latexrelease⟩ \fi
422 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \@font@warning{Font shape
423 ⟨latexrelease⟩     ‘\expandafter\string\reserved@a’
424 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \expandafter\@gobble\string\@undefined
425 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \MessageBreak
426 ⟨latexrelease⟩       using ‘\curr@fontshape’ instead\@wrong@font@char}%
427 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\let\last@fontshape\reserved@a
428 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \gdef\@defaultsubs{%
429 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \@font@warning{Some font shapes were not available,
430 ⟨latexrelease⟩       defaults substituted.\@gobbletwo}}%
431 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let
432 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \expandafter\reserved@a
433 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
434 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \xdef\font@name{%
435 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
436 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \pickup@font}
437 ⟨latexrelease⟩ \EndIncludeInRelease
438 {*2ekernel}

```

\@wrong@font@char Normally empty but redefined in \UseTextSymbol so that the Font shape undefined message can refer to the symbol causing the problem.

```
439 \let\@wrong@font@char\@empty
```

\@defaultsubs See above.

```
440 \let\@defaultsubs\relax
```

\strip@prefix In \extract@font we will need a way to recover the replacement text of a macro. This is done by the primitive \meaning together with the macro \strip@prefix (for the details see appendix D of the T_EXbook, p. 382).

```
441 \def\strip@prefix#1>{}
```

26 Assigning math fonts to *versions*

\install@mathalphabet This is just another name for \gdef but we can redefine it if necessary later on.

```
442 \let\install@mathalphabet\gdef
```

\math@fonts

```
443 \let\math@fonts\@empty
```

\select@group \select@group has four arguments: the new ⟨math alphabet identifier⟩ (a control sequence), the ⟨math group number⟩, the extra macro for math mode and the \curr@fontshape definition macro name. We first check if we are in math mode.

```
444 %\def\select@group#1#2#3{\relax\ifmmode
```

We do these things locally using \begingroup instead of \bgroup to avoid the appearance of an empty Ord atom on the math list.

```
445 % \begingroup
```

We set the math fonts for the *family* in question by calling \getanddefine@fonts in the correct environment.

```
446 % \escapechar\m@ne
```

```
447 % \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
```

We globally select the math fonts...

```
448 % \globaldefs@one \math@fonts  
... and close the group to restore \globaldefs and \escapechar.  
449 % \endgroup
```

As long as no *size* or *version* change occurs the $\langle\mathit{math alphabet identifier}\rangle$ should simply switch to the installed *math group* instead of calling `\select@group` unnecessarily. So we globally redefine the first argument (the new $\langle\mathit{math alphabet identifier}\rangle$) to expand into a `\mathgroup` switch and then select this *alphabet*. Note that this redefinition will be overwritten by the next call to a *version* macro.

The original code for the end of `\select@group` was

```
\gdef#1{#3\mathgroup #2}#1\fi}
```

i.e. first redefining the $\langle\mathit{math alphabet identifier}\rangle$ and then calling the new definition to switch to the wanted $\langle\mathit{math group}\rangle$. Now we define the $\langle\mathit{math alphabet identifier}\rangle$ as a call to the `\use@mathgroup` command.

```
450 % \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%  
451 % {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
```

But this is not sufficient, as we learned the hard way. The problem here is that the loading of the fonts that comprise the alphabet identifier #1, as well as the necessary math font assignments is deferred until it is used. This is OK so far, but if the fonts are switched within the current formula (which may happen if a sub-formula is a box that contains a math version switch) the font assignments for #1 are not restored unless #1 is used again. This is disastrous since TeX sees the wrong fonts at the end of the math formula, when it converts the math list into a horizontal list.

This is taken into account as follows: When a math alphabet identifier is used for the first time in a certain version it modifies the corresponding macro `\mv@<version>` so that it calls `\getanddefine@fonts` directly in future as well. We use the macro `\extract@alph@from@version` to do this. It takes the math alphabet identifier #1 and the math version macro as arguments.

```
452 % \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version  
453 % \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname  
454 % \expandafter{\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%  
455 % #1%  
456 % \stepcounter{mv@\math@version}%
```

Finally, it is not possible to simply call the new definition since we have an argument (the third argument of `\use@mathgroup` or more exactly the argument of `\math@egroup` if the `margid` option is in force) which would swallow our closing `\fi`. So we use the `\expandafter` technique to remove the `\fi` before the `\use@mathgroup` is expanded.

```
457 %\expandafter #1\fi}
```

`\extract@alph@from@version` We proceed to the definition of the macro `\extract@alph@from@version`. As stated above, it takes a math alphabet identifier and a math version macro (e.g. `\mv@normal`) as its arguments.

```
458 \def\extract@alph@from@version#1#2#3{%
```

To extract and replace the definition of math alphabet identifier #3 in macro #1 we have to recall how this definition looks like: Somewhere in the replacement

text of #1 there is the sequence

```
\install@mathalphabet<math alphabet identifier> #3{%
    <Definitions for #3>}
```

Hence, the first thing we do is to extract the tokens preceding this definitions, the definition itself, and the tokens following it. To this end we define one auxiliary macro `\reserved@a`.

```
459 \def\reserved@a##1\install@mathalphabet#3##2##3\@nil{%
```

When `\reserved@a` is expanded, it will have the tokens preceding the definition in question in its first argument (#1), the following tokens in its third argument (#3), and the replacement text for the math alphabet identifier #3 in its second argument. (#2). This is then recorded for later use in a temporary macro `\reserved@b`.

```
460 \def\reserved@b{##2}%
```

Additionally, we define a macro `\reserved@c` to reconstruct the definitions for the math version in question from the tokens that will remain unchanged (#1 and #3) and the yet to build new definitions for the math alphabet identifier #3.

```
461 \def\reserved@c####1{\gdef#1{##1####1##3}}%
```

Then we execute our auxiliary macro.

```
462 \expandafter\reserved@a#1\@nil
```

OK, so now we have to build the new definition for #3. To do so, we first extract the interesting parts out of the old one. The old definition looks like:

```
\select@group<math alphabet identifier>
    <math group number><math extra part>
<curr@fontshape definition>
```

So we define a new temporary macro `\reserved@a` that extracts these parts.

```
463 \def\reserved@a\select@group#3##1##2\@nil{%
```

This macro can now directly rebuild the math version definition by calling `\reserved@c`:

```
464 \reserved@c{%
465     \getanddefine@fonts{#2}##2%
466     \install@mathalphabet#3{%
467         \relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#3\fi
468         \use@mathgroup##1{#2}}}}
```

In addition it defines the alphabet the way it should be used from now on.

```
469 \gdef#3{\relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#3\fi
470     \use@mathgroup##1{#2}}}%
```

Finally, we only have to call this macro `\reserved@a` on the old definitions recorded in `\reserved@b`:

```
471 \expandafter\reserved@a\reserved@b\@nil
472 }
```

`\math@bgroup` Here are the default definitions for `\math@bgroup` and `\math@egroup`. We use `\bgroup` instead of `\begingroup` to avoid ‘leaking out’ of style changes. This has the side effect of always producing mathord atoms.

```
473 \let\math@bgroup\bgroup
474 \def\math@egroup#1{#1\egroup}
```

\calculate@math@sizes Here is the default definition for \calculate@math@sizes a more elaborate interface is under testing in mthscale.sty.

```
475 \gdef\calculate@math@sizes{%
476   \@font@info{Calculating\space math\space sizes\space for\space
477   size\space <\f@size>}%
478   \dimen@\f@size \p@
479   \tempdima \defaultscriptratio \dimen@
480   \dimen@ \defaultscriptscriptratio \dimen@
481   \expandafter\xdef\csname S@\f@size\endcsname{%
482     \gdef\noexpand\tf@size{\f@size}%
483     \gdef\noexpand\sf@size{\strip@pt\@tempdima}%
484     \gdef\noexpand\ssf@size{\strip@pt\dimen@}%
485     \noexpand\math@fontstrue}}
```

\defaultscriptratio The default ratio for math sizes is:

\defaultscriptscriptratio 1 to \defaultscriptratio to \defaultscriptscriptratio.
By default this is 1 to .7 to .5.

```
486 \def\defaultscriptratio{.7}
487 \def\defaultscriptscriptratio{.5}
```

\noaccents@ If we don't have a definition for \noaccents@ we provide a dummy.

```
488 \ifx\noaccents@\undefined
489   \let\noaccents@\empty
490 \fi
```

\showhyphens The \showhyphens command must be redefined since the version in plain.tex uses \tenrm. We have also made some further adjustments for its use in L^AT_EX.

```
491 \gdef\showhyphens#1{%
492   \setbox0\vbox{%
493     \color@begingroup
494     \everypar{}%
495     \parfillskip\z@skip\hsize\maxdimen
496     \normalfont
497     \pretolerance\m@ne\tolerance\m@ne\hbadness\z@\showboxdepth\z@\ #1%
498     \color@endgroup}}
```

\addto@hook We need a macro to add tokens to a hook.

```
499 \long\def\addto@hook#1#2{#1\expandafter{\the#1#2}}
```

\@vpt

```
500 \def\@vpt{5}
```

\@vipt

```
501 \def\@vipt{6}
```

\@viipt

```
502 \def\@viipt{7}
```

\@viiipt

```
503 \def\@viiipt{8}
```

\@ixpt

```
504 \def\@ixpt{9}
```

```
\@xpt
505 \def \@xpt{10}

\@xipt
506 \def \@xipt{10.95}

\@xiipt
507 \def \@xiipt{12}

\@xivpt
508 \def \@xivpt{14.4}

\@xviipt
509 \def \@xviipt{17.28}

\@xxpt
510 \def \@xxpt{20.74}

\@xxvpt
511 \def \@xxvpt{24.88}
512 </2ekernel>
```

File p **ltfsstrc.dtx**

27 Introduction

This package contains the code for tracing font loading and font changes. It basically overlays some of the low-level functions of NFSS with additional code used for tracing.

The package accepts the following options:

errorshow Write all information about font changes etc. only to the transcript file unless an error happens. This means that information about font substitution will not be shown on the terminal.

warningshow Show all NFSS warnings on the terminal. This setting corresponds to the default behaviour of NFSS if the **tracefnt** package is *not* loaded!

infoshow Show all NFSS warning and all NFSS info messages (that are normally only written to the transcript file) also on the terminal. This is the default if the **tracefnt** package is loaded.

debugshow In addition to **infoshow** show also changing of math fonts as far as possible (this option can produce a large amount of output).

loading Show the name of external fonts when they are loaded. This option shows only “newly” loaded fonts not those already preloaded in the format or the class file before the **tracefnt** package became active.

pausing Turn all font warnings into errors so that L^AT_EX will stop.

28 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for T_EX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

When this file is processed directly by L^AT_EX this will produce the documentation as well.

```
1 <*driver>
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3
4
5 %\OnlyDescription % comment out for implementation details
6
7 \begin{document}
8   \DocInput{ltfsstrc.dtx}
9 \end{document}
10 </driver>
```

29 The Implementation

Warning: Read the macro documentation with a grain of salt. It is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

If we are making a package file it is a good idea to test whether we are running under 2e. This code is actually placed at the very beginning of this file for easier maintenance, thus commented out here.

```
11 <*package>
12 %\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
13 %\ProvidesPackage{tracefnt}[??/?/? v?.??
14 %                                         Standard LaTeX package (font tracing)]
15 </package>
```

The debug module makes use of commands contained in a special package file named `trace.sty`.⁴

```
16 <+debug> \input trace.sty
```

30 Handling Options

`\tracingfonts` Here is the definition of the integer register for the font trace. As a default in a package file we use 1 to give error messages if fonts are substituted. If this code is used for debugging or tracing reasons in the format file (i.e. in `fam.dtx`) we use 0 as the default. But if no font trace is used we build a definition that will produce a warning message.

```
17 <*2ekernel>
18 \def\tracingfonts{%
19   \@font@warning{Command \noexpand\tracingfonts
20     not provided.\MessageBreak
21     Use the ‘tracefnt’ package.\MessageBreak Command found:}%
22   \count@}
23 </2ekernel>
```

The `\count@` in the line above will remove the number after `\tracingfonts`. Note that this definition will be overwritten by the next line if one of these modules are included.

```
24 <*package,trace,debug>
25 \newcount\tracingfonts
26 \tracingfonts=0
27 </package,trace,debug>
```

The option `errorshow` turns off all warnings so that only real errors are shown. `warningshow` corresponds to the NFSS default (when `tracefnt` is not loaded). `infoshow` is the default for this package here; and `debugshow`, `loading`, and `pausing` extend the amount of information even further.

```
28 <*package>
29 \DeclareOption{errorshow}{%
30   \def\@font@info#1{%
31     \GenericInfo{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}}%
```

⁴This package is not in distribution at the moment (and probably doesn't work any longer). Think of this part of the code as being historical artefacts.

```

32           {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}%
33   \def\@font@warning#1{%
34       \GenericInfo{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
35           {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}%
36   }
37 \DeclareOption{warningshow}{%
38   \def\@font@info#1{%
39       \GenericInfo{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
40           {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}%
41   \def\@font@warning#1{%
42       \GenericWarning{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
43           {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}%
44   }
45 \DeclareOption{infoshow}{%
46   \def\@font@info#1{%
47       \GenericWarning{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
48           {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}%
49   \def\@font@warning#1{%
50       \GenericWarning{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
51           {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}%
52   }
53 \DeclareOption{loading}{%
54   \tracingfonts\tw@
55   }
56 \DeclareOption{debugshow}{%
57   \ExecuteOptions{infoshow}%
58   \tracingfonts\thr@@
59   }
60 \DeclareOption{pausing}{%
61   \def\@font@warning#1{%
62       \GenericError
63           {(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
64           {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}%
65           {See the LaTeX Companion for details.}%
66           {I'll stop for every LaTeX Font Warning because
67           you requested\MessageBreak the 'pausing' option
68           to the tracefnt package.}%
69   }

```

We make `infoshow` the default, which in turn defines `\font@warning` and `\font@info`.

```

70 \ExecuteOptions{infoshow}
71 \ProcessOptions
72 </package>

```

We also need a default definition inside the kernel:

```

73 <*2ekernel>
74 \def\@font@info#1{%
75     \GenericInfo{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
76         {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}%
77 \def\@font@warning#1{%
78     \GenericWarning{(Font)}\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%

```

```

79          {LaTeX Font Warning: #1} }%
80 </2ekernel>

```

31 Macros common to `fam.tex` and `tracefnt.sty`

In the first versions of `tracefnt.dtx` some macros of `fam.dtx`⁵ were redefined to include the extra tracing information. Now these macros are all defined in this file (i.e. removed from `fam.dtx`) and different production versions can be obtained simply by specifying a different set of modules to include when generating `ltfss.dtx`.

31.1 General font loading

`\extract@font` This macro organizes the font loading. It first calls `\get@external@font` which will return in `\external@font` the name of the external font file (the `.tfm`) as it was determined by the NFSS tables.

```

81 {*2ekernel | package}
82 \def\extract@font{%
83   \get@external@font

```

Then the external font is loaded and assigned to the font identifier stored inside `\font@name` (for this reason we need `\expandafter`).

```
84   \global\expandafter\font\font@name\external@font\relax
```

When tracing we typeout the internal and external font name.

```

85 {*trace}
86   \ifnum \tracingfonts >\@ne
87     \@font@info{External font '\external@font'
88       loaded as\MessageBreak \font@name}\fi
89 //trace)

```

Finally we call the corresponding “loading action” macros to finish things. First the font is locally selected to allow the use of `\font` inside the loading action macros.

```
90   \font@name \relax
```

The next two lines execute the “loading actions” for the family and then for the individual font shape.

```

91   \csname \f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname
92   \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
93   \relax
94   }
95 //2ekernel | package)

```

The `\relax` at the end needs to be explained. This is inserted to prevent `TeX` from scanning too far when it is executing the replacement text of the loading code macros.

`\get@external@font` This function tries to find an external font name. It will place the name into the macro `\external@font`. If no font is found it will return the one that was defined via `\DeclareErrorFont`.

```

96 {*2ekernel}
97 \def\get@external@font{%

```

⁵This file is currently not distributed in documented form. Its code is part of `ltfss.dtx`.

We don't know the external font name at the beginning.

```
98   \let\external@font\empty
99   \edef\font@info{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\string
100     \csname \curr@fontshape \endcsname}%
101   \try@size@range
```

If this failed, we'll try to substitute another size of the same font. This is done by the `\try@size@substitution` macro. It "knows about" `\do@extract@font`, `\font@name`, `\f@size`, and so on.

```
102  \ifx\external@font\empty
103    \try@size@substitution
104    \ifx\external@font\empty
105      \@latex@error{Font \expandafter \string\font@name\space
106        not found}\@eha
107      \error@fontshape
108      \get@external@font
109    \fi\fi
110 }
111 </2ekernel>
```

`\selectfont` The macro `\selectfont` is called whenever a font change must take place.

```
112 (*2ekernel | package)
113 \DeclareRobustCommand\selectfont
114 {%
```

When `debug` is specified we actually want something like 'undebug'. The font selection is now stable so that using `\tracingall` on some other macros will show us a lot of unwanted information about font loading. Therefore we disable tracing during font loading as long as `\tracingfonts` is less than 4.

```
115 (+debug) \pushtracing
116 (+debug) \ifnum\tracingfonts<4 \tracingoff
117 (+debug) \else \tracingon\p@selectfont \fi
```

If `\baselinestretch` was redefined by the user it will not longer match its internal counterpart `\f@linespread`. If so we call `\set@fontsize` to prepare `\size@update`.

```
118 \ifx\f@linespread\baselinestretch \else
119   \set@fontsize\baselinestretch\f@size\f@baselineskip \fi
```

Then we generate the internal name of the font by concatenating *family*, *series*, *shape*, and current *size*, with slashes as delimiters between them. This is much more readable than standard L^AT_EX's `\twbf`, etc. We define `\font@name` globally, as always. The reason for this is explained later on.

```
120 \xdef\font@name{%
121   \csname\curr@fontshape\backslash\font@size\endcsname}%
```

We call the macro `\pickup@font` which will load the font if necessary.

```
122 \pickup@font
```

Then we select the font.

```
123 \font@name
```

If `\tracingfonts` is greater than 2 we also show the font switch. We do this before `\glb@settings` is called since this macro might redefine `\font@name`.

```
124 (*trace)
```

```

125      \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
126          \@font@info{Switching to \font@name}\fi
127 
```

Finally we call `\size@update`. This macro is normally empty but will contain actions (like setting the `\baselineskip`) that have to be carried out when the font size, the base `\baselineskip` or the `\baselinestretch` have changed.

```
128      \size@update
```

A similar function is called to handle anything related to encoding updates. This one is changed from `\relax` by `\fontencoding`.

```
129      \enc@update
```

Just before ending this macro we have to pop the tracing stack if it was pushed before.

```

130 <+debug> \poptracing
131 }
```

`\set@fontsize` The macro `\set@fontsize` does the actual work. First it assigns new values to `\f@size`, `\f@baselineskip` and `\f@linespread`.

```

132 \def\set@fontsize#1#2#3{%
133     \@defaultunits\@tempdimb#2pt\relax\@nnil
134     \edef\f@size{\strip@pt\@tempdimb}%
135     \@defaultunits\@tempskipa#3pt\relax\@nnil
136     \edef\f@baselineskip{\the\@tempskipa}%
137     \edef\f@linespread{#1}%

```

For backward compatibility and for later testing within `\selectfont` the internal value of `\f@linespread` is passed back to `\baselinestretch`.

```
138     \let\baselinestretch\f@linespread
```

Additional processing will happen within `\selectfont`. For this reason the macro `\size@update` (which will be called in `\selectfont`) will be defined to be:

```
139     \def\size@update{%
```

First calculate the new `\baselineskip` and also store it in `normalbaselineskip`

```

140     \baselineskip\f@baselineskip\relax
141     \baselineskip\f@linespread\baselineskip
142     \normalbaselineskip\baselineskip

```

then to set up a new `\strutbox`

```

143     \setbox\strutbox\hbox{%
144         \vrule\@height.7\baselineskip
145             \@depth.3\baselineskip
146             \@width\z@}%

```

We end with a bit of tracing information.

```

147 <+trace>
148     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
149         \ifx\f@linespread\empty
150             \let\reserved@a\empty
151         \else
152             \def\reserved@a{\f@linespread x}%
153         \fi
154         \@font@info{Changing size to \f@size/\reserved@a
155             \f@baselineskip}%
156         \aftergroup\type@restoreinfo \fi
157 
```

When all this is processed `\size@update` redefines itself to `\relax` so that in later calls of `\selectfont` no extra code will be executed.

```
158     \let\size@update\relax}%
159 }
```

Instead of defining this macro internally we might speed things up by placing the code into a separate macro and use `\let!`

`\size@update` Normally this macro does nothing; it will be redefined by `\set@fontsize` to initiate an update.

```
160 \let\size@update\relax
```

`\type@restoreinfo` This macro produces some info when a font size and/or baseline change will get restored.

```
161 {*trace}
162   \def\type@restoreinfo{%
163     \ifx\f@linespread\empty
164       \let\reserved@a\empty
165     \else
166       \def\reserved@a{\f@linespread x}%
167     \fi
168     \font@info{Restoring size to
169                 \f@size/\reserved@a\f@baselineskip}%
170 }
```

`\glb@settings` The macro `\glb@settings` globally selects all math fonts for the current size if `\glb@currsize` necessary.

```
171 \def\glb@settings{%
```

When `\glb@settings` gains control a size change was requested and all previous font assignments need to be replaced. Therefore the old values of the fonts are no longer needed. For every *math group* the new assignments are appended to `\math@fonts`. But this happens only if the `math@fonts` switch is set to true. However, we always set up the correct math sizes for script and scriptscript fonts since they may be needed even if we don't set up the whole math machinery.

Here we set the math size, script size and scriptscript size. If the `S@...` macro is not defined we have to first calculate the three sizes.

```
172   \expandafter\ifx\csname S@\f@size\endcsname\relax
173     \calculate@math@sizes
174   \fi
```

The effect of this is that `\calculate@math@sizes` may or may not define the `S@...` macro. In the first case the next time the same size is requested this macro is used, otherwise `\calculate@math@sizes` is called again. This also sets the `math@fonts` switch. If it is true we must switch the math fonts.

```
175   \csname S@\f@size\endcsname
176   \ifmath@fonts
177 {*}trace}
178     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
179       \font@info{Setting up math fonts for
180                   \f@size/\f@baselineskip}\fi
181 }
```

Inside a group we execute the macro for the current math *version*. This sets `\math@fonts` to a list of `\textfont...` assignments. `\getanddefine@fonts` (which may be called at this point) needs the `\escapechar` parameter to be set to `-1`.

```
182      \begingroup
183          \escapechar\m@ne
184          \csname mv@\math@version \endcsname
```

Then we set `\globaldefs` to 1 so that all following changes are done globally. The math font assignments recorded in `\math@fonts` are executed and `\glb@currsiz` is set equal to `\f@size`. This signals that the fonts for math in this size are set up.

```
185      \globaldefs\@ne
186      \math@fonts
187      \let \glb@currsiz \f@size
188      \endgroup
```

Finally we execute any code that is supposed to happen whenever the math font setup changes. This register will be executed in local mode which means that everything that is supposed to have any effect should be done globally inside. We can't execute it within `\globaldefs\@ne` as we don't know what ends up inside this register, e.g., it might contain calculations which use some local registers to calculate the final (global) value.

```
189      \the\every@math@size
```

Otherwise we announce that the math fonts are not set up for this size.

```
190 {*trace}
191     \else
192         \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
193             \font@info{No math setup for
194                 \f@size/\f@baselineskip}\fi
195 
```

```
196     \fi
197 }
198 
```

`\baselinestretch` In `\selectfont` we used `\baselinestretch` as a factor when assigning a value to `\baselineskip`. We use 1 as a default (i.e. no stretch).

```
199 
```

```
200 \def\baselinestretch{1}
```

`\every@math@size` We must still define the hook `\every@math@size` we used in `\glb@settings`. We initialize it to nothing. It is important to remember that everything that goes into this hook should to global updates, local changes will have weird effects.

```
201 \newtoks\every@math@size
202 \every@math@size={}
203 
```

31.2 Math fonts setup

31.2.1 Outline of algorithm for math font sizes

T_EX uses the the math fonts that are current when the end of a formula is reached. If we don't want to keep font setups local to every formula (which would result in

an enormous overhead, we have to be careful not to end up with the wrong setup in case formulas are nested, e.g., we need to be able to handle

```
$ a=b+c \mbox{ \small for all $b$ and $c\in Z$}$
```

Here the inner formulae b and $c \in Z$ are typeset in `\small` but we have to return to `\normalsize` before we reach the closing `$` of the outer formula.

This is handled in the following way:

1. At any point in the document the global variable `\gbl@currsize` contains the point size for which the math fonts currently are set up.
2. Whenever we start a formula we compare its value with the local variable `\f@size` that describes the current text font size.
3. If both are the same we assume that we can use the current math font setup without adjustment.
4. If they differ we call `\gbl@settings` which changes the math font setup and updates `\gbl@currsize`.
 - (a) If we are recursively inside another formula (`\if@inmath`) we ensure that `\gbl@settings` is executed again in the outer formula, so that the old setup is automatically restored.
 - (b) Otherwise, we set the switch `@inmath` locally to `true` so that all nested formulae will be able to detect that they are nested in some outer formula.

The above algorithm has the following features:

- For sizes which are not containing any formula no math setup is done. Compared to the original algorithm of NFSS this results in the following savings:
 - No unnecessary loading of math fonts for sizes that are not used to typeset any math formulae (explicit or implicit ones).
 - No time overhead due to unnecessary changes of the math font setup on entrance and exit of the text font size.
- Math font setup changes for top-level formulae will survive (there is no restoration after the formula) thus any following formula in the same size will be directly typesettable. Compared to original implementation in NFSS2 the new algorithm has the overhead of one test per formula to see if the current math setup is valid (in the original algorithm the setup was always valid, thus no test was necessary).
- In nested formulae the math font setup is restored in the outer formula by a series of `\aftergroup` commands and checks. Compared to the original algorithm this involves additional checks ($2 \times \langle \text{non-math levels} \rangle$ per inner formula).

31.2.2 Code for math font size setting

`\check@mathfonts` In the `\check@mathfonts` macros we implement the steps 2 to 4 except that instead of a switch the macro `\init@restore@glb@settings` is used.

```

204 (*2ekernel | package)
205 \def\check@mathfonts{%
206   \ifx \glb@currsize \f@size
207   {*trace}
208     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
209       \o@font@info{*** MATH: no change \f@size\space
210         curr/global (\curr@math@size/\glb@currsize)}\fi
211   
```

```

212   \else
213   {*trace}
214     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
215       \o@font@info{*** MATH: setting up \f@size\space
216         curr/global (\curr@math@size/\glb@currsize)}\fi
217   
```

```

218   \glb@settings
219   \init@restore@glb@settings
220   \fi
221   \let\curr@math@size\f@size
222   \def\init@restore@glb@settings{\aftergroup\restglb@settings}%
223 }
```

`\init@restore@glb@settings` This macros does by default nothing but get redefined inside `\check@mathfonts` to initiate fontsize restoring in nested formulas.

```

224 {-trace}\let\init@restore@glb@settings\relax
225 {*trace}
226 \def\init@restore@glb@settings{%
227   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
228     \o@font@info{*** MATH: no resetting (not in
229       nested math)}\fi
230 }
231 
```

`\restglb@settings` This macro will be executed the first time after the current formula.

```

232 \def\restglb@settings{%
233 {*trace}
234   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
235     \o@font@info{*** MATH: restoring}\fi
236 
```

```

237   \begingroup
238     \let\f@size\curr@math@size
239     \ifx\glb@currsize \f@size
240   {*trace}
241     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
242       \o@font@info{*** MATH: ... already okay (\f@size)}\fi
243   
```

```

244   \else
245   {*trace}
246     \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
247       \o@font@info{*** MATH: ... to \f@size}\fi
248 
```

```

249      \glb@settings
250      \fi
251      \endgroup
252 }

```

31.2.3 Other code for math

- \use@mathgroup The \use@mathgroup macro should be used in user macros to select a math group. Depending on whether or not the `margid` option is in force it has two or three arguments. For this reason it should be called as the last macro.

First we test if we are inside math mode since we don't want to apply a useless definition.

```

253 \def\use@mathgroup#1#2{\relax\ifmmode
254 <*trace>
255   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
256     \count0#2\relax
257     \font@info{Using \noexpand\mathgroup
258       (\the\count@) #2}\fi
259 </trace>

```

If so we first call the '=' macro (i.e. argument three) to set up special things for the selected math group. Then we call \mathgroup to select the group given by argument two and finally we place #1 (i.e. the argument of the *math alphabet identifier*) at the end. This part of the code is surrounded by two commands which behave like \begingroup and \endgroup if we want *math alphabet identifier*s but will expand into \empty if we want simply switches to a new math group. Since argument number 2 may be a digit instead of a control sequence we add a \relax. Otherwise something like \mit{1} would switch to math group 11 (and back) instead of printing an oldstyle 1.

```

260   \math@bgroup
261     \expandafter\ifx\csname M@\f@encoding\endcsname#1\else
262       #1\fi
263     \mathgroup#2\relax

```

Before we reinsert the swallowed token (arg. three) into the input stream, in the case that the *math alphabet identifier* isn't called in math mode, we remove the \fi with the \expandafter trick. This is necessary if the token is actually an macro with arguments. In such a case the \fi will be misinterpreted as the first argument which would be disastrous.

```
264   \expandafter\math@egroup\fi}%

```

The surrounding macros equal \begingroup and \endgroup. But using internal names makes it possible to overwrite their meaning in certain cases. This is for example used in *AMS-T_EX* macros for placing accents.

- \math@egroup If the `margid` option is in force (which can be tested by looking at the definition of \math@bgroup we change the \math@egroup command a bit to display the current *math group number* after it closes the scope of *math alphabet* with \endgroup.

```

265 <*trace>
266   \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup
267     \def\math@egroup{\#1\egroup

```

```

268      \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
269      @font@info{Restoring \noexpand\mathgroup
270      (\ifnum\mathgroup=\m@ne default\else \the\mathgroup \fi)%
271      }\fi}
272      \fi
273 
```

\getanddefine@fonts \getanddefine@fonts has two arguments: the *math group number* and the *family/series/shape* name as a control sequence.

```

274 \def\getanddefine@fonts#1#2{%
First we turn of tracing when \tracingfonts is less than 4.
275 <+debug> \pushtracing
276 <+debug> \ifnum\tracingfonts<4 \tracingoff
277 <+debug> \else \tracingon\getanddefine@fonts \fi

278 (*trace)
279   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
280   \count@#1\relax
281   @font@info{\noexpand\mathgroup (\the\count@) #1 :=\MessageBreak
282           \string#2 \tf@size/\sf@size/\ssf@size}\fi
283 
```

We append the current \tf@size to #2 to obtain the font name.⁶ Again, font@name is defined globally, for the reasons explained in the description of \wrong@fontshape.

```

284 \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\tf@size\endcsname}%

```

Then we call \pickup@font to load it if necessary. We remember the internal name as \textfont@name.

```

285 \pickup@font \let\textfont@name\font@name
Same game for \scriptfont and \scripts@criptfont:
286 \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\sf@size\endcsname}%
287 \pickup@font \let\scriptfont@name\font@name
288 \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\ssf@size\endcsname}%
289 \pickup@font

```

Then we append the new \textfont... assignments to the \math@fonts.

```

290 \edef\math@fonts{\math@fonts
291         \textfont#1\textfont@name
292         \scriptfont#1\scriptfont@name
293         \scripts@criptfont#1\font@name}%

```

Just before ending this macro we have to pop the tracing stack if it was pushed before.

```

294 <+debug> \poptracing
295 }
296 
```

⁶One might ask why this expansion does not generate a macro name that starts with an additional \ character. The solution is that \escapechar is set to -1 before \getanddefine@fonts is called.

32 Scaled font extraction

`\ifnot@nil` We begin with a simple auxiliary macro. It checks whether its argument is the token `\@nil`. If so, it expands to `\@gobble` which discards the following argument, otherwise it expands to `\@firstofone` which reproduces its argument.

```
297 {*2ekernel}
298 \def\ifnot@nil#1{\def\reserved@a{#1}%
299   \ifx\reserved@a\@nil \expandafter\@gobble
300   \else \expandafter\@firstofone\fi}
```

`\remove@to@nnil` Three other auxiliary macros will be needed in the following: `\remove@to@nnil` gobbles up everything up to, and including, the next `\@nnil` token, and `\remove@angles` and `\remove@star` do the same for the character `>` and `*`, respectively, instead of `\@nnil`.

```
301 \def\remove@to@nnil#1\@nnil{%
302 \def\remove@angles#1>{\set@simple@size@args}%
303 \def\remove@star#1*{#1}}
```

`\extract@sizefn` This macro takes a size specification and parses it into size function and the optional and mandatory arguments.

```
304 \def\extract@sizefn#1*#2\@nil{%
305   \if>#2>\set@size@funct@args#1\@nil
306     \let\sizefn@info\@empty
307   \else\expandafter\set@size@funct@args\remove@star#2\@nil
308     \def\sizefn@info{#1}\fi
309 }
```

`\try@simple@size` This function tries to extract the given size (specified by `\f@size`) for the requested font shape. The font information must already be present in `\font@info`. The central macro that does the real work is `\extract@fontinfo`. We will first give a simple example how this macro works, and describe it in full generality later.

Assume that the requested parameters are: *encoding scheme* ‘OT1’, *family* ‘cm’, *series* ‘sansserif’, *shape* ‘normal’, and *size* ‘12’. The corresponding font definitions have already been extracted from the macro `\OT1/cm/sansserif/normal` and stored in `\font@info`. (Otherwise `\extract@fontinfo` doesn’t get called.) This information consists of a token list made of characters of category code 12 of the form

```
<10*>cmss10<12*>cmss12<17*>cmss17
```

For reasonable packages one usually needs more sizes but this is sufficient to get the flavour. We will define a macro `\extract@fontinfo` to find the external font name (‘cmss12’) for us:

```
\def\extract@fontinfo#1<12*#2>#3<#4\@nil{%
  \set@simple@size@args#3<#4\@nil
  \execute@size@function{#2}}}
```

so that when it gets called via

```
\extract@fontinfo<10*>cmss10<12*>cmss12<17*>cmss17\@nil
```

#1 will contain all characters before `<12*>`, #2 will be empty, #3 will be exactly `cmss12`, and #3 will be `17>cmss17`. The expansion is therefore

```
\set@simple@size@args cmss12<17*>cmss17\@nnil
\execute@size@function{}
```

This means: the default (empty) size function will be executed, with its optional argument argument set to empty and its mandatory argument set to `cmss12` by `\set@simple@size@args`. As we discussed earlier, the effect of the default size function is to load the given external font (`cmss12`) at the specified size (12)—which is exactly what was intended.

But this is only part of the whole story. It may be that the size requested does not occur in the token list `\font@info`. And the simple definition of `\extract@fontinfo` we gave above does not allow to specify give more than one size specification in front of the external font name.

Let's address these two problems separately. The first one is solved with the following trick: We define `\extract@fontinfo` as follows:

```
\def\extract@fontinfo#1<12*#2>#3<#4\@nnil{%
\ifnot@nil{#3}{%
{\set@simple@size@args#3<#4\@nnil
\execute@size@function{#2}}%
}}%
```

How does this work? We call `\extract@fontinfo` via

```
\expandafter\extract@fontinfo\font@info<12*>\@nil<\@nnil
```

i.e. by appending `<12*>\@nil<\@nnil`. If the size ('12' in this case) appears in `\font@info` everything works as explained above, the only difference being that argument #4 of `\extract@fontinfo` additionally gets the tokens `<12*>\@nil<\@nnil`. However, if the size is not found everything up to the final `<12*>` is in argument #1, #3 gets `\@nil`, and #2 and #4 are empty. The macro `\ifnot@nil` will discard the calls to `\set@simple@size@args` and `\execute@size@function`, and hence `\font@info` will continue to be equal to `\@empty`. This means that no simple size specification matching the requested size could be found.

The second problem (more than one simple size specification for one external font name) will be addressed in `\set@simple@size@args` below.

The macros are hidden inside other control sequences so that we have to build `\extract@fontinfo` in several steps.

So here's the actual definition of `\extract@font` in `\try@simple@size`.

```
310 % % this could be replaced by \try@size@range making the subst slower!
311 \def\try@simple@size{%
```

`\reserved@a` is made an abbreviation for the head of the definition of the macro `\extract@fontinfo`.

```
312     \def\reserved@a{\def\extract@fontinfo####1}{%
```

Now we can define `\extract@fontinfo`. Here we handle a small but convenient variation: in case of the default (empty) size function it is allowed to omit the `*` character.

```
313     \expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter<\f@size>##2<##3\@nnil{%
314         \ifnot@nil{##2}{%
```

```

315      {\set@simple@size@args##2##3\@nnil
316          \execute@size@function\sizefn@info
317      }%

```

Now we call `\extract@fontinfo`. Note the `<\@nil` tokens at the end.

```

318      \expandafter\expandafter
319      \expandafter\extract@fontinfo\expandafter\font@info
320      \expandafter<\f@size>\@nil<\@nnil
321 }

```

`\set@simple@size@args` As promised above, the macro `\set@simple@size@args` will handle the case of several size specifications in a row. If another size specification follows, the very first token of its argument list is the character `<`. By starting the definition as follows,

```
322 \def\set@simple@size@args#1<{%
```

parameter `#1` is empty in this case, and contains the size function's arguments otherwise. We distinguish these two cases (Note that the character `<` cannot appear in `#1`) by calling `\remove@angles` for empty `#1` and `\extract@sizefn` otherwise. In the latter case we have to take care of the remaining character tokens and discard them. This is done by `\remove@to@nnil`. Note also the use of Kabelschacht's method.

```

323      \if<#1<%
324          \expandafter\remove@angles
325      \else
326          \extract@sizefn#1*\@nil
327          \expandafter\remove@to@nnil
328      \fi}

```

Now, we are through with the case of a simple size, except for calling the size function. This will be handled later, as it is the same mechanism for all types of size specification. We will now proceed to macros for extraction of size range specification.

`\extract@rangefontinfo` `\extract@rangefontinfo` goes through a font shape definition in the input until it recognizes the tokens `<\@nil->`. It looks for font ranges with font size functions. Its operation is rather simple: it discards everything up to the next size specification and passes this on to `\is@range` for inspection. The specification (parameter `#2` is inserted again, in case it is needed later).

```

329 \def\extract@rangefontinfo#1<#2>{%
330     \is@range#2->\@nil#2>}

```

`\is@range` `\is@range` is again a sort of dispatcher macro: if the size specification it is looking at is not a range specification it discards it and calls `\extract@rangefontinfo` to continue the search. Otherwise it calls `\check@range` to check the requested size against the specified range.

From the way `\is@range` is called inside `\extract@rangefontinfo` we see that `#2` is the character `>` if the size specification found is a simple one (as it does not contain a `-` character). This is checked easily enough and `\extract@rangefontinfo` called again. Note that the extra tokens inserted after the `\@nil` in the call to `\is@range` appear at the beginning of the first argument to `\extract@rangefontinfo` and are hence ignored.

```

331 \def\is@range#1-#2@nil{%
332   \if>#2\expandafter\check@single\else
333     \expandafter\check@range\fi}

\check@range \check@range takes lower bound as parameter #1, upper bound as #2, size function as #3 and the size function's arguments as #4. If #3 is the special token \@nil \font@info is exhausted and we can stop searching.
334 \def\check@range#1-#2>#3<#4@nnil{%
335   \ifnot@nil{#3}{%}

If #3 wasn't \@nil we have a range. We start by assuming that we have to recurse. Note that we have to reinsert an < as it was already removed by scanning.
336   \def\reserved@f{\extract@rangefontinfo<#4@nnil}%

We have to make sure that both boundaries are present, if not we have to set them. Here we check the upper bound. If \upper@bound is zero after the assignment we set it to \maxdimen (upper open range). We need to use a dimen register for the scan since we may have a decimal number as the boundary.
337   \upper@bound0#2\p@
338   \ifdim\upper@bound=\z@ \upper@bound\maxdimen\fi

Now we check the upper boundary against \f@size. If it is larger or equal than \f@size this range is no good and we have to recurse.
339   \ifdim \f@size \p@<\upper@bound

Otherwise we have to check the lower bound. This time it is not necessary to scan the boundary value into a register because if it is empty we get zero as desired. We could even omit the 0 which would result in 1pt as default lower boundary. If \f@size is smaller than the boundary we have to recurse.
340   \lower@bound0#1\p@
341   \ifdim \f@size \p@<\lower@bound
342   \else

If both tests are passed we can try executing the size function.
343   \set@simple@size@args#3<#4@nnil
344   \execute@size@function\sizefn@info

If the function was successful it should have left an external font name in \external@font. We use this to see if we can stop scanning. Otherwise we recurse.
345   \ifx\external@font\empty
346   \else
347     \let\reserved@f\empty
348     \fi
349     \fi
350   \fi
351   \reserved@f}}}

\lower@bound \upper@bound We use two dimen registers \lower@bound and \upper@bound to store the lower and upper endpoints of the range we found.
352 \newdimen\lower@bound
353 \newdimen\upper@bound

```

\check@single \check@single takes the size as parameter #1, size function as #2 and the size function's arguments as #3. We can assume that there is always something in the pipeline since the very last entry is a faked range (see above).

```
354 \def\check@single#1#2<#3\@nnil{%
```

We start by assuming that we have to recurse. Note that we have to reinsert an < as it was already removed by scanning.

```
355     \def\reserved@f{\extract@rangefontinfo<#3\@nnil}%
```

Now we check the the size against \f@size. If it is not equal \f@size it is no good and we have to recurse.

```
356     \ifdim \f@size \p@=#1\p@
```

Otherwise if this test is passed we can try executing the size function.

```
357         \set@simple@size@args#2<#3\@nnil
358             \execute@size@function\sizefn@info
```

If the function was successful it should have left an external font name in \external@font. We use this to see if we can stop scanning. Otherwise we recurse.

```
359         \ifx\external@font\@empty
360             \else
361                 \let\reserved@f\@empty
362                 \fi
363             \fi
364         \reserved@f}
```

\set@size@funct@args This macro sets the optional and mandatory arguments for a size function. If the optional argument is not present it is set to the empty token list. The mandatory argument is delimited by the token \@nil.

```
365 \def\set@size@funct@args{\@ifnextchar[%
366   \set@size@funct@args@{\set@size@funct@args@[]}}
367 \def\set@size@funct@args@[#1]#2\@nil{%
368   \def\mandatory@arg{#2}%
369   \def\optional@arg{#1}%
370 }/{2ekernel}
```

\DeclareSizeFunction This function defines a new size function hiding the internal from the designer. The body of the size function may use \optional@arg and \mandatory@arg denoting the optional and mandatory argument that may follow the size specification <...>.

```
371 /*2ekernel
372 \def\DeclareSizeFunction#1#2{\@namedef{s@fct@#1}{#2}}
373 @onlypreamble\DeclareSizeFunction
374 }/{2ekernel}
```

\execute@size@function This macro is very simple. The only point worth noting is that calling an undefined size function will do nothing (actually execute a \relax).

```
375 /*2ekernel | package)
376 \def\execute@size@function#1{%
377   {*trace}
378     \@ifundefined{s@fct@#1}%
379       {\errmessage{Undefined font size function #1}}%
```

```

380           \s@fct@}%
381           {\csname s@fct@#1\endcsname}%
382 {/trace}
383 {-trace}    \csname s@fct@#1\endcsname
384 }
385 {/2ekernel | package}

```

\try@size@range This macro tries to find a suitable range for requested size (specified by `\f@size`) in `\font@info`. All the relevant action is done in `\extract@rangefontinfo`. All that needs to be done is to stuff in the token list in `\font@info` so that `\extract@rangefontinfo` can inspect it. Note the `<-*\@nil><` token at the end to stop scanning.

```

386 {*2ekernel}
387 \def\try@size@range{%
388   \expandafter\extract@rangefontinfo\font@info <-*>\@nil<\@nnil
389 }

```

\try@size@substitution This is the last thing that can be tried. If the desired `\f@size` is found neither among the simple size specifications nor in one of the ranges the whole list of size specifications is searched for a nearby simple size.

```
390 \gdef\try@size@substitution{%
```

First we do some initializations. `\@tempdimb` will hold the difference between the wanted size and the best solution found so far, so we initialise it with `\maxdimen`. The macro `\best@size` will hold the best size found, nothing found is indicated by the empty value.

```

391  \@tempdimb \maxdimen
392  \let \best@size \@empty

```

Now we loop over the specification

```

393  \expandafter \try@simples \font@info <\number\@M>\@nil<\@nnil
394 }

```

\font@submax The macro `\font@submax` records the maximal deviation from the desired size encountered so far. Its value is used in a warning message at `\end{document}`. The macro `\fontsubfuzz` contains the amount that will not cause terminal warnings (warnings still go into the transcript file).

```

395 \def\font@submax{0pt}
396 \def\fontsubfuzz{.4pt}
397 {/2ekernel}
398 (+package)\def\fontsubfuzz{0pt}

```

\try@simples `\try@simples` goes through a font shape definition in the input until it recognizes the tokens `<*\@nil><`. It looks for simple sizes to determine the two closest sizes. It is assumed that simple sizes are in increasing order.

```

399 {*}2ekernel}
400 \gdef\try@simples#1<#2>{%
401   \tryif@simple#2->\tryif@simple}

```

\tryis@simple `\tryis@simple` is similar to `\is@range`. If it sees a simple size, it checks it against the value of `\f@size` and sets `\lower@font@size` or `\higher@font@size`. In the latter case, it stops the iteration. By adding `<\number\@M>` at the end of the line we always have an end point. This is a hack which probably should be corrected.

First it checks whether it is finished already, then whether the size specification in question is a simple one.

```
402 \gdef\tryif@simple#1-#2\tryif@simple{%
```

Most common case for `\reserved@f` first:

```
403   \let \reserved@f \try@simples
404   \if>#2%
```

If so, it compares it to the value of `\f@size`. This is done using a dimen register since there may be fractional numbers.

```
405   \dimen@ #1\p@
406   \ifdim \dimen@<\OM\p@
```

If `\dimen@` is `\OM\p@` we have reached the end of the fontspec (hopefully) otherwise we compare the value with `\f@size` and compute in `\@tempdimc` the absolute value of the difference between the two values.

```
407   \ifdim \f@size\p@<\dimen@
408     \@tempdimc \dimen@
409     \advance\@tempdimc -\f@size\p@
410   \else
411     \@tempdimc \f@size\p@
412     \advance\@tempdimc -\dimen@
413   \fi
```

The result is then compared with the smallest difference we have encountered, if the new value (in `\@tempdimc` is smaller) we have found a size which is a better approximation so we make it the `\best@size` and adjust `\@tempdimb`.

```
414   \ifdim \@tempdimc<\@tempdimb
415     \@tempdimb \@tempdimc
416     \def \best@size{#1}%
417   \fi
```

When we have reached the end of the fontspec we substitute the best size found (if any). We code this inline to save macro space; in the past this was done by a macro called `\subst@size`.

```
418   \else
```

`\subst@size` This macro substitutes the size recorded in `\best@size` for the unavailable size `\f@size`. `\font@submax` records the maximum difference between desired size and selected size in the whole run.

```
419 % %\subst@size          %% coded inline
420 % %\def\subst@size{%
421   \ifx \external@font\empty
422     \ifx \best@size\empty
423     \else
424       \ifdim \@tempdimb>\font@submax \relax
425         \xdef \font@submax {\the\@tempdimb}%
426     \fi
427     \let \f@user@size \f@size
428     \let \f@size \best@size
429     \ifdim \@tempdimb>\fontsubfuzz\relax
430       \font@warning{Font\space shape\space
431           '\curr@fontshape'\space in\space size\space
432           <\f@user@size>\space not\space available\MessageBreak
433           size\space <\f@size>\space substituted}%

```

```

434     \fi
435     \try@simple@size
436     \do@subst@correction
437   \fi
438 \fi
439 % %}

```

This brings us back into the main part of `\tryif@simple`. Finally we get rid of any rubbish left over on the input stack.

```

440     \let \reserved@f \remove@to@nnil
441     \fi
442   \fi

```

If it's a range iterate also.

```
443 \reserved@f}
```

32.1 Sizefunctions

In the following we define some useful size functions.

- `\s@fct@` This is the default size function. Mandatory argument is an external font name, optional argument a scale factor. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```

444 \DeclareSizeFunction{}{\empty@sfcnt\@font@warning}
445 \DeclareSizeFunction{s}{\empty@sfcnt\@font@info}

446 \def\empty@sfcnt#1{%
447   \tempdimb \f@size\p@
448   \ifx\optional@arg\empty
449   \else
450     \tempdimb \optional@arg\tempdimb
451     #1{Font}space shape space '\curr@fontshape' space
452       will space be\MessageBreak
453       scaled space to space size space \the\tempdimb}%
454   \fi
455   \edef\external@font{\mandatory@arg\space at\the\tempdimb}}

```

- `\s@fct@gen` This size function generates the external name from the mandatory argument and the requested user size, and thus can be used for external names where the size is encoded in the font name. The optional argument a scale factor. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```

456 \DeclareSizeFunction{gen}{\gen@sfcnt\@font@warning}
457 \DeclareSizeFunction{sgen}{\gen@sfcnt\@font@info}

458 \def\gen@sfcnt{%
459   \edef\mandatory@arg{\mandatory@arg\f@size}%
460   \empty@sfcnt}

```

- `\s@fct@genb` This size function is similar to `gen`, but for fonts where the size is encoded in the font name in centipoins, as in the DC fonts version 1.2. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```

461 \DeclareSizeFunction{genb}{\genb@sfcnt\@font@warning}
462 \DeclareSizeFunction{sgenb}{\genb@sfcnt\@font@info}
463 \def\genb@sfcnt{%
464   \edef\mandatory@arg{\mandatory@arg\expandafter\genb@x\f@size..\@Q}%
465   \empty@sfcnt}

```

\genb@x The auxiliary macros \genb@x and \genb@y are used to convert the \f@size into centipoins.

```

466 \def\genb@x#1.#2.#3\@Q{\two@digits{#1}\genb@y#200\@Q}
467 \def\genb@y#1#2#3\@Q{#1#2}

```

\s@fct@sub This size function handles font substitution. The mandatory argument is a family/series/shape combination, the optional argument (if present) is ignored. The font encoding scheme cannot be changed. Therefore, the first thing we do is to prepend the encoding scheme.

```

468 \DeclareSizeFunction{sub}{\sub@sfcnt\@font@warning}
469 \DeclareSizeFunction{ssub}{\sub@sfcnt\@font@info}
470 \def\sub@sfcnt#1{%
471   \edef\mandatory@arg{\f@encoding\mandatory@arg}%

```

Next action is split the arg into its individual components and allow for a late font shape load.

```

472   \begingroup
473     \expandafter\split@name\mandatory@arg/\@nil
474     \try@load@fontshape
475   \endgroup

```

Then we record the current \f@size since it may get clobbered.

```

476   \let\f@user@size\f@size

```

Then we check whether this new combination is defined and give an error message if not. In this case we also switch to \error@fontshape.

```

477   \expandafter
478   \ifx\csname\mandatory@arg\endcsname\relax
479     \errmessage{No\space declaration\space for\space
480                 shape\space \mandatory@arg}%
481     \error@fontshape
482   \else

```

Otherwise we warn the user about the substitution taking place.

```

483   #1{Font\space shape\space ‘\curr@fontshape’\space in\space
484       size\space <\f@size>\space not\space available\MessageBreak
485       Font\space shape\space ‘\mandatory@arg’\space tried\space
486       instead}%
487   \expandafter\split@name\mandatory@arg/\@nil
488   \fi

```

Then we restart the font specification scan by calling \get@external@font.

```

489   \edef\f@size{\f@user@size}%
490   \get@external@font

```

Finally \do@subst@correction is called to get the font name right.

```

491   \do@subst@correction
492 }

```

\s@fct@subf The **subf** size function allows substitution of another font. The mandatory argument is the external name of the font to be substituted, the optional argument a size scaling factor like in the default size function. The main difference to the default size function is the warning message.

```
493 \DeclareSizeFunction{subf}{\subf@sfcnt@\font@warning}
494 \DeclareSizeFunction{ssubf}{\subf@sfcnt@\font@info}

495 \def\subf@sfcnt#1{%
496     #1{Font\space shape\space '\curr@fontshape'\space in\space
497         size\space \f@size\space not\space available\MessageBreak
498         external\space font\space '\mandatory@arg'\space used}%
499     \empty@sfcnt#1%
500 }
```

\s@fct@fixed The **fixed** size function is for using a font at a different size than requested. A warning message is printed, and the external font to be used is taken from the mandatory argument. If an optional argument is present it is used as the ‘at’ size for the font. Otherwise the font is loaded at its design size.

```
501 \DeclareSizeFunction{fixed}{\fixed@sfcnt@\font@warning}
502 \DeclareSizeFunction{sfixed}{\fixed@sfcnt@\font@info}

503 \def\fixed@sfcnt#1{%
504     \ifx\optional@arg\empty
505         \let\external@font\mandatory@arg
506     \else
507         \edef\external@font{\mandatory@arg\space at\optional@arg pt}%
508     \fi
509     #1{External\space font\space '\external@font'\space loaded\space
510         for\space size\MessageBreak
511         <\f@size>}%
512 }
513 </2ekernel>
```

File q ltfsscmp.dtx

This file contains the implementation of commands giving compatibility with the original ‘NFSS1’ release of the Font Selection Scheme.

Warning: The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

Version 1 of NFSS is obsolete now for about 20 years (and was “current” only for a short intermediate time) so with the 2015 release these internal interface commands are removed from the kernel and made available via `latexrelease` package so that backward compatibility remains ensured for very old documents.

```
1 (*!latexrelease)
2 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\new@fontshape}%
3                                     {NFSS version1 commands}%
4 \let\new@fontshape@\undefined
5 \let\warn@rel@i@\undefined
6 \let\scan@fontshape@\undefined
7 \let\scan@@fontshape@\undefined
8 \let\subst@fontshape@\undefined
9 \let\extra@def@\undefined
10 \let\default@mextra@\undefined
11 \let\preload@sizes@\undefined
12 \let\err@rel@i@\undefined
13 \let\newmathalphabet@\undefined
14 \let\newmathalphabet@0@\undefined
15 \let\newmathalphabet@@@@\undefined
16 \let\if@no@font@opt@\undefined
17 \let@no@font@optfalse@\undefined
18 \let\define@mathalphabet@\undefined
19 \let\define@mathgroup@\undefined
20 \let\addtoversion@\undefined
21 \EndIncludeInRelease
```

In older releases we provide the original definitions.

```
22 \IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\new@fontshape}%
23                                     {NFSS version1 commands}%
```

\new@fontshape The interface is now \DeclareFontShape.

```
24 \gdef\new@fontshape#1#2#3#4{%
25     \warn@rel@i\new@fontshape\DeclareFontShape
26     \expandafter\scan@fontshape\@gobble#4<\@nil><<%
27     \DeclareFontShape U{#1}{#2}{#3}\reserved@f}%
28 \onlypreamble\new@fontshape
```

\warn@rel@i The warning message used above.

```
29 \gdef\warn@rel@i#1#2{%
30   \font@warning{*** NFSS release 1 command
31           \noexpand#1found\MessageBreak
32   *** Update by using release 2 command}
```

```

33           \string#2.\MessageBreak
34   *** Recovery is probably possible}%
35 }%
36 \onlypreamble\warn@rel@i

\scan@fontshape This will scan the old font shape definition syntax.
37 \gdef\scan@fontshape{%
38   \let\reserved@f\empty
39   \let\reserved@e\empty %      holds last info
40   \scan@@fontshape
41 }%
42 \onlypreamble\scan@fontshape

```

```

\scan@@fontshape
43 \gdef\scan@@fontshape#1>#2#3<%
44   \ifx\@nil#1%
45     \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f\reserved@e}%
46   \else
47     \def\reserved@b{#1}%      nick names
48     \def\reserved@c{#3}%
49     \in@{ at}{#3}%
50     \ifin@
51       \in@{pt}{#3}%  not a proof but a good chance
52     \ifin@

```

We grab also everything after pt and discard it if people have forgotten to place a percent sign there.

```

53   \def\reserved@a##1 at##2pt##3\@nil{%
54     \def\reserved@b{##2}%
55     \def\reserved@c{##1}%
56   }%
57   \reserved@a#3\@nil
58   \fi
59   \fi
60   \ifnum 0<#2
61     \edef\reserved@d{\subf*\reserved@c}%
62     \ifcase #2\or
63     \or
64     \else
65       \errmessage{*** What's this? NFSS release 0? ***}%
66     \fi
67   \else
68     \edef\reserved@d{#2\reserved@c}%
69   \fi
70   \ifx\reserved@d\reserved@e
71     \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f<\reserved@b>}%
72   \else
73     \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f\reserved@e<\reserved@b>}%add old info
74     \let\reserved@e\reserved@d
75   \fi
76   \expandafter\scan@@fontshape
77 \fi
78 }%
79 \onlypreamble\scan@@fontshape

```

\subst@fontshape	This is now also handled by the extend syntax of \DeclareFontShape.
	80 \gdef\subst@fontshape#1#2#3#4#5#6{% 81 \warn@rel@i\subst@fontshape\DeclareFontShape 82 \DeclareFontShape{U}{#1}{#2}{#3}{<->sub*#4/#5/#6}{} 83 }% 83 @onlypreamble\subst@fontshape
\extra@def	This was replaced by \DeclareFontFamily.
	84 \gdef\extra@def#1#2#3{% 85 \warn@rel@i\extra@def\DeclareFontFamily 86 \DeclareFontFamily{U}{#1}{} 87 }% 88 }% 88 @onlypreamble\extra@def
\default@mextra	The new name is \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults but in this case we don't feel comfortable with this either.
	89 \gdef\default@mextra{% 90 \warn@rel@i\default@mextra\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults 91 \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults\relax 92 }% 93 }% 93 @onlypreamble\default@mextra
We pick up the argument to \default@mextra implicitly as the second argument of \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults.	
\preload@sizes	The new interface is \DeclarePreloadSizes.
	94 \gdef\preload@sizes{% 95 \warn@rel@i\preload@sizes\DeclarePreloadSizes 96 \DeclarePreloadSizes U% 97 }% 98 }% 98 @onlypreamble\preload@sizes
\err@rel@i	This macro is used in cases where emulation with NFSS2 features is not really possible.
	99 \gdef\err@rel@i#1#2{% 100 @latex@error{*** NFSS release 1 command \noexpand#1found% 101 ^^J*** Recovery not possible. Use \string#2}% 102 {The new release of NFSS doesn't support the 103 \noexpand#1command^^Jany longer. 104 Please upgrade your file to the syntax of NFSS 105 release 2^^Jusing the \noexpand#2command.}% 106 \batchmode\input.\relax 107 }% 108 }% 108 @onlypreamble\err@rel@i
\newmathalphabet	\newmathalphabet is the old form.
\newmathalphabet@@	109 \gdef\newmathalphabet{% 110 \if@no@font@opt 111 @latex@error{*** NFSS release 1 command 112 \noexpand\newmathalphabet found% 113 ^^J \space*** Automatic recovery not possible.% 114 ^^J \space*** TYPE H for Help% 115 }% 116 }%

```

116      {Please look at the file usrguide.tex for hints on
117      how to resolve this problem.}%
118 \else
119   \warn@rel@i\newmathalphabet\DeclareMathAlphabet
120 \fi
121 @ifstar\newmathalphabet@@@
122         \newmathalphabet@@}%
123 \gdef\newmathalphabet@@#1{\DeclareMathAlphabet#1{U}{-}{-}{-}}%
124 \gdef\newmathalphabet@@#1#2#3#4{%
125   \DeclareMathAlphabet{#1}{U}{#2}{#3}{#4}}%
126 \onlypreamble\newmathalphabet
127 \onlypreamble\newmathalphabet@@
128 \onlypreamble\newmathalphabet@@

\if@no@font@opt
\@no@font@optfalse 129 \global\let\if@no@font@opt\iftrue
130 \gdef\@no@font@optfalse{\let\if@no@font@opt\iffalse}%

\define@mathalphabet This is a case where dying is best.
131 \gdef\define@mathalphabet{%
132   \err@rel@i\define@mathalphabet\DeclareMathAlphabet
133 }%
134 \onlypreamble\define@mathalphabet

\define@mathgroup And here is another one
135 \gdef\define@mathgroup{%
136   \err@rel@i\define@mathgroup\DeclareSymbolFont
137 }%
138 \onlypreamble\define@mathgroup

\addtoversion \addtoversion is the old form.
139 \def\addtoversion#1#2{%
140   \warn@rel@i\addtoversion\SetMathAlphabet
141   \SetMathAlphabet#2{#1}{U}}%
142 \onlypreamble\addtoversion

Finishing off this huge \IncludeInRelease argument:
143 \EndIncludeInRelease
144 /latexrelease

```

File r

ltfssdcl.dtx

This file contains the main implementation of the font selection scheme commands. See other parts of the L^AT_EX distribution, or *The L^AT_EX Companion* for higher level documentation of these commands.

Warning: The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

33 Interface Commands

\in@ \in@ is a utility macro with two arguments. It determines whether its first argument occurs in its second and sets the switch \ifin@ accordingly. The first argument may not contain braces nor # (more precisely, tokens of category code 1, 2, or 6).

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \def\in@#1#%
3 {%
4   \begingroup
5     \def\in@##1#{}%
6     \toks@\expandafter{\in@#2{}{}#1}%
7     \edef\in@{\the\toks@}%
8   \expandafter\endgroup
9   \ifx\in@\empty
10     \in@false
11   \else
12     \in@true
13   \fi
14 }
15 \newif\ifin@
```

Before the \begin{document} command several *<math versions>* and *<math alphabet identifiers>* may be declared. In principle, there should be exactly one family/series/shape combination be declared for each version/alphabet pair. But we want to allow for defaults as well for automagical filling of holes.

While building the tables for math alphabet identifiers and math versions we keep several lists:

- the list of all math versions, \version@list, each entry prefixed by the control sequence \version@elt, i.e. this list has the following form

$$\begin{aligned} \text{\version@elt}(&version_1) \text{\version@elt}(&version_2) \dots \\ &\text{\version@elt}(&version_n) \end{aligned}$$

- the list of all math alphabet identifiers. Here every entry has the form:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{\group@elt}(math group number) \\ &\{ \{ default family \} \{ default series \} \{ default shape \} \}. \end{aligned}$$

- Each defined math alphabet identifier holds a list containing Information about the *versions* for which it is defined. This list has a more complicated structure: it looks as follows:

```
\set@alpha<the alphabet identifier itself>
  \reserved@c<math version><font info>
  ...
\@nil
```

where ** is either `\reserved@e` (if the combination is not defined yet) or

```
{}{{family}}{series}{{shape}}
```

`\version@list` We initialize the version list to be empty.

```
16 \let\version@list=\empty
17 \onlypreamble\version@list
```

`\version@elt`

```
18 \let\version@elt\relax
19 \onlypreamble\version@elt
```

`\new@mathversion` The macro `\new@mathversion` is called with the version control sequence as its argument.

```
20 \% \def\new@mathversion#1{%
```

The first thing this macro does is to check if the version identifier is already present in `\version@list`. We enclose `\version@list` in braces since it might be empty (if no *version* is defined yet). But this means that we need a suitable number of `\expandafter` primitives.

```
21 \% \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
22 \% \ifin@
```

If so it prints an error message. The `\next` macro is used to get rid of the four characters `\mv@` that would otherwise appear at the begin of the version name in the error message.

```
23 \% \@latex@error{Math version
24 \%           ` \expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1'
25 \%           already defined}\@eha
```

Otherwise we have a new version, and we can proceed with entering it into the tables. We add it to `\version@list`. This is very easy: we define `\version@elt` (which is the delimiter in `\version@list`) to protect itself and the following token from being expanded and simply redefine `\version@list`.

```
26 \% \else
27 \%   \global\expandafter\newcount\csname c@\expandafter
28 \%                           \gobble\string#1\endcsname
29 \%   \global\csname c@\expandafter
30 \%                           \gobble\string#1\endcsname\@ne
31 \%   \def\version@elt{\noexpand\version@elt\noexpand}%
32 \%   \edef\version@list{\version@list\version@elt#1}%
```

Then we prepare to enter the new version into all math alphabet identifier lists. Remember that these lists use `\reserved@c` as delimiter, and that there appears the control sequence `\reserved@e` that must not be expanded. Therefore we take suitable precautions.

```
33 %     \def\reserved@cf\noexpand\reserved@c\noexpand}%
34 %     \let\reserved@e\relax
```

We will now go through the `\alpha@list` to process every *(math alphabet identifier)* in turn. Since this list has `\group@elt` as a delimiter we define this control sequence. It has three arguments as every entry consists of three items (as explained above).

```
35 %     \def\group@elt##1##2##3{%
```

The first of these arguments is the *(math alphabet identifier)*. We redefine it by appending the information about the new version at the end of the list contained in it. However, there is one subtlety: the definitions for `\reserved@c` and `\reserved@e` made above prevent the main part of the list from being expanded. But we still have to take care of the header and the trailer. To do this we remove the trailer by means of the macro `\remove@nil` which also protect the header from being expanded. Its definition is given below. Now we can prepare to add the new version.

```
36 %         \edef##1{\expandafter\remove@nil##1%
37 %                     \reserved@c
38 %                     #1%
39 %                     \reserved@e
40 %                     \noexpand\@nil}}%
```

Finally we call `\alpha@list` which will now execute the macro `\group@elt` once for every defined *(math alphabet identifier)*. And that's all for now.

```
41 %     \alpha@list
42 %   \fi}
```

`\alpha@list` As we explained above every entry in `\alpha@list` has the form

`\alpha@elt
<alphabet identifier><internal group number><default font assignments>...`

We initialize it to `\empty`.

```
43 \let\alpha@list\empty
44 \onlypreamble\alpha@list
```

`\alpha@elt`

```
45 \let\alpha@elt\relax
46 \onlypreamble\alpha@elt
```

`\newgroup` Start the group (fam) allocation at 0. (Doesn't belong here.)

```
47 \count18=-1
```

`\stepcounter`

`\select@group` We surround `\select@group` with braces so that functions using it can be used directly after `_` or `^`. However, if we use oldstyle syntax where the math alphabet doesn't have arguments (ie if `\math@bgroup` is not `\bgroup`) we need to get rid of the extra group.

```

48 </2ekernel>
49 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
50 <latexrelease>          {\select@group}{\select@group}%
51 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
52 \def\select@group#1#2#3#4{%
53   \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
54   {%
55   \ifmmode
56     \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\e@mathgroup@top
57       \begingroup
58         \escapechar\m@ne
59         \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
60         \globaldefs\@ne \math@fonts
61       \endgroup
62       \init@restore@version
63       \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%
64         {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
65       \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
66     \else
67       \let#1\relax
68       \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used in
69                     version \math@version}%
70       \c@eha
71     \fi
72   \else \expandafter\@non@alpherr\fi
73 #1{#4}%
74 }%
75 }
76 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
77 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
78 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
79 <latexrelease>          {\select@group}{\select@group}%
80 <latexrelease>\def\select@group#1#2#3#4{%
81 <latexrelease> \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
82 <latexrelease> {%
83 <latexrelease> \ifmmode
84 <latexrelease>   \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\sixt@n
85 <latexrelease>     \begingroup
86 <latexrelease>       \escapechar\m@ne
87 <latexrelease>       \getanddefine@fonts
88 <latexrelease>         {\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
89 <latexrelease>         \globaldefs\@ne \math@fonts
90 <latexrelease>     \endgroup
91 <latexrelease>     \init@restore@version
92 <latexrelease>     \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%
93 <latexrelease>       {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
94 <latexrelease>     \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
95 <latexrelease>   \else
96 <latexrelease>     \let#1\relax
97 <latexrelease>     \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used in
98 <latexrelease>                   version \math@version}%
99 <latexrelease>     \c@eha
100 <latexrelease>   \fi
101 <latexrelease> \else \expandafter\@non@alpherr\fi

```

```

102 <|latexrelease> #1{#4}%
103 <|latexrelease> }%
104 <|latexrelease>}%
105 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
106 {*2ekernel}%
107 @onlypreamble\restore@mathversion

\init@restore@version
108 \def\init@restore@version{%
109     \global\let\init@restore@version\relax
110     \xdef\restore@mathversion
111         {\expandafter\noexpand\csname mv@\math@version\endcsname
112          \global\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname
113          \number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\relax}%
114     \aftergroup\dorestore@version
115 }
116 @onlypreamble\init@restore@version

\non@alpherr
117 \gdef\non@alpherr#1{\@latex@error{%
The command here will have a space at the end of its name, so we make sure not
to insert an extra one.
118     \string#1allowed only in math mode}\@ehd}

\dorestore@version
119 \def\dorestore@version
120 { \ifmmode
121     \aftergroup\dorestore@version
122   \else
123     \gdef\init@restore@version{%
124         \global\let\init@restore@version\relax
125         \xdef\restore@mathversion
126             {\expandafter\noexpand\csname mv@\math@version\endcsname
127              \global\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname
128              \number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\relax}%
129         \aftergroup\dorestore@version
130     }%
131     \begingroup
132       \let\getanddefine@fonts@gobbletwo
133       \restore@mathversion
134     \endgroup
135   \fi}%
136 @onlypreamble\dorestore@version

\document@select@group We surround \select@group with braces so that functions using it can be used
directly after _ or ^.
137 </2ekernel>
138 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
139 <|latexrelease> {\document@select@group}{\document@select@group}%
140 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
141 \def\document@select@group#1#2#3#4{%
142   \ifx\math@bgroup\@group\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi

```

```

143  {%
144  \ifmmode
145    \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\e@mathgroup@top
146      \begingroup
147        \escapechar\m@ne
148        \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
149        \globaldefs\@ne \math@fonts
150      \endgroup
151      \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version
152        \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname
153        \expandafter{\number\csname
154          c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%
155          #1%
156        \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
157    \else
158      \let#1\relax
159      \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used
160                    in version \math@version}%
161      \c@eha
162    \fi
163  \else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
164  #1{#4}%
165 }%
166 }
167 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
168 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
169 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
170 <latexrelease> {\document@select@group}{\document@select@group}%
171 <latexrelease>\def\document@select@group#1#2#3#4{%
172 <latexrelease> \ifx\math@bgroup\math@bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
173 <latexrelease> {%
174 <latexrelease> \ifmmode
175 <latexrelease>   \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\sixt@n
176 <latexrelease>     \begingroup
177 <latexrelease>       \escapechar\m@ne
178 <latexrelease>       \getanddefine@fonts
179 <latexrelease>         {\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
180 <latexrelease>       \globaldefs\@ne \math@fonts
181 <latexrelease>     \endgroup
182 <latexrelease>     \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version
183 <latexrelease>       \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname
184 <latexrelease>       \expandafter{\number\csname
185 <latexrelease>         c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%
186 <latexrelease>         #1%
187 <latexrelease>       \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
188 <latexrelease>     \else
189 <latexrelease>       \let#1\relax
190 <latexrelease>       \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used
191 <latexrelease>                     in version \math@version}%
192 <latexrelease>       \c@eha
193 <latexrelease>     \fi
194 <latexrelease>   \else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
195 <latexrelease> #1{#4}%
196 <latexrelease> }%

```

```

197 {latexrelease}
198 {latexrelease}\EndIncludeInRelease
199 {*2ekernel}

\process@table
200 \def\process@table{%
201     \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{%
202         \font@info{Checking defaults for
203             ##1##2##3##4}%
204         \expandafter
205         \ifx\csname##1##2##3##4\endcsname\relax
Grouping is important for two reasons, first \cdp@elt will get redefined if
\Declare... functions are executed within the external .fd file and secondly
\try@load@fontshape changes a lot of catcodes without surrounding itself with
a group.
206         \begingroup
207             \def\f@encoding{##1}\def\f@family{##2}%
208             \try@load@fontshape
209             \endgroup
210         \fi
211         \expandafter
212         \ifx\csname##1##2##3##4\endcsname\relax
213             \@latex@error{This NFSS system isn't set up properly}%
214                 {For encoding scheme ##1 the defaults
215                  ##2##3##4 do not form a valid font shape}%
216         \else
217             \font@info{... okay}%
218         \fi}%
219     \cdp@list

```

Now we make sure that \error@fontshape is okay.

```

220     \begingroup
221         \escapechar`m@ne
222         \error@fontshape
223         \expandafter\ifx\csname \curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
224             \begingroup
225                 \try@load@fontshape
226             \endgroup
227         \fi
228         \expandafter\ifx\csname \curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
229             \@latex@error{This NFSS system isn't set up properly}%
230                 {The system maintainer forgot to specify a suitable
231                  substitution
232                  font shape using the \noexpand\DeclareErrorFont
233                  command}%
234         \fi
235     \endgroup

```

Set \select@group to its meaning used within the document body.

```
236     \let\select@group\document@select@group
```

Install the default font attributes they are currently pointing to error font shape.
Don't use \reset@font since that would trigger \selectfont.

```
237     \fontencoding{\encodingdefault}%

```

```

238     \fontfamily{\familydefault}%
239     \fontseries{\seriesdefault}%
240     \fontshape{\shapedefault}%
kill all macros not longer needed. we need to add many more!!!!!!
241 \everyjob{}%
242 }
243 \onlypreamble\process@table
244 \% \onlypreamble\set@mathradical

\DeclareMathVersion
245 \def\DeclareMathVersion#1{%
246   \expandafter\new@mathversion\csname mv@#1\endcsname}
247 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathVersion

\new@mathversion
248 \def\new@mathversion#1{%
249   \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
250   \ifin@
251     \@font@info{Redeclaring math version
252                 '\expandafter\gobblefour\string#1'}%
253   \else
254     \expandafter\newcount\csname c@\expandafter
255                               \gobble\string#1\endcsname
256     \def\version@elt{\noexpand\version@elt\noexpand}%
257     \edef\version@list{\version@list\version@elt#1}%
258   \fi
\toks@ is used to gather all tokens for the math version. \count@ will be used to
count the math groups we add to this version.
259   \toks@{}%
260   \count@\z@

Now we loop over \group@list to add all math groups defined so far to the version
and at the same time to count them.
261   \def\group@elt##1##2{%
262     \advance\count@\@ne
263     \addto@hook\toks@\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
264   }%
265   \group@list

We set the counter for this math version to the number of math groups found in
\group@list.
266   \global\csname c@\expandafter\gobble\string#1\endcsname\count@

Now we loop over \alpha@list to add all math alphabets known so far. We have
to distinguish the case that an alphabet by default should produce an error in new
versions.
267   \def\alpha@elt##1##2##3{%
268     \ifx##2\no@alphabet@error
269       \toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@\install@mathalphabet##1%
270                     {\no@alphabet@error##1}}%
271     \else
272       \toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@\install@mathalphabet##1%
273                     {\select@group##1##2##3}}%

```

```

274         \fi
275     }%
276 \alpha@list
Finally we define the math version to expand to the contents of \toks@.
277 \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
278 }
279 \onlypreamble\new@mathversion

\DeclareSymbolFont
280 \def\DeclareSymbolFont#1#2#3#4#5{%
281 \tempswafalse
282 \edef\reserved@b{#2}%
283 \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
284 \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \tempswatrue\fi}%
285 \cdp@list
286 \if@tempswa
287 \ifundefined{sym#1}{%
288 \ifnum\count18<15 %
289 \expandafter\new@mathgroup\csname sym#1\endcsname
290 \expandafter\new@symbolfont\csname sym#1\endcsname
291 {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
292 \else
293 \@latex@error{Too many symbol fonts declared}\@eha
294 \fi
295 }%
296 }%
297 \font@info{Redeclaring symbol font '#1'}%
Update the group list.
298 \def\group@elt##1##2{%
299 \noexpand\group@elt\noexpand##1%
300 \expandafter\ifx\csname sym#1\endcsname##1%
301 \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
302 \else
303 \noexpand##2%
304 \fi}%
305 \xdef\group@list{\group@list}%
Update the version list.
306 \def\version@elt##1{%
307 \expandafter
308 \SetSymbolFont@\expandafter##1\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\expandafter
309 \endcsname \csname sym#1\endcsname
310 }%
311 \version@list
312 }%
313 \else
314 \@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#2' unknown}\@eha
315 \fi
316 }
317 \onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFont

\group@list

```

```

318 \let\group@list\empty
319 \@onlypreamble\group@list

\group@elt
320 \let\group@elt\relax
321 \@onlypreamble\group@elt

\new@symbolfont
322 \def\new@symbolfont#1#2#3#4#5{%
323   \toks@\expandafter{\group@list}%
324   \edef\group@list{\the\toks@\noexpand\group@elt\noexpand#1%
325     \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname}%
326   \def\version@elt##1{\toks@\expandafter{##1}%
327     \edef##1{\the\toks@\noexpand\getanddefine@fonts
328       #1\expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname}%
329     \global\advance\csname c@\expandafter
330       \gobble\string##1\endcsname\@ne
331     }%
332   \version@list
333 }
334 \@onlypreamble\new@symbolfont

\SetSymbolFont
335 \def\SetSymbolFont#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
336   \tempswafalse
337   \edef\reserved@c{\#3}%
338   \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
339     \ifx\reserved@c\reserved@c \tempswatrue\fi}%
340   \cdp@list
341   \if@tempswa
342     \expandafter\SetSymbolFont@%
343       \csname mv@#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname#3/#4/#5/#6\expandafter
344       \endcsname \csname sym#1\endcsname
345   \else
346     \@latex@error{Encoding scheme '#3' unknown}\@eha
347   \fi
348 }
349 \@onlypreamble\SetSymbolFont

\SetSymbolFont@
350 \def\SetSymbolFont@#1#2#3{%
351   \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
352   \ifin@
353     \expandafter\in@\expandafter#3\expandafter{\group@list}%
354   \ifin@
355     \begingroup
356       \expandafter\get@cdp\string#2@nil\reserved@a
357       \toks@{}%
358       \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
359         \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1##2}%
360       }%
361       \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
362         \ifnum##1=##3%
363           \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%

```

```

364     \expandafter\get@cdp\string##2@nil\reserved@b
365     \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b\else
366         \@font@info{Encoding '\reserved@b' has changed
367             to '\reserved@a' for symbol font\MessageBreak
368             '\expandafter\gobblefour\string#3' in the
369             math version '\expandafter
370             \gobblefour\string#1'}%
371     \fi
372     \@font@info{%
373         Overwriting symbol font
374         '\expandafter\gobblefour\string#3' in
375             version '\expandafter
376             \gobblefour\string#1'\MessageBreak
377             \@spaces \expandafter\gobble\string##2 -->
378                 \expandafter\gobble\string#2}%
379     \else
380         \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
381     \fi}%
382     #1%
383     \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
384     \endgroup
385     \else
386         \@latex@error{Symbol font '\expandafter\gobblefour\string#3'
387             not defined}\@eha
388     \fi
389     \else
390         \@latex@error{Math version '\expandafter\gobblefour\string#1'
391             is not
392             defined}{You probably misspelled the name of the math
393             version.^JOr you have to specify an additional package.}%
394     \fi
395 }
396 \onlypreamble\SetSymbolFont@

\get@cdp
397 \def\get@cdp#1#2/#3@nil#4{\def#4{#2}}
398 \onlypreamble\get@cdp

\DeclareMathAlphabet
399 \def\DeclareMathAlphabet#1#2#3#4#5{%
400     \@tempswafalse
401     \edef\reserved@b{#2}%
402     \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
403         \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \tempswatrue\fi}%
404     \cdp@list
405     \if@tempswa
406         \expandafter\ifx
407             \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
408             \relax
409             \new@mathalphabet#1{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
410     \else

```

Check if it is already a math alphabet.

```

411     \edef\reserved@af\noexpand\in@\{\string\select@group\}%

```

```

412      {\expandafter\meaning\csname \expandafter
413       \gobble{string#1\space\endcsname}}%
414 \reserved@a
415 \ifin@%
416   @font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#1}%
417   \def\version@elt##1{%
418     \expandafter\SetMathAlphabet@{\expandafter
419       ##1\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\expandafter\endcsname
420
421       \csname M@#2\expandafter\endcsname
422       \csname \expandafter\gobble{string#1\space\endcsname#1}%
423 \version@list
424 \else
425
426 Check if it is a math alphabet defined via \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet.
427 \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@\{"string"\use@mathgroup}%
428   {\expandafter\meaning\csname \expandafter
429    \gobble{string#1\space\endcsname}}%
430 \reserved@a
431 \ifin@%
432
433 In that case overwriting is simple since there is nothing inserted in the math
434 version macros.
435 \font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#1}%
436 \new@mathalphabet#1[#2]{#3}{#4}{#5}%
437
438 Otherwise panic.
439 \else
440   @latex@error{Command '\string#1' already defined}\@eha
441 \fi
442 \fi
443 \else
444   @latex@error{Encoding scheme '#2' unknown}\@eha
445 \fi
446 \}
447
448 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathAlphabet
449
450 \new@mathalphabet
451 \def\new@mathalphabet#1#2#3#4#5{%
452   \toks0\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
453   \edef#1{\expandafter\noexpand\csname \expandafter
454     \gobble{string#1\space\endcsname
455     \if/#5/%
456       \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
457       \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
458     \else
459       \expandafter\noexpand\csname M@#2\endcsname
460       \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
461     \fi
462   }%
463   \toks2\expandafter{\#1}%
464   \edef\alpha@list{\the\toks0\noexpand\alpha@elt\the\toks2}%
465   \def\version@elt##1{\toks0\expandafter{\#1}%
466     \edef##1{\the\toks0\install@mathalphabet

```

```

457          \expandafter\noexpand
458          \csname \expandafter\@gobble
459              \string#1\space\endcsname
460 {\if/#5%
461     \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
462     \noexpand#1%
463 \else
464     \noexpand\select@group\the\toks2
465 \fi}%
466 }
467 \version@list
468 \expandafter\edef\csname \expandafter\@gobble
469     \string#1\space\endcsname{\if/#5%
470     \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
471     \noexpand#1%
472 \else
473     \noexpand\select@group\the\toks2
474 \fi}%
475 \edef#1{\noexpand\protect
476     \expandafter\noexpand\csname \expandafter
477     \@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}%
478 }
479 \onlypreamble\new@mathalphabet

\SetMathAlphabet
480 \def\SetMathAlphabet#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
481   \tempswafalse
482   \edef\reserved@b{#3}%
483   \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
484     \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \tempswatrue\fi}%
485   \cdp@list
486   \if@tempswa
487     \expandafter\SetMathAlphabet@
488     \csname mv@#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname#3/#4/#5/#6\expandafter
489     \endcsname \csname M@#3\expandafter\endcsname
490     \csname \expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname#1%
491   \else
492     \latex@error{Encoding scheme '#3' unknown}\eha
493   \fi
494 }
495 \onlypreamble\SetMathAlphabet

\SetMathAlphabet@
496 \def\SetMathAlphabet@#1#2#3#4#5{%
497   \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
498   \ifin@%
499     \expandafter\in@\expandafter#4\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
500   \ifin@%
501     \begingroup
502       \toks@{}%
503       \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
504         \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
505       }%
506       \def\reserved@c##1##2##3##4{%
507         % for message below

```

```

507          \expandafter\@gobble\string##4}%
508      \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
509          \ifx##1#4%
510              \addto@hook\toks@%
511                  {\install@mathalphabet#4{\select@group#4#3#2}}%
512                  @font@info{Overwriting math alphabet
513                      'string#5' in version '\expandafter
514                          @gobblefour\string#1\MessageBreak
515                          @spaces \reserved@c##2 -->
516                                  \expandafter\@gobble\string#2}%
517          \else
518              \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1{##2}}%
519          \fi
520          }%
521          #1%
522          \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
523      \endgroup
524  \else

```

If the math alphabet was defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet` we have remove its external definition and add it as a normal math alphabet to every version before trying to change it in one version.

```

525      \edef\reserved@a{%
526          \noexpand\in@{\string\use@mathgroup}{\meaning#4}}%
527      \reserved@a
528      \ifin@
529          \def\reserved@b##1\use@mathgroup##2##3{%
530              \def\reserved@b##3\def\reserved@c##2}{%
531              \expandafter\reserved@c##4%
532          \begingroup
533              \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
534                  \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1{##2}}%
535                  }%
536              \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
537                  \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}}%
538              \ifnum##1=\reserved@c@b
539                  \expandafter
540                      \addto@hook\expandafter\toks@%
541                          \expandafter{\expandafter\install@mathalphabet
542                              \expandafter#4\expandafter
543                                  {\expandafter\select@group\expandafter
544                                      #4\reserved@c##2}}%
544          \fi
545          }%
546          }%
547          \def\version@elt##1{%
548              \toks@{##1}%
549              ##1%
550              \xdef##1{\the\toks@}%
551              }%
552          \version@list
553      \endgroup

```

Put it into the `\alpha@list` with default ‘error’

```

554          \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\alpha@list\expandafter
555              {\alpha@list

```

```

556           \alpha@elt #4\no@alphabet@error \no@alphabet@error}%
557           \gdef#4{\no@alphabet@error #5}% fake things :-

```

Then call the internal setting routine again:

```

558           \SetMathAlphabet@{\#1}{\#2}{\#3}{\#4}{\#5}%
559           \else
560               \@latex@error{Command ‘\string#5’ not defined as a
561                           math alphabet}%
562               {Use \noexpand\DeclareMathAlphabet to define it.}%
563           \fi
564       \fi
565   \else
566       \@latex@error{Math version ‘\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1’
567                   is not
568                   defined}{You probably misspelled the name of the math
569                   version.^^JOr you have to specify an additional package.}%
570   \fi
571 }
572 \onlypreamble\SetMathAlphabet@

```

\DeclareMathAlphabet could do with more checks like allowing single number in #4 lowercase in #4 etc

```

573 \def\DeclareMathAccent#1#2#3#4{%
574   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
575   \expandafter{\group@list}%
576 \ifin@
577   \begingroup
578     \count\z@=#4\relax
579     \count\tw@\count\z@
580     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
581     \count@\count\z@
582     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
583     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
584     \if\relax\noexpand#1% is command?
585       \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
586         {\expandafter\@gobble\string\mathaccent}{\meaning#1}}%
587       \reserved@a
588       \ifin@
589         \expandafter\set@mathaccent
590           \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
591           {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
592           \font@info{Redeclaring math accent \string#1}%
593     \else
594       \expandafter\ifx
595         \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
596       \relax
597         \expandafter\set@mathaccent
598           \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
599           {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
600     \else
601       \@latex@error{Command ‘\string#1’ already defined}\@eha
602     \fi
603   \fi
604 \else
605   \@latex@error{Not a command name: ‘\noexpand#1’}\@eha

```

```

606      \fi
607      \endgroup
608  \else
609      \@latex@error{Symbol font '#3' is not defined}\@eha
610  \fi
611 }
612 \@onlypreamble\DeclareMathAccent

\set@mathaccent
613 \def\set@mathaccent#1#2#3#4{%
614   \xdef#2{\mathaccent"\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}}
615 \@onlypreamble\set@mathaccent

\DeclareMathSymbol
616 \def\DeclareMathSymbol#1#2#3#4{%
617   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
618   \expandafter{\group@list}%
619 \ifin@
620   \begingroup
621     \count\z@=#4\relax
622     \count\tw@\count\z@
623     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
624     \count@\count\z@
625     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
626     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
627     \if\relax\noexpand#1% is command?
628       \edef\reserved@a
629         {\noexpand\in@\expandafter\@gobble\string\mathchar}{\meaning#1}%
630       \reserved@a
631     \ifin@
632       \expandafter\set@mathsymbol
633         \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
634         {\hexnumber@\{\count\z@\}\hexnumber@\{\count\tw@\}}%
635       \@font@info{Redeclaring math symbol \string#1}%
636     \else
637       \expandafter\ifx
638         \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
639         \relax
640       \expandafter\set@mathsymbol
641         \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
642         {\hexnumber@\{\count\z@\}\hexnumber@\{\count\tw@\}}%
643     \else
644       \@latex@error{Command '\string#1' already defined}\@eha
645     \fi
646   \fi
647 \else
648   \expandafter\set@mathchar
649     \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2
650     {\hexnumber@\{\count\z@\}\hexnumber@\{\count\tw@\}}%
651   \fi
652   \endgroup
653 \else
654   \@latex@error{Symbol font '#3' is not defined}\@eha
655 \fi

```

```

656 }
657 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathSymbol

\set@mathchar
658 \def\set@mathchar#1#2#3#4{%
659   \global\mathcode`#2=\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}
660 \onlypreamble\set@mathchar

\set@mathsymbol
661 \def\set@mathsymbol#1#2#3#4{%
662   \global\mathchardef#2"\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}
663 \onlypreamble\set@mathsymbol

664 %\def\mathsymbol#1#2#3{%
665 %  \tempcnta=#3\relax
666 %  \tempcntb\tempcnta
667 %  \divide\tempcnta\sixt@@n
668 %  \count@\tempcnta
669 %  \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
670 %  \advance\tempcntb-\count@
671 %  \mathchar"\mathchar@type#1\hexnumber@#2%
672 %           \hexnumber@\tempcnta\hexnumber@\tempcntb\relax}
673 %
674 %\def\DeclareMathAlphabetCharacter#1#2#3{%
675 %  \DeclareMathSymbol{#1}7{#2}{#3}}

```

\DeclareMathDelimiter

```

676 \def\DeclareMathDelimiter#1{%
677   \if\relax\noexpand#1%
678     \expandafter\DeclareMathDelimiter
679   \else
680     \expandafter\xxDeclareMathDelimiter
681   \fi
682   #1}
683 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathDelimiter

```

\xxDeclareMathDelimiter This macro checks if the second arg is a “math type” such as `\mathopen`. The undocumented original code didn’t use math types when the delimiter was a single letter. For this reason the coding is a bit strange as it tries to support the undocumented syntax for compatibility reasons.

```
684 \def\xxDeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4{%
```

7 is the default value returned in the case that `\mathchar@type` is passed something unexpected, like a math symbol font name. We locally move `\mathalpha` out of the way so if you use that the right branch is taken. This will still fail if an explicit number 7 is used!

```

685   \begingroup
686   \let\mathalpha\mathord
687   \ifnum7=\mathchar@type{#2}%
688     \endgroup

```

If this branch is taken we have old syntax (5 arguments).

```

689     \expandafter\@firstofone
690   \else

```

If this branch is taken `\mathchar@type` is different from 7 so we assume new syntax. In this case we also use the arguments to set up the letter as a math symbol for the case where it is not used as a delimiter.

```
691      \endgroup
692      \DeclareMathSymbol#1{#2}{#3}{#4}%
```

Then we arrange that `\xDeclareMathDelimiter` only gets #1, #3, #4 ... as it does not expect a math type as argument.

```
693      \expandafter\@firstoftwo
694      \fi
695      {\xDeclareMathDelimiter#1{#2}{#3}{#4}}
696 \onlypreamble\xxDeclareMathDelimiter
```

`\@DeclareMathDelimiter`

```
697 \def\@DeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
698   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
699   \expandafter{\group@list}%
700 \ifin@
701   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#5\expandafter\endcsname
702   \expandafter{\group@list}%
703 \ifin@
704   \begingroup
705     \count\z@=#4\relax
706     \count\tw@\count\z@
707     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
708     \count@\count\z@
709     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
710     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
711     \edef\reserved@c{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
712 %
713     \count\z@=#6\relax
714     \count\tw@\count\z@
715     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
716     \count@\count\z@
717     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
718     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
719     \edef\reserved@d{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
720 %
721     \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
722       {\expandafter\gobble\string\delimiter}{\meaning#1}}%
723     \reserved@a
724   \ifin@
725     \expandafter\set@mathdelimiter
726       \csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
727       \csname sym#5\endcsname#1#2%
728       \reserved@c\reserved@d
729     \font@info{Redeclaring math delimiter \string#1}%
730   \else
731     \expandafter\ifx
732       \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
733     \relax
734     \expandafter\set@mathdelimiter
735       \csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
736       \csname sym#5\endcsname#1#2%
```

```

737           \reserved@c\reserved@d
738           \else
739               \@latex@error{Command ‘\string#1’ already defined}\@eha
740           \fi
741           \fi
742       \endgroup
743   \else
744       \@latex@error{Symbol font ‘#5’ is not defined}\@eha
745   \fi
746 \else
747     \@latex@error{Symbol font ‘#3’ is not defined}\@eha
748 \fi
749 }
750 \onlypreamble\@xDeclareMathDelimiter

\@xDeclareMathDelimiter
751 \def\@xDeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4#5{%
752   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
753   \expandafter{\group@list}%
754 \ifin@%
755   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#4\expandafter\endcsname
756   \expandafter{\group@list}%
757 \ifin@%
758   \begingroup
759     \count\z@=#3\relax
760     \count\tw@\count\z@
761     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
762     \count@\count\z@
763     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
764     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
765     \edef\reserved@c{\hexnumber@\{\count\z@\}\hexnumber@\{\count\tw@\}}%
766   %
767     \count\z@=#5\relax
768     \count\tw@\count\z@
769     \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
770     \count@\count\z@
771     \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
772     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
773     \edef\reserved@d{\hexnumber@\{\count\z@\}\hexnumber@\{\count\tw@\}}%
774   \expandafter\set@mathdelimiter
775     \csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname sym#4\endcsname#1%
776     \reserved@c\reserved@d
777   \endgroup
778 \else
779   \@latex@error{Symbol font ‘#4’ is not defined}\@eha
780 \fi
781 \else
782   \@latex@error{Symbol font ‘#2’ is not defined}\@eha
783 \fi
784 }
785 \onlypreamble\@xDeclareMathDelimiter

\set@mathdelimiter We have to end the definition of a math delimiter like \lfloor with a space
and not with \relax as we did before, because otherwise constructs involving

```

```

\abovewithdelims will prematurely end (pr/1329)
786 \def\set@mathdelimiter#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
787   \xdef#3{\delimiter"\mathchar@type#4\hexnumber@#1#5%
788                                     \hexnumber@#2#6 }%
789 \onlypreamble\set@mathdelimiter

\set@@mathdelimiter
790 \def\set@@mathdelimiter#1#2#3#4#5{%
791   \global\delcode`#3="\hexnumber@#1#4\hexnumber@#2#5\relax%
792 \onlypreamble\set@@mathdelimiter

\DeclareMathRadical
793 \def\DeclareMathRadical#1#2#3#4#5{%
Below is a crude fix to make this macro work if #1 is undefined or \relax. Should
be improved!
794 \expandafter\ifx
795   \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
796   \relax
797   \let#1\radical
798 \fi
799 \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
800   {\expandafter\@gobble\string\radical}{\meaning#1}}%
801 \reserved@a
802 \ifin@
803   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
804   \expandafter{\group@list}%
805 \ifin@
806   \expandafter\in@\csname sym#4\expandafter\endcsname
807   \expandafter{\group@list}%
808 \ifin@
809   \begingroup
810     \count\z@=#3\relax
811     \count\tw@\count\z@
812     \divide\count\z@\sixt@on
813     \count@\count\z@
814     \multiply\count@\sixt@on
815     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
816     \edef\reserved@c{%
817       \hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
818     \count\z@=#5\relax
819     \count\tw@\count\z@
820     \divide\count\z@\sixt@on
821     \count@\count\z@
822     \multiply\count@\sixt@on
823     \advance\count\tw@-\count@
824     \edef\reserved@d{%
825       \hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
Coded inline instead of using \set@mathradical
826 %   \expandafter\set@mathradical
827 %   \csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
828 %   \csname sym#4\endcsname#1%
829 %   \reserved@c\reserved@d

```

```

830         \xdef#1{\radical"\expandafter\hexnumber@
831             \csname sym#2\endcsname\reserved@c
832             \expandafter\hexnumber@
833                 \csname sym#4\endcsname\reserved@d
834             \relax}%
835         \endgroup
836     \else
837         \@latex@error{Symbol font '#4' is not defined}\@eha
838     \fi
839     \else
840         \@latex@error{Symbol font '#2' is not defined}\@eha
841     \fi
842     \else
843         \@latex@error{Command '\string#1' already defined}\@eha
844     \fi
845 }
846 \onlypreamble\DeclareMathRadical

Definition below was wrong it contained \delimiter !

\def\set@mathradical#1#2#3#4#5{%
    \xdef#3{\radical"\hexnumber@#1#4\hexnumber@#2#5\relax}%

\mathalpha just a dummy currently
847 \let\mathalpha\relax

\mathchar@type
848 \def\mathchar@type#1{%
849   \ifodd 2#11 #1\else % is this non-negative number?
850     \ifx#1\mathord 0\else
851       \ifx#1\mathop 1\else
852         \ifx#1\mathbin 2\else
853           \ifx#1\mathrel 3\else
854             \ifx#1\mathopen 4\else
855               \ifx#1\mathclose 5\else
856                 \ifx#1\mathpunct 6\else
857                   7% % anything else is variable ord
858                 \fi
859               \fi
860             \fi
861           \fi
862         \fi
863       \fi
864     \fi
865   \fi}
866 \onlypreamble\mathchar@type

\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet
867 \def\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet#1#2{%
868   \expandafter\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@
869     \csname \expandafter\gobble\string#1\space\endcsname{#2}#1}
870 \onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet

\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@
871 \def\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@#1#2#3{%

```

We use the switch `\if@tempswa` to decide if we can declare this symbol font alphabet.

```
872     \@tempswatrue
```

First check if #2 is known to be a symbol font

```
873     \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
874         \expandafter{\group@list}%
875     \ifin@
```

Check if #1 is defined as a math alphabet defined via `\DeclareMathAlphabet`:

```
876     \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
877     \ifin@
```

If so remove it from the `\alpha@list` and from all math version macros.

```
878     \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#3}%
879     \toks@{}%
880     \def\alpha@elt##1##2##3{%
881         \ifx##1#1\else\addto@hook\toks@{\alpha@elt##1##2##3}\fi}%
882     \alpha@list
883     \xdef\alpha@list{\the\toks@}%
```

Now we loop over all versions and remove the math alphabet:

```
884     \def\version@elt##1{%
885         \begingroup
886         \toks@{}%
887         \def\getanddefine@fonts####1####2{%
888             \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts####1####2}}%
889         \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
890             \ifx##1#1\else
891                 \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet
892                     ####1{####2}}\fi}%
893             ##1%
894             \xdef##1{\the\toks@}%
895         \endgroup
896         }%
897     \version@list
898     \else
```

If #3 is not defined as a math alphabet check if it is defined at all:

```
899     \expandafter\ifx
900     \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname
901     \relax
```

If it is undefined, fine otherwise check if it is a math alphabet defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet`:

```
902     \else
903         \edef\reserved@a{%
904             \noexpand\in@\{\string\use@mathgroup}{\meaning#1}%
905         \reserved@a
906         \ifin@
907             \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#3}%
908         \else
```

Since the command #3 is defined to be something which is not a math alphabet we have to skip redefining it.

```
909     \@tempswafalse
```

```

910          \@latex@error{Command ‘\string#3’ already defined}\@eha
911          \fi
912          \fi
913          \fi
914      \else

```

Since the symbol font is not known we better skip defining this alphabet.

```

915      \if@tempswafalse
916          \@latex@error{Unknown symbol font ‘#2’}\@eha
917          \fi
918      \if@tempswa

```

When we reach this point we are allowed to define #1 to be a symbol font math alphabet. This means that we have to set it to

```
\use@mathgroup <math-settings> \sym<name>
```

The *<math-settings>* are the one for the encoding that is used in the font shape where `\sym<name>` is pointing to. This means that we have to get it from the information stored in `\group@list`. Thus we loop through that list after defining `\group@elt` in a suitable way.

```

919      \def\group@elt##1##2{%
920          \expandafter\ifx\csname sym#2\endcsname##1%
921          \expandafter\reserved@a\string##2\@nil
922          \fi}%
923      \def\reserved@a##1##2##3\@nil{%
924          \def\reserved@a{##2}}%
925      \group@list
926      \toks@{\relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#1\fi}%
927      \edef#1{\the\toks@
928          \noexpand\use@mathgroup
929          \expandafter\noexpand\csname M@\reserved@a\endcsname
930          \csname sym#2\endcsname}%
931      \def#3{\protect#1}%
932  \fi
933 }
934 \onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@
935 </2ekernel>

```

File s **ltfssini.dtx**

This file contains the top level L^AT_EX interface to the font selection scheme commands. See other parts of the L^AT_EX distribution, or *The L^AT_EX Companion* for higher level documentation of these commands.

34 NFSS Initialisation

Finally, there are six commands that are to be used in L^AT_EX and that we will therefore protect against expansion at the wrong point: \fontfamily, \fontseries, \fontshape, \fontsize, \selectfont, and \mathversion.

1 *(*2ekernel)*

34.1 Providing math *versions*

L^AT_EX provides two *versions*. We call them **normal** and **bold**, respectively.

2 \DeclareMathVersion{normal}
3 \DeclareMathVersion{bold}

Now we define the standard font change commands. We don't allow the use of \rmfamily etc. in math mode.

First the changes to another *family*:

4 \DeclareRobustCommand\rmfamily
5 {\not@math@alphabet\rmfamily\mathrm
6 \fontfamily\rmdefault\selectfont}
7 \DeclareRobustCommand\sffamily
8 {\not@math@alphabet\sffamily\mathsf
9 \fontfamily\sfdefault\selectfont}
10 \DeclareRobustCommand\ttfamily
11 {\not@math@alphabet\ttfamily\mathtt
12 \fontfamily\ttdefault\selectfont}

Then the commands changing the *series*:

13 \DeclareRobustCommand\bfseries
14 {\not@math@alphabet\bfseries\mathbf
15 \fontseries\bfdefault\selectfont}
16 \DeclareRobustCommand\mdseries
17 {\not@math@alphabet\mdseries\relax
18 \fontseries\mddefault\selectfont}
19 \DeclareRobustCommand\upshape
20 {\not@math@alphabet\upshape\relax
21 \fontshape\updefault\selectfont}

Then the commands changing the *shape*:

22 \DeclareRobustCommand\slshape
23 {\not@math@alphabet\slshape\relax
24 \fontshape\sldefault\selectfont}
25 \DeclareRobustCommand\scshape
26 {\not@math@alphabet\scshape\relax
27 \fontshape\scdefault\selectfont}

```

28 \DeclareRobustCommand\itshape
29     {\not@math@alphabet\itshape\mathit
30     \fontshape\itdefault\selectfont}

\em We also have to define the emphasize font change command (i.e. \em). This
\eminnershape command will look is the current font is sloped (i.e. has a positive \fontdimen1)
and will then select either \upshape or \itshape.
31 </2ekernel>
32 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\eminnershape}{\eminnershape}%
33 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
34 \DeclareRobustCommand\em
35     {\@nomath\em \ifdim \fontdimen1ne\font >\z@
36             \eminnershape \else \itshape \fi}%
37 \def\eminnershape{\upshape}%
38 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
39 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
40 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\eminnershape}{\eminnershape}%
41 <latexrelease>\DeclareRobustCommand\em
42 <latexrelease>     {\@nomath\em \ifdim \fontdimen1ne\font >\z@
43 <latexrelease>             \upshape \else \itshape \fi}%
44 <latexrelease>\let\eminnershape@\undefined
45 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
46 <*2ekernel>

\not@math@alphabet This function generates an error message when it is called in math mode. The
\eminnershape same function should be defined in newlfont.sty.
47 \def\not@math@alphabet#1#2{%
48     \relax
49     \ifmmode
50         \@latex@error{Command \noexpand#1 invalid in math mode}%
51         {%
52             Please
53             \ifx#2\relax
54                 define a new math alphabet^{^J}%
55                 if you want to use a special font in math mode}%
56         \else
57             use the math alphabet \noexpand#2 instead of
58             the #1 command}%
59         \fi
60         .
61     }%
62 \fi}%

We have to a \noexpand below to prevent expansion of #2. In case of #1 we can
omit this (due to the current definition of robust commands since they do come
out right there :-).

Finally we provide two abbreviations to switch to the LATEX versions.
63 \def\boldmath{\@nomath\boldmath
64             \mathversion{bold}}%
65 \def\unboldmath{\@nomath\unboldmath
66             \mathversion{normal}}%

```

Here we switch to the default math version by defining the internal macro `\math@version`. We dare not to call `\mathversion` at this place because this would call `\glb@settings`.

```
67 \def\math@version{normal}
```

34.2 Miscellaneous

`\newfont` We start by defining a few macros that are part of standard L^AT_EX's user interface.
`\symbol` The use of these functions is not encouraged, but they will allow to process older documents without changes to the source.

```
68 \def\newfont#1#2{\@ifdefinable#1{\font#1=#2\relax}}
69 \def\symbol#1{\char #1\relax}
```

`\@setfontsize` This abbreviation is used by L^AT_EX's user level size changing commands, such as `\large`.

```
70 \def\@setfontsize#1#2#3{\@nomath#1%
```

For the benefit of people relying on keeping the name of the current font command saved in `\@currsize` we define it. To ensure that `\@setfontsize` keeps being robust we omit this assignment during times where `\protect` differs from `\@typeset@protect`.

```
71     \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
72         \let\@currsize#1%
73     \fi
74     \fontsize{#2}{#3}\selectfont
```

For compatibility we also define `\@setsizes` the 209 command

```
75 (*compat)
76 \def\@setsizes#1#2#3#4{\@setfontsize#1{#4}{#2}}
77 (/compat)
```

`\oldstylenums` This macro implements old style numerals but only works if we assume that the standard math fonts are used. Thus it needs changing in case other math encodings are used.

```
78 \def\oldstylenums#1{%
79     \begingroup
```

Provide spacing using the interword space of the current font.

```
80     \spaceskip\fontdimen\tw@\font
```

Then switch to the math italic font. We don't change the current value of `\f@series` which means that you can use bold numerals if `\bfseries` is in force. As family we use `\rmdefault` which means that this only works if there exist an OML encoded version of that font or rather a corresponding .fd file (which is the case for standard L^AT_EX fonts even though they only contain substitutions).

```
81     \usefont{OML}{\rmdefault}{\f@series}{it}%
82     \mathgroup\symletters #1%
83     \endgroup
84 }
```

`\hexnumber@` To set up L^AT_EX's special math character definitions we first provide a macro to generate hexadecimal numbers. It is a rather simple `\ifcase`.

```
85 \def\hexnumber@#1{\ifcase\number#1
```

```

86 0\or 1\or 2\or 3\or 4\or 5\or 6\or 7\or 8\or
87 9\or A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\fi}

```

- \nfss@text In its simplest form \nfss@text is an \mbox. This will produce unbreakable text outside math and inside math you will get text with the same fonts as outside. The only drawback is that such item won't change sizes in subscripts. But this behavior can be easily changed. With the **amstex** style option one will get a sub style called **amstext** which will redefine the \nfss@text macro to produce correct text in all sizes.

We have to use \def instead of the shorter \let since \mbox is undefined when we reach this point.

```
88 \def\nfss@text#1{{\mbox{#1}}}}
```

- \copyright The definition of \copyright was changed so that it works in other type styles, and to make it robust. We leave the family untouched so that the copyright notice will come out differently if a different font family is in use. This command is commented out, since it is now defined in ltoutenc.dtx.

```

89 %\DeclareRobustCommand\copyright
90 %    {{\ooalign{\hfil
91 %        \raise.07ex\hbox{\mdseries\upshape c}\hfil\crcr
92 %        \mathhexbox20D}}}

```

- \normalfont \reset@font \p@reset@font The macro \reset@font is used in L^AT_EX to switch to a standard font, in order to initialize the current font in situations where typesetting is done in a new visual context (e.g. in a footnote). We define it here to allow the test for the new L^AT_EX version above but nevertheless are able to run all kind of mixtures.

The user interface name for \reset@font is \normalfont:

```

93 \DeclareRobustCommand\normalfont
94         {\usefont\encodingdefault
95             \familydefault
96             \seriesdefault
97             \shapedefault
98             \relax}
99 \let\reset@font\normalfont

```

We left out the special L^AT_EX fonts which are not automatically included in the base version of the font selection since these fonts contain only a few characters which are also included in the AMS fonts so anybody who is using these fonts doesn't need them. But for compatibility reasons we will define these symbols.

```

100 \def\not@base#1{\@latex@error
101   {Command \noexpand#1 not provided in base LATEX2e}%
102   {Load the latexsym or the amsfonts package to
103    define this symbol}}
104 \def\mho{\not@base\mho}
105 \def\Join{\not@base\Join}
106 \def\Box{\not@base\Box}
107 \def\Diamond{\not@base\Diamond}
108 \def\leadsto{\not@base\leadsto}
109 \def\sqsubset{\not@base\sqsubset}
110 \def\sqsupset{\not@base\sqsupset}
111 \def\lhd{\not@base\lhd}

```

```

112 \def\unlhd{\not@base\unlhd}
113 \def\rhd{\not@base\rhd}
114 \def\unrhd{\not@base\unrhd}

```

We now initialize all variables set by \DeclareErrorFont. These values are not really important since they will be overwritten later on by the definition in `fontdef.ltx`.

However, if `fontdef.cfg` is corrupted then at least a hopefully suitable error font is present.

```

115 \DeclareErrorFont{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{10} %% don't modify this setting
116                                     %% overwrite it in fontdef.cfg
117                                     %% if necessary

```

We now load the customizable parts of NFSS.

```
118 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne
```

Still using `TeX2`. need a configuration file to avoid setting the 8bit characters.

```

119 \InputIfFileExists{fonttext.cfg}
120     {\typeout{=====
121         ^^^J%
122             Local config file fonttext.cfg used^J%
123             ^^^J%
124             =====}%
125     \def\@addtolist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
126 }
127 {\typeout{!!!!!!!!!!!!!!^J%
128         !^J%
129             ! You MUST use a fonttext.cfg file!^J%
130             ! As you are still using TeX2!!!!^J%
131             !^J%
132             ! See the documentation file tex2.txt^J%
133             !^J%
134             !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!}%
135 \batchmode \@@end}
136 \else

```

With `TeX3` can use the standard `ltx` file if no configuration file exists.

```

137 \InputIfFileExists{fonttext.cfg}
138     {\typeout{=====
139         ^^^J%
140             Local config file fonttext.cfg used^J%
141             ^^^J%
142             =====}%
143     \def\@addtolist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
144 }
145 {\input{fonttext.ltx}}
146 \fi
147 \let\@addtolist\@gobble

```

Ditto for math although I don't think that we will get a lot of customisation :-)

```

148 \InputIfFileExists{fontmath.cfg}
149     {\typeout{=====
150         ^^^J%
151             Local config file fontmath.cfg used^J%

```

```

152          ^^J%
153          =====}%
154      \def\@addtolist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
155  }
156  {\input{fontmath.ltx}}
157 \let\@addtolist\@gobble

```

Then we preload several fonts. This file might be customized *without* changing the behavior of the format (i.e. necessary font definitions will be loaded at runtime if they are not preloaded). This is done in the file `preload.ltx`.

```

158 \InputIfFileExists{preload.cfg}
159     {\typeout{=====
160         ^^J%
161         Local config file preload.cfg used^^J%
162         ^^J%
163         =====}%
164     \def\@addtolist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
165   }
166   {\input{preload.ltx}}
167 \let\@addtolist\@gobble

```

\@acci We also save the values of some accents in `\@acci`, `\@accii` and `\@acciii` so they can be restored by a `minipage` inside a `tabbing` environment.

\@accii 168 `\let\@acci\` \let\@accii\` \let\@acciii\=`

\cal Here were the two old *(alphabet identifiers)*.

\mit 169 `\end{ekernel}`

File t

fontdef.dtx

35 Introduction

This file is used to generate the files `fonttext.ltx` (text font declarations) and `fontmath.ltx` (math font declarations), which are used during the format generation. It contains the declaration of the standard text encodings used at the site as well as a minimal subset of font shape groups that NFSS will look at to ensure that the specified encodings are valid.

The math part contains the setup for math encodings as well as the default math symbol declarations that belong to the encoding.

It is possible to change this setup (by using other fonts, or defaults) without losing the ability to process documents written at other sites. Portability in this sense means that a document will compile without errors. It does not mean, however, that identical output will be produced. For this it is necessary that the distributed setup is used at both installations.

36 Customization

You are not allowed to change this source file! If you want to change the default encodings and/or the font shape groups preloaded you should create a copy of `fonttext.ltx` under the name `fonttext.cfg` and change this copy. If L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} finds a file of this name it will use it, otherwise it uses the standard file which is `fontdef.ltx`.

If you don't plan to use Computer Modern much or at all, it might (!) be a good idea to make your own `fonttext.cfg`. Look at the comments below (docstrip module 'text') to see what should go into such a file.

To change the math font setup use a copy of `fontmath.ltx` under the name `fontmath.cfg` and change this copy. However, dealing with this interface is even more a job for an expert than changing the text font setup — in short, we don't encourage either.

Warning: please note that we don't support customised L^AT_EX versions. Thus, before sending in a bug report please try your test file with a L^AT_EX format which is not customised and send in the log from that version (unless the problem goes away).

Please note: the following standard encodings have to be defined in all local variants of `font....cfg` to guarantee that all L^AT_EX installations behave in the same way.

T1	Cork T _E X text encoding
OT1	old T _E X text encoding
U	unknown encoding
OML	old T _E X math letters encoding
OMS	old T _E X math symbols encoding
OMX	old T _E X math extension symbols encoding

Notice that some of these encodings are ‘old’ in the sense that we hope that they will be superseded soon by encoding standards defined by the \TeX user community. Therefore this set of default encodings may change in the future.

The first candidate is OT1 which will soon be replaced by T1, the official \TeX text encoding.

Warning: If you add additional encodings to this file there is no guarantee any longer that files processable at your installation will also be processable at other installations. Thus, if you make use of such an encoding in your document, e.g. if you intend to typeset in Cyrillic (OT2 encoding), you need to specify this encoding in the preamble of your document prior to sending it to another installation. Once the encoding is specified in that place in your document, the document is processable at all \LaTeX installations (provided they have suitable fonts installed).

For this reason we suggest that you define a short package file that sets up an additional encoding used at your site (rather than putting the encoding into this file) since this package can easily be shipped with your document.

37 The docstrip modules

The following modules are used to direct `docstrip` in generating external files:

driver	produce a documentation driver file
text	produce the file <code>fonttext.ltx</code>
math	produce the file <code>fontmath.ltx</code>
cfgtext	produce a dummy <code>fonttext.cfg</code> file
cfgmath	produce a dummy <code>fontmath.cfg</code> file

A typical `docstrip` command file would then have entries like:

```
\generateFile{fonttext.ltx}{t}{\from{fontdef.dtx}{text}}
```

38 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for \TeX , i.e. the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the `DOCSTRIP` program.

```
1 {*driver}
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 \GetFileInfo{fontdef.dtx}
4 \begin{document}
5   \DocInput{fontdef.dtx}
6 \end{document}
7 
```

39 The fonttext.ltx file

The identification is done earlier on with a `\ProvidesFile` declaration.

```
8 {*text}
9 \typeout{== Don't modify this file, use a .cfg file instead ==^^J}
```

39.1 Encodings

This file declares the standard encodings for text and math fonts. All others should be declared in packages or in the documents directly.

For every text encoding there are normally a number of encoding specific commands, e.g. accents, special characters, etc. (The definition for such a command might have to change when the encoding is changed, because the character is in a different position, or not available at all, or the accent is produced in a different way.) This is handled by a general mechanism which is described in `1toutenc.dtx`.

By convention, text encoding specific declarations, including the declaration `\DeclareFontEncoding`, are kept in separate file of the form `<enc>enc.def`, e.g. `ot1enc.def`. This allows other applications to make use of the declarations as well.

Similar to the default encoding, the loading of the encoding files for the two major text encodings shouldn't be changed. In particular, the `inputenc` package depends on this.

```
10 \input {omlenc.def}
11 \input {t1enc.def}
12 \input {ot1enc.def}      % <- should come after T1 for speed
13 \input {omsenc.def}
```

We then set the default text font encoding. This will hopefully change some day to T1. This setting should *not* be changed to produce a portable format.

```
14 \fontencoding{OT1}
```

If different encodings for text fonts are in use one could put the common setup into `\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults`. There is now a better mechanism so using this interface is discouraged!

```
15 \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults{}{}
```

Then we define the default substitution for every encoding. This release of L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} assumes that the ec fonts are available. It is possible to change this to point to some other font family (e.g., Times with the appropriate encoding if it is available) without making documents non-portable. However, in such a case documents will produce different page breaks at other sites. The substitution defaults can all be changed without losing portability as long as there are font shape definitions for the selected substitutions.

```
16 \DeclareFontSubstitution{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}
17 \DeclareFontSubstitution{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

For every encoding declaration, L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} will try to verify that the given substitution information makes sense, i.e. that it is impossible to go into an endless loop if font substitution happens. This is done at the moment the `\begin{document}` is encountered. L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} will then check that for every encoding the substitution defaults form a valid font shape group, which means that it will check if there is a `\DeclareFontShape` declaration for this combination. We will therefore load the

corresponding .fd files now. If we don't do this they would be loaded at verification time (i.e. at \begin{document}) which would delay processing unnecessarily.

Warning: Please note that this means that you have to regenerate the format whenever you change any of these .fd files since L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} will not read .fd files if it already knows about the encoding/family combination.

The \nfss@catcodes ensures that white space is ignored in any definitions made in the fd files.

```
18 \begingroup
19 \nfss@catcodes
20 \input {t1cmr.fd}
21 \input {ot1cmr.fd}
22 \endgroup
```

We also load some other font definition files which are normally needed in a document. This is only done for processing speed and you can comment the next two lines out to save some memory. If necessary these files are then loaded when your document is processed. (Loading .fd files is a less drastic step compared to preloading fonts because the number of fonts is limited 255 at (nearly) every T_EX installation, while the amount of main memory is not a limiting factor at most installations.)

```
23 \begingroup
24 \nfss@catcodes
25 \input {ot1cmss.fd}
26 \input {ot1cmtt.fd}
27 \endgroup
```

Even with all the precautions it is still possible that NFSS will run into problems, for example, when a .fd file contains corrupted data. To guard against such cases NFSS has a very low-level fallback font that is installed with the following line.

```
28 \DeclareErrorFont{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{10}
```

This means, "if everything else fails use Computer Modern Roman normal shape at 10pt in the old text encoding". You can change the font used but the encoding should be the same as the one specified with \fontencoding above.

39.2 Defaults

To allow the use of \rmfamily, \sffamily, etc. in documents even if non-standard families are used we provide nine macros which hold the name of the corresponding families, series, and so on. This makes it easy to use other font families (like Times Roman, etc.). One simply has to redefine these defaults.

All these hooks have to be defined in this file but you can change their meaning (except for \encodingdefault) without making documents non-portable.

- \rmdefault The following three definitions set up the meaning for \rmfamily, \sffamily, and \sfdefault
- \sfdefault \ttfamily.
- \ttdefault
 - 29 \newcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
 - 30 \newcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
 - 31 \newcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}

```

\bfdefault Series changing commands are influenced by the following hooks.
\mddefault
 32 \newcommand\bfdefault{bx}
 33 \newcommand\mddefault{m}

\itdefault Shape changing commands use the following hooks.
\sldefault
 34 \newcommand\itdefault{it}
\scdefault
 35 \newcommand\sldefault{sl}
\updefault
 36 \newcommand\scdefault{sc}
 37 \newcommand\updefault{n}

\encodingdefault Finally we have the hooks that describe the behaviour of the \normalfont command. To stay portable, the definition of \encodingdefault should not be changed and should match the setting above for \fontencoding. All other values can be set according to your taste.
\familydefault
 38 \newcommand\encodingdefault{OT1}
\seriesdefault
 39 \newcommand\familydefault{\rmdefault}
 40 \newcommand\seriesdefault{\mddefault}
\shapedefault
 41 \newcommand\shapedefault{\updefault}

This finishes the low-level setup in fonttext.ltx.
42 </text>

```

40 The fontmath.ltx file

The identification is done earlier on with a \ProvidesFile declaration.

```

43 {*math}
44 \typeout{== Don't modify this file, use a .cfg file instead ==^J}

```

40.1 The font encodings used

```

45 \DeclareFontEncoding{OML}{}{}
46 \DeclareFontEncoding{OMS}{}{}
47 \DeclareFontEncoding{OMX}{}{}

```

Finally a declaration for U encoding which serves for all fonts that do not fit standard encodings. For math this sets up \noaccents@ providing for AMS- $\mathrm{\text{\TeX}}$. This macro is used therein to handle accented characters if they are not supported by the font. In other words, if fonts with U encoding are used in math, all accents (like from \breve) are obtained from some other font that has them.

```
48 \DeclareFontEncoding{U}{}{\noaccents@}
```

The encodings for math are next:

```

49 \DeclareFontSubstitution{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}
50 \DeclareFontSubstitution{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
51 \DeclareFontSubstitution{OMX}{cmex}{m}{n}
52 \DeclareFontSubstitution{U}{cmr}{m}{n}

53 \begingroup
54 \nfss@catcodes
55 \input {omlcmm.fd}
56 \input {oms cmsy.fd}
57 \input {omx cmex.fd}
58 \input {ucmr.fd}

```

```
59 \endgroup
```

40.1.1 Symbolfont and Alphabet declarations

We now define the basic symbol fonts used by L^AT_EX. These four symbol fonts must be defined by this file.

It is possible to make the symbol fonts point to other external fonts without losing the ability to process documents written at other sites, as long as one defines the same symbol font names with the same encodings, e.g. `operators` with OT1 etc. If other encodings are used documents become non-portable. Such a change should therefore be done in a package file.

```
60 \DeclareSymbolFont{operators} {OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
61 \DeclareSymbolFont{letters} {OML}{cmm}{m}{it}
62 \DeclareSymbolFont{symbols} {OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
63 \DeclareSymbolFont{largesymbols}{OMX}{cmex}{m}{n}

64 \SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}
65 \SetSymbolFont{letters} {bold}{OML}{cmm}{b}{it}
66 \SetSymbolFont{symbols} {bold}{OMS}{cmsy}{b}{n}
```

Below are the seven math alphabets which are defined by NFSS. Again they must be defined by this file. However, as before you can change the fonts used without losing portability, but you should be careful when changing the encoding since that may make documents come out wrong.

```
67 \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathrm}{operators}
68 \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathnormal}{letters}
69 \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathcal}{symbols}
70 \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}
71 \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathsf}{OT1}{cmss}{m}{n}
72 \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathit}{OT1}{cmr}{m}{it}
73 \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathtt}{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

Given the currently available fonts we cannot bold-en `\mathbf` and `\mathtt` but in principle one could use ‘ultra bold’ or something. The alphabets defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet` will change automatically in a new math version if the corresponding symbol font changes.

```
74 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathsf}{bold}{OT1}{cmss}{bx}{n}
75 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{bold}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{it}
```

40.2 Math font sizes

The declarations below declare the text, script and scriptscript size to be used for each text font size.

All occurrences of sizes longer than a single character are replaced with the macro name that holds them, saving a number of tokens (but losing a bit of speed, so this may not stay this way).

```
76 \DeclareMathSizes{5}{5}{5}{5}
77 \DeclareMathSizes{6}{6}{5}{5}
78 \DeclareMathSizes{7}{7}{5}{5}
79 \DeclareMathSizes{8}{8}{6}{5}
80 \DeclareMathSizes{9}{9}{6}{5}
81 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xpt}{\@xpt}{7}{5}
82 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xipt}{\@xipt}{8}{6}
83 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xiipt}{\@xiipt}{8}{6}
```

```

84 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xivpt}{\@xivpt}{\@xpt}{7}
85 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xviipt}{\@xviipt}{\@xiipt}{\@xpt}
86 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xxpt}{\@xxpt}{\@xivpt}{\@xiipt}
87 \DeclareMathSizes{\@xxvpt}{\@xxvpt}{\@xxpt}{\@xviipt}

```

40.3 The math symbol assignments

We start by setting up math codes for most of the characters typed in directly from the keyboard. Most of them are normally already setup up in the same way by InitEX . However, we repeat them here to have a complete setup which can be exchanged with another if desired.

40.3.1 The letters

```

88 \DeclareMathSymbol{a}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`a}
89 \DeclareMathSymbol{b}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`b}
90 \DeclareMathSymbol{c}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`c}
91 \DeclareMathSymbol{d}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`d}
92 \DeclareMathSymbol{e}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`e}
93 \DeclareMathSymbol{f}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`f}
94 \DeclareMathSymbol{g}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`g}
95 \DeclareMathSymbol{h}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`h}
96 \DeclareMathSymbol{i}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`i}
97 \DeclareMathSymbol{j}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`j}
98 \DeclareMathSymbol{k}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`k}
99 \DeclareMathSymbol{l}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`l}
100 \DeclareMathSymbol{m}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`m}
101 \DeclareMathSymbol{n}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`n}
102 \DeclareMathSymbol{o}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`o}
103 \DeclareMathSymbol{p}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`p}
104 \DeclareMathSymbol{q}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`q}
105 \DeclareMathSymbol{r}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`r}
106 \DeclareMathSymbol{s}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`s}
107 \DeclareMathSymbol{t}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`t}
108 \DeclareMathSymbol{u}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`u}
109 \DeclareMathSymbol{v}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`v}
110 \DeclareMathSymbol{w}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`w}
111 \DeclareMathSymbol{x}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`x}
112 \DeclareMathSymbol{y}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`y}
113 \DeclareMathSymbol{z}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`z}

114 \DeclareMathSymbol{A}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`A}
115 \DeclareMathSymbol{B}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`B}
116 \DeclareMathSymbol{C}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`C}
117 \DeclareMathSymbol{D}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`D}
118 \DeclareMathSymbol{E}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`E}
119 \DeclareMathSymbol{F}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`F}
120 \DeclareMathSymbol{G}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`G}
121 \DeclareMathSymbol{H}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`H}
122 \DeclareMathSymbol{I}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`I}
123 \DeclareMathSymbol{J}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`J}
124 \DeclareMathSymbol{K}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`K}
125 \DeclareMathSymbol{L}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`L}
126 \DeclareMathSymbol{M}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`M}

```

```

127 \DeclareMathSymbol{N}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`N}
128 \DeclareMathSymbol{O}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`O}
129 \DeclareMathSymbol{P}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`P}
130 \DeclareMathSymbol{Q}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Q}
131 \DeclareMathSymbol{R}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`R}
132 \DeclareMathSymbol{S}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`S}
133 \DeclareMathSymbol{T}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`T}
134 \DeclareMathSymbol{U}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`U}
135 \DeclareMathSymbol{V}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`V}
136 \DeclareMathSymbol{W}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`W}
137 \DeclareMathSymbol{X}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`X}
138 \DeclareMathSymbol{Y}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Y}
139 \DeclareMathSymbol{Z}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Z}

```

40.3.2 The digits

```

140 \DeclareMathSymbol{0}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`0}
141 \DeclareMathSymbol{1}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`1}
142 \DeclareMathSymbol{2}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`2}
143 \DeclareMathSymbol{3}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`3}
144 \DeclareMathSymbol{4}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`4}
145 \DeclareMathSymbol{5}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`5}
146 \DeclareMathSymbol{6}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`6}
147 \DeclareMathSymbol{7}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`7}
148 \DeclareMathSymbol{8}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`8}
149 \DeclareMathSymbol{9}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`9}

```

40.3.3 Punctuation, brace, etc. keys

```

150 \DeclareMathSymbol{!}{\mathclose}{operators}{`21}
151 \DeclareMathSymbol{*}{\mathbin}{symbols}{`03} % \ast
152 \DeclareMathSymbol{+}{\mathbin}{operators}{`2B}
153 \DeclareMathSymbol{-}{\mathbin}{letters}{`3B}
154 \DeclareMathSymbol{.}{\mathbin}{symbols}{`00}
155 \DeclareMathSymbol{.}{\mathord}{letters}{`3A}
156 \DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{`3A}
157 \DeclareMathSymbol{;}{\mathpunct}{operators}{`3B}
158 \DeclareMathSymbol{=}{\mathrel}{operators}{`3D}
159 \DeclareMathSymbol{?}{\mathclose}{operators}{`3F}

```

The following symbols are defined as delimiters below which automatically defines them as math symbols.

```

160 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{{}}{\mathopen}{operators}{`28}
161 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{{}}{\mathclose}{operators}{`29}
162 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{/}{\mathord}{letters}{`3D}
163 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{}{\mathopen}{operators}{`5B}
164 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{}{\mathclose}{operators}{`5D}
165 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{|}{\mathord}{symbols}{`6A}
166 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{<}{\mathrel}{letters}{`3C}
167 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{>}{\mathrel}{letters}{`3E}

```

Should all of the following being activated by default? Probably not.

```

168 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{'\{}{\mathopen}{symbols}{`66}
169 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{'\}}{\mathclose}{symbols}{`67}
170 \% \DeclareMathSymbol{'\\}{\mathord}{symbols}{`6E} % \backslash
171 \mathcode`\ = "8000 % \space
172 \mathcode`\'= "8000 % ^\prime

```

```
173 \mathcode`\_="8000 % \_
```

40.3.4 Delimitercodes for characters

[to be completed]

Finally, *InitEX* sets all `\delcode` values to -1, except `\delcode`.=0`

```
174 \DeclareMathDelimiter{()}{\mathopen}{operators}{28}{largesymbols}{00}
175 \DeclareMathDelimiter{}{\mathclose}{operators}{29}{largesymbols}{01}
176 \DeclareMathDelimiter{[]}{\mathopen}{operators}{5B}{largesymbols}{02}
177 \DeclareMathDelimiter{}{\mathclose}{operators}{5D}{largesymbols}{03}
```

The next two are considered to be relations when not used in the context of a delimiter! And worse, they do even represent different glyphs when being used as delimiter and not as delimiter. This is a user level syntax inherited from plain *T_EX*. Therefore we explicitly redefine the math symbol definitions for these symbols afterwards.

```
178 \DeclareMathDelimiter{<}{\mathopen}{symbols}{68}{largesymbols}{0A}
179 \DeclareMathDelimiter{>}{\mathclose}{symbols}{69}{largesymbols}{0B}
180 \DeclareMathSymbol{<}{\mathrel}{letters}{3C}
181 \DeclareMathSymbol{>}{\mathrel}{letters}{3E}
```

And here is another case where the non-delimiter version produces a glyph different from the delimiter version.

```
182 \DeclareMathDelimiter{/}{\mathord}{operators}{2F}{largesymbols}{0E}
183 \DeclareMathSymbol{/}{\mathord}{letters}{3D}
184 \DeclareMathDelimiter{|}{\mathord}{symbols}{6A}{largesymbols}{0C}
185 \expandafter\DeclareMathDelimiter@\backslash\mathord@{6E}{largesymbols}{0F}
186 \expandafter\backslash\mathord@{6E}{largesymbols}{0F}
```

N.B. { and } should NOT get delcodes; otherwise parameter grouping fails!

40.4 Symbols accessed via control sequences

40.4.1 Greek letters

```
187 \DeclareMathSymbol{\alpha}{\mathord}{letters}{0B}
188 \DeclareMathSymbol{\beta}{\mathord}{letters}{0C}
189 \DeclareMathSymbol{\gamma}{\mathord}{letters}{0D}
190 \DeclareMathSymbol{\delta}{\mathord}{letters}{0E}
191 \DeclareMathSymbol{\epsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{0F}
192 \DeclareMathSymbol{\zeta}{\mathord}{letters}{10}
193 \DeclareMathSymbol{\eta}{\mathord}{letters}{11}
194 \DeclareMathSymbol{\theta}{\mathord}{letters}{12}
195 \DeclareMathSymbol{\iota}{\mathord}{letters}{13}
196 \DeclareMathSymbol{\kappa}{\mathord}{letters}{14}
197 \DeclareMathSymbol{\lambda}{\mathord}{letters}{15}
198 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mu}{\mathord}{letters}{16}
199 \DeclareMathSymbol{\nu}{\mathord}{letters}{17}
200 \DeclareMathSymbol{\xi}{\mathord}{letters}{18}
201 \DeclareMathSymbol{\pi}{\mathord}{letters}{19}
202 \DeclareMathSymbol{\rho}{\mathord}{letters}{1A}
203 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sigma}{\mathord}{letters}{1B}
204 \DeclareMathSymbol{\tau}{\mathord}{letters}{1C}
205 \DeclareMathSymbol{\upsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{1D}
206 \DeclareMathSymbol{\phi}{\mathord}{letters}{1E}
```

```

207 \DeclareMathSymbol{\chi}{\mathord}{letters}{1F}
208 \DeclareMathSymbol{\psi}{\mathord}{letters}{20}
209 \DeclareMathSymbol{\omega}{\mathord}{letters}{21}
210 \DeclareMathSymbol{\varepsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{22}
211 \DeclareMathSymbol{\vartheta}{\mathord}{letters}{23}
212 \DeclareMathSymbol{\varpi}{\mathord}{letters}{24}
213 \DeclareMathSymbol{\varrho}{\mathord}{letters}{25}
214 \DeclareMathSymbol{\varsigma}{\mathord}{letters}{26}
215 \DeclareMathSymbol{\varphi}{\mathord}{letters}{27}
216 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Gamma}{\mathord}{operators}{00}
217 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Delta}{\mathord}{operators}{01}
218 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Theta}{\mathord}{operators}{02}
219 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Lambda}{\mathord}{operators}{03}
220 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Xi}{\mathord}{operators}{04}
221 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Pi}{\mathord}{operators}{05}
222 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Sigma}{\mathord}{operators}{06}
223 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Upsilon}{\mathord}{operators}{07}
224 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Phi}{\mathord}{operators}{08}
225 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Psi}{\mathord}{operators}{09}
226 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Omega}{\mathord}{operators}{0A}

```

40.4.2 Ordinary symbols

```

227 \DeclareMathSymbol{\aleph}{\mathord}{symbols}{40}
228 \def\hbar{{\mathchar'26\mkern-9mu h}}
229 \DeclareMathSymbol{\imath}{\mathord}{letters}{7B}
230 \DeclareMathSymbol{\jmath}{\mathord}{letters}{7C}
231 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ell}{\mathord}{letters}{60}
232 \DeclareMathSymbol{\wp}{\mathord}{letters}{7D}
233 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Re}{\mathord}{symbols}{3C}
234 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Im}{\mathord}{symbols}{3D}
235 \DeclareMathSymbol{\partial}{\mathord}{letters}{40}
236 \DeclareMathSymbol{\infty}{\mathord}{symbols}{31}
237 \DeclareMathSymbol{\prime}{\mathord}{symbols}{30}
238 \DeclareMathSymbol{\emptyset}{\mathord}{symbols}{3B}
239 \DeclareMathSymbol{\nabla}{\mathord}{symbols}{72}
240 \def\surd{{\mathchar'1270}}
241 \DeclareMathSymbol{\top}{\mathord}{symbols}{3E}
242 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bot}{\mathord}{symbols}{3F}
243 \def\angle{{\vbox{\ialign{$\m@th\scriptstyle##$\crcr
244     \not\mathrel{\mkern14mu}\crcr
245     \noalign{\nointerlineskip}
246     \mkern2.5mu\leaders\hrule\@height.34pt\hfill\mkern2.5mu\crcr}}}}
247 \DeclareMathSymbol{\triangle}{\mathord}{symbols}{34}
248 \DeclareMathSymbol{\forall}{\mathord}{symbols}{38}
249 \DeclareMathSymbol{\exists}{\mathord}{symbols}{39}
250 \DeclareMathSymbol{\neg}{\mathord}{symbols}{3A}
251 \let\not=\neg
252 \DeclareMathSymbol{\flat}{\mathord}{letters}{5B}
253 \DeclareMathSymbol{\natural}{\mathord}{letters}{5C}
254 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sharp}{\mathord}{letters}{5D}
255 \DeclareMathSymbol{\clubsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{7C}
256 \DeclareMathSymbol{\diamondsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{7D}
257 \DeclareMathSymbol{\heartsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{7E}
258 \DeclareMathSymbol{\spadesuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{7F}

```

40.4.3 Large Operators

```
259 \DeclareMathSymbol{\coprod}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{60}
260 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigvee}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{57}
261 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigwedge}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{56}
262 \DeclareMathSymbol{\biguplus}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{55}
263 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcap}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{54}
264 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcup}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{53}
265 \DeclareMathSymbol{\intop}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{52}
266     \def\int{\intop\nolimits}
267 \DeclareMathSymbol{\prod}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{51}
268 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sum}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{50}
269 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigotimes}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{4E}
270 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigoplus}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{4C}
271 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigodot}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{4A}
272 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ointop}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{48}
273     \def\oint{\ointop\nolimits}
274 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigsqcup}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{46}
275 \DeclareMathSymbol{\smallint}{\mathop}{symbols}{73}
```

40.4.4 Binary symbols

```
276 \DeclareMathSymbol{\triangleleft}{\mathbin}{letters}{2F}
277 \DeclareMathSymbol{\triangleright}{\mathbin}{letters}{2E}
278 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigtriangleup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{34}
279 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigtriangledown}{\mathbin}{symbols}{35}
280     \let\varbigtriangledown\bigtriangledown
281     \let\varbigtriangleup\bigtriangleup
```

These last two synonyms are needed because the *stamryrd* package redefines them as Operators.

```
282 \DeclareMathSymbol{\wedge}{\mathbin}{symbols}{5E}
283     \let\land=\wedge
284 \DeclareMathSymbol{\vee}{\mathbin}{symbols}{5F}
285     \let\lor=\vee
286 \DeclareMathSymbol{\cap}{\mathbin}{symbols}{5C}
287 \DeclareMathSymbol{\cup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{5B}
288 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ddagger}{\mathbin}{symbols}{7A}
289 \DeclareMathSymbol{\dagger}{\mathbin}{symbols}{79}
290 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sqcap}{\mathbin}{symbols}{75}
291 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sqcup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{74}
292 \DeclareMathSymbol{\uplus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{5D}
293 \DeclareMathSymbol{\amalg}{\mathbin}{symbols}{71}
294 \DeclareMathSymbol{\diamond}{\mathbin}{symbols}{05}
295 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bullet}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0F}
296 \DeclareMathSymbol{\wr}{\mathbin}{symbols}{6F}
297 \DeclareMathSymbol{\div}{\mathbin}{symbols}{04}
298 \DeclareMathSymbol{\odot}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0C}
299 \DeclareMathSymbol{\oslash}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0B}
300 \DeclareMathSymbol{\otimes}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0A}
301 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ominus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{09}
302 \DeclareMathSymbol{\oplus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{08}
303 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mp}{\mathbin}{symbols}{07}
304 \DeclareMathSymbol{\pm}{\mathbin}{symbols}{06}
305 \DeclareMathSymbol{\circ}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0E}
306 \DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcirc}{\mathbin}{symbols}{0D}
```

```

307 \DeclareMathSymbol{\setminus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{6E}
308 \DeclareMathSymbol{\cdotp}{\mathbin}{symbols}{01}
309 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ast}{\mathbin}{symbols}{03}
310 \DeclareMathSymbol{\times}{\mathbin}{symbols}{02}
311 \DeclareMathSymbol{\star}{\mathbin}{letters}{3F}

```

40.4.5 Relations

```

312 \DeclareMathSymbol{\propto}{\mathrel}{symbols}{2F}
313 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sqsubseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{76}
314 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sqsupseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{77}
315 \DeclareMathSymbol{\parallel}{\mathrel}{symbols}{6B}
316 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mid}{\mathrel}{symbols}{6A}
317 \DeclareMathSymbol{\dashv}{\mathrel}{symbols}{61}
318 \DeclareMathSymbol{\vdash}{\mathrel}{symbols}{60}
319 \DeclareMathSymbol{\nearrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{25}
320 \DeclareMathSymbol{\searrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{26}
321 \DeclareMathSymbol{\nwarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{2D}
322 \DeclareMathSymbol{\swarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{2E}
323 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftrightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{2C}
324 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{28}
325 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Rightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{29}
326 \def\not{ \not= } \let\not=\neq
327 \DeclareMathSymbol{\leq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{14}
328   \let\le=\leq
329 \DeclareMathSymbol{\geq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{15}
330   \let\ge=\geq
331 \DeclareMathSymbol{\succ}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1F}
332 \DeclareMathSymbol{\prec}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1E}
333 \DeclareMathSymbol{\approx}{\mathrel}{symbols}{19}
334 \DeclareMathSymbol{\succeq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{17}
335 \DeclareMathSymbol{\preceq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{16}
336 \DeclareMathSymbol{\supset}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1B}
337 \DeclareMathSymbol{\subset}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1A}
338 \DeclareMathSymbol{\supseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{13}
339 \DeclareMathSymbol{\subseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{12}
340 \DeclareMathSymbol{\in}{\mathrel}{symbols}{32}
341 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ni}{\mathrel}{symbols}{33}
342   \let\owns=\ni
343 \DeclareMathSymbol{\gg}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1D}
344 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ll}{\mathrel}{symbols}{1C}
345 \DeclareMathSymbol{\not}{\mathrel}{symbols}{36}
346 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftrightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{24}
347 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{20}
348   \let\gets=\Leftarrow
349 \DeclareMathSymbol{\Rightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{21}
350   \let\to=\Rightarrow
351 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mapstochar}{\mathrel}{symbols}{37}
352   \def\mapsto{\mapstochar\rightarrow}
353 \DeclareMathSymbol{\sim}{\mathrel}{symbols}{18}
354 \DeclareMathSymbol{\simeq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{27}
355 \DeclareMathSymbol{\perp}{\mathrel}{symbols}{3F}
356 \DeclareMathSymbol{\equiv}{\mathrel}{symbols}{11}
357 \DeclareMathSymbol{\asymp}{\mathrel}{symbols}{10}
358 \DeclareMathSymbol{\smile}{\mathrel}{letters}{5E}

```

```

359 \DeclareMathSymbol{\frown}{\mathrel}{letters}{5F}
360 \DeclareMathSymbol{\leftharpoonup}{\mathrel}{letters}{28}
361 \DeclareMathSymbol{\leftharpoondown}{\mathrel}{letters}{29}
362 \DeclareMathSymbol{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrel}{letters}{2A}
363 \DeclareMathSymbol{\rightharpoondown}{\mathrel}{letters}{2B}

```

Here cometh much profligate robustification of math constructs. Warning: some of these commands may become non-robust if an AMS package is loaded.

Further potential problems: some math font packages may make unfortunate assumptions about some of these definitions that are not true of the robust versions we need.

```

364 \DeclareRobustCommand
365   \cong{\mathrel{\mathpalette\overeq\sim}} % congruence sign
366 \def\overeq#1#2{\lower.5\p@{\vbox{\lineskip\maxdimen\lineskip-.5\p@
367   \ialign{$\m@th#1\hfil##\hfil$\crcr#2\crcr=\crcr}}}}
368 \DeclareRobustCommand
369   \notin{\mathrel{\m@th\mathpalette\cncel\in}}
370 \def\cncel#1#2{\m@th\ooalign{$\hfil#1\mkern1mu/\hfil$\crcr$#1#2$}}
371 \DeclareRobustCommand
372   \rightleftharpoons{\mathrel{\mathpalette\rlh@{}}}
373 \def\rlh@#1{\vcenter{\m@th\hbox{\ooalign{\raise2pt
374   \hbox{$\#1\rightharpoonup$}\crcr
375   $\#1\leftharpoondown$}}}}
376 \DeclareRobustCommand
377   \doteq{\mathrel{\textstyle.\over=}}

```

40.4.6 Arrows

```

378 \DeclareRobustCommand
379   \joinrel{\mathrel{\mkern-3mu}}
380 \DeclareRobustCommand
381   \relbar{\mathrel{\smash-}} % \smash, because -
382                           % has the same height as +

```

In contrast to `plain.tex` `\Relbar` got braces around the equal sign to guard against it being “math active” expanding to `\futurelet`.... This might be the case when packages are implementing shorthands for math, e.g. `=>` meaning `\Rightarrow` etc. It would actually be better not to use `=` in such definitions but instead define something like `\mathequalsign` and use this. However we can’t do this now as it would break other math layouts where characters are in different places (since those wouldn’t know about the need for a new command name).

```

383 \DeclareRobustCommand
384   \Relbar{\mathrel{=}}
385 \DeclareMathSymbol{\lhook}{\mathrel}{letters}{2C}
386   \def\hookrightarrow{\lhook\joinrel\rightarrow}
387 \DeclareMathSymbol{\rhook}{\mathrel}{letters}{2D}
388   \def\hookleftarrow{\leftarrow\joinrel\rhook}
389 \DeclareRobustCommand
390   \bowtie{\mathrel\triangleright\joinrel\mathrel\triangleleft}
391 \DeclareRobustCommand
392   \models{\mathrel{|}\joinrel\Relbar}
393 \DeclareRobustCommand
394   \Longrightarrow{\Relbar\joinrel\rightarrow}

```

LaTeX Change: `\longrightarrow` and `\longleftarrow` redefined to make them robust.

```

395 \DeclareRobustCommand{\longrightarrow}
396     {\relbar\joinrel\rightarrow}
397 \DeclareRobustCommand{\longleftarrow}
398     {\leftarrow\joinrel\relbar}
399 \DeclareRobustCommand
400     \Longleftarrow{\Leftarrow\joinrel\Relbar}
401 \DeclareRobustCommand
402     \longmapsto{\mapstochar\longrightarrow}
403 \DeclareRobustCommand
404     \longleftrightarrow{\leftarrow\joinrel\rightarrow}
405 \DeclareRobustCommand
406     \Longleftrightarrow{\Leftarrow\joinrel\rightarrow}
407 \DeclareRobustCommand
408     \iff{\; ;\Longleftrightarrow\;}

```

40.4.7 Punctuation symbols

```

409 \DeclareMathSymbol{\ldotp}{\mathpunct}{letters}{3A}
410 \DeclareMathSymbol{\cdotp}{\mathpunct}{symbols}{01}
411 \DeclareMathSymbol{colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{3A}

```

This is commented out, since `\ldots` is now defined in `ltoutenc.dtx`.

```

412 %\def\@ldots{\mathinner{\ldotp\ldotp\ldotp}}
413 %\DeclareRobustCommand\ldots
414 %           {\relax\ifmmode\@ldots\else\mbox{$\mathinner{\ldots}$}\fi}
415 \DeclareRobustCommand
416     \cdots{\mathinner{\cdotp\cdotp\cdotp}}
417 \DeclareRobustCommand
418     \vdots{\vbox{\baselineskip4\p@\lineskip\z@
419         \kern6\p@\hbox{.}\hbox{.}\hbox{.}}}
420 \DeclareRobustCommand
421     \ddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise7\p@
422         \vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu
423             \raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}}

```

40.4.8 Math accents

```

424 \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{operators}{13}
425 \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{operators}{12}
426 \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{7F}
427 \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{operators}{7E}
428 \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{operators}{16}
429 \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{operators}{15}
430 \DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{operators}{14}
431 \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{operators}{5E}
432 \DeclareMathAccent{\vec}{\mathord}{letters}{7E}
433 \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{5F}
434 \DeclareMathAccent{\widetilde}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{65}
435 \DeclareMathAccent{\widehat}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{62}

```

For some reason plain TeX never bothered to provide a ring accent in math (although it is available in the fonts), but since we got a request for it here we go:

```
436 \DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{operators}{17}
```

40.4.9 Radicals

```

437 \DeclareMathRadical{\sqrtsign}{symbols}{"70}{largesymbols}{"70}

40.4.10 Over and under something, etc

438 \def\overrightarrow{\#1{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
439     \rightarrowfill\crcr\noalign{\kern-p@\nointerlineskip}
440     $ \hfil\displaystyle{\#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}
441 \def\overleftarrow{\#1{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
442     \leftarrowfill\crcr\noalign{\kern-p@\nointerlineskip}
443     $ \hfil\displaystyle{\#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}
444 \def\overbrace{\#1{\mathop{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr\noalign{\kern3p@}%
445     \downbracefill\crcr\noalign{\kern3p@\nointerlineskip}%
446     $ \hfil\displaystyle{\#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}\limits}
447 \def\underbrace{\#1{\mathop{\vtop{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
448     $ \hfil\displaystyle{\#1}\hfil$\crcr
449     \noalign{\kern3p@\nointerlineskip}%
450     \upbracefill\crcr\noalign{\kern3p@}}}\limits}

(quite a waste of tokens, IMHO — Frank)
451 \def\skew{\#1#2#3{\{\muskip\z@#1mu\divide\muskip\z@\tw@ \mkern\muskip\z@
452     #2{\mkern-\muskip\z@{\#3}\mkern\muskip\z@}\mkern-\muskip\z@}\{}}
453 \def\rightarrowfill{$\m@th\smash-\mkern-7mu%
454   \cleaders\hbox{$\mkern-2mu\smash-\mkern-2mu$}\hfill
455   \mkern-7mu\mathord\rightarrow$}
456 \def\leftarrowfill{$\m@th\mathord\leftarrow\mkern-7mu%
457   \cleaders\hbox{$\mkern-2mu\smash-\mkern-2mu$}\hfill
458   \mkern-7mu\smash-$}
459 \DeclareMathSymbol{\braceleft}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7A}
460 \DeclareMathSymbol{\braceright}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7B}
461 \DeclareMathSymbol{\braceleft}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7C}
462 \DeclareMathSymbol{\braceright}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7D}
463 \def\downbracefill{$\m@th\setbox\z@\hbox{$\braceleft$}%
464   \braceleft\leaders\vrule\height\ht\z@\depth\z@\hfill\braceright
465   \braceleft\leaders\vrule\height\ht\z@\depth\z@\hfill\braceright$}
466 \def\upbracefill{$\m@th\setbox\z@\hbox{$\braceright$}%
467   \braceright\leaders\vrule\height\ht\z@\depth\z@\hfill\braceleft
468   \braceleft\leaders\vrule\height\ht\z@\depth\z@\hfill\braceright$}

```

40.4.11 Delimiters

```

469 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\lmoustache} % top from (, bottom from )
470   {\mathopen}{largesymbols}{"7A}{largesymbols}{"40}
471 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rmoustache} % top from ), bottom from (
472   {\mathclose}{largesymbols}{"7B}{largesymbols}{"41}
473 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\arrowvert} % arrow without arrowheads
474   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}{largesymbols}{"3C}
475 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\Arrowvert} % double arrow without arrowheads
476   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6B}{largesymbols}{"3D}
477 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\Vert}
478   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6B}{largesymbols}{"0D}
479 \let\|=Vert
480 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\vert}
481   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}{largesymbols}{"0C}
482 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\uparrow}
483   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"22}{largesymbols}{"78}
484 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\downarrow}

```

```

485   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"23}{largesymbols}{"79}
486 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\updownarrow}
487   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"6C}{largesymbols}{"3F}
488 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\Updownarrow}
489   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"2A}{largesymbols}{"7E}
490 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\Downarrow}
491   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"2B}{largesymbols}{"7F}
492 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\Updownarrow}
493   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"6D}{largesymbols}{"77}
494 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\backslash} % for double coset G\backslash H
495   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6E}{largesymbols}{"0F}
496 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rangle}
497   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"69}{largesymbols}{"0B}
498 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\langle}
499   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"68}{largesymbols}{"0A}
500 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rbrace}
501   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"67}{largesymbols}{"09}
502 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\lbrace}
503   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"66}{largesymbols}{"08}
504 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rceil}
505   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"65}{largesymbols}{"07}
506 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\lceil}
507   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"64}{largesymbols}{"06}
508 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rfloor}
509   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"63}{largesymbols}{"05}
510 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\lfloor}
511   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"62}{largesymbols}{"04}

```

\lgroup There are three plain TeX delimiters which are not fully supported by NFSS,
 \rgroup since they partly point into a bold cmr font. Allocating a full symbol font, just
 \bracevert to have three delimiters seems a bit too much given the limited space available.
 For this reason only the extensible sizes are supported. If this is not desired one
 can use, without losing portability, define \mathbf and \mathtt as font symbol
 alphabet (setting up cmr/bx/n and cmtt/m/n as symbol fonts first) and modify
 the delimiter declarations to point with their small variant to those symbol fonts.
 (This is done in oldlfont.dtx so look there for examples.)

```

512 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\lgroup} % extensible ( with sharper tips
513   {\mathopen}{largesymbols}{"3A}{largesymbols}{"3A}
514 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\rgroup} % extensible ) with sharper tips
515   {\mathclose}{largesymbols}{"3B}{largesymbols}{"3B}
516 \DeclareMathDelimiter{\bracevert} % the vertical bar that extends braces
517   {\mathord}{largesymbols}{"3E}{largesymbols}{"3E}

```

40.5 Math versions of text commands

The \mathunderscore here is really a text definition, so it has been put back into
 ltoutenc.dtx (by Chris, 30/04/97) and should be removed from here.

These symbols are the math versions of text commands such as \P, \\$, etc.

```

\mathparagraph These math symbols are not in plain TeX.
\mathsection 518 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mathparagraph}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7B}
\mathdollar 519 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mathsection}{\mathord}{symbols}{"78}
\mathsterling 520 \DeclareMathSymbol{\mathdollar}{\mathord}{operators}{"24}
\mathunderscore

```

```
521 \def\mathsterling{\mathit{\mathchar"7024}}
522 \def\mathunderscore{\kern.06em\vbox{\hrule@width.3em}}
\mathellipsis This is plain TeX's \ldots.
523 \def\mathellipsis{\mathinner{\ldotp\ldotp\ldotp}}
```

40.6 Other special functions and parameters

40.6.1 Biggggg

```
524 \def\big#1{\hbox{$\left.#1\right.$}\vbox to8.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}  
525 \def\Big#1{\hbox{$\left.#1\right.$}\vbox to11.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}  
526 \def\bigg#1{\hbox{$\left.#1\right.$}\vbox to14.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}  
527 \def\Bigg#1{\hbox{$\left.#1\right.$}\vbox to17.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}  
528 \def\n@space{\nulldelimiterspace\z@\m@th}
```

40.6.2 The log-like functions

`\operator@font` The `\operator@font` determines the symbol font used for log-like functions.
529 `\def\operator@font{\mathgroup\symoperators}`

40.6.3 Parameters

```
530 \thinmuskip=3mu  
531 \medmuskip=4mu plus 2mu minus 4mu  
532 \thickmuskip=5mu plus 5mu
```

This finishes the low-level setup in `fontmath.ltx`.
533 $\langle\!\rangle$

41 Default cfg files

We provide default `cfg` files here to ensure that on installations that search large file trees we do not pick up some strange customisation files from somewhere.

```
534 {*cfgtext | cfgmath | cfgprel}
535 %%
536 %%
537 %%
538 %% Load the standard setup:
539 %%
540 <+cfgtext>\input{fonttext.ltx}
541 <+cfgmath>\input{fontmath.ltx}
542 <+cfgprel>\input{preload.ltx}
543 %%
544 %% Small changes could go here; see documentation in cfgguide.tex for
545 %% allowed modifications.
546 %%
547 %% In particular it is not allowed to misuse this configuration file
548 %% to modify internal LaTeX commands!
549 %%
550 %% If you use this file as the basis for configuration please change
551 %% the \ProvidesFile lines to clearly identify your modification, e.g.,
552 %%
553 <+cfgtext>%\ProvidesFile{fonttext.cfg}[2001/06/01
554 <+cfgmath>%\ProvidesFile{fonttext.cfg}[2001/06/01
```

```
555 <+cfgprel>%% \ProvidesFile{preload.cfg}[2001/06/01
556 %%                                         Customised local font setup]
557 %%
558 %%
559 </cfgtext | cfgmath | cfgprel>
```

File u

preload.dtx

42 Overview

This file contains a number of possible settings for preloading fonts during installation of NFSS2 (which is used by L^AT_EX 2 _{ε}). It will be used to generate the following files:

preload.min	minimal subset of fonts necessary to run NFSS2
preload.ori	preload of CM fonts similar to the old <code>1fonts.tex</code>
preload.ltx	The standard selection of preloads
cmpreloa.xpt	preload of CM fonts for 10pt document size
cmpreloa.xip	preload of CM fonts for 11pt document size
cmpreloa.xii	preload of CM fonts for 12pt document size
dcpreloa.xpt	preload of DC fonts for 10pt size
dcpreloa.xip	preload of DC fonts for 11pt size
dcpreloa.xii	preload of DC fonts for 12pt size

These files are for installations that make use of Computer Modern fonts either old encoding (OT1) or Cork encoding (T1). The Computer Modern fonts with Cork encoding are known as DC-fonts.

Most important is `preload.ltx` which is used during format generation. You are *not* allowed to change this file.

43 Customization

You can customize the preloaded fonts in your L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} system by installing a file with the name `preload.cfg`. If this file exists it will be used in place of the system file `preload.ltx`. You can, for example, copy one of the files mentioned above (that can be generated from this source) to `preload.cfg`.

Or you can define completely other preloads. In that case start from `preload.min` since that contains the fonts that have to be preloaded by *all* L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} systems.

Avoid using `preload.ori`, it will load so many fonts that on most installations it is nearly impossible to load other font families afterwards. This file is only generated to show what fonts have been preloaded by L^AT_EX 2.09.

If you normally use other fonts than Computer Modern `preload.min` might be best.

Warning: If you preload fonts with encodings other than the normally supported encodings you have to declare that encoding in a `fontdef.cfg` configuration file (see the documentation in the file `fontdef.dtx`). Adding an extra encoding to the format might produce non-portable documents, thus this should be avoided if possible.

44 Module switches for the DOCSTRIP program

The DOCSTRIP will generate the above file from this source using the following module directives:

driver	produce a documentation driver file
preload	produce a preload... file
cm	for OT1 encoded Computer Modern
dc	for T1 encoded Computer Modern
min	produce minimal subset
xpt	produce 10pt preloads
xipt	produce 11pt preloads
xiipt	produce 12pt preloads
ori	produce preloads similar to old <code>1fonts.tex</code>
tex	produce preload.ltx

A typical DOCSTRIP command file would then have entries like:

```
\generateFile{preload.min}{t}{\from{preload.dtx}{preload,min}}
```

for generating preload files.

45 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for `TEX`, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

```
1 (*driver)
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 %\OnlyDescription % comment out for implementation details
4 \begin{document}
5   \DocInput{preload.dtx}
6 \end{document}
7 
```

46 The code

We begin by loading the math extension font (`cmex10`) and the `LATEX` line and circle fonts. It is necessary to do this explicitly since these are used by `1plain.tex` and `1latex.tex`. Since the internal font name contains / characters and digits we construct the name via `\csname`. These are the only fonts (!) that must be loaded in this file.

All `\DeclarePreloadSizes` can be removed or others can be added, they only influence the processing speed.

```
8 \expandafter\font\csname OMX/cmex/m/n/10\endcsname=cmex10\relax
9 \font\tenln =line10 \font\tenlnw =linew10\relax
10 \font\tencirc=lcircle10 \font\tencircw=lcirclew10\relax
```

The above fonts should not be touched but anything below this point here in the preload suggestions can be modified without any problems.

```
11 (-tex)*****
```

```

12 <-tex>% Start any modification below this point **
13 <-tex>%*****
14 <-tex>
15 %%
16 %% Computer Modern Roman:
17 %%-----
18 <*ori>
19 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
20 {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74,24.88}
21 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}{9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28}
22 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{sl}{10,10.95,12}
23 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{it}{7,8,9,10,10.95,12}
24 </ori>
25 <+xpt & cm> \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
26 <+xpt & dc> \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
27 <+xipt & cm> \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
28 <+xipt & dc> \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
29 <+xiipt & cm> \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
30 <+xiipt & dc> \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
31 %%
32 %% Computer Modern Sans:
33 %%-----
34 <+ori> \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmss}{m}{n}{10,10.95,12}
35 %%
36 %% Computer Modern Typewriter:
37 %%-----
38 <+ori> \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmtt}{m}{n}{9,10,10.95,12}
39 %%
40 %% Computer Modern Math:
41 %%-----
42 <*ori>
43 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}
44 {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
45 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
46 {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
47 </ori>

```

The math fonts are the same for both DC and CM fonts. So far there isn't an agreed on standard.

```

48 <*xpt>
49 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{5,7,10}
50 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
51 </xpt>
52 <*xipt>
53 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{6,8,10.95}
54 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
55 </xipt>
56 <*xiipt>
57 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{6,8,12}
58 \DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
59 </xiipt>
60 %%
61 %% LaTeX symbol fonts:
62 %%-----

```

```
63 <*ori>
64 \DeclarePreloadSizes{U}{lasy}{m}{n}
65           {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
66 </ori>
67 </preload>
```

File v **ltfntcmd.dtx**

Abstract

The commands defined in this file `ltfntcmd` are part of the kernel code for L^AT_EX 2_ε/NFSS2.

It is also meant to serve as documentation for package writers since it demonstrates how to define high-level font changing commands using a small number of creator functions.

47 Introduction

Font changes such as `\bfseries`, `\sffamily`, etc. are declarations; this means that their scope is delimited by the grouping structure, either by the next `\end` of some environment or by explicitly using a group, e.g., writing something like `{\bfseries...}` in the source. If you make the mistake of writing `\bfseries{...}` (thinking of `\bfseries` as a command with one argument) then the result is rather striking.

Font declarations are an artifact of the T_EX system and for several reasons it is better to avoid them on the user level whenever possible. In L^AT_EX3 they will probably all be replaced by environments and by font commands taking one argument.

This file defines a creator function for such declarative font switches. This function creates commands which can be used in both math and text.

This file also defines a number of high-level commands (all starting with `\text..`) that have one argument and typeset this argument in the requested way. Thus these commands are for typesetting short pieces of text in a specific family, series or shape. These are all produced as examples of the use of a creator function which is itself also defined in this file.

Table 1 shows all these high-level commands in action. A further advantage of using these commands is that they automatically take care of any necessary italic correction on either side of their argument.

Thus, when using such commands, one does not have to worry about forgetting the italic correction when changing fonts. Only in very few situations is this additional space wrong but, for example, most typographers recommend omitting the italic correction if a small punctuation character, like a comma, directly follows the font change. Since the amount of correction required is partly a matter of taste, you can define in what situations the italic correction should be suppressed. This is done by putting the characters that should cancel a preceding italic correction in the list `\nocorrlist`.⁷ The default definition for this list is produced by the following.

```
\newcommand \nocorrlist {,.}
```

⁷Any package that changes the `\catcode` of a character inside `\nocorrlist` must then explicitly reset the list. Otherwise the changed character will no longer be recognized by the suppression algorithm.

<i>Command</i>	<i>Corresponds to</i>	<i>Action</i>
<code>\textrm{...}</code>	<code>\rmfamily</code>	Typeset argument in roman family
<code>\textsf{...}</code>	<code>\sffamily</code>	Typeset argument in sans serif family
<code>\texttt{...}</code>	<code>\ttfamily</code>	Typeset argument in typewriter family
<code>\textmd{...}</code>	<code>\mdseries</code>	Typeset argument in medium series
<code>\textbf{...}</code>	<code>\bfseries</code>	Typeset argument in bold series
<code>\textup{...}</code>	<code>\upshape</code>	Typeset argument in normal shape
<code>\textit{...}</code>	<code>\itshape</code>	Typeset argument in <i>italic</i> shape
<code>\textsl{...}</code>	<code>\slshape</code>	Typeset argument in <i>slanted</i> shape
<code>\textsc{...}</code>	<code>\scshape</code>	Typeset argument in SMALL CAPS shape
<code>\emph{...}</code>	<code>\em</code>	Typeset argument <i>emphasized</i>

Table 1: Font-change commands with arguments

The font change commands provided here all start with `\text..` to emphasize that they are for use in normal text and to be easily memorable. They automatically take care of any necessary italic correction on either side of the argument.

It is best to declare the most often used characters first, because this will make the processing slightly faster. For example,

```
\emph{When using the \NFSS{} high-level commands,
the \emph{proper} use of italic corrections is
automatically taken care of}. Only
\emph{sometimes} one has to help \LaTeX{} by
adding a \verb=\nocorr= command.
```

which results in:

When using the NFSS high-level commands, the proper use of italic corrections is automatically taken care of. Only sometimes one has to help L^AT_EX by adding a \nocorr command.

In contrast, the use of the declaration forms is often more appropriate when you define your own commands or environments.

```
\newenvironment{bfitemize}{\begin{itemize}\normalfont\bfseries}
{\end{itemize}}
\begin{bfitemize}
\item This environment produces boldface items.
\item It is defined in terms of \LaTeX's
\texttt{itemize} environment and NFSS
declarations.
\end{bfitemize}
```

This gives:

- This environment produces boldface items.

- It is defined in terms of L^AT_EX's `itemize` environment and NFSS declarations.

In addition to global customization of when to insert the italic correction, it is of course sometimes necessary to explicitly insert one with `\!/`.

It is also possible to suppress the italic correction in individual instances. For this, the command `\nocorr` is provided.

The `\nocorr` must appear as the first or last token inside the braces of the argument of the `\text...` commands, at that end of the text where you wish to suppress the italic correction.

It is worth pointing out here that inserting a `\!/` in places where it can have no function (i.e. anywhere except immediately after a slanted letter) is not an error—it will just be silently ignored. Unfortunately this is not true if the redefinition of `\!` in `amstex.sty` is used as this version can cause space to be removed immediately before the `\!/`.

48 The implementation

`\DeclareTextFontCommand` This is the creator function for `\text..` commands. It gives a warning if `\foo` or `\fragfoo` is already defined.

In math mode it simply puts the font declaration and text into a box (possibly an automagically sized one).

Otherwise it first scans the text to see where `\nocorr` occurs within it. This sets the `\check@ic` commands to do what is necessary concerning the italic correction at both ends.

The algorithm for deciding whether to put in an italic correction is not very subtle: one is added whenever the newly current font is not itself positively sloped, unless the next token is a character in the ‘nocorr’ list. At the end of the text this is done after closing the group so as to check the ‘outer font’. Note that this will often result in adding an italic correction token after a character in an unsloped font; we believe (in early 2003) that this is perhaps inefficient but not dangerous.

It also now checks for empty contents of the text command and optimises this case. Some care is also taken to check that doing dangerous things in vertical mode is avoided.

The italic correction token is added to the horizontal list before (in the list) an immediately preceding non-zero glob of glue (skip) and any non-zero penalty preceding that since, in the typical case, this puts it immediately after the last character in the preceding word.

Note that it is necessary to put in the `\aftergroup\maybe@ic` at the end of the group so that it comes after any other aftergroup tokens and immediately before the following tokens. It is also necessary to remove the `\fi` from the token list before the group ends; this is done by adding an `\expandafter` just before the closing brace.

```

1 (*2ekernel)
2 \def \DeclareTextFontCommand #1#2{%
3   \DeclareRobustCommand#1[1]{%
4     \ifmmode
5       \nfss@text{#2##1}%
6     \else
7       \hmode@bgroup

```

```

8      \text@command{##1}%
9      #2\check@icl ##1\check@icr
10     \expandafter
11     \egroup
12     \fi
13             }%
14 }

\textrm Now we define the \textfamily commands in terms of the above; \textttt does
\textrsf not look very nice!
\textrttt 15 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrm}{\rmfamily}
\textrtnormal 16 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrsf}{\sffamily}
17 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrttt}{\ttfamily}
18 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrtnormal}{\normalfont}

\textrbf For the series attribute:
\textrmd 19 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrbf}{\bfseries}
20 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrmd}{\mdseries}

\textrit And for the shapes:
\textrtsl 21 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrit}{\itshape}
\textrtsc 22 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrtsl}{\slshape}
\textrtup 23 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrtsc}{\scshape}
24 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrtup}{\upshape}

\emph Finally we have the \em font change declaration of LATEX. The corresponding
definition with argument is
25 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\emph}{\em}

\nocorr This is just a label, so it does nothing; it should also be unexpandable.
26 \let \nocorr \relax

\check@icl We define these defaults in case some error causes them to be expanded at the
\check@icr wrong time.
27 \let \check@icl \@empty
28 \let \check@icr \@empty

\text@command \check@nocorr@ This checks for a \nocorr as the first token in its argument and also for one in
any other position not protected within braces (the latter is treated as if it were
at the end of the argument).
Is this the correct action in the ‘empty’ case? It is efficient but typographically
it is, strictly, incorrect!
29 \def \text@command #1{%
30   \def \reserved@a {#1}%
31   \ifx \reserved@a \empty
32     \let \check@icl \empty
33     \let \check@icr \empty
34   \else
35 %     \def \reserved@b { }%

```

\space is a reserved word in L^AT_EX or actually already in plain T_EX. If somebody
really redefines it so many things will break that I don’t see any reason to make
this routine here slower than necessary.

```

36 %   \ifx \reserved@a \reserved@b
37     \ifx \reserved@a \space
38       \let \check@icl \@empty
39       \let \check@icr \@empty
40     \else
41       \check@nocorr@ #1\nocorr\@nil
42     \fi
43   \fi
44 }
45 \def \check@nocorr@ #1#2\nocorr#3\@nil {%

```

The two checks are initialised here to their values in the normal case.

```

46   \let \check@icl \maybe@ic
47   \def \check@icr {\ifvmode \else \aftergroup \maybe@ic \fi}%
48   \def \reserved@a {\nocorr}%
49   \def \reserved@b {\#1}%
50   \def \reserved@c {\#3}%
51   \ifx \reserved@a \reserved@b
52     \ifx \reserved@c \empty

```

In this case there is a `\nocorr` at the start but not at the end, so `\check@icl` should be empty.

```

53     \let \check@icl \@empty
54   \else

```

Otherwise there is a `\nocorr` both at the start and elsewhere, so no italic corrections should be added.

```

55   \let \check@icl \@empty
56   \let \check@icr \@empty
57   \fi
58 \else
59   \ifx \reserved@c \empty

```

In this case there is no `\nocorr` anywhere, so we need to check for an italic correction at both the beginning and the end. This has been set up as the default so no code is needed here.

```

60   \else

```

In this case there is no `\nocorr` at the start but there is one elsewhere, so no `\aftergroup` is needed.

```

61     \let \check@icr \@empty
62   \fi
63 \fi
64 }

```

`\ifmaybe@ic` Switch used solely within `\maybe@ic` not interfering with other switches.

```

65 \newif\ifmaybe@ic

```

`\maybe@ic` These macros implement the italic correction.

```

\maybe@ic@ 66 \def \maybe@ic {\futurelet\@let@token\maybe@ic@}
67 \def \maybe@ic@ {}%

```

We first check to see if the current font is positively sloped. (But do not forget the message Rainer sent about an upright font with non-zero slope! Or is this an urban myth?) It has been suggested that this should test against a small positive value, but what?

```

68   \ifdim \fontdimen@ne\font>\z@
69   \else
70     \maybe@ictrue

```

It would be possible, but probably not worthwhile, to continue the forward scan beyond any closing braces.

```

71   \expandafter\@tfor\expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter:\expandafter=%
72     \nocorrlist

```

We have to hide the `\@let@token` in the macro `\t@st@ic` rather than testing it directly in the loop since it might be `\let` to a `\fi` or `\else`, which would result in chaos.

```
73   \do \t@st@ic
```

Frank thinks that the next bit is inefficient if done after the second change. Chris thinks that most all of this is inefficient for the commonest cases: but that is the price of a cleverer algorithm. It is certainly needed to deal with the use of `\nolinebreak`.

```

74   \ifmaybe@ic \sw@slant \fi
75   \fi
76 }

```

\t@st@ic The next token in the input stream is stored in `\@let@token` via a `\let`, the current token from `\nocorrlist` is stored via `\def` in `\reserved@a`. To compare them we have to fiddle around a bit.

If the only things to check were characters then this could be done via an `\if` thus their catcodes would not matter; but this will not work whilst `\futurelet` is used above.

```

77 \def \t@st@ic {%
78   \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter=\reserved@a\relax
79   \ifx\reserved@b\@let@token

```

If they are the same we record the fact and jump out of the loop.

```

80   \maybe@icfalse
81   \break@tfor
82   \fi
83 }

```

\sw@slant The definition of the mysterious `\sw@slant` command is as follows.
\fix@penalty

It is surely correct to put in an italic correction when there is no skip. If the last thing on the list is actually a zero skip (including things whose dimension part is zero, such as `\hfill`), or anything other than a character, then the italic correction will have no effect.

In order to work correctly with unbreakable spaces from `~` (and other common forms of line-breaking control) we also move back across a penalty before the glue.

```

85   \ifdim \lastskip=\z@
86   \fix@penalty
87   \else
88     \skip@ \lastskip
89     \unskip
90     \fix@penalty
91     \hskip \skip@

```

```

92   \fi
93 }

```

The above code means: “If there is a non-zero space just before the current position (`\ifdim...`) save the amount of that space (`\skip@lastskip`), remove it (`\unskip`), then do a similar thing if there is a penalty just before the skip, and finally put the space back in.”

Since zero glue cannot be distinguished in this context from no glue, we dare not put in an `\hskip` in this case as this may produce an unwanted breakpoint. This is not satisfactory.

The penalty before the glue is handled similarly, with the same caveats concerning the zero case. Is this the first recorded use of `\unpenalty` in standard L^AT_EX code?

```

94 \def \fix@penalty {%
95   \ifnum \lastpenalty=\z@
96     \@@italiccorr
97   \else
98     \count@ \lastpenalty
99     \unpenalty
100    \@@italiccorr
101    \penalty \count@
102  \fi
103 }

```

\nocorrlist This holds the list of characters that should prevent italic correction. They should be ordered by decreasing frequency of use. If any such character is made active later on one needs to redefine the list so that the active character becomes part of it.

```
104 \def \nocorrlist {,.}
```

\nfss@text This command will by default behave like a L^AT_EX `\mbox` but may be redefined by packages such as `amstext.sty` to be a bit cleverer.

```

105 \ifx \nfss@text\undefined
106   \def \nfss@text {\leavevmode\hbox}
107 \fi

```

\DeclareOldFontCommand This is the function used to create declarative font-changing commands that can also be used to change alphabets in math-mode.

Usage: `\DeclareOldFontCommand \fn{\langle font-change decls\rangle} {\langle math-alphabet\rangle}`

Here `\fn` is the font-declaration command being defined, `\langle font-change decls\rangle` is the declaration it will expand to in text-mode, and `\langle math-alphabet\rangle` is the (single) math alphabet specifier which is to be used in math-mode.

It does not care whether the command being defined already exists but it does give a warning if it redefines anything.

Here are some typical examples of its use in conjunction with more basic NFSS2 font commands.

```

\DeclareOldFontCommand{\rm}{\normalfont\rmfamily}{\mathrm}
\DeclareOldFontCommand{\sf}{\normalfont\sffamily}{\mathsf}
\DeclareOldFontCommand{\tt}{\normalfont\ttfamily}{\mathtt}

```

```

108 \def \DeclareOldFontCommand #1#2#3{%
109   \DeclareRobustCommand #1{\@fontswitch {#2}{#3}}%
110 }

\@fontswitch These two commands actually do the necessary tests and declarative font- or
\@@math@egroup alphabet-changing.
\@@math@egroup 111 \def \@fontswitch #1#2{%
112   \ifmmode
113     \let \math@bgroup \relax
114     \def \math@egroup {\let \math@bgroup \@@math@bgroup
115       \let \math@egroup \@@math@egroup}%

```

We need to have a `\relax` in the following line in case the `#2` is something like `\mathsf` grabbing the next token as an argument. For this reason the code also uses explicit arguments again (see pr/1275).

```

116   #2\relax
117   \else
118   #1%
119   \fi
120 }
121 \let \@@math@bgroup \math@bgroup
122 \let \@@math@egroup \math@egroup

```

These commands are available only in the preamble.

```

123 \onlypreamble \DeclareTextFontCommand
124 \onlypreamble \DeclareOldFontCommand

```

49 Initialization

`\normalsize` This is defined to produce an error.

```

125 \def\normalsize{%
126   \@latex@error {The font size command \protect\normalsize\space
127     is not defined:\MessageBreak
128     there is probably something wrong with
129     the class file}\@eha
130 }
131 </2ekernel>

```

File w

ltpageno.dtx

50 Page Numbering

Page numbers are produced by a page counter, used just like any other counter. The only difference is that `\c@page` contains the number of the next page to be output (the one currently being produced), rather than one minus it. Thus, it is normally initialized to 1 rather than 0. `\c@page` is defined to be `\count0`, rather than a count assigned by `\newcount`.

`\pagenumbering`

The user sets the pagenumber style with the `\pagenumbering{<foo>}` command, which sets the page counter to 1 and defines `\thepage` to be `\foo`. For example, `\pagenumbering{roman}` causes pages to be numbered i, ii, etc.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{page nos.,}
3 \countdef\c@page=0 \c@page=1
4 \def\cl@page{}
5 \def\pagenumbering#1{%
6   \global\c@page \c@ne \gdef\thepage{\csname \#1\endcsname
7   \c@page}}
8 
```

File x

ltxref.dtx

51 Cross Referencing

The user writes `\label{<foo>}` to define the following cross-references:

`\ref{<foo>}`: value of most recently incremented referencable counter. in the current environment. (Chapter, section, theorem and enumeration counters counters are referencable, footnote counters are not.)

`\pageref{<foo>}`: page number at which `\label{foo}` command appeared. where foo can be any string of characters not containing ‘\’, ‘{’ or ‘}’.

Note: The scope of the `\label` command is delimited by environments, so `\begin{theorem} \label{foo} ... \end{theorem} \label{bar}` defines `\ref{foo}` to be the theorem number and `\ref{bar}` to be the current section number.

Note: `\label` does the right thing in terms of spacing – i.e., leaving a space on both sides of it is equivalent to leaving a space on either side.

51.1 Cross Referencing

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{x-ref,}
```

This is implemented as follows. A referencable counter CNT is incremented by the command `\refstepcounter{CNT}`, which sets `\@currentlabel == {CNT}\eval(\p@cnt\theCNT)`. The command `\label{FOO}` then writes the following on file `\@auxout`:

```
\newlabel{FOO}{\eval(\@currentlabel)\eval(\thepage)}
```

```
\ref{FOO} ==
BEGIN
  if \r@foo undefined
    then  @refundefined := G T
    ??
    Warning: 'reference foo on page ... undefined'
  else  \@car \eval(\r@FOO)\@nil
fi
END

\pageref{foo} =
BEGIN
  if \r@foo undefined
    then  @refundefined := G T
    ??
    Warning: 'reference foo on page ... undefined'
  else  \@cdr \eval(\r@FOO)\@nil
fi
END
```

\G@refundefinedtrue
\@refundefined This does not save on name-space (since \G@refundefinedfalse was never needed) but it does make the implementation of such one-way switches more consistent. The extra macro to make the change is used since this change appears several times.

Note despite its name, \G@refundefinedtrue does *not* correspond to an \if command, and there is no matching ...*false*. It would be more natural to call the command \G@refundefined (as inspection of the change log will reveal) but unfortunately such a change would break any package that had defined a \ref-like command that mimicked the definition of \ref, calling \G@refundefinedtrue. Inspection of the T_EX archives revealed several such packages, and so this command has been named ...true so that the definition of \ref need not be changed, and the packages will work without change.

```

3 % \newif\ifG@refundefined
4 % \def\G@refundefinedtrue{\global\let\ifG@refundefined\iftrue}
5 % \def\G@refundefinedfalse{\global\let\ifG@refundefined\iffalse}
6 \def\G@refundefinedtrue{%
7   \gdef\@refundefined{%
8     \@latex@warning@no@line{There were undefined references}}}
9 \let\@refundefined\relax

```

\ref Referencing a \label. RmS 91/10/25: added a few extra \reset@font, as suggested by Bernd Raichle

\pageref RmS 92/08/14: made \ref and \pageref robust
RmS 93/09/08: Added setting of refundefined switch.

```

10 \def\@setref#1#2#3{%
11   \ifx#1\relax
12   \protect\G@refundefinedtrue
13   \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
14   \@latex@warning{Reference '#3' on page \thepage \space
15   undefined}%
16   \else
17   \expandafter#2#1\null
18   \fi}
19 \def\ref#1{\expandafter\@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname\@firstoftwo{#1}}
20 \def\pageref#1{\expandafter\@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname
21                               \@secondoftwo{#1}}

```

\newlabel This command will be written to the .aux file to pass label information from one run to another.

\@newl@bel The internal form of \newlabel and \bibcite. Note that this macro does it's work inside a group. That way the local assignments it needs to do don't clutter the save stack. This prevents large documents with many labels to run out of save stack.

```

22 \def\@newl@bel#1#2#3{%
23   \@ifundefined{#1@#2}{%
24     \relax
25     {\gdef\@multiplelabels{%
26       \@latex@warning@no@line{There were multiply-defined labels}}%
27       \@latex@warning@no@line{Label '#2' multiply defined}}%
28   \global\@namedef{#1@#2}{#3}}}

```

```

29 \def\newlabel{\@newl@bel r}
30 \onlypreamble\@newl@bel

\if@multiplelabels This is redefined to produce a warning if at least one label is defined more than
  \@multiplelabels once. It is executed by the \enddocument command.
31 \let \@multiplelabels \relax

\label \label The commands \label and \refstepcounter have been changed to allow
\refstepcounter \protect'ed commands to work properly. For example,
32 \def\thechapter{\protect\foo{\arabic{chapter}.\roman{section}}}

will cause a \label{bar} command to define \ref{bar} to expand to something
like \foo{4.d}. Change made 20 Jul 88.

33 \def\label#1{\@bsphack
34   \protected@write\auxout{}{%
35     {\string\newlabel{#1}{\@currentlabel}{\thepage}}%
36   }\@esphack}
37 \def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}%
38   \protected@edef\@currentlabel
39     {\csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
40 }
41 
```

\@currentlabel For \label commands that come before any environment

```

42 \def\@currentlabel{}

43 
```

51.2 An extension of counter referencing

At the moment a reference to a counter `foo` will generate the equivalent of `\p@foo\thefoo` although not quite in this form. For some applications it would be nice if one could have `\thefoo` being an argument to `\p@foo` to be able to put material before and after the number generated by `\thefoo`. This can be easily achieved with a small change to one of the kernel commands as follows:

```

\def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}%
  \protected@edef\@currentlabel
    {\csname p@#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}

```

The trick is to ensure that `\csname the#1\endcsname` is turned into a single token before `\p@...` is expanded further. This way, if the `\p@...` command is a macro with one argument it will receive `\the....`. With the kernel code (i.e., without the `\expandafter`) it will instead pick up `\csname` which would be disastrous.

Using `\expandafter` instead of braces delimiting the argument is better because, assuming that the `\p@...` command is not defined as a macro with one argument, the braces will stay and prohibit kerning that might otherwise happen between the glyphs generated by `\the...` and surrounding glyphs.

We have refrained from making this change in the kernel code although for existing documents it would be 100% backward compatible. The reason being

that any class or package making use of this functionality would then horribly fail with older L^AT_EX installations.

Instead we suggest that people who are interested in using this functionality in a document class or package add the redefinition to the class file. To ensure that this redefinition is properly applied they might want to test for the original definition first, e.g.

```
\CheckCommand*\refstepcounter[1]{\stepcounter{#1}%
  \protected@edef\@currentlabel
    {\csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
\renewcommand*\refstepcounter[1]{\stepcounter{#1}%
  \protected@edef\@currentlabel
    {\csname p@#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
```

File y

ltmiscen.dtx

52 Miscellaneous Environments

This section implements the basic environment mechanism, and also a few specific environments including `document`, The math environments and related commands, the ‘flushing’ environments, (`center`, `flushleft`, `flushright`), and `verbatim`.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{environments,}
```

52.1 Environments

`\begin{foo}` and `\end{foo}` are used to delimit environment `foo`.

`\begin{foo}` starts a group and calls `\foo` if it is defined, otherwise it does nothing.

`\end{foo}` checks to see that it matches the corresponding `\begin` and if so, it calls `\endfoo` and does an `\endgroup`. Otherwise, `\end{foo}` does nothing.

If `\end{foo}` needs to ignore blanks after it, then `\endfoo` should globally set the `@ignore` switch true with `\@ignoretrue` (this will automatically be global).

NOTE: `\@end` is defined to be the `\end` command of T_EX82.

`\enddocument` is the user’s command for ending the manuscript file.

`\stop` is a panic button — to end T_EX in the middle.

```
\enddocument ==
BEGIN
  \@checkend{document}    %% checks for unmatched \begin
  \clearpage
  \begingroup
    if @filesw = true
      then close file @mainaux
    if G@refundefined = true
      then LaTeX Warning: 'There are undefined references.' fi
    if @multiplelabels = true
      then LaTeX Warning:
        'One or more label(s) multiply defined.'
    else
      \@setckpt {ARG1}{ARG2} == null
      \newlabel{LABEL}{VAL} ==
        BEGIN
          \reserved@a == VAL
          if def(\reserved@a) = def(\r@LABEL)
            else @tempswa := true           fi
        END
      \bibcite{LABEL}{VAL} == null
        BEGIN
          \reserved@a == VAL
          if def(\reserved@a) = def(\g@LABEL)
            else @tempswa := true           fi
        
```

```

        END
@tempswa := false
make @ a letter
\input \jobname.AUX
if @tempswa = true
    then LaTeX Warning: 'Label may have changed.
                                Rerun to get cross-references right.'
fi      fi      fi
\endgroup
finish up
END

\@writefile{EXT}{ENTRY} ==
if tf@EXT undefined
else \write\tf@EXT{ENTRY}
fi

\@currenvir The name of the current environment. Initialized to document to so that
\end{document} works correctly.
3 \def\@currenvir{document}

\if@ignore
\@ignoretrue
\@ignorefalse
4 \def\@ignorefalse{\global\let\if@ignore\iffalse}
5 \def\@ignoretrue {\global\let\if@ignore\iftrue}
6 \@ignorefalse

\ignorespacesafterend
7 \let\ignorespacesafterend\@ignoretrue

\enddocument
8 \def\enddocument{%
The \end{document} hook is executed first. If necessary it can contain a
\clearpage to output dangling floats first. In this position it can also contain
something like \end{foo} so that the whole document effectively starts and ends
with some special environment. However, this must be used with care, eg if two
applications would use this without knowledge of each other the order of the
environments will be wrong after all. \AtEndDocument is redefined at this point so
that and such commands that get into the hook do not chase their tail...
9   \let\AtEndDocument\@firstofone
10  \enddocumenthook
11  \@checkend{document}%
12  \clearpage
13  \begingroup
14    \if@files
15      \immediate\closeout\@mainaux
16      \let\@setckpt\@gobbletwo
17      \let\@newl@bel\@testdef

```

The previous line is equiv to setting

```

\def\newlabel{\@testdef r}%
\def\bibcite{\@testdef b}%

```

We use `\@@input` to load the `.aux` file, so that it doesn't show up in the list of files produced by `\listfiles`.

```

18      \@tempswafalse
19      \makeatletter \@@input\jobname.aux
20      \fi
21      \@dofilelist

```

First we check for font size substitution bigger than `\fontsubfuzz`. The `\relax` is necessary because this is a macro not a register.

```
22      \ifdim \font@submax >\fontsubfuzz\relax
```

In case you wonder about the `\@gobbletwo` inside the message below, this is a horrible hack to remove the tokens `\on@line`. that are added by `\@font@warning` at the end.

```

23      \@font@warning{Size substitutions with differences\MessageBreak
24          up to \font@submax\space have occurred.\@gobbletwo}%
25      \fi

```

The macro `\@defaultsubs` is initially `\relax` but gets redefined to produce a warning if there have been some default font substitutions.

```
26      \@defaultsubs
```

The macro `\@refundefined` is initially `\relax` but gets redefined to produce a warning if there are undefined refs.

```
27      \@refundefined
```

If a label is defined more than once, `\@tempswa` will always be true and thus produce a “Label(s) may ...” warning. But since a rerun will not solve that problem (unless one uses a package like `varioref` that generates labels on the fly), we suppress this message.

```

28      \if@filesw
29          \ifx \@multiplelabels \relax
30              \if@tempswa
31                  \@latex@warning@no@line{Label(s) may have changed.
32                      Rerun to get cross-references right}%
33              \fi
34          \else
35              \@multiplelabels
36          \fi
37      \fi
38      \endgroup
39      \deadcycles\z@\@@end}

```

`\@testdef`

```

40 \def\@testdef #1#2#3{%
41     \def\reserved@a{#3}\expandafter \ifx \csname #1#2\endcsname
42 \reserved@a \else \@tempswatrue \fi}

```

`\@writefile`

```

43 \long\def\@writefile#1#2{%
44     \@ifundefined{tf@#1}\relax
45         {\@temptokena{#2}%
46             \immediate\write\csname tf@#1\endcsname{\the\@temptokena}%
47         }%
48 }

```

```

\stop
49 \def\stop{\clearpage\deadcycles\z@\let\par\@@par\@@end}

50 \everypar{\@nodocument} %% To get an error if text appears before the
51 \nullfont %% \begin{document}

\begin{, \end, and \@checkend changed so \end{document} will catch
an unmatched \begin. Changed 24 May 89 as suggested by
Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Sch\"opf.

\begin{NAME} ==
BEGIN
  IF \NAME undefined THEN \reserved@a == BEGIN report error
END
  ELSE \reserved@a ==
    (@currenvir :=L NAME) \NAME
  FI
  @ignore :=G F      %% Added 30 Nov 88
  \begingroup
  \@endpe := F
  \@currenvir :=L NAME
  \NAME
END

\end{NAME} ==
BEGIN
  \endNAME
  \@checkend{NAME}
  \endgroup
  IF \@endpe = T          %% \@endpe set True by \@endparenv
  THEN \doendpe           %% \@doendpe redefines \par and
\everypar
  %% to suppress paragraph indentation in
  %% immediately following text
  FI
  IF @ignore = T
  THEN @ignore :=G F
    \ignorespaces
  FI
END

\@checkend{NAME} ==
BEGIN
  IF \@currenvir = NAME
  ELSE \badend{NAME}
  FI
END

```

```

\begin
52 \def\begin#1{%
53   \@ifundefined{#1}%
54     {\def\reserved@a{\@latex@error{Environment #1 undefined}\@eha}}%
55     {\def\reserved@a{\def\@currenvir{#1}}%
56      \edef\@currenvline{\on@line}%
57      \csname #1\endcsname}%
58   \@ignorefalse
59   \begingroup\@endpefalse\reserved@a}

\end
60 \def\end#1{%
61   \csname end#1\endcsname\@checkend{#1}%
62   \expandafter\endgroup\if@endpe\doendpe\fi
63   \if@ignore\@ignorefalse\ignorespaces\fi}

\@checkend
64 \def\@checkend#1{\def\reserved@a{#1}\ifx
65   \reserved@a\@currenvir \else\@badend{#1}\fi}

```

\@currenvline We do need a default value for \@currenvline on top-level since the document environment cancels the brace group. This means that a mismatch with \begin{document} will not produce a line number. Thus the outer default must be \@empty or we will end up with two spaces.

```
66 \let\@currenvline\@empty
```

52.2 Center, Flushright, Flushleft

```
67 \message{center,}
```

```

\center, \flushright and \flushleft set
\rightskip = 0pt or \@flushglue (as appropriate)
\leftskip = 0pt or \@flushglue (as appropriate)
\parindent = 0pt
\parfillskip = 0pt. (except \flushleft)
\\ == \par \vskip -\parskip
\\[LENGTH] == \\ \vskip LENGTH
\\* == \par \penalty 10000 \vskip -\parskip
\\*[LEN] == \\* \vskip LENGTH

```

They invoke the trivlist environment to handle vertical spacing before and after them.

\centering, \raggedright and \raggedleft are the declaration analogs of the above.

\raggedright has a more universal effect, however. It sets \rightskip := flushglue. Every environment, like the list environments, that set \rightskip to its 'normal' value set it to \@rightskip

```

\@centercr
68 \def\@centercr{\ifhmode \unskip\else \@nolnerr\fi
69     \par\@ifstar{\nobreak\@xcentercr}\@xcentercr}

\@xcentercr
70 \def\@xcentercr{\addvspace{-\parskip}\@ifnextchar
71     [\@icentercr\ignorespaces}

\@icentercr
72 \def\@icentercr[#1]{\vskip #1\ignorespaces}

center We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.
73 \def\center{\trivlist \centering\item\relax}
74 \def\endcenter{\endtrivlist}

\centering
75 \def\centering{%
76     \let\\@centercr
77     \rightskip\@flushglue\leftskip\@flushglue
78     \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}

\@rightskip
79 \newskip\@rightskip \rightskip \z@skip

flushleft We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.
80 \def\flushleft{\trivlist \raggedright\item\relax}
81 \def\endflushleft{\endtrivlist}

\raggedright
82 \def\raggedright{%
83     \let\\@centercr\@rightskip\@flushglue \rightskip\@rightskip
84     \leftskip\z@skip
85     \parindent\z@}

flushright We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.
86 \def\flushright{\trivlist \raggedleft\item\relax}
87 \def\endflushright{\endtrivlist}

\raggedleft
88 \def\raggedleft{%
89     \let\\@centercr
90     \rightskip\z@skip\leftskip\@flushglue
91     \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}

92 \message{verbatim,}

```

52.3 Verbatim

The verbatim environment uses the fixed-width `\ttfamily` font, turns blanks into spaces, starts a new line for each carriage return (or sequence of consecutive carriage returns), and interprets *every* character literally. I.e., all special characters `\`, `{`, `$`, etc. are `\catcode`'d to 'other'.

The command `\verb` produces in-line verbatim text, where the argument is delimited by any pair of characters. E.g., `\verb #...#` takes '...' as its argument, and sets it verbatim in `\ttfamily` font.

The `*-variants` of these commands are the same, except that spaces print as the TeXbook's space character instead of as blank spaces.

```
\@vobeyspaces
93 {\catcode`\\ =\active%
94 \gdef\@vobeyspaces{\catcode`\\ \active\let \@xobeysp\}
\@xobeysp
\@xverbatim
\@sxverbatim 95 \begingroup \catcode `|=0 \catcode '['= 1
96 \catcode']=2 \catcode '\{}=12 \catcode '\}=12
97 \catcode`\\=12 \gdef\@xverbatim#1\end{verbatim}#[#1]\end[verbatim]
98 \gdef\@sxverbatim#1\end{verbatim*}#[#1]\end[verbatim*]
99 \endgroup
\@verbatim  Real start of verbatim environment We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too
far.
100 \def\@verbatim{\trivlist \item\relax
101   \if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi
102   \leftskip\@totalleftmargin\rightskip\z@skip
103   \parindent\z@\parfillskip\@flushglue\parskip\z@skip
Added \@@par to clear possible \parshape definition from a surrounding list (the
verbatim guru says).
104   \@@par
105   \tempswafalse
106   \def\par{%
107     \if@tempswa
A \leavevmode added: needed if, for example, a blank verbatim line is the first
thing in a list item (wow!).
108     \leavevmode \null \@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty
109     \else
110       \tempswatrue
111       \ifhmode\@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty\fi
112     \fi}%
To allow customization we hide the font used in a separate macro.
113   \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
114   \obeylines \verbatim@font \noligs
115   \hyphenchar\font\m@ne
To avoid a breakpoint after the labels box, we remove the penalty put there by
the list macros: another use of \unpenalty!
116   \everypar \expandafter{\the\everypar \unpenalty}%
117 }
```

```

\verbatim (RmS 93/09/19) Protected against ‘missing item’ error message triggered by
\endverbatim empty verbatim environment.

118 \def\verbatim{\@verbatim \frenchspacing\@vobeyspaces \xverbatim}
119 \def\endverbatim{\if@newlist \leavevmode\fi\endtrivlist}

\verbatim@font Macro to select the font used for verbatim typesetting. It also does other work if
necessary for the font used.

120 \def\verbatim@font{\normalfont\ttfamily}

\verbatim*
121 \namedef{verbatim*}{\@verbatim\@sxverbatim}
122 \expandafter\let\csname endverbatim*\endcsname =\endverbatim

\@makeother
123 \def\@makeother#1{\catcode`\#12\relax}

\verb@balance@group
124 \let\verb@balance@group\empty

\verb@egroup
125 \def\verb@egroup{\global\let\verb@balance@group\empty\egroup}

\verb@eol@error
126 \begingroup
127   \obeylines%
128   \gdef\verb@eol@error{\obeylines%
129     \def^~M{\verb@egroup\@latex@error{%
130       \noexpand\verb ended by end of line}\@ehc}%
131 \endgroup

\verb Typesetting a small piece verbatim.

132 \def\verb{\relax\ifmmode\hbox\else\leavevmode\null\fi
133   \bgroup
134   \verb@eol@error \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
135   \verb@font\@noligs
136   \@ifstar\@sverb\@verb}

\@sverb Definitions of \@sverb and \@verb changed so \verb+ foo+ does not lose lead-
ing blanks when it comes at the beginning of a line. Change made 24 May 89.
Suggested by Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Schöpf.

137 \def\@sverb#1{%
138   \catcode`\#1\active
139   \lccode`~\#1%
140   \gdef\verb@balance@group{\verb@egroup
141     \@latex@error{\noexpand\verb illegal in command argument}\@ehc}%
142   \aftergroup\verb@balance@group
143   \lowercase{\let~\verb@egroup}%

\@verb
144 \def\@verb{\@vobeyspaces \frenchspacing \@sverb}

\verbatim@nolig@list
145 \def\verbatim@nolig@list{\do\`{\do\<\do\>\do\,\do\-\}}

```

```
\do@noligs
146 \def\do@noligs#1{%
147   \catcode`#1\active
148   \begingroup
149     \lccode`\~`#1\relax
150     \lowercase{\endgroup\def~{\leavevmode\kern\z@\char`#1}}}
```

\@noligs To stay compatible with packages that use \@noligs we keep it.

```
151 \def\@noligs{\let\do\do@noligs \verbatim@nolig@list}
```

```
152 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File z

ltmath.dtx

53 Math setup

This file contains a lot of the original plain T_EX code, as well as the L^AT_EX environments for math. It still needs sorting out.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{math definitions,}
```

53.1 Math commands based on plain T_EX

53.1.1 The log-like functions

\log The standard operators:

```
3 \def\log{\mathop{\operator@font log}\nolimits}
4 \def\lg{\mathop{\operator@font lg}\nolimits}
5 \def\ln{\mathop{\operator@font ln}\nolimits}
6 \def\lim{\mathop{\operator@font lim}\nolimits}
7 \def\limsup{\mathop{\operator@font lim\!,sup}\nolimits}
8 \def\liminf{\mathop{\operator@font lim\!,inf}\nolimits}
9 \def\sin{\mathop{\operator@font sin}\nolimits}
10 \def\arcsin{\mathop{\operator@font arcsin}\nolimits}
11 \def\sinh{\mathop{\operator@font sinh}\nolimits}
12 \def\cos{\mathop{\operator@font cos}\nolimits}
13 \def\arccos{\mathop{\operator@font arccos}\nolimits}
14 \def\cosh{\mathop{\operator@font cosh}\nolimits}
15 \def\tan{\mathop{\operator@font tan}\nolimits}
16 \def\arctan{\mathop{\operator@font arctan}\nolimits}
17 \def\tanh{\mathop{\operator@font tanh}\nolimits}
18 \def\cot{\mathop{\operator@font cot}\nolimits}
19 \def\coth{\mathop{\operator@font coth}\nolimits}
20 \def\sec{\mathop{\operator@font sec}\nolimits}
21 \def\csc{\mathop{\operator@font csc}\nolimits}
22 \def\max{\mathop{\operator@font max}\nolimits}
23 \def\min{\mathop{\operator@font min}\nolimits}
24 \def\sup{\mathop{\operator@font sup}\nolimits}
25 \def\inf{\mathop{\operator@font inf}\nolimits}
26 \def\arg{\mathop{\operator@font arg}\nolimits}
27 \def\ker{\mathop{\operator@font ker}\nolimits}
28 \def\dim{\mathop{\operator@font dim}\nolimits}
29 \def\hom{\mathop{\operator@font hom}\nolimits}
30 \def\det{\mathop{\operator@font det}\nolimits}
31 \def\exp{\mathop{\operator@font exp}\nolimits}
32 \def\Pr{\mathop{\operator@font Pr}\nolimits}
33 \def\gcd{\mathop{\operator@font gcd}\nolimits}
34 \def\deg{\mathop{\operator@font deg}\nolimits}
```

\bmod And some operators have to be done by hand:

```
35 \def\bmod{%
36   \nonscript\mskip-\medmuskip\mkern5mu%
```

```

37  \mathbin{\operator@font mod}\penalty900\mkern5mu%
38  \nonscript\mskip-\medmuskip}

\pmod
39 \def\pmod#1{%
40  \allowbreak\mkern18mu(\{\operator@font mod\}\,,\,#1)}

```

53.1.2 Biggggg

\big Variants on \big and friends for use with delimiters:

```

41 \def\bigr{\mathopen\big}
42 \def\bigm{\mathrel\big}
43 \def\bigr{\mathclose\big}
44 \def\Bigl{\mathopen\Big}
45 \def\Bigr{\mathrel\Big}
46 \def\Biggr{\mathclose\Big}
47 \def\biggl{\mathopen\bigg}
48 \def\biggm{\mathrel\bigg}
49 \def\biggr{\mathclose\bigg}
50 \def\Biggl{\mathopen\Bigg}
51 \def\Biggm{\mathrel\Bigg}
52 \def\Biggr{\mathclose\Bigg}

```

53.1.3 The UNSORTED Rest

The other math commands are lifted from plain T_EX.

```

\jot
53 \newdimen\jot
54 \jot=3pt

\interdisplaylinepenalty
55 \newcount\interdisplaylinepenalty
56 \interdisplaylinepenalty=100

\choose
57 \def\choose{\atopwithdelims()}

\brack
58 \def\brack{\atopwithdelims[]}

\brace
59 \def\brace{\atopwithdelims\{\}}

\mathpalette
60 \def\mathpalette#1#2{%
61   \mathchoice
62     {#1\displaystyle{#2}}%
63     {#1\textstyle{#2}}%
64     {#1\scriptstyle{#2}}%
65     {#1\scriptscriptstyle{#2}}}

```

```

\root
\rootbox 66 \newbox\rootbox
\r@@t 67 \def\root#1\of{%
68   \setbox\rootbox\hbox{$\m@th\scriptstyle{\#1}$}%
69   \mathpalette\r@@t}

70 \def\r@@t#1#2{%
71   \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th\sqrt{\#2}$}%
72   \dimen@\ht\z@ \advance\dimen@-\dp\z@
73   \mkern5mu\raise.6\dimen@\copy\rootbox
74   \mkern-10mu\box\z@}

\phantom
\hphantom 75 \newif\ifv@
\vphantom 76 \newif\ifh@

77 \def\vphantom{\v@true\h@false\ph@nt}
78 \def\hphantom{\v@false\h@true\ph@nt}
79 \def\phantom{\v@true\h@true\ph@nt}

80 \def\ph@nt{%
81   \ifmmode
82     \expandafter\mathpalette\expandafter\mathph@nt
83   \else
84     \expandafter\makeph@nt
85   \fi}

86 \def\makeph@nt#1{%
87   \setbox\z@\hbox{\color@begingroup#1\color@endgroup}\finph@nt}

88 \def\mathph@nt#1#2{%
89   \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th\#1\{\#2\}$}\finph@nt}

90 \def\finph@nt{%
91   \setbox\tw@\null
92   \ifv@ \ht\tw@\ht\z@ \dp\tw@\dp\z@\fi
93   \ifh@ \wd\tw@\wd\z@\fi \box\tw@}

\mathstrut
94 \def\mathstrut{\vphantom{}}

\smash
95 \def\smash{%
96   \relax % \relax, in case this comes first in \halign
97   \ifmmode
98     \expandafter\mathpalette\expandafter\mathsm@sh
99   \else
100     \expandafter\makesm@sh
101   \fi}

102 \def\makesm@sh#1{%
103   \setbox\z@\hbox{\color@begingroup#1\color@endgroup}\finsm@sh}
104 \def\mathsm@sh#1#2{%
105   \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th\#1\{\#2\}$}\finsm@sh}
106 \def\finsm@sh{\ht\z@\z@ \dp\z@\z@ \box\z@}

```

```

\buildrel
107 \def\buildrel#1\over#2{\mathrel{\mathop{\kern\z@#2}\limits^{#1}}}

\cases
108 \def\cases#1{\left\{ ,\vcenter{\normalbaselines\m@th
109     \ialign{\##\hfil&\quad\##\hfil\crcr#1\crcr}\right.}

\matrix
110 \def\matrix#1{\null\,,\vcenter{\normalbaselines\m@th
111     \ialign{\hfil##\hfil&\quad\hfil##\hfil\crcr
112         \mathstrut\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}
113         #1\crcr\mathstrut\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}}}\,,}

\pmatrix
114 \def\pmatrix#1{\left(\matrix{#1}\right)}

\bordermatrix
115 \def\bordermatrix#1{\begingroup \m@th
116   \tempdima 8.75\p@
117   \setbox\z@\vbox{%
118     \def\cr{\crcr\noalign{\kern2\p@\global\let\cr\endline}}%
119     \ialign{\##\hfil\kern2\p@\kern\tempdima\&\thinspace\hfil##\hfil
120       &&\quad\hfil##\hfil\crcr
121       \omit\strut\hfil\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}%
122       #1\crcr\omit\strut\cr}%
123   \setbox\tw@\vbox{\unvcopy\z@\global\setbox\one\lastbox}%
124   \setbox\tw@\hbox{\unhbox\one\unskip\global\setbox\one\lastbox}%
125   \setbox\tw@\hbox{$\kern\wd\one\kern-\tempdima\left(\kern-\wd\one
126   \global\setbox\one\vbox{\box\one\kern2\p@}%
127   \vcenter{\kern-\ht\one\unvbox\z@\kern-\baselineskip}\,,\right)$}%
128   \null\; \vbox{\kern\ht\one\box\tw@}\endgroup}

\openup
129 \def\openup{\afterassignment\openup\dimen@}
130 \def\openup{\advance\lineskip\dimen@
131   \advance\baselineskip\dimen@
132   \advance\lineskip\dimen@}

\displaylines
133 \newif\ifdt@p
134 \def\displ@y{\global\dt@ptrue\openup\jot\m@th
135   \everycr{\noalign{\ifdt@p \global\dt@pfalse \ifdim\prevdepth>-1000\p@
136     \vskip-\lineskip\dimen@ \vskip\normalineskip\dimen@ \fi
137     \else \penalty\interdisplaylinepenalty \fi}}}
138 \def\@lign{\tabskip\z@skip\everycr{}% restore inside \displ@y
139 \def\displaylines#1{\displ@y \tabskip\z@skip
140   \halign{\hb@xt@{\displaywidth{$\@lign\hfil\displaystyle##\hfil$}}\crcr
141     #1\crcr}\}

\sp
\sb 142 \let\sp=^
143 \let\sb=_
```

53.2 Math Environments

- \(\) Produces $\$...$$ with checks that \(\` isn't used in math mode, and that \(\) is only used in math mode begun with \(`.

```
168 </2ekernel>
169 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\{}{\Make \(\ robust\)}%
170 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
171 \DeclareRobustCommand\{%
172   \relax\ifmmode\@badmath\else$\fi\}%
173 \DeclareRobustCommand\}\{%
174   \relax\ifmmode\ifinner$\else\@badmath\fi\else \@badmath\fi\}%
175 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
176 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
177 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\{}{\Make \(\ robust\)}%
178 <latexrelease>\def\{%
```

```

179 <latexrelease>  \relax\ifmmode\@badmath\else$\fi}%
180 <latexrelease>\def\){%
181 <latexrelease>  \relax\ifmmode\ifinner$\else\@badmath\fi\else \@badmath\fi}%
182 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
183 {*}2ekernel}

\[ Produces $$...$$ with checks that \[ isn't used in math mode, and that \] is
\] only used in display math mode (though there is no real test that this display
math started with \[ and not with $$).
184 {*}2ekernel}
185 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\[]}{\Make \[ robust}%
186 {*}2ekernel | latexrelease}
187 \DeclareRobustCommand\[{%
188     \relax\ifmmode
189         \@badmath
190     \else
191         \ifvmode
192             \nointerlineskip
193             \makebox[.6\linewidth]{}}%
194     \fi
195     $$%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
196     \fi
197 }%
198 \DeclareRobustCommand\]{%
199     \relax\ifmmode
200     \ifinner
201         \@badmath
202     \else
203         $$%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
204     \fi
205     \else
206         \@badmath
207     \fi
208     \ignorespaces
209 }%
210 {*}2ekernel | latexrelease}
211 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
212 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\[]}{\Make \[ robust}%
213 <latexrelease>\def\[\{%
214 <latexrelease>  \relax\ifmmode
215 <latexrelease>      \@badmath
216 <latexrelease>  \else
217 <latexrelease>      \ifvmode
218 <latexrelease>          \nointerlineskip
219 <latexrelease>          \makebox[.6\linewidth]{}}%
220 <latexrelease>      \fi
221 <latexrelease>      $$%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
222 <latexrelease>  \fi
223 <latexrelease>}%
224 <latexrelease>\def\]\{%
225 <latexrelease>  \relax\ifmmode
226 <latexrelease>      \ifinner
227 <latexrelease>          \@badmath

```

```

228 <|latexrelease>      \else
229 <|latexrelease>      $$%$$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
230 <|latexrelease>      \fi
231 <|latexrelease>      \else
232 <|latexrelease>      \@badmath
233 <|latexrelease>      \fi
234 <|latexrelease>      \ignorespaces
235 <|latexrelease>)%
236 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
237 (*2ekernel)

math Disguises for \(\dots\) and \[\dots\].
displaymath 238 \let\math=\(
239 \let\endmath=\)
240 \def\displaymath{\[]}
241 \def\enddisplaymath{\]}\@ignoretrue}

equation \c@equation Numbered equations, using the counter \c@equation. Note: The document style must define \theequation etc., and do the appropriate \c@addtoreset. It should also redefine \c@eqnnum if another format for the equation number is desired other than the standard (...), or to move the equation numbers to the flushleft. (See comment on the \def of \c@eqnnum.)
242 \c@definecounter{equation}
243 \def\equation{$$\refstepcounter{equation}}
244 \def\endequation{\eqno \hbox{\c@eqnnum}$$\@ignoretrue}

\c@eqnnum Produces the equation number for equation and eqnarray environments. The following definition is for flushright numbers; for flushleft numbers, see leqno.clo. The equation number is set in black roman type even if an eqnarray environment appears in an italic environment.
245 \def\c@eqnnum{{\normalfont \normalcolor (\theequation)}}
```

\stackrel A disguise for plain T_EX's buildrel.

```
246 \def\stackrel#1#2{\mathrel{\mathop{\#2}\limits^{#1}}}
```

\frac A disguise for plain T_EX's \over.

```
247 \def\frac#1#2{{\begin{array}{c}#1\\#2\end{array}}}
```

\sqrt Add an optional argument to plain's \sqrt to give the *n*th root of an expression $\sqrt[n]{e}$.

```
248 \DeclareRobustCommand\sqrt{\ifnextchar[\@sqrt\sqrtsign}
249 \def\@sqrt[#1]{\root #1\of{}}
```

\eqnarray Here's the eqnarray environment: Default is for left-hand side of equations to be flushright. To make them flushleft, \let\c@eqnse = \hfil.

```
\c@eqcnt 250 \newcount\c@eqcnt
\c@eqpen 251 \newcount\c@eqpen
\if@eqnsw 252 \newif\if@eqnsw\c@eqnswtrue
\c@eqnse 253 \newskip\c@centering
254 \c@centering = 0pt plus 1000pt
```

To get a proper `\@currentlabel` we have to redefine it for the whole display. Note that we can't use `\refstepcounter` as this results in `\@currentlabel` getting restored at the wrong and thus always writing the first label to the `.aux` file.

```

255 \def\eqnarray{%
256   \stepcounter{equation}%
257   \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
258   \global\@eqnswtrue
259   \m@th
260   \global\@eqcnt\z@
261   \tabskip\@centering
262   \let\\@\eqncr
263   $$\everycr{}\halign to\displaywidth\bgroup
264     \hskip\@centering$\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}\$@\eqnsel
265     &\global\@eqcnt\@ne\hskip \tw@\arraycolsep \hfil{##}\$@\hfil
266     &\global\@eqcnt\tw@\hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
267     \$\displaystyle{##}\$@\hfil\tabskip\@centering
268     &\global\@eqcnt\thr@@ \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup
269     \tabskip\z@skip
270   \cr
271 }

272 \def\endeqnarray{%
273   \@@eqncr
274   \egroup
275   \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne
276   $$\@ignoretrue
277 }

278 \let\@eqnsel=\relax

\nonumber Switches off equation numbering.
279 \def\nonumber{\global\@eqnswfalse}

\@eqncr
\@xeqncr 280 \def\@eqncr{%
281   {\ifnum0='}\fi
282   \@ifstar{%
283     \global\@eqpen\@M\@yeqncr
284   }{%
285     \global\@eqpen\interdisplaylinepenalty \@yeqncr
286   }%
287 }

288 \def\@yeqncr{\@testopt\@xeqncr\z@skip}

289 \def\@xeqncr[#1]{%
290   \ifnum0='{\fi}%
291   \@@eqncr
292   \noalign{\penalty\@eqpen\vskip\jot\vskip #1\relax}%
293 }

\@@eqncr
294 \def\@@eqncr{\let\reserved@a\relax
295   \ifcase\@eqcnt \def\reserved@a{& &} \or \def\reserved@a{& &}%
296   \or \def\reserved@a{&} \else
297     \let\reserved@a\empty

```

```

298      \@latex@error{Too many columns in eqnarray environment}\@ehc\fi
299      \reserved@a \if@eqnsw\@eqnnum\stepcounter{equation}\fi
300      \global\@eqnswtrue\global\@eqcnt\z@\cr}

eqnarray* Here's the eqnarray* environment:
\@seqncr 301 \let\@seqncr=\@eqncr
302 \namedef{eqnarray*}{\def\@eqncr{\nonumber\@seqncr}\eqnarray}
303 \namedef{endeqnarray*}{\nonumber\endeqnarray}

\lefteqn \lefteqn{FORMULA} typesets FORMULA in display math style flushleft in a box of width zero.
304 \def\lefteqn#1{\rlap{$\displaystyle #1$}}

\ensuremath In math mode, \ensuremath{text} is equivalent to text; in LR or paragraph mode, it is equivalent to $text$. \relax is not needed in front of the \ifmmode as \protect will be \let to \relax. This version (due to Donald Arseneau) avoids duplicating its argument in the ‘then’ and ‘else’ part of the \ifmath which is necessary in nested ‘tabular’ like environments. See amslatex/2104.
305 \DeclareRobustCommand{\ensuremath}{%
306   \ifmmode
307     \expandafter\@firstofone
308   \else
309     \expandafter\@ensuredmath
310   \fi}

\@ensuredmath The \relax stops \ensuremath{} starting display math.
311 \long\def\@ensuredmath#1{$\relax#1$}
312 </2ekernel>

```

53.3 External options to the standard document classes

53.3.1 Left equation numbering

```

\@eqnnum To put the equation number on the left side of an equation we have to use a little trick. The number is shifted \displaywidth to the left inside a box of (approximately) zero width. This fails when the quation is too wide, the equation number than may overprint the equation itself.
313 (*leqno)
314 \renewcommand{\eqnnum}{\hb@xt@.01\p@{}%
315           \rlap{\normalfont\normalcolor
316           \hskip -\displaywidth(\theequation)}}
317 </leqno>

```

53.3.2 Flush left equations

To get the displayed math environments to print the contents flush left (with an indentation) we have to redefine all of L^AT_EX 2_&'s displayed math environments.

```

\mathindent The amount of indentation of the equations is stored in a register.
318 (*fleqn)
319 \newdimen\mathindent

```

The setting of `\mathindent` has to be deferred until the class file has been processed, because `\leftmargini` is still 0pt wide at the moment `fleqn.clo` is read in.

```

320 \AtEndOfClass{\mathindent\leftmargini}

\[ Begin display math;
321 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{[]}{\MakeRobust}
322 \DeclareRobustCommand{\relax
323     \ifmmode\@badmath
324     \else
325         \begin{trivlist}%
326             \begin{parpenalty}\predisplaypenalty
327             \end{parpenalty}\postdisplaypenalty
328             \item[]\leavevmode
329             \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup \$\mathdisplaystyle %$
330             \hskip\mathindent\bgroup
331         \fi}
332 \EndIncludeInRelease

333 \IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{[]}{\MakeRobust}
334 \renewcommand{\relax
335     \ifmmode\@badmath
336     \else
337         \begin{trivlist}%
338             \begin{parpenalty}\predisplaypenalty
339             \end{parpenalty}\postdisplaypenalty
340             \item[]\leavevmode
341             \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup \$\mathdisplaystyle %$
342             \hskip\mathindent\bgroup
343         \fi}
344 \EndIncludeInRelease

\] end display math;
345 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{[]}{\MakeRobust}
346 \DeclareRobustCommand{\relax
347     \ifmmode
348         \egroup \$\hfil%
349         \egroup
350         \end{trivlist}%
351     \else \@badmath
352     \fi}
353 \EndIncludeInRelease

354 \IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{[]}{\MakeRobust}
355 \renewcommand{\relax
356     \ifmmode
357         \egroup \$\hfil%
358         \egroup
359         \end{trivlist}%
360     \else \@badmath
361     \fi}
362 \EndIncludeInRelease

```

equation The equation environment

```

363 \renewenvironment{equation}%
364   {\@beginparpenalty\predisplaypenalty
365   \endparpenalty\postdisplaypenalty
366   \refstepcounter{equation}%
367   \trivlist \item[] \leavevmode
368     \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup \$\m@th\$ %
369       \displaystyle
370       \hskip\mathindent}%
371     { \$\hfil \$ %
372       \displaywidth\linewidth\hbox{\@eqnnum}%
373     \egroup
374   \endtrivlist}

```

`eqnarray` The `eqnarray` environment

```

375 \renewenvironment{eqnarray}{%
376   \stepcounter{equation}%
377   \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
378   \global\@eqnswtrue\m@th
379   \global\@eqcnt\z@
380   \tabskip\mathindent
381   \let\\=\@eqncr
382   \setlength\abovedisplayskip{\topsep}%
383   \ifvmode
384     \addtolength\abovedisplayskip{\partopsep}%
385   \fi

```

When the `documentclass` uses a non-zero `\parskip` setting the `\topsep` might have a negative value to compensate for that. Therefore we add `\parskip` to `\abovedisplayskip`.

```

386   \addtolength\abovedisplayskip{\parskip}%
387   \setlength\belowdisplayskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
388   \setlength\belowdisplayshortskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
389   \setlength\abovedisplayshortskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
390   $$\everycr{}\halign to\linewidth\$\$%
391   \bgroup
392     \hskip\@centering
393     \$\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}\$@\eqnsel&%
394     \global\@eqcnt\@ne \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep \hfil{##}\$@\hfil&%
395     \global\@eqcnt\tw@\hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
396     \$\displaystyle{##}\$@\hfil \tabskip\@centering&%
397     \global\@eqcnt\thr@@
398     \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup\tabskip\z@skip\cr}%
399     {\@eqncr
400   \egroup
401   \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne\$%\$%
402   \ignorespaces
403 }
404 
```

File A

ltlists.dtx

54 List, and related environments

The generic commands for creating an indented environment – `enumerate`, `itemize`, `quote`, etc – are:

```
\list{\LABEL}{{COMMANDS}} ... \endlist
```

which can be invoked by the user as the list environment. The *LABEL* argument specifies item labeling. *COMMANDS* contains commands for changing the horizontal and vertical spacing parameters.

Each item of the environment is begun by the command `\item[ITEMLABEL]` which produces an item labeled by *ITEMLABEL*. If the argument is missing, then the *LABEL* argument of the `\list` command is used as the item label.

The label is formed by putting `\makelabel{\ITEMLABEL}` in an hbox whose width is either its natural width or else `\labelwidth`, whichever is larger. The `\list` command defines `\makelabel` to have the default definition:

```
\makelabel{\ARG} == BEGIN \hfil ARG END
```

which, for a label of width less than `\labelwidth`, puts the label flushright, `\labelsep` to the left of the item's text. However, `\makelabel` can be `\let` to another command by the `\list`'s *COMMANDS* argument.

A `\usecounter{\foo}` command in the second argument causes the counter *foo* to be initialized to zero, and stepped by every `\item` command without an argument. (`\label` commands within the list refer to this counter.)

When you leave a list environment, returning either to an enclosing list or normal text mode, LaTeX begins a new paragraph if and only if you leave a blank line after the `\end` command. This is accomplished by the `\@endparenv` command.

Blank lines are ignored every other reasonable place—i.e.:

- Between the `\begin{list}` and the first `\item`,
- Between the `\item` and the text of that item.
- Between the end of the last item and the `\end{list}`.

For an environment like quotation, in which items are not labeled, the entire environment is a single item. It is defined by letting `\quotation == \list{}{\relax}`. (Note the `\relax`, there in case the first character in the environment is a '['.) The spacing parameters provide a great deal of flexibility in designing the format, including the ability to let the indentation of the first paragraph be different from that of the subsequent ones.

The trivlist environment is equivalent to a list environment whose second argument sets the following parameter values:

`\leftmargin = 0`: causes no indentation of left margin

`\labelwidth = 0`: see below for precise effect this has.

`\itemindent = 0`: with a null label, makes first paragraph have no indentation. Succeeding paragraphs have `\parindent` indentation. To give first paragraph same indentation, set `\itemindent = \parindent` before the `\item[]`.

Every `\item` in a trivlist environment must have an argument—in many cases, this will be the null argument (`\item[]`). The trivlist environment is mainly used for paragraphing environments, like verbatim, in which there is no margin change. It provides the same vertical spacing as the list environment, and works reasonably well when it occurs immediately after an `\item` command in an enclosing list.

54.1 List and Trivlist

The following variables are used inside a list environment:

`\@totalleftmargin` The distance that the prevailing left margin is indented from the outermost left margin,

`\linewidth` The width of the current line. Must be initialized to `\hsize`.

`\@listdepth` A count for holding current list nesting depth.

`\makelabel` A macro with a single argument, used to generate the label from the argument (given or implied) of the `\item` command. Initialized to `\@mklab` by the `\list` command. This command must produce some stretch—i.e., an `\hfil`.

`\@inlabel` A switch that is false except between the time an `\item` is encountered and the time that T_EX actually enters horizontal mode. Should be tested by commands that can be messed up by the list environment's use of `\everypar`.

`\box\@labels` When `\@inlabel = true`, it holds the labels to be put out by `\everypar`.

`\@noperitem` A switch set by `\list` when `\@inlabel = true`. Handles the case of a `\list` being the first thing in an item.

`\@noperlist` A switch set true for a list that begins an item. No `\topsep` space is added before or after `\item`'s such a list.

`\@newlist` Set true by `\list`, set false by the first text (by `\everypar`).

`\@noitemarg` Set true when executing an `\item` with no explicit argument. Used to save space. To save time, make two separate `\@item` commands.

`\@nmbrlist` Set true by `\usecounter` command, causes list to be numbered.

`\@listctr` `\def`'ed by `\usecounter` to name of counter.

`\@noskipsec` A switch set true by a sectioning command when it is creating an in-text heading with `\everypar`.

Throughout a list environment, `\hsize` is the width of the current line, measured from the outermost left margin to the outermost right margin. Environments like tabbing should use `\linewidth` instead of `\hsize`.

Here are the parameters of a list that can be set by commands in the `\list`'s COMMANDS argument. These parameters are all TeX skips or dimensions (defined by `\newskip` or `\newdimen`), so the usual TeX or L^AT_EX commands can be used to set them. The commands will be executed in vmode if and only if the `\list` was preceded by a `\par` (or something like an `\end{list}`), so the spacing parameters can be set according to whether the list is inside a paragraph or is its own paragraph.

54.2 Vertical Spacing (skips)

`\topsep`: Space between first item and preceding paragraph.

`\partopsep`: Extra space added to `\topsep` when environment starts a new paragraph (is called in vmode).

`\itemsep`: Space between successive items.

`\parsep`: Space between paragraphs within an item – the `\parskip` for this environment.

54.3 Penalties

`\@beginparpenalty`: put at the beginning of a list

`\@endparpenalty`: put at end of list

`\@itempenalty`: put between items.

54.4 Horizontal Spacing (dimens)

`\leftmargin`: space between left margin of enclosing environment (or of page if top level list) and left margin of this list. Must be nonnegative.

`\rightmargin`: analogous.

`\listparindent`: extra indentation at beginning of every paragraph of a list except the one started by the `\item` command. May be negative! Usually, labeled lists have `\listparindent` equal to zero.

`\itemindent`: extra indentation added right BEFORE an item label.

`\labelwidth`: nominal width of box that contains the label. If the natural width of the label $\leq \labelwidth$, then the label is flushed right inside a box of width `\labelwidth` (with an `\hfil`). Otherwise, a box of the natural width is employed, which causes an indentation of the text on that line.

`\labelsep`: space between end of label box and text of first item.

54.5 Default Values

Defaults for the list environment are set as follows. First, `\rightmargin`, `\listparindent` and `\itemindent` are set to 0pt. Then, one of the commands `\@listi`, `\@listii`, ..., `\@listvi` is called, depending upon the current level of the list. The `\@list ...` commands should be defined by the document style. A convention that the document style should follow is to set `\leftmargin` to `\leftmargini`, ..., `\leftmarginvi` for the appropriate level. Items that aren't changed may be left alone, but everything that could possibly be changed must be reset.

```

\list{LABEL}{COMMANDS} ==
BEGIN
if \@listdepth > 5
  then LaTeX error: 'Too deeply nested'
  else \@listdepth :=G \@listdepth + 1
fi
\rightmargin     := 0pt
\listparindent   := 0pt
\itemindent      := 0pt
\eval(@list \romannumeral\the\@listdepth) %% Set default values:
\@itemlabel     :=L LABEL
\makelabel       == \@mklab
@nmbrlist        :=L false
COMMANDS

\@trivlist           % commands common to \list and
\trivlist

\parskip      :=L \parsep
\parindent    :=L \listparindent
\linewidth    :=L \linewidth - \rightmargin - \leftmargin
\@totalleftmargin :=L \@totalleftmargin + \leftmargin
\parshape 1 \@totalleftmargin \linewidth
\ignorespaces          % gobble space up to \item
END

\endlist == BEGIN \@listdepth :=G \@listdepth -1
               \endtrivlist
END

\@trivlist ==
BEGIN
if @newlist = T then \@noitemerr fi
%% This command removed for some forgotten
reason.
\@topsepadd :=L \topsep
if @noskipsec then leave vertical mode fi %% Added 11 Jun 85
if vertical mode
  then \@topsepadd :=L \@topsepadd + \partopsep
else \unskip \par          % remove glue from end of last line

```

```

fi
if @inlabel = true
    then @noparitem :=L true
        @noparlist :=L true
    else @noparlist :=L false
        \@topsep   :=L \@topsepadd
fi
\@topsep      :=L \@topsep + \parskip %% Change 4 Sep 85
\leftskip     :=L 0pt           % Restore paragraphing
parameters
\rightskip     :=L \rightskip
\parfillskip   :=L 0pt + 1fil

NOTE: \@setpar called on every \list in case \par has been
temporarily munged before the \list command.
\@setpar{if @newlist = false then {\@par} fi}
\@newlist       :=G T
\@outerparskip  :=L \parskip
END

\trivlist ==
BEGIN
\parsep      := \parskip
@nbrlist := F
\@trivlist
\labelwidth := 0
\leftmargin := 0
\itemindent := \parindent
\itemlabel :=L "empty"           %% added 93/12/13
\makelabel{LABEL} == LABEL
END

\endtrivlist ==
BEGIN
if @inlabel = T then \indent fi
if horizontal mode then \unskip \par fi
if @noparlist = true
else if \lastskip > 0
    then \@tempskipa := \lastskip
        \vskip - \lastskip
        \vskip \@tempskipa -\@outerparskip + \parskip
    fi
    \endparenv
fi
END

\endparenv ==
BEGIN
\addpenalty{@endparpenalty}
\addvspace{\@topsepadd}

```

```

\endgroup %% ends the \begin command's \begingroup
\par == BEGIN
    \restorepar
    \everypar{}
    \par
END
\everypar == BEGIN remove \lastbox \everypar{} END
\begingroup %% to match the \end commands \endgroup
END

\item == BEGIN if math mode then WARNING fi
    if next char =
        then \item
        else @noitemarg := true
            \item[@itemlabel]
    END

\item[LAB] ==
BEGIN
if @noperitem = true
    then @noperitem := false
        % NOTE: then clause hardly every taken,
        % so made a macro \donoperitem
    \box@\labels :=G \hbox{\hskip -\leftmargin
        \box@\labels
        \hskip \leftmargin }
if @minipage = false then
    \tempskipa := \lastskip
    \vskip -\lastskip
    \vskip \tempskipa + \outerparskip - \parskip
fi
else if @inlabel = true
    then \indent \par % previous item empty.
fi
if hmode then 2 \unskip's
    % To remove any space at end of prev.
    % paragraph that could cause a blank line.
    \par
fi
if @newlist = T
    then if @nobreak = T % Kludge if list follows \section
        then \addvspace{\outerparskip - \parskip}
        else \addpenalty{\beginparpenalty}
            \addvspace{\topsep}
            \addvspace{-\parskip} %% added 4 Sep 85
    fi
    else \addpenalty{\itempenalty}
        \addvspace{\itemsep}
    fi
@inlabel :=G true

```

```

fi

\everypar{ @minipage :=G F
            @newlist :=G F
            if @inlabel = true
                then @inlabel :=G false
                    \hskip -\parindent
                    \box@labels
                    \penalty 0
                        %% 3 Oct 85 -- allow line break here
                    \box@labels :=G null
                fi
            \everypar{} }

@nobreak :=G false
if @noitemarg = true
    then @noitemarg := false
        if @nmbrlist
            then \refstepcounter{\listctr}
        fi      fi
\@tempboxa :=L \hbox{\makelabel{LAB}}
\box@labels :=G \@labels \hskip \itemindent
\hskip - (\labelwidth + \labelsep)
if \wd \@tempboxa > \labelwidth
    then \box\@tempboxa
    else \hbox to \labelwidth
{\unhbox\@tempboxa}
fi
\hskip\labelsep
\ignorespaces                                     %gobble space up to text
END

\makelabel{LABEL} == ERROR    %% default to catch lonely \item

\usecounter{CTR} == BEGIN  @nmbrlist :=L true
                           \@listctr == CTR
                           \setcounter{CTR}{0}
END

DEFINE \dimen's and \count

\topskip
\partopsep 1 (*2ekernel)
\itemsep 2 \newskip\topsep
\parsep 3 \newskip\partopsep
\@topsep 4 \newskip\itemsep
\@topsepadd 5 \newskip\parsep
6 \newskip\@topsep
7 \newskip\@topsepadd
8 \newskip\@outerparskip

```

```

\leftmargin      9 \newdimen\leftmargin
\rightmargin    10 \newdimen\rightmargin
\listparindent 11 \newdimen\listparindent
\itemindent     12 \newdimen\itemindent
\labelwidth     13 \newdimen\labelwidth
\labelsep       14 \newdimen\labelsep
\@totallftmargin 15 \newdimen\linewidth
                  16 \newdimen\@totallftmargin \@totallftmargin=\z@

\leftmargini    17 \newdimen\leftmargini
\leftmarginii   18 \newdimen\leftmarginii
\leftmarginiv   19 \newdimen\leftmarginiv
\leftmarginv    20 \newdimen\leftmarginv
\leftmarginvi   21 \newdimen\leftmarginvi
                  22 \newdimen\leftmarginvi

\@listdepth
\@itempenalty  23 \newcount\@listdepth \@listdepth=0
\@beginparpenalty 24 \newcount\@itempenalty
\@endparpenalty 25 \newcount\@beginparpenalty
                  26 \newcount\@endparpenalty

\@labels
                  27 \newbox\@labels

\if@inlabel
\@inlabelfalse 28 \newif\if@inlabel \@inlabelfalse
\@inlabeltrue   \if@newlist
\@newlistfalse 29 \newif\if@newlist \@newlistfalse
\@newlisttrue   \if@noparitem
\@noparitemfalse 30 \newif\if@noparitem \@noparitemfalse
\@noparitemtrue \if@noparlist
\@noparlistfalse 31 \newif\if@noparlist \@noparlistfalse
\@noparlisttrue \if@noitemarg
\@noitemargfalse 32 \newif\if@noitemarg \@noitemargfalse
\@noitemargtrue \if@newlist
\@newlistfalse 33 \newif\if@nmbrlist \@nmbrlistfalse
\@newlisttrue   \list
                  34 \def\list#1#2{%
                  35   \ifnum \@listdepth >5\relax
                  36     \@toodeep
                  37   \else
                  38     \global\advance\@listdepth\@ne
                  39   \fi
                  40   \rightmargin\z@

```

```

41  \listparindent\z@
42  \itemindent\z@
43  \csname @list\romannumeral\the\@listdepth\endcsname
44  \def\@itemlabel{#1}%
45  \let\makelabel\@mklab
46  \@nmbrlistfalse
47  #2\relax
48  \@trivlist
49  \parskip\parsep
50  \parindent\listparindent
51  \advance\linewidth -\rightmargin
52  \advance\linewidth -\leftmargin
53  \advance\@totalleftmargin \leftmargin
54  \parshape \cne \@totalleftmargin \linewidth
55  \ignorespaces}

```

\par@deathcycles

```

56 \newcount\par@deathcycles

```

\@trivlist Because \par is sometimes made a no-op it is possible for a missing \item to produce a loop that does not fill memory and so never gets trapped by TeX. We thus need to trap this here by setting \par to count the number of times a paragraph ii is called with no progress being made started.

```

57 \def\@trivlist{%
58   \if@noskipsec \leavevmode \fi
59   \@topsepadd \topsep
60   \ifvmode
61     \advance\@topsepadd \partopsep
62   \else
63     \unskip \par
64   \fi
65   \if@inlabel
66     \cnonparemtrue
67     \cnonparlisttrue
68   \else
69     \if@newlist \cnonitemerr \fi
70     \cnonparlistfalse
71     \@topsep \@topsepadd
72   \fi
73   \advance\@topsep \parskip
74   \leftskip \z@skip
75   \rightskip \crightskip
76   \parfillskip \cflushglue
77   \par@deathcycles \z@
78   \csetpar{\if@newlist
79     \advance\par@deathcycles \cne
80     \ifnum \par@deathcycles >\cm
81       \cnonitemerr
82       {\c@par}%
83     \fi
84     \else
85       {\c@par}%
86     \fi}%
87   \global \cnewlisttrue

```

```
88  \outerparskip \parskip}
```

```
\trivlist
```

```
89 \def\trivlist{%
90  \parsep\parskip
91  \@nbrlistfalse
92  \trivlist
93  \labelwidth\z@
94  \leftmargin\z@
95  \itemindent\z@
```

We initialise `\@itemlabel` so that a `\trivlist` with an `\item` not having an optional argument doesn't produce an error message.

```
96  \let\@itemlabel\empty
97  \def\makelabel##1{\#1}
```

```
\endlist
```

```
98 \def\endlist{%
99  \global\advance\@listdepth\m@ne
100 \endtrivlist}
```

The definition of `\trivlist` used to be in `ltspacedtx` so that other commands could be ‘let to it’. They now use `\def`.

```
\endtrivlist
```

```
101 \def\endtrivlist{%
102  \if@inlabel
103   \leavevmode
104   \global \inlabelfalse
105  \fi
106  \if@newlist
107   \noitemerr
108   \global \newlistfalse
109  \fi
110  \ifhmode\unskip \par
```

We also check if we are in math mode and issue an error message if so (hoping that `\currenvir` resolves suitably). Otherwise the usual “perhaps a missing item” error will get triggered later which is confusing.

```
111  \else
112   \inmatherr{\end{\currenvir}}%
113  \fi
114  \if@nopallist \else
115   \ifdim\lastskip >\z@
116   \tempskipa\lastskip \vskip -\lastskip
117   \advance\tempskipa\parskip \advance\tempskipa -\outerparskip
118   \vskip\tempskipa
119  \fi
120  \endparenv
121  \fi
122 }
```

`\endparenv` To suppress the paragraph indentation in text immediately following a paragraph-making environment, `\everypar` is changed to remove the space, and `\par` is

redefined to restore `\everypar`. Instead of redefining `\par` and `\everypar`, `\@endparenv` was changed to set the `@endpe` switch, letting `\end` redefine `\par` and `\everypar`.

This allows paragraph-making environments to work right when called by other environments. (Changed 27 Oct 86)

```

123 \def\@endparenv{%
124   \addpenalty\@endparpenalty\addvspace\@topsepadd\@endpetrue}
125 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@doendpe}{clubpenalty fix}%
126 \def\@doendpe{\@endpetrue
127   \def\par{\@restorepar
128           \clubpenalty\@clubpenalty
129           \everypar{}{\par\@endpefalse}\everypar

```

If a section heading changes `\clubpenalty` to keep lines after it together then this modification is restored via the `\everypar` mechanism at the start of the next paragraph. As we destroy the contents of this token here we explicitly set `\clubpenalty` back to its default.

```

128           \clubpenalty\@clubpenalty
129           \everypar{}{\par\@endpefalse}\everypar
130           \{}{\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
131           \everypar{}{\@endpefalse}%
132 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
133 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@doendpe}{clubpenalty fix}%
134 <latexrelease>\def\@doendpe{\@endpetrue
135 <latexrelease>    \def\par{\@restorepar\everypar{}{\par\@endpefalse}\everypar
136 <latexrelease>    \{}{\setbox\z@\lastbox} \everypar{}{\@endpefalse}%
137 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

```

\if@endpe
\@endpefalse 138 \newif\if@endpe
\@endpeltrue 139 \@endpefalse
\@mklab
140 \def\@mklab#1{\hfil #1}

\item
141 \def\item{%
142   \cinmatherr\item
143   \@ifnextchar [\@item{\@noitemargtrue \@item[\@itemlabel]}}}

\@donoparitem
144 \def\@donoparitem{%
145   \noparitemfalse
146   \global\setbox\@labels\hbox{\hskip -\leftmargin
147   \unhbox\@labels
148   \hskip \leftmargin}%
149   \if@minipage\else
150     \tempskipa\lastskip
151     \vskip -\lastskip

```

```

152      \advance\@tempskipa\@outerparskip
153      \advance\@tempskipa -\parskip
154      \vskip\@tempskipa
155  \fi}

\@item
156 \def\@item[#1]{%
157   \if@noperitem
158     \odonoperitem
159   \else
160     \if@inlabel
161       \indent \par
162     \fi
163     \ifhmode
164       \unskip\unskip \par
165     \fi
166     \if@newlist
167       \if@nobreak
168         \onbitem
169       \else
170         \addpenalty\@beginparpenalty
171         \addvspace\@topsep
172         \addvspace{-\parskip}%
173       \fi
174     \else
175       \addpenalty\@itempenalty
176       \addvspace\itemsep
177     \fi
178     \global\@inlabeltrue
179   \fi
180   \everypar{%
181     \minipagetrue
182     \global\@newlistfalse

```

This `\if@inlabel` check is needed in case an item starts of inside a group so that `\everypar` does not become empty outside that group. nobreakfalse, etc etc.

```

183   \if@inlabel
184     \global\@inlabelfalse

```

The paragraph indent is now removed by using `\setbox...` since this makes `\noindent` a no-op here, as it should be. Thus the following comment is redundant but is left here for the sake of future historians: this next command was changed from an hskip to a kern to avoid a break point after the parindent box: the skip could cause a line-break if a very long label occurs in raggedright setting.

If `\noindent` was used after `\item` want to cancel the `\itemindent` skip. This case can be detected as the indentation box will be void.

```

185   {\setbox\z@\lastbox
186     \ifvoid\z@
187       \kern-\itemindent
188     \fi}%
189   \box\@labels
190   \penalty\z@
191 \fi

```

This code is intended to prevent a page break after the first line of an item that comes immediately after a section title. It may be sensible to always forbid a page break after one line of an item? As with all such settings of \clubpenalty it is local so will have no effect if the item starts in a group.

Only resetting \nobreak when it is true is now essential since now it is sometimes set locally.

```

192  \if@nobreak
193    \nobreakfalse
194    \clubpenalty \OM
195  \else
196    \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
197    \everypar{}%
198  \fi}%

199 \if@noitemarg
200   \noitemargfalse
201   \if@nbrlist

202     \refstepcounter\@listctr
203   \fi
204 \fi

```

We use \sbox to support colour commands.

```

205 \sbox\@tempboxa{\makelabel{\#1}}%
206 \global\setbox\@labels\hbox{%
207   \unhbox\@labels
208   \hskip \itemindent
209   \hskip -\labelwidth
210   \hskip -\labelsep
211   \ifdim \wd\@tempboxa >\labelwidth
212     \box\@tempboxa
213   \else
214     \hbox to\labelwidth {\unhbox\@tempboxa}%
215   \fi
216   \hskip \labelsep}%
217 \ignorespaces}

```

\makelabel

```

218 \def\makelabel#1{%
219   \@latex@error{Lonely \string\item--perhaps a missing
220     list environment}\@ehc}

```

\@nbitem

```

221 \def\@nbitem{%
222   \@tempskipa\@outerparskip
223   \advance\@tempskipa -\parskip
224   \addvspace\@tempskipa}

```

\usecounter

```

225 \def\usecounter#1{\@nbrlisttrue\def\@listctr{\#1}\setcounter{\#1}{0}}

```

54.6 Itemize and Enumerate

Enumeration is done with four counters: `enumi`, `enumii`, `enumiii` and `enumiv`, where `enumN` controls the numbering of the Nth level enumeration. The label is generated by the commands `\labelenumi` ... `\labelenumiv`, which should be defined by the document style. Note that `\p@enumN\theenumN` defines the output of a `\ref` command. A typical definition might be:

```
\def\theenumii{\alph{enumii}}
\def\p@enumii{\theenumi}
\def\labelenumii{(\theenumii)}
```

which will print the labels as ‘(a)’, ‘(b)’, ... and print a `\ref` as ‘3a’.

The item numbers are moved to the right of the label box, so they are always a distance of `\labelsep` from the item.

`\@enumdepth` holds the current enumeration nesting depth.

Itemization is controlled by four commands: `\labelitemi`, `\labelitemii`, `\labelitemiii`, and `\labelitemiv`. To cause the second-level list to be bulleted, you just define `\labelitemii` to be `•`. `\@itemspacing` and `\@itemdepth` are the analogs of `\@enumspacing` and `\@enumdepth`.

```
\enumerate ==
BEGIN
  if \@enumdepth > 3
    then errormessage: "Too deeply nested".
    else \@enumdepth :=L \@enumdepth + 1
      \@enumctr :=L eval(enum@\romannumeral\the\@enumdepth)
      \list{\label{(\@enumctr)}
        {\usecounter{\@enumctr}
         \makelabel{LABEL} == \hss \llap{LABEL})}
    fi
  END

\endenumerate == \endlist

\@enumdepth
226 \newcount\@enumdepth \@enumdepth = 0

\c@enumi
\c@enumii 227 \def\c@enumi{\@definecounter{enumi}}
\c@enumii 228 \def\c@enumii{\@definecounter{enumii}}
\c@enumiv 229 \def\c@enumiv{\@definecounter{enumiv}}
\c@enumiv 230 \def\c@enumiv{\@definecounter{enumiv}>

enumerate
231 \def\enumerate{%
  \ifnum \@enumdepth >\thr@@\@toodeep\else
    \advance\@enumdepth\@ne
    \edef\@enumctr{enum\romannumeral\the\@enumdepth}%
  \fi
  \expandafter
  \list
  \csmname label\@enumctr\endcsname
}

232   \ifnum \@enumdepth >\thr@@\@toodeep\else
233     \advance\@enumdepth\@ne
234     \edef\@enumctr{enum\romannumeral\the\@enumdepth}%
235   \expandafter
236   \list
237     \csmname label\@enumctr\endcsname
```

```

238     {\usecounter{\enumctr}\def{\makelabel##1{\hss\llap{##1}}}}%
239   \fi}
240 \let\endenumerate =\endlist

\itemize ==
BEGIN
  if \itemdepth > 3
    then errormessage: 'Too deeply nested'.
    else \itemdepth := \itemdepth + 1
  \itemitem == eval(labelitem\romannumeral\the\itemdepth)
    \list{\nameuse{\itemitem}}
      {\makelabel{LABEL} == \hss \llap{LABEL}}
  fi
END

\enditemize == \endlist

\itemdepth
241 \newcount\itemdepth \itemdepth = 0

itemize
242 \def\itemize{%
243   \ifnum \itemdepth > \thr@@\@toodeep\else
244     \advance\itemdepth\one
245     \edef\itemitem{labelitem\romannumeral\the\itemdepth}%
246     \expandafter
247     \list
248       \csname\itemitem\endcsname
249       {\def{\makelabel##1{\hss\llap{##1}}}}%
250   \fi}
251 \let\enditemize =\endlist
252 
```

File B

ltboxes.dtx

55 L^AT_EX Box commands

\makebox	\makebox[⟨wid⟩][⟨pos⟩]{⟨obj⟩}
	Puts ⟨obj⟩ in an \hbox of width ⟨wid⟩, positioned by ⟨pos⟩. The possible ⟨pos⟩ are: s stretched, l flushleft, r flushright, c (default) centred. If ⟨wid⟩ is missing, then ⟨pos⟩ is also missing and ⟨obj⟩ is put in an \hbox of its natural width.
	\makebox(⟨x⟩,⟨y⟩)[⟨pos⟩]{⟨obj⟩}
	Puts ⟨obj⟩ in an \hbox of width $x * \unitlength$ and height $y * \unitlength$. ⟨pos⟩ arguments are s, l, r or c (default) for stretched, flushleft, flushright or centred, and t or b for top, bottom – or combinations like tr or rb. Default for horizontal and vertical are centered. Note that in this picture mode version of \makebox a [b] aligns on the <i>bottom</i> of the text as documented. If you want to align on the <i>baseline</i> use \makebox(,)[b]{\raisebox{0pt}[\height]{0pt}{xyz}} or \makebox(,)[b]{\smash{xyz}}
\mbox	\mbox{⟨obj⟩} The same as \makebox{⟨obj⟩}, but is more efficient as no checking for optional arguments is done.
\newsavebox	\newsavebox{⟨cmd⟩} : If ⟨cmd⟩ is undefined, then defines it to be a T _E X box register.
\savebox	\savebox{⟨cmd⟩} ... : ⟨cmd⟩ is defined to be a T _E X box register, and the ... are any \makebox arguments. It is like \makebox, except it doesn't produce text but saves the value in \box ⟨cmd⟩.
\sbox	\sbox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨obj⟩} is an efficient abbreviation for \savebox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨obj⟩}.
\lrbox	\begin{lrbox}{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨text⟩}\end{lrbox} is equivalent to \sbox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨text⟩} except that any white space at the beginning and end of ⟨text⟩ is ignored.
\framebox	\framebox ... : like \makebox, except it puts a 'frame' around the box. The frame is made of lines of thickness \fboxrule, separated by space \fboxsep from the text – except for \framebox(X,Y) ... , where the thickness of the lines is as for the picture environment, and there is no separation added.
\fbox	\fbox{⟨obj⟩} is an abbreviation for \framebox{⟨obj⟩}.
\parbox	\parbox[⟨pos⟩][⟨height⟩][⟨inner-pos⟩]{⟨width⟩}{⟨text⟩} : Makes a box with \hsize ⟨width⟩, positioned by ⟨pos⟩ as follows: c : \vcenter (placed in \$...\$ if not in math mode) b : \vbox t : \vtop default value is c. Sets \hsize := ⟨width⟩ and calls \parboxrestore, which does the following: Restores the original definitions of:

```

\par
\\
\-
\'
\'
\=
Resets the following parameters:
\parindent      = 0pt
\parskip       = 0pt
\linewidth     = \hsize
\@totalleftmargin = 0pt
\leftskip      = 0pt
\rightskip     = 0pt
\@rightskip    = 0pt
\parfillskip   = 0pt plus 1fil
\lineskip      = \normallineskip
\baselineskip  = \normalbaselineskip
Calls \sloppy
Note: \arrayparboxrestore same as \parboxrestore but it doesn't restore \\.

minipage minipage : Similar to \parbox, except it also makes this look like a page by setting
\textwidth == \columnwidth == box width
changes footnotes by redefining:
\mpfn == mpfootnote
\thempfn == \thempfootnote
\footnotetext == \mpfootnotetext
resets the following list environment parameters:
\listdepth == \mplistdepth
where \mplistdepth is initialized to zero,
and executes \minipagerestore to allow the document style to reset any other parameters it desires. It sets @minipage true, and resets \everypar to set it false. This switch keeps \addvspace from putting space at the top of a minipage.
Change added 24 May 89: \minipage sets @minipage globally; \endminipage resets it false.

\rule \rule[<raised>]{<width>}{<height>} : Makes a <width> * <height> rule, raised <raised>.
\underline \underline{<text>} : Makes an underlined hbox with <text> in it.
\raisebox \raisebox[<distance>]{<height>}{<depth>}{<box>} :
Raises <box> up by <distance> length (down if <distance> negative). Makes TEX think that the new box extends <height> above the line and <depth> below, for a total vertical length of <height>+<depth>. Default values of <height> & <depth> = actual height and depth of box in new position.

1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{boxes,}

\makebox \makebox User level command just looks for optional [ or .
3 /2ekernel
4 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
5 \makebox{Make \makebox robust}%

```

```

6  {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
7 \DeclareRobustCommand\makebox{%
8   \leavevmode
9   \@ifnextchar(%)
10  \@makepicbox
11  {\@ifnextchar[\@makebox\mbox}{%
12 }/{2ekernel | latexrelease}
13 \end{latexrelease}\EndIncludeInRelease
14 \end{latexrelease}\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
15 \end{latexrelease}           {\makebox}{\Make \makebox robust}%
16 \end{latexrelease}\def\makebox{%
17 \leavevmode
18 \end{latexrelease}\@ifnextchar(%)
19 \end{latexrelease}          \@makepicbox
20 \end{latexrelease} {\@ifnextchar[\@makebox\mbox}{%
21 \end{latexrelease}\EndIncludeInRelease
22 {*2ekernel}

```

\mbox The basic horizontal box command for L^AT_EX.
23 \long\def\mbox#1{\leavevmode\hbox{#1}}

\@makebox Look for a possible second optional argument (defaults to c).
24 \def\@makebox[#1]{%
25 \@ifnextchar [{\@imakebox[#1]}{\@imakebox[#1][c]}}

\@begin@tempboxa Helper macro for supporting \height, \width etc. Grab #1 into \@tempboxa and measure it.
26 \long\def\@begin@tempboxa#1#2{%
27 \begingroup
28 \setbox\@tempboxa#1{\color@begingroup#2\color@endgroup}%
29 \def\width{\wd\@tempboxa}%
30 \def\height{\ht\@tempboxa}%
31 \def\depth{\dp\@tempboxa}%
32 \let\totalheight\ovr
33 \totalheight\height
34 \advance\totalheight\depth}

\@end@tempboxa End the group started by \@begin@tempboxa, so that the scope of \height only includes the ‘length’ argument to the user-command.
35 \let\@end@tempboxa\endgroup

\bm@c Set up spacing.
\bm@c{...}
\bm@l 36 \def\bm@c{\hss\unhbox\@tempboxa\hss}
\bm@r 37 \def\bm@l{\unhbox\@tempboxa\hss}\let\bm@t\bm@l
\bm@cs 38 \def\bm@r{\hss\unhbox\@tempboxa}\let\bm@b\bm@r
\bm@t 39 \def\bm@s{\unhbox\@tempboxa}
\bm@b
\@imakebox Internal form of \makebox.
40 \long\def\@imakebox[#1][#2][#3]{%
41 \begin{tempboxa}\hbox{#3}%
42 \setlength{\tempdima{#1}}% support calc
43 \hb@xt@\tempdima{\csname\bm@#2\endcsname}%
44 \end{tempboxa}}

```

\@makepicbox Picture mode form of \makebox.
45 \def\@makepicbox(#1,#2){%
46   \@ifnextchar[{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)}{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[]}}
\@imakepicbox picture mode version
47 \long\def\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]#4{%
48   \vbox to#2\unitlength
49   {\let\mb@b\vss \let\mb@l\hss\let\mb@r\hss
50   \let\mb@t\vss
51   \atfor\reserved@a :=#3\do{%
52     \if s\reserved@a
53       \let\mb@l\relax\let\mb@r\relax
54     \else
55       \expandafter\let\csname mb@\reserved@a\endcsname\relax
56     \fi}%
57   \mb@t
58   \hb@xt@ #1\unitlength{\mb@l #4\mb@r}%
59   \mb@b}
This kern ensures that a b option aligns on the bottom of the text rather than
the baseline. this is the documented behaviour in the LATEXBook. The kern is
removed in compatibility mode.
60   \kern\z@}

\set@color This macro is initially a no-op, but the colour package will redefine it to insert a
\special.
61 \let\set@color\relax

\color@begingroup \color@endgroup \color@setgroup \normalcolor \color@hbox \color@vbox \color@endbox These macros are initially a no-op, but the colour package will redefine them to
be \begingroup, \endgroup, \begingroup\set@color,
\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup, \color@endgroup\egroup. and <set to main
document colour> respectively.
62 \let\color@begingroup\relax
63 \let\color@endgroup\relax
64 \let\color@setgroup\relax
65 \let\normalcolor\relax
66 \let\color@hbox\relax
67 \let\color@vbox\relax
68 \let\color@endbox\relax

\newsavebox Allocate a new ‘savebox’.
69 \def\newsavebox#1{\@ifdefinable{#1}{\newbox#1}{}}

\savebox Save #1 in a box register.
70 </2ekernel>
71 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
72 <latexrelease>           {\@savebox}{\Make \savebox robust}%
73 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
74 \DeclareRobustCommand\savebox[1]{%
75   \@ifnextchar(%)
76     {\@savepicbox#1}{\@ifnextchar[{\@savebox#1}{\sbox#1}}}}%
77 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
78 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

```

79 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
80 <|latexrelease>           {\@savebox}{\Make \@savebox robust}%
81 <|latexrelease>\def\@savebox#1{%
82 <|latexrelease>  \@ifnextchar(%
83 <|latexrelease>    {\@savepicbox#1}{\ifnextchar[{\@savebox#1}{\sbox#1}}}}%
84 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
85 (*2ekernel)

\sbox Save #1 in a box register.
86 \long\def\sbox#1#2{\setbox#1\hbox{%
87   \color@setgroup#2\color@endgroup} }

\@savebox Look for second optional argument.
88 \def\@savebox#1[#2]{%
89   \ifnextchar [{}{\@isavebox#1[#2]}{\@isavebox#1[#2][c]}} }

\@isavebox
90 \long\def\@isavebox#1[#2][#3]{%
91   \sbox#1{\@imakebox[#2][#3]{#4}} }

\@savepicbox Picture mode version of \savebox.
92 \def\@savepicbox#1(#2,#3){%
93   \ifnextchar [%]
94     {\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)}{\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)[]}} }

\@isavepicbox Picture mode version of \savebox.
95 \long\def\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)[#4]{%
96   \sbox#1{\@imakepicbox(#2,#3)[#4]{#5}} }

\lrbox lrbox: the new environment form of \sbox. Use \aftergroup tricks to enable a
local assignment to be made to the box, in a way that it still has an effect outside
the lrbox environment.
97 \def\lrbox#1{%
98   \edef\reserved@a{%
99     \endgroup
100    \setbox#1\hbox{%
101      \begingroup\aftergroup}%
102        \def\noexpand\currenvir{\currenvir}%
103        \def\noexpand\currenvline{\on@line}{}%
104    \reserved@a
105      \endpfalse
106      \color@setgroup
107      \ignorespaces} }

\endlrbox End the lrbox environment.
108 \def\endlrbox{\unskip\color@endgroup}

\usebox unchanged
109 \def\usebox#1{\leavevmode\copy #1\relax}

\frame The following definition of \frame was written by Pavel Curtis (Extra space
removed 14 Jan 88) RmS 92/08/24: Replaced occurrence of \halfwidth by
\wholewidth

```

```

110 \long\def\frame#1{%
111   \leavevmode
112   \hbox{%
113     \hskip-\@wholewidth
114     \vbox{%
115       \vskip-\@wholewidth
116       \hrule \height\@wholewidth
117       \hbox{%
118         \vrule\width\@wholewidth
119         #1%
120         \vrule\width\@wholewidth}%
121       \hrule\height\@wholewidth
122       \vskip-\@wholewidth}%
123     \hskip-\@wholewidth}}}

\fboxrule user level parameters,
\fboxsep 124 \newdimen\fboxrule
           125 \newdimen\fboxsep

\fbox Abbreviated framed box command.
126 \long\def\fbox#1{%
127   \leavevmode
128   \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{%
129     \color@begingroup
130     \kern\fboxsep{#1}\kern\fboxsep
131     \color@endgroup}%
132   \color@frameb@x\relax}

\framebox Framed version of \makebox.
133 </2ekernel>
134 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
135 <latexrelease> {\framebox}{\Make \framebox robust}%
136 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
137 \DeclareRobustCommand\framebox{%
138   \@ifnextchar(%)
139     \framepicbox{\ifnextchar[\@framebox\fbox}%
140   </2ekernel | latexrelease>
141   <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
142   <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
143   <latexrelease> {\framebox}{\Make \framebox robust}%
144   <latexrelease>\def\framebox{%
145   <latexrelease> \ifnextchar(%)
146   <latexrelease> \framepicbox{\ifnextchar[\@framebox\fbox}%
147   <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
148 <2ekernel>

\@framebox Deal with optional arguments.
149 \def\@framebox[#1]{%
150   \ifnextchar[%]
151     {\@framebox[#1]}%
152     {\@framebox[#1][c]}}}

\@iframebox The handling the optional arguments. In order to set the whole box, including the frame to the specified dimension, we first determine that dimension from the natural size of the text, #3. calculated width.

```

```

153 \long\def\@ifframebox[#1][#2]{%
154   \leavevmode
155   \begin{tempboxa}\hbox{#3}%
156   \setlength{\tempdima{#1}}%
157   \setbox\@tempboxa\hb@xt@\tempdima
158     {\kern\fboxsep\csname bm@#2\endcsname\kern\fboxsep}%
159   \framebox{\kern-\fboxrule}%
160 \end{tempboxa}

\@framebox Common part of \framebox and \fbox. #1 is a negative kern in the \framebox case so that the vertical rules do not add to the width of the box.
161 \def\@framebox#1{%
162   \tempdima\fboxrule
163   \advance\tempdima\fboxsep
164   \advance\tempdima\dp\@tempboxa
165   \hbox{%
166     \lower\tempdima\hbox{%
167       \vbox{%
168         \hrule\@height\fboxrule
169         \hbox{%
170           \vrule\@width\fboxrule
171           #1%
172           \vbox{%
173             \vskip\fboxsep
174             \box\@tempboxa
175             \vskip\fboxsep}%
176           #1%
177           \vrule\@width\fboxrule}%
178         \hrule\@height\fboxrule}%
179       }%
180     }%
181 }

\@framepicbox Picture mode version.
182 \def\@framepicbox(#1,#2){%
183   \ifnextchar[\@ifframepicbox(#1,#2){\@framepicbox(#1,#2)[]}]

\@ifframepicbox Picture mode version.
184 \long\def\@ifframepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]{%
185   \frame{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]{#4}}}

\parbox The main vertical-box command for LATEX.
186 </2ekernel>
187 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
188 <latexrelease>          {\parbox}{\Make\parbox robust}%
189 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
190 \DeclareRobustCommand\parbox{%
191   \ifnextchar[%
192     \iparbox
193     {\@iiiparbox c\relax[s]}%
194 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
195 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
196 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
197 <latexrelease>          {\parbox}{\Make\parbox robust}%

```

```

198 <|latexrelease>\def\parbox{%
199 <|latexrelease>  \@ifnextchar[%]
200 <|latexrelease>    \c@iparbox
201 <|latexrelease>    {\c@iiparbox c\relax[s]}%
202 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
203 {*2ekernel}

\c@iparbox Optional argument handling.
204 \def\c@iparbox[#1]{%
205   \ifnextchar[%]
206     {\c@iiparbox{#1}}%
207     {\c@iiparbox{#1}\relax[s]}}

\c@iiparbox Optional argument handling.
208 \def\c@iiparbox#1[#2]{%
209   \ifnextchar[%]
210     {\c@iiparbox{#1}{#2}}%
211     {\c@iiparbox{#1}{#2}[#1]}}

\c@iiparbox The internal version of \parbox.
\parboxto 212 \let\@parboxto\empty
213 \long\def\c@iiparbox#1#2[#3]#4#5{%
214   \leavevmode
215   \pboxswfalse
216   \setlength\tempdima{#4}%
217   \begin\tempboxa\vbox{\hsize\tempdima\parboxrestore#5\@@par}%
218   \ifx\relax#2\else
219     \setlength\tempdimb{#2}%
220     \edef\@parboxto{to\the\tempdimb}%
221   \fi
222   \if#1b\vbox
223     \else\if #1t\vtop
224     \else\ifmmode\vcenter
225     \else\pboxswtrue \$\vcenter
226   \fi\fi\fi
227   \parboxto{\let\hss\vss\let\unhbox\unvbox
228     \csname bm@#3\endcsname}%
229   \if\pboxsw \m@th\$\fi
230 \end\tmpboxa}

```

\c@arrayparboxrestore Restore various paragraph parameters.

The rational for allowing two normally global flags to be set locally here was stated originally by Donald Arsenu and extended by Chris Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should never appear within boxes or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as in \set@nobreak; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```

231 \def\c@arrayparboxrestore{%
232   \let\if@nobreak\iffalse
233   \let\if@noskipsec\iffalse
234   \let\par\@@par
235   \let\-\@dischyp

```

Redefined accents to allow changes in font encoding

```

236  \let\`{@acci\let`\^@acci\let`\=@@acci
237  \parindent\z@\parskip\z@skip
238  \everypar{}%
239  \linewidth\hsize
240  \totallleftmargin\z@
241  \leftskip\z@skip \rightskip\z@skip \rightskip\z@skip
242  \parfillskip\@flushglue \lineskip\normallineskip
243  \baselineskip\normalbaselineskip
244  \sloppy}

```

\parboxrestore Restore various paragraph parameters, and also \\.

```

245 \def\@parboxrestore{\arrayparboxrestore\let\\\\@normalcr}

```

\if@minipage Switch that is true at the start of a minipage.

```

246 \def\@minipagefalse{\global\let\if@minipage\iffalse}
247 \def\@minipagetrue {\global\let\if@minipage\iftrue}
248 \ominipagetrue

```

\minipage Essentially an environment form of \parbox.

```

249 \def\minipage{%
250   \ifnextchar[%]
251     \imminipage
252     {\iiiminipage c\relax[s]}}

```

\@imminipage Optional argument handling.

```

253 \def\@imminipage[#1]{%
254   \ifnextchar[%]
255     {\@imminipage[#1]}%
256     {\@imminipage[#1]\relax[s]}}

```

\@iiminipage Optional argument handling.

```

257 \def\@iiminipage#1[#2]{%
258   \ifnextchar[%]
259     {\@iiminipage{#1}{#2}}%
260     {\@iiminipage{#1}{#2}[#1]}}

```

\@iiiminipage Internal form of minipage.

```

261 \def\@iiiminipage#1#2[#3]{%
262   \leavevmode
263   \pboxswfalse
264   \setlength\tempdima{#4}%
265   \def\mpargs{{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}%
266   \setbox\tempboxa\vbox\bgroup
267   \color\begin{group}
268     \hsize\tempdima
269     \textwidth\hsize \columnwidth\hsize
270     \parboxrestore
271     \def\mpfn{mpfootnote}\def\thempfn{\thempfootnote}\c@mpfootnote\z@
272     \let\footnotetext\mpfootnotetext
273     \let\listdepth\mplistdepth \mplistdepth\z@
274     \minipagerestore
275     \setminipage}

```

```

\@minipagerestore Hook so that other styles can reset other commands in a minipage.
276 \let\@minipagerestore=\relax

\endminipage
277 \def\endminipage{%
278   \par
279   \unskip
280   \ifvoid\@mpfootins\else
281     \vskip\skip\@mpfootins
282     \normalcolor
283     \footnoterule
284     \unvbox\@mpfootins
285   \fi
286   \ominipagefalse %% added 24 May 89
287   \color@endgroup
288   \egroup
289   \expandafter\iiiparbox\@mpargs{\unvbox\@tempboxa}

\@mplistdepth Versions of \@listdepth and \footins local to minipage.
\@mpfootins 290 \newcount\@mplistdepth
291 \newinsert\@mpfootins

\@mpfootnotetext Minipage version of \@footnotetext.
                  Final \strut added 27 Mar 89, on suggestion by Don Hosek
292 \long\def\@mpfootnotetext#1{%
293   \global\setbox\@mpfootins\vbox{%
294     \unvbox\@mpfootins
295     \reset@font\footnotesize
296     \hsize\columnwidth
297     \parboxrestore
298     \protected@edef\@currentlabel
299       {\csname p@\mpfootnote\endcsname\@thefnmark}%
300     \color@begingroup
301     \makefntext{%
302       \rule{z@\footnotesep\ignorespaces#1\finalstrut\strutbox}%
303     \color@endgroup}%
304 \newif\if@pboxsw

\rule Draw a rule of the specified size.
305 </2ekernel>
306 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
307 <latexrelease>          {\rule}{\Make \rule robust}%
308 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
309 \DeclareRobustCommand\rule{\@ifnextchar[\@rule{\@rule[\z@]}}%
310 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
311 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
312 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
313 <latexrelease>          {\rule}{\Make \rule robust}%
314 <latexrelease>\def\rule{\@ifnextchar[\@rule{\@rule[\z@]}}%
315 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
316 <*2ekernel>

```

```

\@rule Internal form of \rule.
317 \def\@rule[#1]#2#3{%
318   \leavevmode
319   \hbox{%
320     \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
321     \setlength\@tempdimb{#2}%
322     \setlength\@tempdimc{#3}%
323     \advance\@tempdimc\@tempdima
324     \vrule\@width\@tempdimb\@height\@tempdimc\@depth-\@tempdima}}
\@@underline Saved primitive \underline.
325 \let\@@underline\underline

\underline LATEX version works outside math.
326 \def\underline#1{%
327   \relax
328   \ifmmode\@@underline{#1}%
329   \else $\@@underline{\hbox{#1}}\m@th$\relax\fi}

\raisebox Raise a box, and change its vertical dimensions.
330 </2ekernel>
331 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
332 <latexrelease>          {\raisebox}{\Make \raisebox robust}%
333 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
334 \DeclareRobustCommand\raisebox[1]{%
335   \leavevmode
336   \@ifnextchar[\{\@rsbox{#1}\}\{\@irsbox{#1}[]\}]
337 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
338 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
339 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
340 <latexrelease>          {\raisebox}{\Make \raisebox robust}%
341 <latexrelease>\def\raisebox#1{%
342 <latexrelease> \leavevmode
343 <latexrelease> \@ifnextchar[\{\@rsbox{#1}\}\{\@irsbox{#1}[]\}]
344 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
345 <*2ekernel>

\@rsbox Optional argument handling.
346 \def\@rsbox#1[#2]{%
347   \@ifnextchar[\{\@irsbox{#1}[#2]\}\{\@irsbox{#1}[#2]\}]

\@argsbox ...
\@irsbox Internal version of \raisebox (less than two optional args).
348 \long\def\@irsbox#1[#2]#3{%
349   \begin{tempboxa}\hbox{#3}%
350   \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
351   \ifx\\#2\\\else\setlength\@tempdimb{#2}\fi
352   \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\raise\@tempdima\box\@tempboxa}%
353   \ifx\\#2\\\else\ht\@tempboxa\@tempdimb\fi
354   \box\@tempboxa
355   \end{tempboxa}

```

\@iirsbox	Internal version of \raisebox (two optional args).
356	\long\def\@iirsbox#1[#2] [#3]#4{%
357	\@begin@tempboxa\hbox{#4}%
358	\setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
359	\setlength\@tempdimb{#2}%
360	\setlength\dimen0{#3}%
361	\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\raise\@tempdima\box\@tempboxa}%
362	\ht\@tempboxa\@tempdimb
363	\dp\@tempboxa\dimen0
364	\box\@tempboxa
365	\@end@tempboxa}
\@finalstrut	This macro adds a special strut the <i>depth</i> of the box given as #1, and height and width 0pt. It is used for ensuring that the last line of a paragraph has the correct depth in ‘p’ columns of tables and in footnotes. In vertical mode nothing is done, as adding the strut (as done in 2.09) would start a new paragraph. It would be possible to inspect \prevdepth to check the depth of the just-completed paragraph, but we do not do that here. Actually we do even less now, skip the vmode test as it broke tabular ‘p’ columns.
	The \nobreak was added (1995/10/31) to allow hyphenation of the final word of the paragraph.
366	\def\@finalstrut#1{%
367	\unskip\ifhmode\nobreak\fi\vrule\@width\z@\@height\z@\@depth\dp#1}

55.1 Some low-level constructs

The following commands are basically inherited from plain TeX.

\leftline	These macros place text on a full line either centred or left or right adjusted.
\rightline	368 \def\@cline{\hb@xt@{\hsize}
\centerline	369 \def\leftline#1{\@cline{\#1\hss}}
\@crlap	370 \def\rightline#1{\@crlap{\hss#1}}
\@crlap	371 \def\centerline#1{\@crlap{\hss#1\hss}}
\rlap	These macros place text to the left or right of the current reference point without taking up space.
\llap	372 \def\rlap#1{\hb@xt@{\z@{#1\hss}}
	373 \def\llap#1{\hb@xt@{\z@{\hss#1}}
	374

File C

ltxtab.dtx

56 Tabbing, Tabular and Array Environments

This section deals with ‘Lining It Up in Columns’. First the `tabbing` environment is defined, and then in second part, `tabular` together with its variants, `tabular*` and `array`.

Note that the `tabular` defined here is essentially the original L^AT_EX 2.09 version, not the extended version described in *The L^AT_EX Companion*. Use the `array` package to obtain the extended version.

56.1 tabbing

`\dimen(\@firsttab + i)` = distance of tab stop *i* from left margin
 $0 \leq i \leq 15$ (?).

`\dimen\@firsttab` is initialized to `\@totalleftmargin`, so it starts at the prevailing left margin.

`\@maxtab` = number of highest defined tab register
probably = `\@firsttab + 12`

`\@nxtabmar` = tab stop number of next line’s left margin

`\@curtabmar` = tab stop number of current line’s left margin
`\@curtab` = number of the current tab. At start of line,

it equals `\@curtabmar`

`\@heightab` = largest tab number currently defined.

`\@tabpush` = depth of `\pushtab`’s

`\box\@curline` = contents of current line, excluding left margin
skip, and excluding contents of current field

`\box\@curfield` = contents of current field

`@rjfield` = switch: T iff the last field of the line should
be right-justified at the right margin.

`\tabbingsep` = distance left by the `\`` command between the
current position and the field that is
“left-shifted”.

UTILITY MACROS

`\@stopfield` : closes the current field

`\@addfield` : adds the current field to the current line.

`\@contfield` : continues the current field

`\@startfield` : begins the next field

`\@stopline` : closes the current line and outputs it

`\@startline` : starts the next line

`\@ifatmargin` : an `\if` that is true iff the current line.

```

has width zero

\@startline ==
BEGIN
  \@curtabmar :=G \@nxttabmar
  \@curtab :=G \@curtabmar
  \box\@curline :=G null
  \@startfield
  \strut
END

\@stopline ==
BEGIN
  \unskip
  \@stopfieldd
  if @rjfield = T
    then @rjfield :=G F
    \tempdima := \totallmargin + \ linewidth
    \hbox@xt@ \tempdima{\itemfudge
      \hskip \dimen\@curtabmar
      \box\@curline
      \hfil
      \box\@curfield}
  else \addfield
    \hbox {\itemfudge
      \hskip \dimen\@curtabmar
      \box\@curline}
  fi
END

\@startfield ==
BEGIN
  \box\@curfield :=G \hbox {
END

\@stopfield ==
BEGIN
  }
END

\@contfield ==
BEGIN
  \box\@curfield :=G \hbox { \unhbox\@currfield %%} brace
matching
END
\@addfield ==
BEGIN
  \box\@curline :=G \unbox\@curline * \unbox\@curfield
END

```

```

\@ifatmargin ==
BEGIN
  if dim of box\@curline = 0pt then
END

\tabbing ==
BEGIN
  \lineskip :=L 0pt
  \> == \@rtab
  \< == \@ltab
  \= == \@settab
  \+ == \@tabplus
  \- == \@tabminus
  \` == \@tabrj
  \` == \@tablab
  \\ == BEGIN \@stopline \@startline END
  \\[DIST] == BEGIN
    \@stopline \vskip DIST \@startline\ignorespaces
  END
  \\* == BEGIN \@stopline \penalty 10000 \@startline END
  \\*[DIST] == BEGIN \@stopline \penalty 10000 \vskip DIST
    \@startline\ignorespaces
  END
  \@hightab := \@nxttabmar :=G \@firsttab
  \@tabpush :=G 0
  \dimen\@firsttab := \@totalleftmargin
  @rjfield :=G F
  \trivlist \item\relax
  if @minipage = F then \vskip \parskip fi
  \box\@tabfbox = \rlap{\indent\the\everypar}
    % note: \the\everypar sets @inlabel :=G F
  \@itemfudge == BEGIN \box\@tabfbox END
  \@startline
  \ignorespaces
END

\@endtabbing ==
BEGIN
  \@stopline
  if \@tabpush > 0 then error message: "unmatched \poptabs" fi
  \endtrivlist
END

\@rtab ==
BEGIN
  \@stopfield
  \@addfield
  if \@curtab < \@hightab
    then \@curtab :=G \@curtab + 1
    else error message "Undefined Tab" fi

```

```

\@tempdima := \dimen\@curtab - \dimen\@curtabmar
              - width of box \@curline
\box\@curline :=G \hbox{\unhbox\@curline + \hskip\@tempdima}
\@startfield
END

\@settab ==
BEGIN
\@stopfield
\@addfield
if \@curtab < \@maxtab
  then \@curtab :=G \@curtab+1
  else error message: "Too many tabs"      fi
if \@curtab > \@hightab
  then \@hightab :=L \@curtab      fi
\dimen\@curtab :=L \dimen\@curtabmar + width of \box\@curline
\@startfield
END

\@ltab ==
BEGIN
\@ifatmargin
  then if \@curtabmar > \@firsttab
    then \@curtab :=G \@curtab - 1
        \@curtabmar :=G \@curtabmar - 1
    else error message "Too many untabs"      fi
  else error message "Left tab in middle of line"
  fi
END

\@tabplus ==
BEGIN
  if \@nxttabmar < \@hightab
    then \@nxttabmar :=G \@nxttabmar+1
    else error message "Undefined tab"
  fi
END

\@tabminus ==
BEGIN
  if \@nxttabmar > \@firsttab
    then \@nxttabmar :=G \@nxttabmar-1
    else error message "Too many untabs"
  fi
END

\@tabrj ==
BEGIN \@stopfield
\@addfield
@rjfield :=G T

```

```

    \@startfield
END

\@tablab ==
BEGIN \@stopfield
    \box\@curline G:= \hbox{\box\@curline %% 'G' added 17 Jun 86
        \hskip - width of \box\@curfield
        \hskip -\tabbingsep
        \box\@curfield
        \hskip \tabbingsep }

    \@startfield
END

\pushtabs ==
BEGIN
    \@stopfield
    \tabpush :=G \tabpush + 1
    \begingroup
    \@contfield
END

\poptabs ==
BEGIN
    \@stopfield
    if \tabpush > 0
        then \endgroup
        \tabpush :=G \tabpush - 1
    else error message: "Too many \poptabs"
    fi
    \@contfield
END

```

- \a The accents \` , \^ , and \= that have been redefined inside a tabbing environment can be called by typing \` , \^ , and \=. The macro \a is defined in `ltoutenc.dtx`.

The ‘2ekernel’ code ensures that a `\usepackage{autotabg}` is essentially ignored if a ‘full’ format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

```
1 <2ekernel>\expandafter\let\csname ver@autotabg.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

```

\@firsttab
\@maxtab 2 {*2ekernel}
3 \newdimen\@tempa
4 \chardef\@firsttab=\the\allocationnumber
5 \newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa
6 \newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa
7 \newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa\newdimen\@tempa
8 \newdimen\@tempa
9 \chardef\@maxtab=\the\allocationnumber
10 \dimen\@firsttab=0pt

```

```

\@nxttabmar
\@curtabmar 11 \newcount\@nxttabmar
\@curtab 12 \newcount\@curtabmar
\@hightab 13 \newcount\@curtab
\@tabpush 14 \newcount\@hightab
15 \newcount\@tabpush

\@curline
\@curfield 16 \newbox\@curline
\@tabbbox 17 \newbox\@curfield
18 \newbox\@tabbbox

\if@rjfield
19 \newif\if@rjfield

\@startline It is, in some sense, an error if the current margin tab setting is higher than the value of \@hightab (which is a local variable). That this is allowed is a fundamental design flaw which is not going to be corrected now.
20 \gdef\@startline{%
21     \ifnum \@nxttabmar >\@hightab
22         \@badtab
23         \global\@nxttabmar \@hightab
24     \fi
25     \global\@curtabmar \@nxttabmar
26     \global\@curtab \@curtabmar
27     \global\setbox\@curline \hbox {}%
28     \@startfield
29     \strut}

\@stopline
30 \gdef\@stopline{%
31     \unskip
32     \@stopfield
33     \if@rjfield
34         \global\@rjfieldfalse
35         \tempdima\@totalleftmargin
36         \advance\tempdima\linewidth
37         \hb@xt@\tempdima{%
38             \itemfudge\hskip\dimen\@curtabmar
39             \box\@curline
40             \hfil
41             \box\@curfield}%
42     \else
43         \addfield
44         \hbox{\itemfudge\hskip\dimen\@curtabmar\box\@curline}%
45     \fi}

\@startfield
46 \gdef\@startfield{%
47     \global\setbox\@curfield\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup}

\@stopfield
48 \gdef\@stopfield{%
49     \color@endgroup\egroup}

```

```

\@contfield
50 \gdef\@contfield{%
51   \global\setbox\@curfield\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup
52   \unhbox\@curfield}

\@addfield
53 \gdef\@addfield{\global\setbox\@curline\hbox{\unhbox
54   \@curline\unhbox\@curfield} }

\@ifatmargin
55 \gdef\@ifatmargin{\ifdim \wd\@curline =\z@}

\@tabcr
56 \gdef\@tabcr{\@stopline \@ifstar{\penalty \zM \@xtabcr}\@xtabcr}

\@xtabcr
57 \gdef\@xtabcr{\@ifnextchar[\@itabcr{\@startline\ignorespaces} }

\@itabcr
58 \gdef\@itabcr[#1]{\vskip #1\@startline\ignorespaces}
59 \gdef\kill{\@stopfield\@startline\ignorespaces}

\tabbing We use \relax to prevent \item from scanning too far.
60 \gdef\tabbing{\lineskip \z@skip\let\>\@rtab\let\<\@ltab\let\=\@settab
61   \let\+\@tabplus\let\-\@tabminus\let\`{\@tabrj\let\`\@tablab
62   \let\\=\@tabcr
63   \@heightab\@firsttab
64   \global\@nxttabmar\@firsttab
65   \dimen\@firsttab\@totalleftmargin
66   \global\@tabpush\z@ \global\@rjfieldfalse
67   \trivlist \item\relax
68   \if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi
69   \setbox\@tabfbox\hbox{%
70     \rlap{\hskip\@totalleftmargin\indent\the\everypar}}%
71   \def\@itemfudge{\box\@tabfbox}%
72   \@startline\ignorespaces}

\endtabbing
73 \gdef\endtabbing{%
74   \@stopline\ifnum\@tabpush >\z@ \badpoptabs \fi\endtrivlist}

\@rtab Omitted \global added to \@rtab 17 Jun 86
75 \gdef\@rtab{\@stopfield\@addfield\ifnum \@curtab<\@heightab
76   \global\advance\@curtab \one \else\badtab\fi
77   \tempdima\dimen\@curtab
78   \advance\tempdima -\dimen\@curtabmar
79   \advance\tempdima -\wd\@curline
80   \global\setbox\@curline\hbox{\unhbox\@curline\hskip\@tempdima}%
81   \@startfield\ignorespaces}

```

```

\@settab
92 \gdef\@settab{\@stopfield\@addfield
93   \ifnum \@curtab <\@maxtab
94     \ifnum\@curtab =\@heightab
95       \advance\@heightab \one
96     \fi
97     \global\advance\@curtab \one
98   \else
99     \@latex@error{Tab overflow}\@ehd
100   \fi
101   \dimen\@curtab \dimen\@curtabmar
102   \advance\dimen\@curtab \wd\@curline
103   \@startfield
104   \ignorespaces}

\@ltab
105 \gdef\@ltab{\@ifatmargin\ifnum\@curtabmar >\@firsttab
106   \global\advance\@curtab \m@ne \global\advance\@curtabmar\m@ne\else
107   \@badtab\fi\else
108   \@latex@error{\string\<\space in mid line}\@ehd\fi\ignorespaces}

\@tabplus
109 \gdef\@tabplus{%
110   \ifnum\@nxttabmar<\@heightab
111     \global\advance\@nxttabmar\one
112   \else
113     \@badtab
114   \fi
115   \ignorespaces}

\@tabminus
116 \gdef\@tabminus{%
117   \ifnum\@nxttabmar>\@firsttab
118     \global\advance\@nxttabmar\m@ne
119   \else
120     \@badtab
121   \fi
122   \ignorespaces}

\@tabrj
123 \gdef\@tabrj{%
124   \@stopfield\@addfield\global\@rjfieldtrue\@startfield\ignorespaces}

\@tablab \setbox\@curline made \global in \@tablab. 17 Jun 86
125 \gdef\@tablab{%
126   \@stopfield
127   \global\setbox\@curline\hbox{%
128     \box\@curline
129     \hskip-\wd\@curfield \hskip-\tabbingsep
130     \box\@curfield
131     \hskip\tabbingsep}%
132   \@startfield
133   \ignorespaces}

```

```

\pushtabs
124 \gdef\pushtabs{%
125   \@stopfield\@addfield\global\advance\@tabpush \cne \begingroup
126     \ccontfield}

\poptabs It is, in some sense, an error if, after the endgroup, the current tab setting is higher
          than the new value of \chightab (which is a local variable). That this is allowed
          is a fundamental design flaw which is not going to be corrected now.
127 \gdef\poptabs{\@stopfield\@addfield
128   \ifnum \@tabpush >\z@
129     \endgroup
130     \global\advance\@tabpush \m@ne
131     \ifnum \curtab >\chightab
132       \global \curtab \chightab
133       \cbadtab
134     \fi
135   \else
136     \cbadpoptabs
137   \fi
138   \ccontfield}

\tabbingsep
139 \newdimen\tabbingsep

```

56.2 array and tabular environments

ARRAY PARAMETERS:

```

\arraycolsep
      : half the width separating columns in an array environment
\tabcolsep
      : half the width separating columns in a tabular environment
\arrayrulewidth
      : width of rules
\doublerulesep
      : space between adjacent rules in array or tabular
\arraystretch
      : line spacing in array and tabular environments is done by
        placing a strut in every row of height and depth
        \arraystretch times the height and depth of the strut
        produced by an ordinary \strut command.

```

PREAMBLE:

The PREAMBLE argument of an array or tabular environment can contain the following:

```

l,r,c  : indicate where entry is to be placed.
|      : for vertical rule
@{EXP} : inserts the text EXP in every column.
         \arraycolsep or \tabcolsep spacing is suppressed.
*{N}{PRE} : equivalent to writing N copies of PRE in the preamble.
            PRE may contain *{N}{EXP} expressions.
p{LEN} : makes entry in parbox of width LEN.

```

SPECIAL ARRAY COMMANDS:

\multicolumn{N}{FORMAT}{ITEM} : replaces the next N column items by ITEM, formatted according to FORMAT.
FORMAT should contain at most one l,r or c.
If it contains none, then ITEM is ignored.

\vline : draws a vertical line the height of the current row. May appear in an array element entry.

\hline : draws a horizontal line between rows. Must appear either before the first entry (to appear above the first row) or right after a \\ command. If followed by another \hline, then adds a \vskip of \doublerulesep.

\cline[i-j] : draws horizontal lines between rows covering columns i through j, inclusive. Multiple commands may follow one another to provide lines covering several disjoint columns

\extracolsep{WIDTH} : for use inside an @ in the preamble. Causes a WIDTH space to be added between columns for the rest of the columns. This is in addition to the ordinary intercolumn space.

```
\array ==  
BEGIN  
  \@acol    == \@arrayacol  
  \@classz  == \@arrayclassz  
  \@classiv == \@arrayclassiv  
  \\       == \@arraycr  
  \@haligno == NULL  
  \@tabarray  
END  
  
\endarray{NAME} == BEGIN \crcr } END  
  
\tabular ==  
BEGIN  
  \@haligno == NULL  
  \@tabular  
END  
  
\tabular*{WIDTH} ==  
BEGIN  
  \@haligno == to WIDTH  
  \@tabular  
END  
  
\@tabular ==  
BEGIN  
  \leavevmode
```

```

\hbox { $
  \@acol == \@tabacol
  \@classz == \@tabclassz
  \@classiv == \@tabclassiv
  \\ == \@tabularcr
  \@tabarray
END

\endtabular == BEGIN \crrc{} $} END

\@tabarray == if next char = [ then \@array else \@array[c] fi

\@array[POS]{PREAMBLE} ==
BEGIN
  define \@arstrutbox to make \@arstrut produce strut of height
  and depth \arraystretch times the height and
  depth of a normal strut.
  \@mkpream{PREAMBLE}
  \@preamble == \halign \@halignto {\@tabskip=0pt\@arstrut
    eval{\@preamble}\@tabskip = 0pt\cr %%}
  \@startpbox == \@@startpbox
  \@endpbox == \@@endpbox
  if POS = t then \vtop
    else if POS = b then \vbox
      else \vcenter
    fi
  fi
{
  \par ==L {} % changed 92/09/18
  \sharp == #
  \protect == \relax
  \lineskip :=L 0pt
  \baselineskip :=L 0pt
  \@preamble
END

\@arraycr ==
BEGIN
  $ %% Prevents extra space at end of row's last entry.
  if next char = [
    then \@argarraycr
    else $ \cr %% Needed to balance $
  END

\@argarraycr[LENGTH] ==
BEGIN
  $ %% Needed to balance $ of \@arraycr
  if LENGTH > 0
    then \@tempdima := depth of \@arstrutbox + LENGTH
        \vrule height 0pt width 0pt depth \@tempdima

```

```

          \cr
      else  \cr \noalign{\vskip LENGTH}
END

\@tabularcr and \@argtabularcr same as \arraycr and
\@arraycr
except without the extra $'s.

\extracolsep
140 \def\extracolsep#1{\tabskip #1\relax}

\array
141 \def\array{\let\@acol\@arrayacol \let\@classz\@arrayclassz
142 \let\@classiv\@arrayclassiv
143 \let\\@\arraycr\let\@haligno\@empty\@tabarray}

\endarray
\endtabular 144 \def\endarray{\crcr\egroup\egroup}
\endtabular* 145 \def\endtabular{\crcr\egroup\egroup \$\egroup}
146 \expandafter \let \csname endtabular*\endcsname = \endtabular

\tabular
147 \def\tabular{\let\@haligno\@empty\@tabular}

\tabular* Note that the change to use \setlength slightly alters the timing of the expansion
and use of the length in #1 but this is very unlikely to have any practical effect.
148 \namedef{tabular*}{%
149 \setlength\dimen@{#1}%
150 \edef\@haligno{\to\the\dimen@}\@tabular}

@tabular
151 \def\@tabular{\leavevmode \hbox \bgroup \$\let\@acol\@tabacol
152 \let\@classz\@tabclassz
153 \let\@classiv\@tabclassiv \let\\@\tabularcr\@tabarray}

@tabarray RmS 91/11/04 added \m@th.
154 \def\@tabarray{\m@th@ifnextchar[\@array{\@array[c]}}}

RmS 1993/11/03 changed \halign to \ialign and removed superfluous
\tabskip assignment
```

```

\array
155 \def\@array[#1]{%
156 \if #1\@vtop \else \if#1b\@vbox \else \vcenter \fi\fi
157 \bgroup
```

This next bit of code sets up the strut and then builds the halign and its preamble according to the specification in the second argument.

This code has been moved inside the box. A side effect of this has been to expose what was a buglet in the previous version: since the \carstrut below is expanded and contains an \ifmmode then it could produce an unnecessary extra box in every row, thus wasting ‘lots of’ main memory.

```

158  \setbox\@arstrutbox\hbox{%
159    \vrule \@height\arraystretch\ht\strutbox
160    \@depth\arraystretch \dp\strutbox
161    \@width\z@\%
162  \mkpream{#2}%
163  \edef\@preamble{%
164    \ialign \noexpand\halign to
165      \bgroup \arstrut \preamble \tabskip\z@skip \cr}%

```

That is the end of setting up the preamble; now we reset things before executing the `\halign` built-up in `\@preamble`. The restorations could be done by introducing an extra group, thus saving tokens.

```

166  \let\@startpbox\@@startpbox \let\@endpbox\@@endpbox
167  \let\tabularnewline\\%
168  \let\par\empty
169  \let\sharp##%
170  \set@typeset@protect
171  \lineskip\z@skip\baselineskip\z@skip

```

If the parsing of the preamble goes wrong there may be some characters left which TeX then tries to typeset, i.e., we would be in horizontal mode. That would produce an endless loop because the `\halign` expects vertical mode thus issues a `\par` but that is a no-op at this point. So we better test this case issue some error message and make a crude recovery by ending that horizontal mode with force. A better fix would be to ensure that we never pick up more than a single character token (not done).

```

172  \ifhmode \preamerr\z@ \@@par\fi
173  \@preamble}

```

`\@arraycr` Array version of `\`.`

```

174 \def\@arraycr{%
175   ${\ifnum0='}\fi\@ifstar\@xarraycr\@xarraycr}

```

`\@arraycr`

```
176 \def\@xarraycr{\@ifnextchar[\@argarraycr{\ifnum0='{\fi}{$}\{\}\cr}}
```

`\@argarraycr`

```

177 \def\@argarraycr[#1]{%
178   \ifnum0='{\fi}{$}\{\}\ifdim #1>\z@ \@xargarraycr[#1]\else
179     \@yargarraycr[#1]\fi}

```

`\tabularnewline` Tabular version of `\`.`

```
180 \let\tabularnewline\relax
```

`\@tabularcr`

```

181 \def\@tabularcr{%
182   ${\ifnum0='}\fi\@ifstar\@xtabularcr\@xtabularcr}

```

`\@xtabularcr`

```
183 \def\@xtabularcr{\@ifnextchar[\@argtabularcr{\ifnum0='{\fi}\cr}}
```

`\@argtabularcr`

```
184 \def\@argtabularcr[#1]{%
```

```

185  \ifnum0='{\fi}%
186  \ifdim #1>\z@%
187  \unskip\@xargarraycr{#1}%
188  \else%
189  \@yargarraycr{#1}%
190  \fi}

\@xargarraycr
191 \def\@xargarraycr#1{\@tempdima #1\advance\@tempdima \dp \carstrutbox
192   \vrule \height\z@ \depth\@tempdima \width\z@ \cr}

\@yargarraycr
193 \def\@yargarraycr#1{\cr\noalign{\vskip #1}}

```

```

\multicolumn {\multispan{NUMBER}{FORMAT}{ITEM}} ==
BEGIN
\multispan{NUMBER}
\begingroup
\caddamp == null
\mkpream{FORMAT}
\sharp == ITEM
\protect == \relax
\startpbox == \@@startpbox
\endpbox == \@@endpbox
\carstrut
\preamble
\endgroup
END

```

The command `\def\caddamp{}` was removed from `\multicolumn` on 6 Dec 86 because it caused embedded array environments not to work. I think that it was included originally to prevent an error message if the 2nd argument to the `\multicolumn` command had two column specifiers.

8 Feb 89 — `\hbox{}` added after `\preamble` to correct bug that occurred if `\multicolumn` preceded `\[D]` with $D > 0$, caused by `\[]` command doing an `\unskip`, which removed `\tabcolsep` glue inserted by `\multicolumn`.

This has been made long so that, for example, a p-column can contain multiple paragraphs; maybe the arguments of @-expressions should also be able to contain multiple paragraphs.

```

194 \long\def\multicolumn#1#2#3{\multispan{#1}\begingroup
195  \mkpream{#2}%
196  \def\sharp{#3}\set@typeset@protect
197  \let\startpbox\@@startpbox\let\endpbox\@@endpbox
198  \carstrut \preamble\hbox{}\endgroup\ignorespaces}

```

Codes for classes and character numbers of array, tabular and multicolumn arguments.

Character	Class	Number
c	0	0
l	0	1

r	0	2
|	1	-
@	2	-
p	3	-
{@-exp}	4	-
{p-arg}	5	-

```
\@testpach \foo : expands \foo, which should be an array parameter
token, and sets \@chclass and \@chnum to its class and
number. Uses \@lastchclass to distinguish 4 and 5
```

Preamble error codes

- 0: 'illegal character'
- 1: 'Missing @-exp'
- 2: 'Missing p-arg'

```
\@addamp ==
BEGIN if @firststamp = true then @firststamp := false
else & fi
END

\@mkpream TOKENLIST ==
BEGIN
@firststamp := T
@lastchclass := 6
@preamble == null
@sharp == \relax
\protect == BEGIN \noexpand\protect\noexpand END
@startpbox == \relax
@endpbox == \relax
\@xpast{\TOKENLIST}
for \@nextchar := expand(\reserved@a)
do \@testpach{\@nextchar}
case of \@chclass
0 -> \@classz
1 -> \@classi
...
5 -> \@classv
end case
@lastchclass := \@chclass
od
case of \@lastchclass
0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep % lrc
1 -> % |
2 -> \@preamerr1 % 'Missing @-exp' % @@
3 -> \@preamerr2 % 'Missing p-arg' % p
4 -> % @-exp
5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep % p-exp
end case
```

```

END

\@arrayclassz ==
BEGIN
  \@preamble := \@preamble *
  case of \@lastchclass
    0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
  1 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
  2 -> % impossible
  3 -> % impossible
  4 -> \@addamp
  5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
  6 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
end case
* case of \@chnum
  0 -> \hfil$\relax\sharp\hfil
  1 -> $\relax\sharp\hfil
  2 -> \hfil$\relax\sharp$
end case
END

\@tabclassz == similar to \@arrayclassz

\@classi ==
BEGIN
  \@preamble := \@preamble *
  case of \@lastchclass
    0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@arrayrule
    1 -> \hskip \doublerulesep \@arrayrule
    2 -> % impossible
    3 -> % impossible
    4 -> \@arrayrule
    5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@arrayrule
    6 -> \@arrayrule
  end case
END

\@classii ==
BEGIN
  \@preamble := \@preamble *
  case of \@lastchclass
    0 ->
    1 -> \hskip .5\arrayrulewidth
    2 -> % impossible
    else ->
  end case
END

```

```

\@classiii ==
BEGIN
  \@preamble := \@preamble *
    case of \@lastchclass
      0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
      1 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
      2 -> % impossible
      3 -> % impossible
      4 -> \@addamp
      5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
      6 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
  end case
END

\@arrayclassiv ==
BEGIN  \@preamble := \@preamble * $ \nextchar$ END

\@tabclassiv == same as \@arrayclassv except without the $ ... $

\@classv ==
BEGIN
  \@preamble :=
    \@preamble * \@startpbox{\nextchar}\ignorespaces\sharp
      \@endpbox
END

\@expast{S}:
Sets \reserved@a := S with all instances of *{N}{STRING}
replaced by N copies of STRING, where N > 0. An *
appearing inside braces is ignored, but *-expressions
inside STRING are expanded, so nested *-expressions are
handled properly.

\@expast{S} == BEGIN  \@xexpast S *0x\@  END

\@xexpast S1 *{N}{S2} S3 \@ ==
BEGIN
  \reserved@a := S1
  \@tempcnta := N
  if \@tempcnta > 0
    then while \@tempcnta > 0 do \reserved@a := \reserved@a S2
        \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - 1 od
    \reserved@b == \@xexpast
  else \reserved@b == \@x noop
  fi
  \expandafter \reserved@b \reserved@a S3 \@ 
END

```

```

\@xexnoop
199 \def\@xexnoop #1@@{}

\@expast
200 \def\@expast#1{\@xexpast #1*0x@@}

\@xexpast
201 \def\@xexpast#1*#2#3#4@@{%
202   \edef\reserved@a{#1}%
203   \tempcnta#2\relax
204   \ifnum\tempcnta>z@%
205     \whilenum\tempcnta>z@\do
206       {\edef\reserved@a{\reserved@a#3}\advance\tempcnta \m@ne}%
207     \let\reserved@b\@xexpast
208   \else
209     \let\reserved@b\@xexnoop
210   \fi
211   \expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a #4@@}

\if@firstamp
212 \newif\if@firstamp

\@addamp
213 \def\@addamp{%
214   \if@firstamp
215     \if@firstampfalse
216   \else
217     \edef\@preamble{\@preamble &}%
218   \fi}

\@arrayacol
\@tabacol
219 \def\@arrayacol{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble \hspace \arraycolsep}}
\@campacol
220 \def\@tabacol{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble \hspace \tabcolsep}}
\@acolampacol
221 \def\@campacol{\@addamp \@acol}
222 \def\@acolampacol{\@acol\@addamp\@acol}

\@mkpream
223 \def\@mkpream#1{\@firstamptrue\@lastchclass6
224   \let\@preamble\empty
225   \let\protect\unexpandable@protect
226   \let\sharp\relax
227   \let\startpbox\relax\let\endpbox\relax
228   \expast{#1}%
229   \expandafter\@tfor \expandafter
230     \nextchar \expandafter:\expandafter=\reserved@a\do
231       {\@testpach\@nextchar
232         \ifcase \chclass \classz \or \classi \or \classii \or \classiii
233           \or \classiv \or \classv \fi\@lastchclass\chclass}%
234   \ifcase \lastchclass \@acol
235     \or \or \preamerr \one\or \preamerr \tw@ \or \or \acol \fi}

\@arrayclassz
236 \def\@arrayclassz{\ifcase \lastchclass \acolampacol \or \campacol \or
237   \or \or \addamp \or
238   \acolampacol \or \if@firstampfalse \acol \fi

```

```

239 \edef@\preamble{\preamble
240   \ifcase \chnum
241     \hfil$\relax\sharp$\hfil \or $\relax\sharp$\hfil
242     \or \hfil$\relax\sharp$\fi}
243 \def@\tabclassz{%
244   \ifcase\lastchclass
245     \acolampacol
246   \or
247     \ampacol
248   \or
249   \or
250   \or
251     \addamp
252   \or
253     \acolampacol
254   \or
255     \firststampfalse\acol
256   \fi
257   \edef@\preamble{%
258     \preamble{%
259       \ifcase\chnum
260         \hfil\ignorespaces\sharp\unskip\hfil
261       \or
262         \hskip1sp\ignorespaces\sharp\unskip\hfil
263       \or
264         \hfil\hskip1sp\ignorespaces\sharp\unskip
265       \fi}}}
266 \def@\classi{%
267   \ifcase\lastchclass
268     \acol\arrayrule
269   \or
270     \addtopreamble{\hskip \doublerulesep}\arrayrule
271   \or
272   \or
273   \or
274     \arrayrule
275   \or
276     \acol\arrayrule
277   \or
278     \arrayrule
279   \fi}
280 \def@\classii{%
281   \ifcase\lastchclass
282   \or
283     \addtopreamble{\hskip .5\arrayrulewidth}%
284   \fi}

```

```

\@classiii
285 \def\@classiii{\ifcase \@lastchclass \@acolampacol \or
286   \@addamp\@acol \or
287   \or \or \@addamp \or
288   \@acolampacol \or \@ampacol \fi}

\@tabclassiv
289 \def\@tabclassiv{\@addtopreamble\@nextchar}

\@arrayclassiv
290 \def\@arrayclassiv{\@addtopreamble{$\@nextchar$}}

\@classv
291 \def\@classv{\@addtopreamble{\@startpbox{\@nextchar}\ignorespaces
292 \@sharp\@endpbox}{}}

\@addtopreamble
293 \def\@addtopreamble#1{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble #1}{}}

\@chclass
\@lastchclass 294 \newcount\@chclass
\@chnum 295 \newcount\@lastchclass
296 \newcount\@chnum

\arraycolsep
\@tabcolsep 297 \newdimen\arraycolsep
\arrayrulewidth 298 \newdimen\@tabcolsep
\doublerulesep 299 \newdimen\arrayrulewidth
300 \newdimen\doublerulesep

\arraystretch
301 \def\arraystretch{1}      % Default value.

\@arstrutbox
\@arstrut 302 \newbox\@arstrutbox
303 \def\@arstrut{%
304   \relax\ifmmode\copy\@arstrutbox\else\unhcopy\@arstrutbox\fi}

\@arrayrule
305 \def\@arrayrule{\@addtopreamble{\hskip -.5\arrayrulewidth
306   \vrule \@width \arrayrulewidth\hskip -.5\arrayrulewidth}{}}

\@testpatch
307 \def\@testpatch#1{\@chclass \ifnum \@lastchclass=\tw@ 4 \else
308   \ifnum \@lastchclass=3 5 \else
309     \z@ \if #1c\@chnum \z@ \else
310       \if #1l\@chnum \one \else
311         \if #1r\@chnum \tw@ \else
312           \@chclass \if #1|\one \else
313             \if #1@\tw@ \else
314               \if #1p3 \else \z@ \@preamerr 0\fi
315             \fi \fi \fi \fi \fi
316 \fi}

```

```

\hline
317 \def\hline{%
318   \noalign{\ifnum0='}\fi\hrule \height \arrayrulewidth \futurelet
319     \reserved@a\@xhline}

\@xhline
320 \def\@xhline{\ifx\reserved@a\hline
321           \vskip\doublerulesep
Measure from the middle of the rules.
322           \vskip-\arrayrulewidth
323           \fi
324           \ifnum0='{\fi}\}

\vline
325 \def\vline{\vrule \width \arrayrulewidth}

\cline The old LATEX2.09 implementation of \cline used up quite a lot of memory and
\@cline two precious count registers. This new (1995/09/14) implementation does not use
any count registers. It is coded in a way that depends heavily on the definition of
\multispan so that command has been moved here from the file ltplain.dtx.
These counters are no longer declared.

\newcount\@cla
\newcount\@clb

326 \def\cline#1{\@cline#1\@nil}

327 \def\@cline#1-#2\@nil{%
328   \omit
Use the counter from \multispan.
329   \multicnt#1%
330   \advance\multispan\m@ne
331   \ifnum\multicnt=\@ne\@firstofone{\&\omit}\fi
332   \multicnt#2%
333   \advance\multicnt-#1%
334   \advance\multispan\@ne

The original had \unskip at this point, but how could a skip get here ????
335   \leaders\hrule\height\arrayrulewidth\hfill
336   \cr

This is back spacing is fairly horrible, but it is what happened in the old version...
An alternative would be to make \cline look ahead for a following \cline as does
\hline. This would alter the spacing in existing documents so keep the old version
in the kernel. Perhaps a package should do this differently.
337   \noalign{\vskip-\arrayrulewidth}

\mscount The \mscount counter is no longer declared, saving a csname and a register. It is
declared in compatibility mode.

\multispan Modify \multispan slightly from its plain TEX definition to allow more efficient
\@multispan code sharing with \multicolumn. Also share a count register with \multiput.
\sp@n 338 \def\multispan{\omit\@multispan}

```

```

339 \def\@multispan#1{%
340   \@multicnt#1\relax
341   \loop\ifnum\@multicnt>\@ne \sp@n\repeat}
342 \def\sp@n{\span\omit\advance\@multicnt\m@ne}

\@startpbox Helper macros for 'p' columns.
\@endpbox  \@startpbox{\langle width\rangle} {text} \egroup is essentially \parbox{\langle width\rangle}{\langle text\rangle}
            \@endpbox is essentially \unskip \strut \par \egroup\hfil (Changed 14
Jan 89) (changed again 1994/05/13)
343 \def\@startpbox#1{\vtop\bgroup \setlength\hsize{#1}\@arrayparboxrestore}
344 \def\@endpbox{\@finalstrut\@arstrutbox\par\egroup\hfil}

14 Jan 89: Def of \@endpbox changed from
\def\@endpbox{\par\vskip\dp\@arstrutbox\egroup\hfil}
so vertical spacing works out right if the last line of a 'p' entry has a descender.

\@@startpbox
\@@endpbox 345 \let\@@startpbox=\@startpbox
346 \let\@@endpbox=\@endpbox

347 ⟨/2ekernel⟩

```

File D

ltpictur.dtx

57 Picture Mode

Picture mode commands. In addition to the commands available in L^AT_EX2.09, This section adds the new \qbezier command for drawing curves.

\qbezier \qbezier[(N)]((AX,AY)) $((BX,BY))$ $((CX,CY))$ plots a quadratic Bezier curve from (AX,AY) to (CX,CY) , with (BX,BY) as the third Bezier point, using $N + 1$ points equally spaced parametrically. If $N = 0$ (the default value), then a sufficient number of points are used to draw a connected curve—except that at most \qbeziermax + 1 points are drawn. A “point” is a square of side \@wholewidth.

\bezier In addition, to be compatible with the old **bezier** package, a variant of this command, \bezier, is defined, in which the first argument is not optional.

\unitlength	= value of dimension argument
\@wholewidth	= current line width
\@halfwidth	= half of current line width
\@linefnt	= font for drawing lines
\@circlefnt	= font for drawing circles

\linethickness{DIM} : Sets the width of horizontal and vertical lines in a picture to DIM. Does not change width of slanted lines or circles. Width of all lines reset by \thinlines and \thicklines

```
\picture(XSIZE,YSIZE)(XORG,YORG)
BEGIN
  \@picht := YSIZE * \unitlength
  box \@picbox :=
    \hb@xt@ XSIZE * \unitlength
    {\hspace{-XORG * \unitlength}
     \lower YORG * \unitlength
     \hbox{
       \ignorespaces %% added 13 June 89
    }
  END

\endpicture ==
BEGIN
  } \hss }
height of \@picbox := \@picht
depth of \@picbox := 0
\mbox{\box{\@picbox}} %% change 26 Aug 91
END

\put(X, Y){OBJ} ==
BEGIN
```

```

    \@killglue
    \raise Y * \unitlength \hb@xt@ 0pt { \hskip X * \unitlength
                                         OBJ \hss
}
    \ignorespaces
END

\multiput(X,Y)(DELX,DELY){N}{OBJ} ==
BEGIN
    \@killglue
    \multicnt := N
    \xdim := X * \unitlength
    \ydim := Y * \unitlength
    while \multicnt > 0
        do \raise \ydim \hb@xt@ 0pt { \hskip \xdim
                                         OBJ \hss }
        \multicnt := \multicnt - 1
        \xdim := \xdim + DELX * \unitlength
        \ydim := \ydim + DELY * \unitlength
    od
    \ignorespaces
END

```

\shortstack[POS]{TEXT} : Makes a \vbox containing TEXT stacked as a one-column array, positioned l, r or c as indicated by POS.

The ‘2ekernel’ code ensures that a \usepackage{autopict} is essentially ignored if a ‘full’ format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

```
1 <2ekernel>\expandafter\let\csname ver@autopict.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

```

\@wholewidth
\@halfwidth
2 <*2ekernel>
3 \newdimen\@wholewidth
4 \newdimen\@halfwidth

\unitlength
5 \newdimen\unitlength \unitlength =1pt

\@picbox
\@picht
6 \newbox\@picbox
7 \newdimen\@picht

\picture #1 should be white space.

\pictur@ #1 should be a ( (eating any white space before the bracket),
8 \long\gdef\picture#1{\pictur@#1}
9 \gdef\pictur@(#1){%
10   \@ifnextchar({\@picture(#1)}{\@picture(#1)(0,0)}}
```

```

\@picture
11 \gdef\@picture(#1,#2)(#3,#4){%
12   \@picht#2\unitlength
13   \setbox\@picbox\hb@xt@#1\unitlength\bgroup
14     \hskip -#3\unitlength
15     \lower #4\unitlength\hbox\bgroup
16       \ignorespaces}

\endpicture
17 \gdef\endpicture{%
18   \egroup\hss\egroup
19   \ht\@picbox\@picht\dp\@picbox\z@
20   \mbox{\box\@picbox}}


In the definitions of \put and \multiput, \hskip was replaced by \kern just
in case arg #3 = "plus". (Bug detected by Don Knuth. changed 20 Jul 87).

21 \long\gdef\put(#1,#2)#3{%
22   \@killglue\raise#2\unitlength
23   \hb@xt@\z@{\kern#1\unitlength #3\hss}%
24   \ignorespaces}

\multiput #3 had better be a (.
25 \gdef\multiput(#1,#2)#3{%
26   \@xdim #1\unitlength
27   \@ydim #2\unitlength
28   \@multiput{}}

\multiput
29 \long\gdef\@multiput(#1,#2)#3#4{%
30   \@killglue\@multicnt #3\relax
31   \@whilenum \@multicnt >\z@\do
32     {\raise\@ydim\hb@xt@\z@{\kern\@xdim #4\hss}%
33      \advance\@multicnt\m@ne
34      \advance\@xdim#1\unitlength\advance\@ydim#2\unitlength}%
35   \ignorespaces}

\@killglue
36 \gdef\@killglue{\unskip\@whiledim \lastskip >\z@\do{\unskip}}


\thinlines
\thicklines
37 \gdef\thinlines{\let\@linefnt\tenln \let\@circlefnt\tencirc
38   \@wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenln \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}
39 \gdef\thicklines{\let\@linefnt\tenlnw \let\@circlefnt\tencircw
40   \@wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenlnw \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}

\linethickness
41 \gdef\linethickness#1{\@wholewidth #1\relax \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}

\isshortstack
42 \gdef\shortstack{\@ifnextchar[\@shortstack{\@shortstack[c]}}

```

```

\@ishortstack
43 \gdef\@shortstack[#1]{%
44   \leavevmode
45   \vbox\bgroun
46     \baselineskip-\p@\lineskip 3\p@
47     \let\mb@l\hss\let\mb@r\hss
48     \expandafter\let\csname mb@#1\endcsname\relax
49     \let\\@stackcr
50     \@ishortstack}

\@ishortstack
51 \gdef\@ishortstack#1{\ialign{\mb@l {##}\unskip\mb@r\cr #1\crcr}\egroup}

\@stackcr
\@ixstackcr
52 \gdef\@stackcr{\@ifstar\@ixstackcr\@ixstackcr}
53 \gdef\@ixstackcr{\@ifnextchar[\@istackcr{\cr\ignorespaces}{}

\@istackcr
54 \gdef\@istackcr[#1]{\cr\noalign{\vskip #1}\ignorespaces}

\line(X,Y){LEN} ==
BEGIN
  \Cxarg := X
  \Cyarg := Y
  \ClineLen := LEN * \unitlength
  if \Cxarg = 0
    then \Cvline
    else if \Cyarg = 0
      then \Chline
      else \Csline
    if
  if
END

\Csline ==
BEGIN
  if \Cxarg < 0
    then @negarg := T
        \Cxarg := -\Cxarg
        \Cyyarg := -\Cyarg
    else @negarg := F
        \Cyyarg := \Cyarg
  fi
  \Ctempcnta := |\Cyyarg|
  if \Ctempcnta > 6
    then error: 'LATEX ERROR: Illegal \line or \vector argument.'
        \Ctempcnta := 0
  fi
  \box\@linechar := \hbox{\@linefnt \@getlinechar(\Cxarg,\Cyyarg)
}

```

```

if \@yarg > 0 then \upordown = \raise
                      \clnht := 0
                else \upordown = \lower
                      \clnht := height of \box\linechar
            fi
\clnwd := width of \box\linechar
if @negarg
  then \hskip - width of \box\linechar
      \reserved@a == \hskip - 2* width of box \linechar
  else \reserved@a == \relax
fi
%% Put out integral number of line segments
while \clnwd < \linelen
  do \upordown \clnht \copy\linechar
      \reserved@a
      \clnht := \clnht + ht of \box\linechar
      \clnwd := \clnwd + width of \box\linechar
  od

%% Put out last segment
\clnht := \clnht - height of \box\linechar
\clnwd := \clnwd - width of \box\linechar
\tempdima := \linelen - \clnwd
\tempdimb := \tempdima - width of \box\linechar
if @negarg then \hskip -\tempdimb
              else \hskip \tempdimb
fi
\tempdima := 1000 * \tempdima
\tempcnta := \tempdima / width of \box\linechar
\tempdima := (\tempcnta * ht of \box\linechar)/1000
\clnht := \clnht + \tempdima
if \linelen < width of box\linechar
  then \hskip width of box\linechar
  else \hbox{\upordown \clnht \copy\linechar}
fi
END

\chline ==
BEGIN
  if \@xarg < 0 then \hskip -\linelen \fi
  \vrule height \halfwidth depth \halfwidth width \linelen
  if \@xarg < 0 then \hskip -\linelen \fi
END

\cpline == if \@yarg < 0 \downline else \upline fi

\getlinechar(X,Y) ==
BEGIN
  \tempcnta := 8*X - 9

```

```

if Y > 0
  then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + Y
  else \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - Y + 64
fi
\char\@tempcnta
END

\vector(X,Y){LEN} ==
BEGIN
  \xarg := X
  \yarg := Y
  \clinenlen := LEN * \unitlength
  if \xarg = 0
    then \vvector
    else if \yarg = 0
      then \hvector
      else \svector
    if
  if
END

\hvector ==
BEGIN
  \hline
  {\@linenft if \xarg < 0 then \getlarrow(1,0)
   else \getrarrow(1,0)
  fi}
END

\vvector == if \yarg < 0 \downvector else \upvector fi

\svector ==
BEGIN
  \sline
  \tempcnta := |\yarg|
  if \tempcnta < 5
    then \hskip - width of \box\@linechar
        \upordown \clnht \hbox
        {\@linenft
         if @negarg then \getlarrow(\xarg,\yyarg)
                     else \getrarrow(\xarg,\yyarg)
        fi }
    else error: 'LATEX ERROR: Illegal \line or \vector argument.'
  fi
END

\getlarrow(X,Y) ==
BEGIN
  if Y = 0
    then \tempcnta := '33

```

```

else \@tempcnta := 16 * X - 9
    \@tempcntb := 2 * Y
    if \@tempcntb > 0
        then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + \@tempcntb
        else \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - \@tempcntb + 64
    fi
fi
\char\@tempcnta
END

\@getrarrow(X,Y) ==
BEGIN
    \@tempcntb := |Y|
    case of \@tempcntb
        0 : \@tempcnta := '55
        1 : if X < 3
            then \@tempcnta := 24*X - 6
            else if X = 3
                then \@tempcnta := 49
                else \@tempcnta := 58 fi
            fi
        2 : if X < 3
            then \@tempcnta := 24*X - 3
            else \@tempcnta := 51      % X must = 3
            fi
        3 : \@tempcnta := 16*X - 2
        4 : \@tempcnta := 16*X + 7
    endcase
    if Y < 0
        then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 64
    fi
\char\@tempcnta
END

\if@negarg
 55 \newif\if@negarg

\line
 56 \gdef\line(#1,#2){\@xarg #1\relax \@yarg #2\relax
 57   \@linelen #3\unitlength
 58   \ifdim\@linelen<\z@\@badlinearg\else
 59     \ifnum\@xarg =\z@\@vline
 60       \else \ifnum\@yarg =\z@\@hline \else \@sline\fi
 61     \fi
 62   \fi}

\@sline
 63 \gdef\@sline{%
 64   \ifnum\@xarg<\z@ \@negargtrue \@xarg -\@xarg \@yyarg -\@yarg
 65   \else \@negargfalse \@yyarg \@yarg \fi
 66 \ifnum \@yyarg >\z@ \@tempcnta\@yyarg \else \@tempcnta -\@yyarg \fi
}

```

```

67 \ifnum\@tempcnta>6 \@badlinearg\@tempcnta\z@ \fi
68 \ifnum\@xarg>6 \@badlinearg\@xarg \@ne \fi
69 \setbox\@linechar\hbox{\@linenft\@getlinechar(\@xarg,\@yyarg)}%

```

If we have something like `\line(5,5){30}` the `\@linechar` will not contain a char and later on we will end in an infinite loop. So we check the width of the box and put in something as an emergency fix if necessary.

```

70 \ifdim\wd\@linechar=\z@
71   \setbox\@linechar\hbox{.}%
72   \@badlinearg
73 \fi
74 \ifnum \@yarg >\z@ \let\@upordown\raise \@clnht\z@
75   \else\let\@upordown\lower \@clnht \ht\@linechar\fi
76 \@clnwd \wd\@linechar
77 \if@negarg
78   \hskip -\wd\@linechar \def\reserved@a{\hskip -2\wd\@linechar}%
79 \else
80   \let\reserved@a\relax
81 \fi
82 \whiledim \@clnwd <\@linelen \do
83   {\@upordown\@clnht\copy\@linechar
84   \reserved@a
85   \advance\@clnht \ht\@linechar
86   \advance\@clnwd \wd\@linechar}%
87 \advance\@clnht -\ht\@linechar
88 \advance\@clnwd -\wd\@linechar
89 \tempdima\@linelen\advance\tempdima -\@clnwd
90 \tempdimb\@tempdima\advance\tempdimb -\wd\@linechar
91 \if@negarg \hskip -\tempdimb \else \hskip \tempdimb \fi
92 \multiply\tempdima \@m
93 \tempcnta \tempdima
94 \tempdima \wd\@linechar \divide\tempcnta \tempdima
95 \tempdima \ht\@linechar \multiply\tempdima \tempcnta
96 \divide\tempdima \@m
97 \advance\@clnht \tempdima
98 \ifdim \@linelen <\wd\@linechar
99   \hskip \wd\@linechar

```

Warn if line gets so short that it can't be printed. But don't warn if it is exactly zero since that was probably deliberate (e.g., to get a vector head only).

```

100 \ifdim \@linelen = \z@
101 \else
102   \opicture@warn
103 \fi
104 \else\@upordown\@clnht\copy\@linechar\fi}

\@hline
105 \gdef\@hline{\ifnum \@xarg <\z@ \hskip -\@linelen \fi
106 \vrule \height \halfwidth \depth \halfwidth \width \@linelen
107 \ifnum \@xarg <\z@ \hskip -\@linelen \fi}

\getlinechar
108 \gdef\@getlinechar(#1,#2){\@tempcnta#1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta 8%
109   \advance\@tempcnta -9\ifnum #2>\z@ \advance\@tempcnta #2\relax\else

```

```

110 \advance\@tempcnta -#2\relax\advance\@tempcnta 64 \fi
111 \char\@tempcnta}

\vector
112 \gdef\vector(#1,#2){\@xarg #1\relax \@yarg #2\relax
113 \@tempcnta \ifnum\@xarg<\z@ -\@xarg\else\@xarg\fi
114 \ifnum\@tempcnta<5\relax
115 \@linelen #3\unitlength
116 \ifdim\@linelen<\z@\@badlinearg\else
117 \ifnum\@xarg =\z@ \@vvector
118 \else \ifnum\@yarg =\z@ \@hvector \else \@svector\fi
119 \fi
120 \fi
121 \else\@badlinearg\fi}

\@hvector
122 \gdef\@hvector{\@hline\hb@xt@z@{\@linefnt
123 \ifnum\@xarg <\z@ \@getlarrow(1,0)\hss\else
124 \hss\@getrarrow(1,0)\fi}\fi}

\@vvector
125 \gdef\@vvector{\ifnum\@yarg <\z@ \@downvector \else \@upvector \fi}

\@svector
126 \gdef\@svector{\@sline
127 \@tempcnta\@yarg \ifnum\@tempcnta <\z@ \@tempcnta -\@tempcnta\fi
128 \ifnum\@tempcnta <5%
129 \hskip -\wd\@linechar
130 \@upordown\@clnh\hbox{\@linefnt \if@negarg
131 \@getlarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)\else \@getrarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)\fi}\%
132 \else\@badlinearg\fi}

\@getlarrow
133 \gdef\@getlarrow(#1,#2){\ifnum #2=\z@ \@tempcnta 27 \% '33
134 \else
135 \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta \sixt@@n
136 \advance\@tempcnta -9 \@tempcntb #2\relax\multiply\@tempcntb \tw@
137 \ifnum\@tempcntb >\z@ \advance\@tempcnta \@tempcntb
138 \else\advance\@tempcnta -\@tempcntb\advance\@tempcnta 64
139 \fi\fi\char\@tempcnta}

\@getrarrow
140 \gdef\@getrarrow(#1,#2){\@tempcntb #2\relax
141 \ifnum\@tempcntb <\z@ \@tempcntb -\@tempcntb\relax\fi
142 \ifcase\@tempcntb\relax \@tempcnta 45 \% '55
143 \or
144 \ifnum #1<\thr@@ \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
145 24\advance\@tempcnta -6 \else \ifnum #1=\thr@@ \@tempcnta 49
146 \else\@tempcnta 58 \fi\fi\or
147 \ifnum #1<\thr@@ \@tempcnta=#1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
148 24\advance\@tempcnta -\thr@@ \else \@tempcnta 51 \fi\or
149 \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta

```

```

150 \sixt@@n \advance\@tempcnta -\tw@ \else
151 \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
152 \sixt@@n \advance\@tempcnta 7 \fi\ifnum #2<\z@ \advance\@tempcnta 64 \fi
153 \char\@tempcnta}

\@vline
154 \gdef\@vline{\ifnum \yarg <\z@ \@downline \else \@upline\fi}

\@upline
155 \gdef\@upline{%
156   \hb@xt@\z@{\hskip -\@halfwidth \vrule \@width \@wholewidth
157     \@height \@linelen \@depth \z@\hss}}
\@downline
158 \gdef\@downline{%
159   \hb@xt@\z@{\hskip -\@halfwidth \vrule \@width \@wholewidth
160     \@height \z@ \@depth \@linelen \hss}}
\@upvector
161 \gdef\@upvector{\@upline\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\@linefnt\char 54}%
162   \raise \@linelen \hb@xt@\z@{\lower \ht\@tempboxa\box\@tempboxa\hss}}
\@downvector
163 \gdef\@downvector{\@downline\lower \@linelen
164   \hb@xt@\z@{\@linefnt\char 63 % '77
165     \hss}}
\dashbox{D}(X,Y) ==
BEGIN
leave vertical mode
\hb@xt@ 0pt {
  \baselineskip := 0pt
  \lineskip := 0pt
  %% HORIZONTAL DASHES
  \dashdim := X * \unitlength
  \dashcnt := \dashdim + 200 % to prevent roundoff error
  \dashdim := D * \unitlength
  \dashcnt := \dashcnt / \dashdim
  if \dashcnt is odd
    then \dashdim := 0pt
    \dashcnt := (\dashcnt + 1) / 2
  else \dashdim := \dashdim / 2
    \dashcnt := \dashcnt / 2 - 1
    \box\@dashbox := \hbox{\vrule height \@halfwidth
      depth \@halfwidth width \dashdim}
    \put(0,0){\copy\@dashbox}
    \put(0,Y){\copy\@dashbox}
    \put(X,0){\hskip -\dashdim\copy\@dashbox}
    \put(X,Y){\hskip -\dashdim\box\@dashbox}
    \dashdim := 3 * \dashdim
  fi

```

```

\box@\dashbox := \hbox{\vrule height \@halfwidth
                      depth \@halfwidth width D * \unitlength
                      \hskip D * \unitlength}

\@tempcnta := 0
\put(0,0){\hskip \@dashdim
           while \@tempcnta < \@dascnt
             do \copy@\dashbox
                 \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
             od
         }
\@tempcnta := 0
\put(0,Y){\hskip \@dashdim
           while \@tempcnta < \@dascnt
             do \copy@\dashbox
                 \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
             od
         }

%% vertical dashes
\@dashdim := Y * \unitlength
\@dashcnt := \@dashdim + 200 % to prevent roundoff error
\@dashdim := D * \unitlength
\@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / \@dashdim
if \@dashcnt is odd
  then \@dashdim := 0pt
      \@dashcnt := (@dashcnt + 1) / 2
  else \@dashdim := \@dashdim / 2
      \@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / 2 - 1
\box@\dashbox := \hbox{\hskip -\@halfwidth
                      \vrule width \@wholewidth
                      height \@dashdim }
\put(0,0){\copy@\dashbox}
\put(X,0){\copy@\dashbox}
\put(0,Y){\lower \@dashdim \copy@\dashbox}
\put(X,Y){\lower \@dashdim \copy@\dashbox}
\@dashdim := 3 * \@dashdim
fi
\box@\dashbox := \hbox{\vrule width \@wholewidth
                      height D * \unitlength } }

\@tempcnta := 0
\put(0,0){\hskip -\halfwidth
           \vbox{while \@tempcnta < \@dashcnt
             do \vskip D*\unitlength
                 \copy@\dashbox
                 \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
             od
             \vskip \@dashdim
         } }

\@tempcnta := 0
\put(X,0){\hskip -\halfwidth

```

```

        \vbox{while \tempcnta < \dashcnt
            do \vskip D*\unitlength
                \copy\dashbox
                \tempcnta := \tempcnta + 1
            od
            \vskip \dashdim
        }
    }
}      % END DASHES

\cimakepicbox(X,Y)
END

\dashbox
166 \gdef\dashbox#1(#2,#3){\leavevmode\hb@xt@z@{\baselineskip \z@skip
167 \lineskip \z@skip
168 \dashdim #2\unitlength
169 \dashcnt \dashdim \advance\dashcnt 200
170 \dashdim #1\unitlength\divide\dashcnt \dashdim
171 \ifodd\dashcnt \dashdim \advance\dashcnt 200
172 \else \divide\dashdim \tw@ \divide\dashcnt \tw@
173 \else \divide\dashdim \tw@ \divide\dashcnt \tw@
174 \advance\dashcnt \m@ne
175 \setbox\dashbox \hbox{\vrule \height \halfwidth \depth \halfwidth
176 \width \dashdim}\put(0,0){\copy\dashbox}%
177 \put(0,#3){\copy\dashbox}%
178 \put(#2,0){\hskip-\dashdim\copy\dashbox}%
179 \put(#2,#3){\hskip-\dashdim\box\dashbox}%
180 \multiply\dashdim \thr@@
181 \fi
182 \setbox\dashbox \hbox{\vrule \height \halfwidth \depth \halfwidth
183 \width #1\unitlength\hskip #1\unitlength}\tempcnta\z@
184 \put(0,0){\hskip\dashdim \whilenum \tempcnta <\dashcnt
185 \do{\copy\dashbox\advance\tempcnta \m@ne }{\tempcnta\z@
186 \put(0,#3){\hskip\dashdim \whilenum \tempcnta <\dashcnt
187 \do{\copy\dashbox\advance\tempcnta \m@ne }{%
188 \dashdim #3\unitlength
189 \dashcnt \dashdim \advance\dashcnt 200
190 \dashdim #1\unitlength\divide\dashcnt \dashdim
191 \ifodd\dashcnt \dashdim \z@
192 \advance\dashcnt \m@ne \divide\dashcnt \tw@
193 \else
194 \divide\dashdim \tw@ \divide\dashcnt \tw@
195 \advance\dashcnt \m@ne
196 \setbox\dashbox\hbox{\hskip -\halfwidth
197 \vrule \width \wholewidth
198 \height \dashdim}\put(0,0){\copy\dashbox}%
199 \put(#2,0){\copy\dashbox}%
200 \put(0,#3){\lower\dashdim\copy\dashbox}%
201 \put(#2,#3){\lower\dashdim\copy\dashbox}%
202 \multiply\dashdim \thr@@
203 \fi
204 \setbox\dashbox\hbox{\vrule \width \wholewidth

```

```

205 \@height #1\unitlength}\@tempcpta\z@
206 \put(0,0){\hskip -\@halfwidth \vbox{\@whilenum \@tempcpta <\@dashcnt
207 \do{\vskip #1\unitlength\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcpta \one }%
208 \vskip\@dashdim}}\@tempcpta\z@
209 \put(#2,0){\hskip -\@halfwidth \vbox{\@whilenum \@tempcpta<\@dashcnt
210 \do{\vskip #1\unitlength\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcpta \one }%
211 \vskip\@dashdim}}\@makepicbox(#2,#3)}

```

CIRCLES AND OVALS

USER COMMANDS:

\circle{D} : Produces the circle with the diameter as close as possible to D * \unitlength. \put(X,Y){\circle{D}} puts the circle with its center at (X,Y).

\oval(X,Y) : Makes an oval as round as possible that fits in the rectangle of width X * \unitlength and height Y * \unitlength. The reference point is the center.

\oval(X,Y)[POS] : Save as \oval(X,Y) except it draws only the half or quadrant of the oval indicated by POS. E.G., \oval(X,Y)[t] draws just the top half and \oval(X,Y)[br] draws just the bottom right quadrant. In all cases, the reference point is the same as the unqualified \oval(X,Y) command.

\covvert {DELTA1} {DELTA2} : Makes a vbox containing either the left side or the right side of the oval being constructed. The baseline will coincide with the outside bottom edge of the oval; the left side of the box will coincide with the left edge of the vertical rule. The width of the box will be \@tempdima. DELTA1 and DELTA2 are added to the character number in \@tempcpta to get the characters for the top and bottom quarter circle pieces.

\covhorz : Makes an hbox containing the straight rule for either the top or the bottom of the oval being constructed. The baseline will coincide with bottom edge of the rule; the left side of the box will coincide with the left side of the oval. The width of the box will be \@ovxx.

\getcirc {DIAM} : Sets \@tempcpta to the character number of the top-right quarter circle with the largest diameter less than or equal to DIAM. Sets \@tempboxa to an hbox containing that character. Sets \@tempdima to \wd \@tempboxa, which is the distance from the circle's left outside edge to its right inside edge. (These characters are like those described in the

TeXbook, pp. 389-90.)

```
\@getcirc {DIAM} ==
BEGIN
  \@tempcnta      := integer coercion of (DIAM + 2pt)
                  + 2pt added 1 Nov 88
  \@tempcnta      := \@tempcnta / integer coercion of 4pt
  if \@tempcnta > 10
    then \@tempcnta := 10 fi
  if \@tempcnta > 0
    then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta-1
    else LaTeX Warning: Oval too small.
  fi
  \@tempcnta      := 4 * \@tempcnta
  \@tempboxa       := \hbox{\@circlefnt \char \@tempcnta}
  \@tempdima       := \wd \@tempboxa
END

\@put{X}{Y}{OBJ} ==
BEGIN
  \raise Y \hb@xt@ 0pt{\hskip X OBJ \hss}
END

\@oval(X,Y)[POS] ==
BEGIN
  \begingroup
    \boxmaxdepth := \maxdimen
    @ovt := @ovb := @ovl := @ovr := true
    for all E in POS
      do @ovE := false od
    \@ovxx      := X * \unitlength
    \@ovyy      := Y * \unitlength
    \tempdimb := min(\@ovxx,\@ovyy)
    \getcirc{\tempdimb-2pt} %% "-2pt" added 7 Dec 89
    \@ovro      := \ht \tempboxa
    \@ovri      := \dp \tempboxa
    \@ovdx      := \@ovxx - \tempdima
    \@ovdx      := \@ovdx/2
    \@ovdy      := \@ovyy - \tempdima
    \@ovdy      := \@ovyy/2
    \circlefnt
    \tempboxa :=
      \hbox{
        if @ovr
          then \ovvert{3}{2} \kern -\tempdima
        fi
        if @ovl
          then \kern \@ovxx \ovvert{0}{1} \kern
- \tempdima
          \kern -\@ovxx
      }
```

```

        fi
        if @ovt
            then \@ovhorz \kern -\@ovxx
        fi
        if @ovb
            then \raise \@ovyy \@ovhorz
        fi
    }
    \@ovdx := \@ovdx + \@ovro
    \@ovdy := \@ovdy + \@ovro
    \ht\@tempboxa := \dp\@tempboxa := 0
    \put{-\@ovdx}{-\@ovdy}{\box\@tempboxa}
\endgroup
END

\@ovvert {DELTA1} {DELTA2} ==
BEGIN
    \vbox to \@ovyy {
        if @ovb
            then \tempcntb := \tempcnta + DELTA1
                \kern -\@ovro
                \hbox { \char \tempcntb }
                \nointerlineskip
            else \kern \@ovri \kern \@ovdy
        fi
        \leaders \vrule width \wholewidth \vfil
        \nointerlineskip
        if @ovt
            then \tempcntb := \tempcnta + DELTA2
                \hbox { \char \tempcntb }
            else \kern \@ovdy \kern \@ovro
        fi
    }
END

\@ovhorz ==
BEGIN
    \hbox{ \kern \@ovro
        if @ovr
            then
            else \kern \@ovdx
        fi
        \leaders \hrule height \wholewidth \hfil
        if @ovl
            then
            else \kern \@ovdx
        fi
        \kern \@ovri
    }

```

```

END

\circle{DIAM} ==
BEGIN
  \begingroup
  \boxmaxdepth := maxdimen
  \tempdimb := DIAM *\unitlength
  if \tempdimb > 15.5pt
    then \getcirc{\tempdimb}
    \ovro := \ht \tempboxa
    \tempboxa := \hbox{
      \circlefont
      \tempcpta := \tempcpta + 2
      \char \tempcpta
      \tempcpta := \tempcpta - 1
      \char \tempcpta
      \kern -2\tempdima
      \tempcpta := \tempcpta + 2
      \raise \tempdima \hbox { \char \tempcpta }
      \raise \tempdima \box\tempboxa
    }
    \ht\tempboxa := \dp\tempboxa := 0
    \put{-\ovro}{-\ovro}{\tempboxa}
  else
    \circ{\tempdimb}{96}
  fi
  \endgroup
END

\circle*{DIAM} == \dot{DIAM} ==
\circ{DIAM*\unitlength}{112}

\circ{DIAM}{CHAR} ==
BEGIN
  \tempcpta := integer coercion of (DIAM + .5pt)/1pt.
  if \tempcpta > 15 then \tempcpta := 15 fi
  if \tempcpta > 1 then \tempcpta := \tempcpta - 1 fi
  \tempcpta := \tempcpta + CHAR
  \circlefont
  \char \tempcpta
END

\if@ovt If producing the Top Bottom Left or Right of an oval.
\if@ovb 212 \newif\if@ovt
\if@owl 213 \newif\if@ovb
\if@ovr 214 \newif\if@owl
\if@ovr 215 \newif\if@ovr

\ovxx
\ovyy 216 \newdimen\ovxx
\ovdx
\ovdy
\ovro File D: ltpictur.dtx Date: 2016/03/29 Version v1.11
\ovri

```

```

217 \newdimen\@ovyy
218 \newdimen\@ovdx
219 \newdimen\@ovdy
220 \newdimen\@ovro
221 \newdimen\@ovri

\advance\@tempdima 2pt\relax added 1 Nov 88 to fix bug in which size of
drawn circle not monotonic function of argument of \circle, caused by different
rounding for dimensions of large and small circles.

\@getcirc
222 \gdef\@getcirc#1{\@tempdima #1\relax \advance\@tempdima 2\p@
223   \@tempcnta\@tempdima
224   \@tempdima 4\p@ \divide\@tempcnta\@tempdima
225   \ifnum \@tempcnta >10\relax
226     \@picture@warn
227     \@tempcnta 10\relax
228   \fi
229   \ifnum \@tempcnta >\z@ \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne
Warn if requirements for oval or circle can't be met.
230   \else \@picture@warn \fi
231   \multiply\@tempcnta 4\relax
232   \setbox\@tempboxa \hbox{\@circlefnt
233   \char\@tempcnta}\@tempdima \wd\@tempboxa}

\@picture@warn Generic warning for lines, vectors (used in \sline) and oval or circle (used in
\@getcirc) are not available at right size.
234 \def\@picture@warn{\@latex@warning{%
235   \string\oval, \string\circle, or \string\line\space
236   size unavailable}}

```

```

\@put
237 \gdef\@put#1#2#3{\raise #2\hb@xt@z@{\hskip #1#3\hss}}

```

```

\oval
238 \gdef\oval(#1,#2){\@ifnextchar[{\@oval(#1,#2)}{\@oval(#1,#2)[]}}

```

```

239 </2ekernel>
240 <| latexrelease|\IncludeInRelease{2016/03/31}%
241 <| latexrelease|          {\@ovhlinetrue}%
242 <| latexrelease|          {Avoid almost zero length leaders}%
243 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>

```

```

\if@ovvline Tests whether horizontal or vertical lines are needed.
\if@ovhline
244 \newif\if@ovvline \@ovvlinetrue
245 \newif\if@ovhline \@ovhlinetrue

```

```

\@oval
246 \gdef\@oval(#1,#2)[#3]{\begingroup\boxmaxdepth \maxdimen
247   \@ovttrue \@ovbtrue \@ovltrue \@ovrtrue
248   \@ovvlinefalse \@ovhlinefalse

```

```

249  \tfor\reserved@a :=#3\do{\csname @ov\reserved@a false\endcsname}%
250  \ovxx #1\unitlength
251  \ovyy #2\unitlength

252  \tempdimb \ifdim \ovyy >\ovxx \ovxx \ovvlinetrue
253  \else \ovyy \ifdim \ovyy =\ovxx \else \ovhlinetrue \fi\fi
254  \advance \tempdimb -2\p@
255  \getcirc \tempdimb
256  \ovro \ht\tempboxa \ovri \dp\tempboxa
257  \ovdx\ovxx \advance\ovdx -\tempdima \divide\ovdx \tw@
258  \ovdy\ovyy \advance\ovdy -\tempdima \divide\ovdy \tw@

259  \ifdim \ovdx >\z@ \ovhlinetrue \fi
260  \ifdim \ovdy >\z@ \ovvlinetrue \fi

261  \circlefont \setbox\tempboxa
262  \hbox{\ifovr \ovvert32\kern -\tempdima \fi
263  \ifovl \kern \ovxx \ovvert01\kern -\tempdima \kern -\ovxx \fi
264  \ifovt \ovhorz \kern -\ovxx \fi
265  \ifovb \raise \ovyy \ovhorz \fi}\advance\ovdx\ovro
266  \advance\ovdy\ovro \ht\tempboxa\z@ \dp\tempboxa\z@
267  \put{-\ovdx}{-\ovdy}{\box\tempboxa}%
268  \endgroup

\ovvert
269 \gdef\ovvert#1#2{\vbox to\ovyy{%
270   \ifovb \tempcntb \tempcnta \advance \tempcntb #1\relax
271   \kern -\ovro \hbox{\char \tempcntb}\nointerlineskip
272   \else \kern \ovri \kern \ovdy \fi
273   \ifovline \leaders\vrule \width \wholewidth \fi
274   \vfil \nointerlineskip
275   \ifovt \tempcntb \tempcnta \advance \tempcntb #2\relax
276   \hbox{\char \tempcntb}%
277   \else \kern \ovdy \kern \ovro \fi}}
278 \gdef\ovhorz{\hb@xt@\ovxx{\kern \ovro
279   \ifovr \else \kern \ovdx \fi
280   \ifovline \leaders\hrule \height \wholewidth \fi
281   \hfil
282   \ifovl \else \kern \ovdx \fi
283   \kern \ovri}}}

284 (/2ekernel | latexrelease)
285 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
286 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
287 <latexrelease>          {\ovhlinetrue}%
288 <latexrelease>          {Avoid almost zero length leaders}%
289 <latexrelease>\let\ifovline\undefined
290 <latexrelease>\let\ifovline\undefined
291 <latexrelease>\gdef\oval(#1,#2)[#3]{\begingroup\boxmaxdepth \maxdimen
292 <latexrelease>  \ovtrue \ovbtrue \ovltrue \ovrtrue

```

```

293 <latexrelease>  \@tfor\reserved@a :=#3\do
294 <latexrelease>          {\csname @ov\reserved@a false\endcsname}%
295 <latexrelease>  \@ovxx #1\unitlength
296 <latexrelease>  \@ovyy #2\unitlength
297 <latexrelease>  \@tempdimb \ifdim \@ovyy >\@ovxx \@ovxx\else \@ovyy \fi
298 <latexrelease>  \advance \@tempdimb -2\p@
299 <latexrelease>  \@getcirc \@tempdimb
300 <latexrelease>  \@ovro \ht\@tempboxa \@ovri \dp\@tempboxa
301 <latexrelease>  \@ovdx\@ovxx \advance\@ovdx -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdx \tw@
302 <latexrelease>  \@ovdy\@ovyy \advance\@ovdy -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdy \tw@
303 <latexrelease>  \@circlefnt \setbox\@tempboxa
304 <latexrelease>  \hbox{\if@ovr \@ovvert32\kern -\@tempdima \fi
305 <latexrelease>  \if@ovl
306 <latexrelease>  \kern \@ovxx \@ovvert01\kern -\@tempdima \kern -\@ovxx
307 <latexrelease>  \fi
308 <latexrelease>  \if@ovt \@ovhorz \kern -\@ovxx \fi
309 <latexrelease>  \if@ovb \raise \@ovyy \@ovhorz \fi\advance\@ovdx\@ovro
310 <latexrelease>  \advance\@ovdy\@ovro \ht\@tempboxa\z@\dp\@tempboxa\z@
311 <latexrelease>  \@put{-\@ovdx}{-\@ovdy}{\box\@tempboxa}%
312 <latexrelease>  \endgroup
313 <latexrelease> \gdef\@ovvert#1#2{\vbox to\@ovyy{%
314 <latexrelease>   \if@ovb \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #1\relax
315 <latexrelease>   \kern -\@ovro \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}\nointerlineskip
316 <latexrelease>   \else \kern \@ovri \kern \@ovdy \fi
317 <latexrelease>   \leaders\vrule \@width \@wholewidth\vfil \nointerlineskip
318 <latexrelease>   \if@ovt \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #2\relax
319 <latexrelease>   \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}%
320 <latexrelease>   \else \kern \@ovdy \kern \@ovro \fi}
321 <latexrelease> \gdef\@ovhorz{\hb@xt@\@ovxx{\kern \@ovro
322 <latexrelease>   \if@ovr \else \kern \@ovdx \fi
323 <latexrelease>   \leaders \hrule \@height \@wholewidth \hfil
324 <latexrelease>   \if@ovl \else \kern \@ovdx \fi
325 <latexrelease>   \kern \@ovri}}
326 <latexrelease> \EndIncludeInRelease
327 {*2ekernel}

\circle
328 \gdef\circle{\@inmatherr\circle\@ifstar\@dot\@circle}

\@circle
329 \gdef\@circle#1{%
330   \begingroup \boxmaxdepth \maxdimen \@tempdimb #1\unitlength
331   \ifdim \@tempdimb >15.5\p@ \@getcirc\@tempdimb
332     \@ovro\ht\@tempboxa
333     \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\@circlefnt
334       \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne \char \@tempcnta \kern -2\@tempdima
335       \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne \char \@tempcnta \kern -2\@tempdima
336       \raise \@tempdima \hbox{\char\@tempcnta}\raise \@tempdima
337         \box\@tempboxa\ht\@tempboxa\z@\dp\@tempboxa\z@
338       \@put{-\@ovro}{-\@ovro}{\box\@tempboxa}%
339     \else \@circ\@tempdimb{96}\fi\endgroup}
340   \else \@circ\@tempdimb{96}\fi\endgroup}

\@dot Internal form of \circle*.

```

```

341 \gdef\@dot#1{\@tempdimb #1\unitlength \circ\@tempdimb{112} }

\@circ
342 \gdef\circ#1#2{\@tempdima #1\relax \advance\@tempdima .5\p@
343   \@tempcpta\@tempdima \@tempdima \p@
344   \divide\@tempcpta\@tempdima
345   \ifnum\@tempcpta >15\relax \atempcpta 15\relax \fi
346   \ifnum \atempcpta >\z@ \advance\atempcpta\m@ne\fi
347   \advance\atempcpta #2\relax
348   \circlelfnt \char\atempcpta}

\@xarg Counters used for manipulating the ‘slope’ arguments.
\@yarg 349 \newcount\@xarg
\@yyarg 350 \newcount\@yarg
351 \newcount\@yyarg

\@multicnt Counter used in \multiput, and also \multicolumn.
352 \newcount\@multicnt

\@xdim Length registers.
\yxdim 353 \newdimen\@xdim
354 \newdimen\@ydim

\@linechar Box for holding a line segment character, for sloping lines.
355 \newbox\@linechar

\@linelen Length of the line currently being built.
356 \newdimen\@linelen

\@clnwd Height and width of current line segment.
\@clnht 357 \newdimen\@clnwd
358 \newdimen\@clnht

\@dashdim \dashbox internal registers.
\@dashbox 359 \newdimen\@dashdim
\@dashcnt 360 \newbox\@dashbox
361 \newcount\@dashcnt

Initialization: “\thinlines”
362 \let\@linefnt\tenln
363 \let\@circlefnt\tencirc
364 \wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenln
365 \halfwidth .5\wholewidth

```

57.1 Curves

The new `\qbezier` command, based on the old `\bezier` defined in `bezier.sty`.

```

\qbezier[N] == \bezier{N}

\bezier{N}(AX,AY)(BX,BY)(CX,CY) ==
BEGIN

```

```

IF N = 0
THEN \@xdima := |BX - AX|
    \@xb := |CX - BX|
    \@xa := Max(\@xa, \@xb)
    \@ya := |BY - AY|
    \@yb := |CY - BY|
    \@ya := Max(\@ya, \@yb)
    @sc := Max(\@xa, \@ya)
%% The coefficient .5 below is the degree of overlap of
%% successive points, where 1 is no overlap and 0 is
%% complete overlap. A coefficient of C multiplies
%% the number of points plotted by 1/C.
%%
    \@xa := .5 * \@halfwidth
    @sc := @sc / \@halfwidth
    @sc := Max(@sc, qbeziermax)
ELSE @sc := N
@scp := @sc+1
\@xb := 2 * (BX - AX) * \unitlength
\@xa := ((CX-AX)*\unitlength - \@xb)/@sc
\@yb := 2 * (BY - AY) * \unitlength
\@ya := ((CY-AY)*\unitlength - \@yb)/@sc
\@pictdot := square rule of width \@wholewidth
\count@ := 0
WHILE \count@ < @scp
DO  \@xdim := ((\count@*\@xa + @xb) / @sc) * \count@
    \@ydim := ((\count@*\@ya + @yb) / @sc) * \count@
    plot pt with relative coords (\@xdim,\@ydim)
    \count@ := \count@+1
OD

```

\qbeziermax The maximum number of points to plot.

366 \gdef\qbeziermax{500}

In the code below, to save registers \@a ... are not used. Instead other registers are reused.

```

\newcounter{@sc} -> \c@multicnt
\newcounter{@scp} -> \@tempcnta
\newdimen\@xa -> \@ovxx
\newdimen\@xb -> \@ovdx
\newdimen\@ya -> \@ovyy
\newdimen\@yb -> \@ovdy
\newsavebox{\@pictdot} -> \@tempboxa

```

\qbezier Main user-level command to plot quadratic bezier curves. #2 should be (.

367 \newcommand\qbezier[2][0]{\bezier{#1}{#2}}

\bezier Form of \bezier compatible with 2.09 *bezier.sty*, but modified to ignore spaces between its arguments. #2 should be white space, and #4 should be (.

368 \gdef\bezier#1#2(#3){\bezier{#1}{#3}}()

```

\@bezier
369 \gdef\@bezier#1(#2,#3)(#4,#5)(#6,#7){%
370   \ifnum #1=\z@%
371     \c@ovxx #4\unitlength
372       \advance\c@ovxx -#2\unitlength
373       \ifdim \c@ovxx<\z@ \c@ovxx -\c@ovxx \fi
374     \c@ovdx #6\unitlength
375       \advance\c@ovdx -#4\unitlength
376       \ifdim \c@ovdx<\z@ \c@ovdx -\c@ovdx \fi
377       \ifdim \c@ovxx<\c@ovdx \c@ovxx \c@ovdx \fi
378     \c@ovyy #5\unitlength
379       \advance\c@ovyy -#3\unitlength
380       \ifdim \c@ovyy<\z@ \c@ovyy -\c@ovyy \fi
381     \c@ovdy #7\unitlength
382       \advance\c@ovdy -#5\unitlength
383       \ifdim \c@ovdy<\z@ \c@ovdy -\c@ovdy \fi
384       \ifdim \c@ovyy<\c@ovdy \c@ovyy \c@ovdy \fi
385     \c@multicnt
386       \ifdim \c@ovxx>\c@ovyy \c@ovxx \else \c@ovyy \fi
387     \c@ovxx .5\c@halfwidth \divide\c@multicnt\c@ovxx
388     \ifnum \qbeziermax<\c@multicnt \c@multicnt\qbeziermax\relax \fi
389   \else \c@multicnt#1\relax \fi
390   \c@tempcpta\c@multicnt \advance\c@tempcpta\c@ne
391   \c@ovdx #4\unitlength \advance\c@ovdx -#2\unitlength
392     \multiply\c@ovdx \tw@
393   \c@ovxx #6\unitlength \advance\c@ovxx -#2\unitlength
394     \advance\c@ovxx -\c@ovdx \divide\c@ovxx\c@multicnt
395   \c@ovdy #5\unitlength \advance\c@ovdy -#3\unitlength
396     \multiply\c@ovdy \tw@
397   \c@ovyy #7\unitlength \advance\c@ovyy -#3\unitlength
398     \advance\c@ovyy -\c@ovdy \divide\c@ovyy\c@multicnt

399 \setbox\c@tempboxa\hbox{%
400   \hskip -\c@halfwidth
401   \vrule \c@height\c@halfwidth
402     \c@depth \c@halfwidth
403     \c@width \c@wholewidth}%
404 \put(#2,#3){%
405   \c@count@\z@
406   \c@whilenum{\c@count@<\c@tempcpta}\do
407     {\c@xdim\c@count@\c@ovxx
408       \advance\c@xdim\c@ovdx
409       \divide\c@xdim\c@multicnt
410       \multiply\c@xdim\c@count@
411       \c@ydim\c@count@\c@ovyy
412       \advance\c@ydim\c@ovdy
413       \divide\c@ydim\c@multicnt
414       \multiply\c@ydim\c@count@
415       \raise \c@ydim
416         \hb@xt@\z@{\kern\c@xdim
417           \unhcopy\c@tempboxa\hss}%
418       \advance\c@count@\c@ne}}}
419 (/2ekernel)

```

File E

ltthm.dtx

58 Theorem Environments

The user creates his own theorem-like environments with the command

`\newtheorem{\langle name \rangle}{\langle text \rangle}[(\langle counter \rangle)]` or
`\newtheorem{\langle name \rangle}[(\langle oldname \rangle)]{\langle text \rangle}`

This defines the environment `\langle name \rangle` to be just as one would expect a theorem environment to be, except that it prints `\langle text \rangle` instead of "Theorem".

If `\langle oldname \rangle` is given, then environments `\langle name \rangle` and `\langle oldname \rangle` use the same counter, so using a `\langle name \rangle` environment advances the number of the next `\langle name \rangle` environment, and vice-versa.

If `\langle counter \rangle` is given, then environment `\langle name \rangle` is numbered within `\langle counter \rangle`.

E.g., if `\langle counter \rangle = subsection`, then the first `\langle name \rangle` in subsection 7.2 is numbered `\langle text \rangle` 7.2.1.

The way `\langle name \rangle` environments are numbered can be changed by redefining `\the\langle name \rangle`.

DOCUMENT STYLE PARAMETERS

`\@thmcnter{COUNTER}` : A command such that

`\edef\theCOUNTER{\@thmcnter{COUNTER}}`

defines `\theCOUNTER` to produce a number for a theorem environment.

The default is:

`BEGIN \noexpand\arabic{COUNTER} END`

`\@thmcntersep` : A separator placed between a theorem number and the number of the counter within which it is numbered.

E.g., to make the third theorem of section 7.2 be numbered 7.2-3, `\@thmcntersep` should be `\def`'ed to '-'. Its default is '-'.

`\@begintheorem{NAME}{NUMBER}` : A command that begins a theorem

environment for a 'theorem' named 'NAME NUMBER' –
e.g., `\@begintheorem{Lemma}{3.7}` starts Lemma 3.7.

`\@opargbegintheorem{NAME}{NUMBER}{OPARG}` :

A command that begins a theorem environment for a 'theorem' named 'NAME NUMBER' with optional argument OPARG – e.g., `\@begintheorem{Lemma}{3.7}{Jones}` starts 'Lemma 3.7 (Jones):'.

`\@endtheorem` : A command that ends a theorem environment.

`\newtheorem{NAME}{TEXT}[COUNTER] ==`

```

BEGIN
  if \NAME is definable
    then \@definecounter{NAME}
      if COUNTER present
        then \@newctr{NAME}[COUNTER] fi
          \theNAME == BEGIN \theCOUNTER \@thmcOUNTERsep
          eval\@thmcOUNTER{NAME}
END
  else \theNAME == BEGIN eval\@thmcOUNTER{NAME} END
  \NAME == \@thm{NAME}{TEXT}
  \endNAME == \endtheorem
else error
fi
END

\newtheorem{NAME}[OLDNAME]{TEXT} ==
BEGIN
  if counter OLDNAME nonexistent
    then ERROR
  else
    if \NAME is definable
      then BEGIN
        \theNAME == \theOLDNAME
        \NAME == \@thm{OLDNAME}{TEXT}
        \endNAME == \endtheorem
        END
    else error
  fi
END

\@thm{NAME}{TEXT} ==
BEGIN
  \@refstepcounter{NAME}
  if next char =
    then \@ythm{NAME}{TEXT}
    else \@xthm{NAME}{TEXT}
  fi
END

\@xthm{NAME}{TEXT} ==
BEGIN
  \@begintheorem{TEXT}{\theNAME}
  \ignorespaces
END

\@ythm{NAME}{TEXT}[OPARG] ==
BEGIN
  \@opargbegintheorem{TEXT}{\theNAME}{OPARG}
  \ignorespaces

```

END

\newtheorem \newtheorem ought really be allowed only in the preamble. Which would be good document style, and allow some main memory to be saved by declaring these commands to be \onlypreamble. Unfortunately the L^AT_EX book indicates that \newtheorem may be used anywhere in the document...

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \def\newtheorem#1{%
3   \@ifnextchar[{\@othm{#1}}{\@nthm{#1}}}

\@nthm
4 \def\@nthm#1#2{%
5   \@ifnextchar[{\@xnthm{#1}{#2}}{\@ynthm{#1}{#2}}}

\@xnthm 92/09/18 RmS: Changed \addtoreset to \newctr to produce error message if counter #3 does not exist (to be consistent with behaviour of \newcounter)
6 \def\@xnthm#1#2[#3]{%
7   \expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
8   {\@definecounter{#1}\@newctr{#1}[#3]%
9     \expandafter\xdef\csname the#1\endcsname{%
10       \expandafter\noexpand\csname the#3\endcsname \@thmcOUNTERsep
11         \@thmcOUNTER{#1}}%
12   \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#1}{#2}}%
13   \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}

\@ynthm
14 \def\@ynthm#1#2{%
15   \expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
16   {\@definecounter{#1}%
17     \expandafter\xdef\csname the#1\endcsname{\@thmcOUNTER{#1}}%
18   \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#1}{#2}}%
19   \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}

\@othm
20 \def\@othm#1[#2]{#3}{%
21   \@ifundefined{c@#2}{\@nocounterr{#2}}%
22   {\expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
23   {\global\@namedef{the#1}{\@nameuse{the#2}}%
24   \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#2}{#3}}%
25   \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}

\@thm
26 \def\@thm#1#2{%
27   \refstepcounter{#1}%
28   \@ifnextchar[{\@ythm{#1}{#2}}{\@xthm{#1}{#2}}}

\@xthm
\@ythm
29 \def\@xthm#1#2{%
30   \begin{theorem}{#2}{\csname the#1\endcsname}\ignorespaces}
31 \def\@ythm#1#2[#3]{%
32   \opargbegintheorem{#2}{\csname the#1\endcsname}{#3}\ignorespaces}
```

Default values

```

\@thmcounter
\@thmcountersep 33 \def\@thmcounter#1{\noexpand\arabic{#1}}
34 \def\@thmcountersep{.}

\@begintheorem Providing theorem defaults.
\@opargbegintheorem 35 \def\@begintheorem#1#2{\trivlist
36   \item[\hspace*{#1}\bfseries #2]\itshape}
37 \def\@opargbegintheorem#1#2#3{\trivlist
38   \item[\hspace*{#1}\bfseries #2\ (#3)]\itshape}
39 \def\@endtheorem{\endtrivlist}
40 \end{2ekernel}

```

File F

ltsect.dtx

59 Sectioning Commands

This file defines the declarations such as `\author` which are used by `\maketitle`. `\maketitle` itself is defined by each class, not in the L^AT_EX kernel.

The second part of the file defines the generic commands used for defining sectioning commands such as `\chapter`. Again the actual document level commands are defined in the class files, in terms of these commands.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{title,}
```

59.1 The Title

`\title` The user defines the title and author by the declarations `\title{<name>}`, `\author{<name>}`

`\date` Similarly the date is declared with `\date{<date>}`.

`\thanks` Inside these, the `\thanks{<footnote text>}` command may be used to make acknowledgements, notice of address, etc. in a footnote. If there are multiple authors, they have to be separated with the `\and` command.

`\maketitle` And finally, the `\maketitle` command produces the actual title, using the information previously saved with the other commands.

`\title` `\title` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce an error message.

```
3 \def\title#1{\gdef\@title{#1}}
4 \def\@title{\@latex@error{No \noexpand\title given}\@ehc}
```

`\author` `\author` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce a warning message.

```
5 \def\author#1{\gdef\@author{#1}}
6 \def\@author{\@latex@warning@no@line{No \noexpand\author given}}
```

`\date` `\date` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce `\today` as the default.

```
7 \def\date#1{\gdef\@date{#1}}
8 \gdef\@date{\today}
```

`\thanks`

```
9 \def\thanks#1{\footnotemark
10   \protected@xdef\@thanks{\@thanks
11     \protect\footnotetext[\the\c@footnote]{#1}}%
12 }
```

`\@thanks`

```
13 \let\@thanks\empty
```

```

\and
14 \def\and{%
15   \end{tabular}%
16   \hskip 1em \@plus.17fil%
17   \begin{tabular}[t]{c}}% % \end{tabular}
18 \message{sectioning,}

```

59.2 Sectioning

- \@secpenalty
- 19 \newcount\@secpenalty
 - 20 \@secpenalty = -300
- \if@noskipsec \@noskipsectrue Way back in 1991 (08/26) FMi & RmS set the \@noskipsec switch to true for the preamble and to false in \document. This was done to trap lists and related text in the preamble but it does not catch everything.
- 21 \newif\if@noskipsec \@noskipsectrue
- \@startsection The \@startsection{\langle name\rangle}{\langle level\rangle}{\langle indent\rangle}{\langle beforeskip\rangle}{\langle afterskip\rangle}{\langle style\rangle}*[\langle altheading\rangle]{\langle heading\rangle} command is the mother of all the user level sectioning commands. The part after the *, including the * is optional.
- name:** e.g., 'subsection'
- level:** a number, denoting depth of section – e.g., chapter=1, section = 2, etc.
- indent:** Indentation of heading from left margin
- beforeskip:** Absolute value = skip to leave above the heading. If negative, then paragraph indent of text following heading is suppressed.
- afterskip:** if positive, then skip to leave below heading, else negative of skip to leave to right of run-in heading.
- style:** Commands to set style. Since June 1996 release the *last* command in this argument may be a command such as \MakeUppercase or \fbox that takes an argument. The section heading will be supplied as the argument to this command. So setting #6 to, say, \bfseries\MakeUppercase would produce bold, uppercase headings.
- If '*' is missing, then increment the counter. If it is present, then there should be no [\langle altheading\rangle] argument. The command uses the counter 'secnumdepth'. It contains a pointer to the highest section level that is to be numbered.
- Warning:** The \@startsection command should be at the same or higher grouping level as the text that follows it. For example, you should *not* do something like
- ```

\def\foo{ \begingroup ...
 \paragraph{...}
 \endgroup}

```

```

Pseudocode for the \@startsection command
\@startsection
{NAME}{LEVEL}{INDENT}{BEForeskip}{AFTerskip}{Style} ==
BEGIN
 IF @noskipsec = T THEN \leavevmode FI
 % true if previous section had no body.

 \par
 \tempskipa := BEForeskip
 @afterindent := T
 IF \tempskipa < 0 THEN \tempskipa := -\tempskipa
 @afterindent := F
 FI
 IF @nobreak = true
 THEN \everypar == null
 ELSE \addpenalty{\secpenalty}
 \addvspace{\tempskipa}
 FI
 IF * next
 THEN \@sect{INDENT}{BEForeskip}{AFTerskip}{Style}
 ELSE \dblarg{\@sect
 {NAME}{LEVEL}{INDENT}
 {BEForeskip}{AFTerskip}{Style}}
 FI
END

22 \def\@startsection#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
23 \if@noskipsec \leavevmode \fi
24 \par
25 \tempskipa #4\relax
26 \if@afterindenttrue
27 \ifdim \tempskipa <\z@
28 \tempskipa -\tempskipa \if@afterindentfalse
29 \fi
30 \if@nobreak
31 \everypar{}%
32 \else
33 \addpenalty\secpenalty\addvspace\tempskipa
34 \fi
35 \ifstar
36 {\@sect{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}%
37 {\dblarg{\@sect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}}%
}

\@sect Pseudocode for the \@sect command

\@sect{NAME}{LEVEL}{INDENT}{BEForeskip}{AFTerskip}{Style}[ARG1][ARG2] ==
BEGIN
 IF LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
 THEN \@svsec := null
 ELSE \refstepcounter{NAME}
 \@svsec :=L BEGIN \@seccntformat{#1}\relax END

```

```

 FI
IF AFTERSKIP > 0
 THEN \begingroup
 STYLE
 \Changefrom{\hspace{INDENT}\@svsec}
 {\interlinepenalty 10000 ARG2\par}
 \endgroup
 \NAMEmark{ARG1}
 \addcontentsline{toc}{NAME}
 { IF LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
 ELSE \protect\numberline{\theNAME} FI
 ARG1 }
 ELSE \@svsechd == BEGIN STYLE
 \hspace{INDENT}\@svsec
 ARG2
 \NAMEmark{ARG1}
 \addcontentsline{toc}{NAME}
 { IF LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
 ELSE

\protect\numberline{\theNAME}
 FI
 ARG1 }
 END
 FI
 \xsect{AFTERSKIP}
 END
38 \def\@sect#1#2#3#4#5#6[#7]#8{%
39 \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth
40 \let\@svsec\empty
41 \else
42 \refstepcounter{#1}%

```

Since \secformat might end with an improper \hspace which is scanning forward for plus or minus we end the definition of \@svsec with \relax as a precaution.

```

43 \protected@edef\@svsec{\secformat{#1}\relax}%
44 \fi
45 \tempskipa #5\relax
46 \ifdim \tempskipa>z@
47 \begingroup

```

This { used to be after the argument to \Changefrom but was moved here to allow commands such as \MakeUppercase to be used at the end of #6.

```

48 #6{%
49 \Changefrom{\hspace{#3}\relax\@svsec}%
50 \interlinepenalty \OM #8\@par}%
51 \endgroup
52 \csname #1mark\endcsname{#7}%
53 \addcontentsline{toc}{#1}{%
54 \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth \else
55 \protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}%

```

```

56 \fi
57 #7}%
58 \else
59 \def\@svsechd{%
60 #6{\hskip #3\relax
61 \@svsec #8}%
62 \csname #1mark\endcsname{#7}%
63 \addcontentsline{toc}{#1}{%
64 \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth \else
65 \protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}%
66 \fi
67 #7}%
68 \fi
69 \@xsect{#5}}
\@xsect Pseudocode for the \@xsect command
\@xsect{AFTERSKIP} ==
BEGIN
 IF AFTERSKIP > 0
 THEN \par \nobreak
 \vskip AFTERSKIP
 \afterheading
 ELSE @nobreak :=G F
 @noskipsec :=G T
 \everypar{ IF @noskipsec = T
 THEN @noskipsec :=G F
 \clubpenalty :=G 10000
 \hskip -\parindent
 \begingroup
 \@svsechd
 \endgroup
 \unskip
 \hskip -AFTERSKIP \relax
 %% relax added 14 Jan 91
 ELSE \clubpenalty :=G \clubpenalty
 \everypar := NULL
 FI
 }
 FI
END
70 \def\@xsect#1{%
71 \tempskipa #1\relax
72 \ifdim \tempskipa>\z@

```

Why not combine \@sect and \@xsect and save doing the same test twice? It is not possible to change this now as these have become hooks!

This \par seems unnecessary.

```

73 \par \nobreak
74 \vskip \tempskipa

```

```

75 \@afterheading
76 \else
77 \nobreakfalse
78 \global\@noskipsectrue
79 \everypar{%
80 \if@noskipsec
81 \global\@noskipsecfalse
82 {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
83 \clubpenalty\@M
84 \begingroup \@svsechd \endgroup
85 \unskip
86 \tempskipa #1\relax
87 \hskip -\tempskipa
88 \else
89 \clubpenalty \clubpenalty
90 \everypar{}%
91 \fi}%
92 \fi
93 \ignorespaces}

```

\@secntformat This command formats the section number including the space following it.  
94 \def\@secntformat#1{\csname the#1\endcsname\quad}

Pseudocode for the \@sect command  
\@sect{INDENT}{BEFRESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}{STYLE}{ARG} ==  
BEGIN  
IF AFTERSKIP > 0  
THEN \begingroup  
STYLE  
\hangfrom{\hskip INDENT}\interlinepenalty 10000  
ARG\par}  
\endgroup  
ELSE \@svsechd == BEGIN STYLE  
\hskip INDENT  
ARG  
END  
FI  
\@xsect{AFTERSKIP}  
END  
Pseudocode for the \@afterheading command  
\@afterheading ==  
BEGIN  
@nobreak :=G true  
\everypar := BEGIN IF @nobreak = T  
THEN @nobreak :=G false  
\clubpenalty :=G 10000  
IF @afterindent = F  
THEN remove \lastbox  
FI  
ELSE \clubpenalty :=G \clubpenalty  
\everypar := NULL

```

 FI
 END
END
```

```
\@ssect
95 \def\@ssect#1#2#3#4#5{%
96 \tempskipa #3\relax
97 \ifdim \tempskipa>\z@
98 \begingroup
```

This { used to be after the argument to \changefrom but was moved here to allow commands such as \MakeUppercase to be used at the end of #4.

```

99 #4{%
100 \changefrom{\hskip #1}%
101 \interlinepenalty \OM #5\@par}%
102 \endgroup
103 \else
104 \def\@svsechd{\#4{\hskip #1\relax #5}}%
105 \fi
106 \@xsect{#3}}
```

\if@afterindent  
\@afterindenttrue 107 \newif\if@afterindent \@afterindenttrue

\@afterheading This hook is used in setting up custom-built headings in classes.dtx.

```

108 \def\@afterheading{%
109 \nobreaktrue
110 \everypar{%
111 \if@nobreak
112 \nobreakfalse
113 \clubpenalty \OM
114 \if@afterindent \else
115 {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
116 \fi
117 \else
118 \clubpenalty \clubpenalty
119 \everypar{}%
120 \fi}}
```

\@hangfrom \@hangfrom{<text>} : Puts <text> in a box, and makes a hanging indentation of the following material up to the first \par. Should be used in vertical mode.

```

121 \def\@hangfrom#1{\setbox\tempboxa\hbox{#1}%
122 \hangindent \wd\tempboxa\noindent\box\tempboxa}
```

\c@secnumdepth  
\c@tocdepth 123 \newcount\c@secnumdepth
124 \newcount\c@tocdepth

\secdef \secdef{<unstarcmds>}{<unstarcmds>}{<starcmds>}

When defining a \chapter or \section command without using \startsection, you can use \secdef as follows:

1. \def\chapter{ ... \secdef \langle starcmd \rangle \langle unstarcmd \rangle }

```

2. \def\⟨starcmd⟩[#1]#2{ ... } % Command to define \chapter[...]{...}
3. \def\⟨unstarcmd⟩#1{ ... } % Command to define \chapter*{...}
125 \def\secdef#1#2{\@ifstar{#2}{\@dblarg{#1}}}

```

### 59.2.1 Initializations

```

\sectionmark
\subsectionmark
126 \let\sectionmark\gobble
\subsubsectionmark
127 \let\subsectionmark\gobble
\paragraphmark
128 \let\subsubsectionmark\gobble
\ subparagraphmark
129 \let\paragraphmark\gobble
130 \let\subparagraphmark\gobble
131 \message{contents,}

```

## 59.3 Table of Contents etc.

### 59.3.1 Convention

\tf@⟨foo⟩ = file number for output for table foo. The file is opened only if @files w = true.

### 59.3.2 Commands

A \l@⟨type⟩{⟨entry⟩}{⟨page⟩} Macro needs to be defined by document style for making an entry of type ⟨type⟩ in a table of contents, etc. E.g., the document style should define \l@chapter, \l@section, etc.

**Note:** When the \protect command is used in the ⟨entry⟩ or ⟨text⟩ of one of the commands below, it causes the following control sequence to be written on the file without being expanded. The sequence will be expanded when the table of contents entry is processed.

**Surprise:** Inside an \addcontentsline or \addtocontents command argument, the commands: \index, \glossary, and \label are no-ops . This could cause a problem if the user puts an \index or \label into one of the commands he writes, or into the optional ‘short version’ argument of a \section or \caption command.

\@starttoc The \@starttoc{⟨ext⟩} command is used to define the commands: \tableofcontents, \listoffigures, etc.  
For example: \@starttoc{lof} is used in \listoffigures. This command reads the .⟨ext⟩ file and sets up to write the new .⟨ext⟩ file.

```

\@starttoc{EXT} ==
BEGIN
\begingroup
\makeatletter
read file \jobname.EXT
IF @files w = true
 THEN open \jobname.EXT as file \tf@EXT
FI
@nobreak :=G FALSE %% added 24 May 89

```

```

 \endgroup
 END

132 \def\@starttoc#1{%
133 \begingroup
134 \makeatletter
135 \cinput{\jobname.#1}%
136 \if@filesw
137 \expandafter\newwrite\curname tf@#1\endcsname
138 \immediate\openout \curname tf@#1\endcsname \jobname.#1\relax
139 \fi
140 \nobreakfalse
141 \endgroup

```

**\addcontentsline** The `\addcontentsline{<table>}{<type>}{<entry>}` command allows the user to add his/her own entry to a table of contents, etc. The command adds the entry `\contentsline{<type>}{<entry>}{<page>}` to the `.<table>` file.

This macro is implemented as an application of `\addtocontents`. Note that `\thepage` is not expandable during `\protected@write` therefore one gets the page number at the time of the `\shipout`.

```

142 \def\addcontentsline#1#2#3{%
143 \addtocontents{#1}{\protect\contentsline{#2}{#3}{\thepage}}}

```

**\addtocontents** The `\addtocontents{<table>}{<text>}` command adds `<text>` to the `.<table>` file, with no page number.

```

144 \long\def\addtocontents#1#2{%
145 \protected@write\auxout
146 {\let\label\gobble \let\index\gobble \let\glossary\gobble}%
147 {\string\@writefile{#1}{#2}}}

```

**\contentsline** The `\contentsline{<type>}{<entry>}{<page>}` macro produces a `<type>` entry in a table of contents, etc. It will appear in the `.toc` or other file. For example, The entry for subsection 1.4.3 in the table of contents for example, might be produced by:

```

\contentsline{subsection}
 {\makebox[30pt][r]{1.4.3} Gnats and Gnus}{22}

```

The `\protect` command causes command sequences to be written without expanding them.

```
148 \def\contentsline#1{\curname 1@#1\endcsname}
```

`\@dottedtocline{<level>}{<indent>}{<numwidth>} {<title>}{<page>}`: Macro to produce a table of contents line with the following parameters:

**level** If `<level>` > `\c@tocdepth`, then no line produced.

**indent** Total indentation from the left margin.

**numwidth** Width of box for number if the `<title>` has a `\numberline` command.

As of 25 Jan 1988, this is also the amount of extra indentation added to second and later lines of a multiple line entry.

**title** Contents of entry.

**page** Page number.

Uses the following parameters, which must be set by the document style. They should be defined with \def's.

**pnumwidth** Width of box in which page number is set.

**tocrmarg** Right margin indentation for all but last line of multiple-line entries.

**dotsep** Separation between dots, in mu units. Should be \def'd to a number like 2 or 1.7

#### \@dottedtocline

```
149 \def\@dottedtocline#1#2#3#4#5{%
150 \ifnum #1>\c@tocdepth \else
151 \vskip \z@ \c@plus.2\p@
152 {\leftskip #2\relax \rightskip \c@tocrmarg \parfillskip -\rightskip
153 \parindent #2\relax \c@afterindenttrue
154 \interlinepenalty\@M
155 \leavevmode
156 \c@tempdima #3\relax
157 \advance\leftskip \c@tempdima \null\nobreak\hskip -\leftskip
158 {#4}\nobreak
159 \leaders\hbox{$\m@th
```

If a document uses fonts other than computer modern, the use of a dot from math can be very disturbing despite the fact that this might be the only place in a document that then uses computer modern. Therefore we surround the dot with an \hbox to escape to the surrounding text font.

```
160 \mkern \c@dotsep mu\hbox{.}\mkern \c@dotsep
161 mu$\}\hfill
162 \nobreak
163 \hb@xt@\c@pnumwidth{\hfil\normalfont \normalcolor #5}%
164 \par}%
165 \fi}
```

**Note:** \nobreak's added 7 Jan 86 to prevent bad line break that left the page number dangling by itself at left edge of a new line.

Changed 25 Jan 88 to use \leftskip instead of \hangindent so leaders of multiple-line contents entries would line up properly.

**\numberline** \numberline{\langle number\rangle}: For use in a \contentsline command. It puts \langle number\rangle flushleft in a box of width \c@tempdima (Before 25 Jan 88 change, it also added \c@tempdima to the hanging indentation.)

```
166 \def\numberline#1{\hb@xt@\c@tempdima{#1\hfil}}
167 </2ekernel>
```

# File G

## ltfloat.dtx

### 60 Floats

The different types of floats are identified by a *<type>* name, which is the name of the counter for that kind of float. For example, figures are of type ‘figure’ and tables are of type ‘table’. Each *<type>* has associated a positive *<type number>*, which is a power of two. E.g., figures might be have type number 1, tables type number 2, programs type number 4, etc.

The locations where a float can go are specified by a *<placement specifier>*, which is a list of the possible locations, each denoted by a letter as follows:

- h : here — at the current location in the text.
- t : top — at the top of a text page.
- b : bottom — at the bottom of a text page.
- p : page — on a separate float page

In addition, in conjunction with these, you can use ‘!’ which means that the current values of the float positioning parameters are ignored for this float. (Has no effect on ‘p’, float page positioning.) For example, ‘pht’ specifies that the float can appear in any of three locations: page, here or top.

#### 60.1 Floating Environments

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{floats,}
```

Where floats may appear on a page, and how many may appear there are specified by the following float placement parameters. The numbers are named like counters so the user can set them with the ordinary counter-setting commands.

```
\c@topnumber : Number of floats allowed at the top of a column.
\topfraction : Fraction of column that can be devoted to floats.
\c@dbltopnumber, \dbltopfraction
 : Same as above, but for double-column floats.
\c@bottomnumber, \bottomfraction
 : Same as above for bottom of page.
\c@totalnumber : Number of floats allowed in a single column,
 including in-text floats.
{textfraction} : Minimum fraction of column that must contain text.
{floatpagefraction}: Minimum fraction of page that must be taken
 up by float page.
{dblfloatpagefraction}
 : Same as above, for double-column floats.
```

The document style must define the following.

`\fps@TYPE` : The default placement specifier for floats of type TYPE.  
`\ftype@TYPE` : The type number for floats of type TYPE.  
`\ext@TYPE` : The file extension indicating the file on which the contents list for float type TYPE is stored.  
For example, `\ext@figure` = 'lof'.  
`\fnum@TYPE` : A macro to generate the figure number for a caption.  
For example, `\fnum@TYPE` == Figure `\thefigure`.  
`\@makecaption{NUM}{TEXT}` :  
A macro to make a caption, with NUM the value produced by `\fnum@...` and TEXT the text of the caption.  
It can assume it's in a `\parbox` of the appropriate width.  
`\@float{TYPE}[PLACEMENT]` : This macro begins a float environment for a single-column float of type TYPE with PLACEMENT as the placement specifier. The default value of PLACEMENT is defined by `\fps@TYPE`. The environment is ended by `\end@float`.  
E.g., `\figure == \@float{figure}, \endfigure == \end@float`.  
`\@float{TYPE}[PLACEMENT] ==`  
BEGIN  
if hmode then `\@bsphack`  
`\@floatpenalty := -10002`  
else `\@floatpenalty := -10003`  
fi  
`\@capttype ==L TYPE`  
`\@dblflset`  
`\@fps ==L PLACEMENT`  
`\@onelevel@sanitize \@fps`  
add default PLACEMENT if at most ! in PLACEMENT ==  
`\@fpsadddefault`  
if inner  
then LaTeX Error: 'Not in outer paragraph mode.'  
`\@floatpenalty := 0`  
else if `\@freelist` nonempty  
then `\@currbox :=L head of \@freelist`  
`\@freelist :=G tail of \@freelist`  
`\count\@currbox :=G 32*\ftype@TYPE +`  
bits determined by  
PLACEMENT  
else `\@floatpenalty := 0`  
LaTeX Error: 'Too many unprocessed floats'  
fi

```

fi
\@currbox :=G \color@vbox
\normalcolor
\vbox{
%% 15 Dec 87 -
%% removed \boxmaxdepth :=L 0pt
%% that made box 0 depth because it screwed
%% things up. Instead, added \vskip0pt at
end
\hsize = \columnwidth
\@parboxrestore
\@floatboxreset
END

\caption ==
BEGIN
\refstepcounter{@cattyp}
\@dblarg{\@caption{\@cattyp}}
END

```

In following definition, `\par` moved from after `\addcontentsline` to before `\addcontentsline` because the `\write` could cause an extra blank line to be added to the paragraph above the caption. (Change made 12 Jun 87)

```

\@caption{TYPE}[STEXT]{TEXT} ==
BEGIN
\par
\addcontentsline{\ext@TYPE}{TYPE}{\numberline{\theTYPE}{STEXT}}
\begingroup
\@parboxrestore
\normalsize
\makecaption{\fnum@TYPE}{TEXT}
\par
\endgroup
END

```

`\@dblfloat{TYPE}[PLACEMENT]` : Macro to begin a float environment for a double-column float of type TYPE with PLACEMENT as the placement specifier. The default value of PLACEMENT is 'tp'. The environment is ended by `\end@dblfloat`. E.g., `\figure*` == `\@dblfloat{figure}`, `\endfigure*` == `\end@dblfloat`.

```
\@dblfloat{TYPE}[PLACEMENT] ==
```

```

 Identical to \@float{TYPE}[PLACEMENT] except \hsize and
\linewidth
 are set to \textwidth.

\@floatpenalty
 3 \newcount\@floatpenalty

\caption This is set to be an error message outside a float since no capttype is defined there;
this may need to be changed by some classes.
4 \def\caption{%
5 \ifx\@capttype\@undefined
6 \@latex@error{\noexpand\caption outside float}\@ehd
7 \expandafter\@gobble
8 \else
9 \refstepcounter\@capttype
10 \expandafter\@firstofone
11 \fi
12 {\@dblarg{\@caption\@capttype}}%
13 }

\@caption
14 \long\def\@caption#1[#2]{%
15 \par
16 \addcontentsline{\csname ext@#1\endcsname}{#1}{%
17 \protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}{\ignorespaces #2}}%
18 \begingroup

The paragraph setting parameters are normalised at this point, however
\@parboxrestore resets \everypar which is not correct in this context so
\@setminipage is called if needed.

The float mechanism, like minipage, sets the flag @minipage true before executing the user-supplied text. Many LATEX constructs test for this flag and do not add vertical space when it is true. The intention is that this emulates TEX's 'top of page' behaviour. The flag must be set false at the start of the first paragraph. This is achieved by a redefinition of \everypar, but the call to \@parboxrestore removes that redefinition, so it is re-inserted if needed. If the flag is already false then the \caption was not the first entry in the float, and so some other paragraph has already activated the special \everypar. In this case no further action is needed.

19 \@parboxrestore
20 \if@minipage
21 \@setminipage
22 \fi
23 \normalsize
24 \makcaption{\csname fnum@\#1\endcsname}{\ignorespaces #3}\par
25 \endgroup

\@float
\@dblflset
26 \def\@float#1{%
27 \ifnextchar[%]
28 {\@xfloat{#1}}%
29 {\edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\@xfloat{#1}[\csname fps@\#1\endcsname]}%
30 \reserved@a}%

```

```

\@dblfloat
31 \def\@dblfloat{%
32 \if@twocolumn\let\reserved@a\@dbfllt\else\let\reserved@a\@float\fi
33 \reserved@a}

\fps@dbl Note that all double floats have default fps ‘tp’.

\@setfps This sets the fps, dealing with error conditions by adding the default.

\@xfloat The first part of this sets the count register that stores all the information about
the type and fps of the float.

 We assume here that the default specifiers already contain no active characters.
 It may be better to store the defaults as numbers, rather than symbol strings.

34 </2ekernel>
35 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
36 <latexrelease> {\@xfloat}{Check float options}%
37 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
38 \def\@xfloat #1[#2]{%
39 \@nодокумент
40 \def \@capttype {#1}%
41 \def \@fps {#2}%
42 \@onelvel@sanitize \@fps
43 \def \reserved@b {!}%
44 \ifx \reserved@b \@fps
45 \@fpsadddefault
46 \else
47 \ifx \@fps \empty
48 \@fpsadddefault
49 \fi
50 \fi
51 \ifhmode
52 \@bsphack
53 \@floatpenalty -\@Mii
54 \else
55 \@floatpenalty-\@Miii
56 \fi
57 \ifinner
58 \@parmoderr\@floatpenalty\z@
59 \else
60 \@next\@currbox\@freelist
61 {%
62 \atmpcnta \sixt@n
63 \expandafter \@tfor \expandafter \reserved@a
64 \expandafter :\expandafter =\@fps
65 \do

```

Start of changes, use a nested if structure, ending in an error.

```

66 {%
67 \if \reserved@a h%
68 \ifodd \atmpcnta
69 \else
70 \advance \atmpcnta \one
71 \fi
72 \else\if \reserved@a t%

```

```

73 \@setfpsbit \tw@%
74 \else\if \reserved@a b%
75 \@setfpsbit 4%
76 \else\if \reserved@a p%
77 \@setfpsbit 8%
78 \else\if \reserved@a !%
79 \ifnum \tempcnta>15
80 \advance\tempcnta -\sixt@@n\relax
81 \fi
82 \else
83 \@latex@error{Unknown float option '\reserved@a'}%
84 {Option '\reserved@a' ignored and 'p' used.}%
85 \@setfpsbit 8%
86 \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
87 }%

```

End of changes

```

88 \tempcntb \csname ftype@\@capttype \endcsname
89 \multiply \tempcntb \xxxii
90 \advance \tempcnta \tempcntb
91 \global \count\currbox \tempcnta
92 }%
93 \fltovf
94 \fi

```

The remainder sets up the box in which the float is typeset, and the typesetting environment to be used. It is essential to have the extra box to avoid the unwanted space that would otherwise often be put at the top of the float.

It ends with a hook; not sure how useful this is but it is needed at present to deal with double-column floats.

```

95 \global \setbox\currbox
96 \color@vbox
97 \normalcolor
98 \vbox \bgroup
99 \hsize\columnwidth
100 \parboxrestore
101 \floatboxreset
102 }%
103 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
104 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
105 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
106 <latexrelease> {\@xfloat}{Check float options}%
107 <latexrelease>\def\@xfloat #1[#2]{%
108 <latexrelease> \nодокумент
109 <latexrelease> \def \@capttype {#1}%
110 <latexrelease> \def \fps {#2}%
111 <latexrelease> \onelevel@sanitize \fps
112 <latexrelease> \def \reserved@b {!}%
113 <latexrelease> \ifx \reserved@b \fps
114 <latexrelease> \fpsadddefault
115 <latexrelease> \else
116 <latexrelease> \ifx \fps \empty
117 <latexrelease> \fpsadddefault
118 <latexrelease> \fi
119 <latexrelease> \fi

```

```

120 <latexrelease> \ifhmode
121 <latexrelease> \@bsphack
122 <latexrelease> \@floatpenalty -\@Mii
123 <latexrelease> \else
124 <latexrelease> \@floatpenalty-\@Miii
125 <latexrelease> \fi
126 <latexrelease> \ifinner
127 <latexrelease> \@parmoderr\@floatpenalty\z@
128 <latexrelease> \else
129 <latexrelease> \@next\@currbox\@freelist
130 <latexrelease> {%
131 <latexrelease> \@tempcnta \sixt@n
132 <latexrelease> \expandafter \@tfor \expandafter \reserved@a
133 <latexrelease> \expandafter :\expandafter =\@fps
134 <latexrelease> \do
135 <latexrelease> {%
136 <latexrelease> \if \reserved@a h%
137 <latexrelease> \ifodd \@tempcnta
138 <latexrelease> \else
139 <latexrelease> \advance \@tempcnta \one
140 <latexrelease> \fi
141 <latexrelease> \fi
142 <latexrelease> \if \reserved@a t%
143 <latexrelease> \@setfpsbit \tw@
144 <latexrelease> \fi
145 <latexrelease> \if \reserved@a b%
146 <latexrelease> \@setfpsbit 4%
147 <latexrelease> \fi
148 <latexrelease> \if \reserved@a p%
149 <latexrelease> \@setfpsbit 8%
150 <latexrelease> \fi
151 <latexrelease> \if \reserved@a !%
152 <latexrelease> \ifnum \@tempcnta>15
153 <latexrelease> \advance\@tempcnta -\sixt@n\relax
154 <latexrelease> \fi
155 <latexrelease> \fi
156 <latexrelease> }%
157 <latexrelease> \@tempcntb \csname ftype@\@capttype \endcsname
158 <latexrelease> \multiply \@tempcntb \@xxxii
159 <latexrelease> \advance \@tempcnta \@tempcntb
160 <latexrelease> \global \count\@currbox \@tempcnta
161 <latexrelease> }%
162 <latexrelease> \@fltovf
163 <latexrelease> \fi
164 <latexrelease> \global \setbox\@currbox
165 <latexrelease> \color@vbox
166 <latexrelease> \normalcolor
167 <latexrelease> \vbox \bgroup
168 <latexrelease> \hsize\columnwidth
169 <latexrelease> \parboxrestore
170 <latexrelease> \@floatboxreset
171 <latexrelease>}%
172 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
173 {*2ekernel}

```

\@floatboxreset The rational for allowing these normally global flags to be set locally here, via \parboxrestore, was stated originally by Donald Arseneau and extended by Chris Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should never appear within marginals or floats or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as in \setnobreak; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```

174 \def \@floatboxreset {%
175 \reset@font
176 \normalsize
177 \setminipage
178 }

\@setnobreak
179 \def \@setnobreak{%
180 \if@nobreak
181 \let\outer@nobreak\@breaktrue
182 \nobreakfalse
183 \fi
184 }

\@setminipage
185 \def \@setminipage{%
186 \minipagetrue
187 \everypar{\minipagefalse\everypar{}}
188 }

\end@float
189 \def\end@float{%
190 \endfloatbox
191 \ifnum\floatpenalty <\z@

```

We make sure that we never exceed \textheight, otherwise float will never get typeset (91/03/15 FMi).

```

192 \largefloatcheck
193 \cons\currlist\currbox
194 \ifnum\floatpenalty <-\@Mii
195 \penalty -\@Miv

```

Saving and restoring \prevdepth added 26 May 87 to prevent extra vertical space when used in vertical mode.

```

196 \tempdima\prevdepth
197 \vbox{}%
198 \prevdepth\tempdima
199 \penalty\floatpenalty

200 \else
201 \vadjust{\penalty -\@Miv \vbox{}\penalty\floatpenalty}\@Espack
202 \fi
203 \fi
204 }

```

```

\end@dblfloat
205 </2ekernel>
206 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
207 <latexrelease> {\end@dblfloat}{float order in 2-column}%
208 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
209 \def\end@dblfloat{%
210 \if@twocolumn
211 \endfloatbox
212 \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@
213 \largefloatcheck
214 \global\dp\currbox1sp %
215 \cons\currlist\currbox
216 \ifnum\@floatpenalty <-\@Mi
217 \penalty -\@Miv
218 \tempdima\prevdepth
219 \vbox{}%
220 \prevdepth\tempdima
221 \penalty\@floatpenalty
222 \else
223 \vadjust{\penalty -\@Miv \vbox{}\penalty\@floatpenalty}\@Espack
224 \fi
225 \fi
226 \else
227 \end@float
228 \fi
229 }%
230 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
231 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
232 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
233 <latexrelease> {\end@dblfloat}{float order in 2-column}%
234 <latexrelease>\def\end@dblfloat{%
235 <latexrelease>\if@twocolumn
236 <latexrelease> \endfloatbox
237 <latexrelease> \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@
238 <latexrelease> \largefloatcheck
239 <latexrelease> \cons\dbldeferlist\currbox
240 <latexrelease> \fi
241 <latexrelease> \ifnum\@floatpenalty =-\@Mi \@Espack\fi
242 <latexrelease>\else
243 <latexrelease> \end@float
244 <latexrelease>\fi
245 <latexrelease>}%
246 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
247 {*2ekernel}

```

\@endfloatbox This macro is not intended to be a hook; it is designed to help maintain the integrity of this code, which is used twice and, as can be seen, is subject to frequent changes.

```

248 \def \@endfloatbox{%
249 \par\vskip\z@skip %% \par\vskip\z@ added 15 Dec 87
250 \ominipagefalse
251 \outer@nobreak
252 \egroup %% end of vbox
253 \color@endbox
254 }
255 %
256 % \begin{macro}{\outer@nobreak}
257 % \changes{v1.0h}{1994/05/20}{Macro added: default is to do nothing.}
258 % \begin{macrocode}
259 \let\outer@nobreak\empty

```

\@largefloatcheck This calculates by how much a float is oversize for the page and prints this in a warning message.

```

260 \def \@largefloatcheck{%
261 \ifdim \ht\@currbox>\textheight
262 \tempdima -\textheight
263 \advance \tempdima \ht\@currbox
264 \latext@warning {Float too large for page by \the\tempdima}%
265 \ht\@currbox \textheight
266 \fi
267 }

```

```

\@dbflt
\@dblfloat 268 \def\@dbflt#1{\ifnextchar[{`}\@dblfloat{#1}]{\@dblfloat{#1}[tp]}}
269 \def\@dblfloat#1[#2]{%
270 \xfloat{#1}[#2]\hsize\textrwidth\linewidth\textrwidth}

```

Moved to ltoutput 93/12/16

```

271 \%newcount\c@topnumber
272 \%newcount\c@dbltopnumber
273 \%newcount\c@bottomnumber
274 \%newcount\c@totalnumber

```

\@dblfloatplacement An analysis of \@floatplacement:

This should be called whenever \@colht has been set.

```

275 \def\@floatplacement{\global\@topnum\c@topnumber
276 % Textpage bit, global:
277 \global\@toproom \topfraction\@colht
278 \global\@botnum \c@bottomnumber
279 \global\@botroom \bottomfraction\@colht
280 \global\@colnum \c@totalnumber
281 % Floatpage bit, local:
282 \fpmin \floatpagefraction\@colht}
283 \endkernel

```

\@dblfloatplacement This should be called only within a group. Now changed to provide extra checks in \addtodblcol, needed when processing a BANG float.

```
284 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
285 <latexrelease> {\@dblfloatplacement}{float order in 2-column}%
286 {*2ekernel | latexrelease}
```

When making two column float area, look for floats with 1sp depth.

```
287 \def\@dblfloatplacement{\global\@dbltopnum\c@dbltopnumber
288 \global\@dbltoproom \dbltopfraction\@colht
289 \textmin\@colht
290 \advance\textmin-\@dbltoproom
291 \fpmin\@dblfloatpagefraction\textheight
292 \fptop\@dblftop
293 \fpsep\@dblpsep
294 \fpbot\@dblpbot
```

\f@depth is used in \testwidth to look for either column or dbl-column floats. A value of 1sp signals the latter. Because of this setting here, \@dblfloatplacement needs to be called inside a group which is a questionable design.

```
295 \def\f@depth{1sp}%
296 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
297 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
298 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
299 <latexrelease> {\@dblfloatplacement}{float order in 2-column}%
300 <latexrelease>\def\@dblfloatplacement{%
```

Textpage bit: global, but need not be.

```
301 <latexrelease> \global\@dbltopnum\c@dbltopnumber
302 <latexrelease> \global\@dbltoproom \dbltopfraction\@colht
```

This new bit uses \textmin to locally store the amount of extra room in the column.

```
303 <latexrelease> \textmin\@colht
304 <latexrelease> \advance\textmin-\@dbltoproom
```

Floatpage bit: must be local.

```
305 <latexrelease> \fpmin\@dblfloatpagefraction\textheight
306 <latexrelease> \fptop\@dblftop
307 <latexrelease> \fpsep\@dblpsep
308 <latexrelease> \fpbot\@dblpbot
309 <latexrelease>%
310 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
311 {*2ekernel}
```

#### MARGINAL NOTES:

Marginal notes use the same mechanism as floats to communicate with the \output routine. Marginal notes are distinguished from floats by having a negative placement specification. The command \marginpar [LTEXT]{RTEXT} generates a marginal note in a parbox, using LTEXT if it's on the left and RTEXT if it's on the right. (Default is RTEXT = LTEXT.) It uses the following parameters.

```

\marginparwidth : Width of marginal notes.
\marginparsep : Distance between marginal note and text.
 the page layout to determine how to move the marginal
 note into the margin. E.g., \leftmarginskip ==
 \hskip -\marginparwidth \hskip -\marginparsep .
\marginparpush : Minimum vertical separation between \marginpar's

```

Marginal notes are normally put on the outside of the page if @mparswitch = true, and on the right if @mparswitch = false. The command \reversemarginpar reverses the side where they are put. \normalmarginpar undoes \reversemarginpar. These commands have no effect for two-column output.

SURPRISE: if two marginal notes appear on the same line of text, then the second one could appear on the next page, in a funny position.

```

\marginpar [LTEXT]{RTEXT} ==
BEGIN
 if hmode then \cbsphack
 \floatpenalty := -10002
 else \floatpenalty := -10003
fi
if inner
 then LaTeX Error: 'Not in outer paragraph mode.'
 \floatpenalty := 0
 else if \freelist has two elements:
 then get \marbox, \currbox from \freelist
 \count\marbox := G -1
 else \floatpenalty := 0
 LaTeX Error: 'Too many unprocessed floats'
 \currbox, \marbox := \tempboxa %%use \def
 fi
 fi
 if optional argument
 then %% \xmpar ==
 \savemarbox\marbox{LTEXT}
 \savemarbox\currbox{RTEXT}
 else %% \ympar ==
 \savemarbox\marbox{RTEXT}
 \box\currbox := G \box\marbox
 fi
 \xympar
END

\reversemarginpar == BEGIN \mparbottom := G 0
 @reversemargin := G true
END

```

```

\normalmarginpar == BEGIN \c@mparbottom :=G 0
 @reversemargin :=G false
END

\marginpar
312 \def\marginpar{%
313 \ifhmode
314 \c@bsphack
315 \c@floatpenalty -\c@Mii
316 \else
317 \c@floatpenalty-\c@Miii
318 \fi
319 \ifinner
320 \c@parmoderr
321 \c@floatpenalty\z@
322 \else
323 \c@next\c@currbox\c@freelist{}{}%
324 \c@next\c@marbox\c@freelist{\global\c@count\c@marbox\c@mone}%
325 {\c@floatpenalty\z@%
326 \c@fltovf\def\c@currbox{\c@tempboxa}\def\c@marbox{\c@tempboxa}}%
327 \fi
328 \c@ifnextchar [\c@xmpar\c@ympar}

\c@xmpar
329 \long\def\c@xmpar[#1]\#2{%
330 \c@savemarbox\c@marbox{#1}%
331 \c@savemarbox\c@currbox{#2}%
332 \c@xypar}

\c@ympar
333 \long\def\c@ympar#1{%
334 \c@savemarbox\c@marbox{#1}%
335 \global\c@setbox\c@currbox\c@copy\c@marbox
336 \c@xypar}

\c@savemarbox
337 \long\def \c@savemarbox #1#2{%
338 \global\c@setbox #1%
339 \color\c@vbox
340 \vtop{%
341 \hsize\c@marginparwidth
342 \c@parboxrestore
343 \c@marginparreset
344 #2%
345 \c@minipagefalse
346 \c@outernobreak
347 }%
348 \color\c@endbox
349 }

\c@marginparreset The rational for allowing these normally global flags to be set locally here, via
\c@parboxrestore was stated originally by Donald Arsenau and extended by Chris

```

Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should never appear within marginals or floats or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as `\set@nobreak`; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```

350 \def \marginparreset {%
351 \reset@font
352 \normalsize
353 % \let\if@nobreak\iffalse
354 % \let\if@noskipsec\iffalse
355 % \c@setnobreak
356 \c@setminipage
357 }

```

```
\@xympar
```

Setting the box here is done only because the code uses `\end@float`; it will be empty and gets discarded.

```

358 \def \xympar{%
359 \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@\@cons\@currlist\@marbox\fi
360 \setbox\@tempboxa
361 \color@vbox
362 \vbox \bgroup
363 \end@float
364 \c@ignorefalse
365 \c@esphack
366 }

```

```
\reversemarginpar
```

```

\normalmarginpar 367 \def\reversemarginpar{\global\@mparbottom\z@\c@reversemargintrue}
368 \def\normalmarginpar{\global\@mparbottom\z@\c@reversemarginfalse}
369 \message{footnotes,}

```

## 60.2 Footnotes

`\footnote{NOTE}` : User command to insert a footnote.

`\footnote[NUM]{NOTE}`: User command to insert a footnote numbered *NUM*, where *NUM* is a number – 1, 2, etc. For example, if footnotes are numbered \*, \*\*, etc. within pages, then `\footnote[2]{...}` produces footnote \*\*. This command does not step the footnote counter.

`\footnotemark[NUM]` : Command to produce just the footnote mark in the text, but no footnote. With no argument, it steps the footnote counter before generating the mark.

`\footnotetext[NUM]{TEXT}` : Command to produce the footnote but no mark. `\footnote` is equivalent to

```
\footnotemark \footnotetext .
```

As in PLAIN, footnotes use `\insert\footins`, and the following parameters:

- `\footnotesize` : Size-changing command for footnotes.
  - `\footnotesep` : The height of a strut placed at the beginning of every footnote.
  - `\skip\footins` : Space between main text and footnotes. The rule separating footnotes from text occurs in this space. This space lies above the strut of height `\footnotesep` which is at the beginning of the first footnote.
  - `\footnoterule` : Macro to draw the rule separating footnotes from text. It is executed right after a `\vspace` of `\skip\footins`. It should take zero vertical space—i.e., it should skip to compensate for any positive space it occupies. (See PLAIN.TEX.)
- `\interfootnotelinepenalty` : Interline penalty for footnotes.
- `\thefootnote` : In usual LaTeX style, produces the footnote number. If footnotes are to be numbered within pages, then the document style file must include an `\@addtoreset` command to cause the footnote counter to be reset when the page counter is stepped. This is not a good idea, though, because the counter will not always be reset in time to ensure that the first footnote on a page is footnote number one.
  - `\@thefnmark` : Holds the current footnote's mark—e.g., `\dag` or '1' or 'a'.
  - `\mpfnnumber` : A macro that generates the numbers for `\footnote` and `\footnotemark` commands. It == `\thefootnote` outside a `minipage` environment, but can be changed inside to generate numbers for `\footnote`'s.
- `\@makefnmark` : A macro to generate the footnote marker from `\@thefnmark`. The default definition was `\hbox{$^{\@thefnmark}$}`.
- This is now replaced by  
`\textsuperscript{\@thefnmark}`
- `\@makefntext{NOTE}` :  
Must produce the actual footnote, using `\@thefnmark` as the mark

of the footnote and NOTE as the text. It is called when effectively inside a `\parbox`, with `\hsize = \columnwidth`.

For example, it might be as simple as

```
$^{\@thefnmark}$ NOTE
```

In a minipage environment, `\footnote` and `\footnotetext` are redefined so that

(a) they use the counter `mpfootnote`  
(b) the footnotes they produce go at the bottom of the minipage.  
The switch is accomplished by letting `\@mpfn == footnote` or `mpfootnote` and `\@thempfn == \thefootnote` or `\thempfootnote`, and by redefining `\@footnotetext` to be `\@mpfootnotetext` in the minipage.

```
\footnote{NOTE} ==
BEGIN
\stepcounter{\@mpfn}
begingroup
\protect == \noexpand
\@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
endgroup
\@footnotemark
\@footnotetext{NOTE}
END

\footnote[NUM]{NOTE} ==
BEGIN
begingroup
\protect == \noexpand
counter \@mpfn :=L NUM
\@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
endgroup
\@footnotemark
\@footnotetext{NOTE}
END

\footnotemark ==
BEGIN \stepcounter{footnote}
begingroup
\protect == \noexpand
\@thefnmark :=G eval(\thefootnote)
endgroup
\@footnotemark
END

\footnotemark[NUM] ==
BEGIN
begingroup
footnote counter :=L NUM
\protect == \noexpand
\@thefnmark :=G eval(\thefootnote)
```

```

endgroup
\@footnotemark
END

\@footnotemark ==
BEGIN
\leavevmode
IF hmode THEN \c@sf := \the\spacefactor FI
\@makefnmark % put number in main text
IF hmode THEN \spacefactor := \c@sf FI
END

\footnotetext ==
BEGIN begingroup \protect == \noexpand
\@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
endgroup
\@footnotetext
END

\footnotetext[NUM] ==
BEGIN begingroup counter \c@mpfn :=L NUM
\protect == \noexpand
\@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
endgroup
\@footnotetext
END

```

- \footins L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X does use the same insert for footnotes as PLAIN.
- 370 \newinsert\footins  
L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X leaves these initializations for the \footins insert.
- 371 \skip\footins=\bigskipamount % space added when footnote is present  
372 \count\footins=1000 % footnote magnification factor (1 to 1)  
373 \dimen\footins=8in % maximum footnotes per page
- \footnoterule L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X keeps PLAIN T<sub>E</sub>X's \footnoterule as the default.
- 374 \def\footnoterule{\kern-3\p@  
375 \hrule \width 2in \kern 2.6\p@} % the \hrule is .4pt high
- \thefootnote
- 376 \@definecounter{footnote}  
377 \def\thefootnote{\@arabic\c@footnote}
- \thempfootnote The default display for the footnote counter in minipages is to use italic letters.  
We use \itshape not \textit as the latter would add an italic correction.
- 378 \@definecounter{mpfootnote}  
379 \def\thempfootnote{\itshape\@alph\c@mpfootnote}}
- \@makefnmark Default definition.
- 380 \% \def\@makefnmark{\hbox{\$^{\c@thefnmark}\m@th\$}}  
381 \def\@makefnmark{\hbox{\@textsuperscript{\normalfont\c@thefnmark}}}}

```

\textrsuperscript This command provides superscript characters in the current text font. It's im-
382 \DeclareRobustCommand*\textrsuperscript[1]{%
383 \selectfont#1}

\@textrsuperscript This command should not be used directly, but may be used to define other
commands \textrsuperscript, \makefnmark. #1 should always start with a
font selection command, to activate the font size switch.
384 \def\@textrsuperscript#1{%
385 {\m@th\ensuremath{{}^{\fbox{\scriptsize\sffamily#1}}}}}

\textrsubscript
386 </2ekernel>
387 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
388 <latexrelease> {\textrsubscript}{\textrsubscript}%
389 <2ekernel | latexrelease>

390 \DeclareRobustCommand*\textrsubscript[1]{%
391 \textsubscript{\selectfont#1}}%

\@textrsubscript
392 \def\@textrsubscript#1{%
393 {\m@th\ensuremath{{}_{\fbox{\scriptsize\sffamily#1}}}}}%

394 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
395 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
396 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
397 <latexrelease> {\textrsubscript}{\textrsubscript}%
398 <latexrelease>\let\textrsubscript\@undefined
399 <latexrelease>\let\@textrsubscript\@undefined
400 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
401 <2ekernel>

402 \def\@textrsubscript#1{%
403 {\m@th\ensuremath{{}_{\fbox{\scriptsize\sffamily#1}}}}}

\footnotesep
404 \newdimen\footnotesep

\footnote
405 \def\footnote{\ifnextchar[\@xfootnote{\stepcounter{\mpfn}%
406 \protected\def\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
407 \footnotemark\footnotetext}}

\@xfootnote
408 \def\@xfootnote[#1]{%
409 \begingroup
410 \csname c@\mpfn\endcsname #1\relax
411 \unrestored\protected\def\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
412 \endgroup
413 \footnotemark\footnotetext}

```

```

\@footnotetext
414 \long\def\@footnotetext#1{\insert\footins{%
415 \reset@font\footnotesize
416 \interlinepenalty\interfootnotelinepenalty
417 \splittopskip\footnotesep
418 \splitmaxdepth \dp\strutbox \floatingpenalty \z@MM
419 \hsize\columnwidth \parboxrestore
420 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
421 \csname p@footnote\endcsname\@thefnmark
422 }%
423 \color@begingroup
424 \makefntext{%
425 \rule{z@\footnotesep}{\ignorespaces#1\finalstrut\strutbox}%
426 }\color@endgroup}%
427 \def\footnotemark{%
428 \ifnextchar[\@xfootnotemark
429 {\stepcounter{footnote}%
430 \protected@edef\@thefnmark{\thefootnote}%
431 \@footnotemark}%
432 \def\@xfootnotemark[#1]{%
433 \begingroup
434 \c@footnote #1\relax
435 \unrestored\protected@edef\@thefnmark{\thefootnote}%
436 \endgroup
437 \@footnotemark}%
438 \def\@footnotemark{%
439 \leavevmode
440 \ifhmode\edef\@x@sf{\the\spacefactor}\nobreak\fi
441 \makefnmark
442 \ifhmode\spacefactor\@x@sf\fi
443 \relax}%
444 \def\footnotetext{%
445 \ifnextchar [\@xfootnotenext
446 {\protected@edef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
447 \@footnotetext}%
448 \def\@xfootnotenext[#1]{%
449 \begingroup
450 \csname c@\@mpfn\endcsname #1\relax
451 \unrestored\protected@edef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
452 \endgroup
453 \@footnotetext}%

```

```
\thempfn
\@mpfn 454 \def\@mpfn{footnote}
455 \def\thempfn{\thefootnote}
456 </2ekernel>
```

# File H

## ltidxglo.dtx

### 61 Index and Glossary Generation

Index and Glossary commands.

```
\makeindex A preamble command to turn on indexing.
\makeglossary A preamble command to turn on making glossary entries.
 \index Make an index entry for #1.
 \glossary Make a glossary entry for #1.
\makeindex ==
 BEGIN
 \index == BEGIN \@bsphack
 \begingroup
 \protect{X} == \string X\space
 %% added 3 Feb 87 for \index
commands
 %% in \footnotes
 re-\catcode special characters
 to 'other'
 \@wrindex
 END

\@wrindex{ITEM} ==
 BEGIN
 write of {\indexentry{ITEM}{page number}}
 \endgroup
 \@esphack
 END
```

INITIALIZATION:

```
\index == BEGIN \@bsphack
 \begingroup
 re-\catcode special characters (in case '%' there)
 \@index
 END

\@index{ITEM} == BEGIN \endgroup \@esphack END
```

Changes made 14 Apr 89 to write \glossaryentry's instead of \indexentry's on the .glo file.

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \message{index,}
```

```
\makeindex
3 \def\makeindex{
4 \newwrite\@indexfile
```

```

5 \immediate\openout\@indexfile=\jobname.idx
6 \def\index{\@bsphack\begingroup
7 \@sanitize
8 \@wrindex}\typeout
9 {Writing index file \jobname.idx}%
Opening the write channel should be done only once since on some OS multiple
opens are forbidden and in any case it is useless. So we turn this into a no-op
after use.
10 \let\makeindex\empty
11 }
12 \onlypreamble\makeindex

\@wrindex
13 \def\@wrindex#1{%
14 \protected@write\@indexfile{}{%
15 {\string\indexentry{#1}{\thepage}}%
16 \endgroup
17 \@esphack}
\index
18 \def\index{\@bsphack\begingroup \@sanitize\@index}

\@index
19 \def\@index#1{\endgroup\@esphack}

\makeglossary
20 \def\makeglossary{%
21 \newwrite\@glossaryfile
22 \immediate\openout\@glossaryfile=\jobname.glo
23 \def\glossary{\@bsphack\begingroup
24 \@sanitize
25 \@wrglossary}\typeout
26 {Writing glossary file \jobname.glo }%
Opening the write channel should be done only once since on some OS multiple
opens are forbidden and in any case it is useless. So we turn this into a no-op
after use.
27 \let\makeglossary\empty
28 }
29 \onlypreamble\makeglossary

\@wrglossary
30 \def\@wrglossary#1{%
31 \protected@write\@glossaryfile{}{%
32 {\string\glossaryentry{#1}{\thepage}}%
33 \endgroup
34 \@esphack}
\glossary
35 \def\glossary{\@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize\@index}

36 </2ekernel>

```

# File I

## ltbibl.dtx

### 62 Bibliography Generation

A bibliography is created by the `thebibliography` environment, which generates a title such as “References”, and a list of entries. The BIBTEX program will create a file containing such an environment, which will be read in by the `\bibliography` command. With BIBTEX, the following commands will be used.

`\bibliography`

`\bibliography{<file1,file2, ...,filen>}` : specifies the bibdata files. Writes a `\bibdata` entry on the `.aux` file and tries to read in `mainfile.bbl`.

`\bibliographystyle{<style>}` : Writes a `\bibstyle` entry on the `.aux` file.

The `thebibliography` environment is a list environment. To save the use of an extra counter, it should use `enumiv` as the item counter. Instead of using `\item`, items in the bibliography are produced by the following commands:

`\bibitem{<name>}` : Produces a numbered entry cited as `<name>`.

`\bibitem[<label>]{<name>}` : Produces an entry labeled by `<Label>` and cited by `<name>`.

The former is used for bibliographies with citations like [1], [2], etc.; the latter is used for citations like [Knuth82].

The document class must define the `thebibliography` environment. This environment has a single argument, which is the widest bibliography label— e.g., if the [Knuth67] is the widest entry, then this argument will be Knuth67. The `\thebibliography` command must begin a list environment, which the `\endthebibliography` command ends.

Entries are cited by the command `\cite{<name>}`.

`\nocite{<citations>}` puts information on the `.aux` file that causes BIBTEX to include the `{<citations>}` list in the bibliography, but puts nothing in the text.

`\nocite{*}` is special: it tells BIBTEX to put the whole of a collection of references into the bibliography.

1 `(*2ekernel)`  
2 `\message{bibliography,}`

#### PARAMETERS

`\@cite` : A macro such that `\@cite{LABEL1,LABEL2}{NOTE}` produces the output for a `\cite[NOTE]{FOO1,FOO2}`

command,

where entry FOOi is defined by `\bibitem[LABELi]{FOOi}`.

The switch @tempswa is true if the optional NOTE argument

is present.

The default definition is :

```
\@cite{LABELS}{NOTE} ==
BEGIN [LABELS
 IF @tempswa = T THEN , NOTE FI
]
END
```

\@biblabel : A macro to produce the label in the bibliography entry. For \bibitem[LABEL]{NAME}, the label is generated by \@biblabel{LABEL}. It has the default definition \@biblabel{LABEL} -> [LABEL].

## CONVENTION

\b@FOO : The name or number of the reference created by \cite{FOO}  
E.g., if \cite{FOO} -> [17] , then \b@FOO -> 17.

```

\bibitem
3 \def\bibitem{\@ifnextchar[\@lbibitem\@bibitem}

\@lbibitem
4 \def@\lbibitem[#1]#2{\item[\@biblabel{#1}\hfill]\if@filesw
5 {\let\protect\noexpand
6 \immediate
7 \write\auxout{\string\bibcite{#2}{#1}}}\fi\ignorespaces

\@bibitem
8 \def@\bibitem#1{\item\if@filesw \immediate\write\auxout
9 {\string\bibcite{#1}{\the\value{\listctr}}}}\fi\ignorespaces

\bibcite
10 \def\bibcite{\@newl@bel b}

\citation
11 \let\citation@gobble

\bite
12 \DeclareRobustCommand\cite{%
13 \@ifnextchar [{\@tempswattrue\@citex}{\@tempswafalse\@citex[]}}
\@citex \penalty\@m added to definition of \@citex to allow a line break after the ',' in
 citations like [Jones80,Smith77] (Added 23 Oct 86)
 space added after the ',' (21 Nov 87)
14 \def@\citex[#1]#2{\leavevmode
15 \let@\citea\@empty
16 \@cite{\@for\@citeb:=#2\do
17 {\@citea\def@\citea,{\penalty\@m\ }}%
18 \edef@\citeb{\expandafter\@firstofone\@citeb\@empty}%
19 \if@filesw\immediate\write\auxout{\string\citation{\@citeb}}\fi

```

Using \hbox instead of \mbox is fine because of the \leavevmode above. In fact the use of a box around the citation contents is more than questionable in my view (FMi), but within 2e I have to keep that for compatibility reasons as it would probably change too many existing documents. Its main reason is to avoid hyphenation of labels such as [FOOB89] into [FOO- B89] so in certain styles it makes sense; but, for example, in author year citations it becomes more than questionable.

So Chris added yet another hook here, as suggested by, at least, Donald Arsenau. Note that this one is inside the first argument of the `\@cite` hook. This decouples the top-level typesetting of the citation from the details of the other business conducted here. All this really needs a complete rethink to get the right modularity.

```

20 \cifundefined{b@\@citeb}{\hbox{\reset@font\bfseries ?}}%
21 \G@refundefinedtrue
22 \G@latex@warning
23 {Citation ‘\@citeb’ on page \thepage \space undefined}%
24 {\@cite@ofmt{\csname b@\@citeb\endcsname}}}\#1}%

\bibdata
\bibstyle 25 \let\bibdata=\gobble
26 \let\bibstyle=\gobble

\bibliography
27 \def\bibliography#1{%
28 \if@files w
29 \immediate\write\auxout{\string\bibdata{#1}}%
30 \fi
31 \input{\jobname.bbl}%
}

\bibliographystyle
32 \def\bibliographystyle#1{%
33 \ifx\@begindocumenthook\undefined\else
34 \expandafter\AtBeginDocument
35 \fi
36 {\if@files w
37 \immediate\write\auxout{\string\bibstyle{#1}}%
38 \fi}%
}

\nocite (Added 14 Jun 85)
This puts information on the .aux file that causes BIBTEX to include the
citation list in the bibliography, but puts nothing in the text.
RmS 93/08/06: Made loop for \nocite like that for \@citex, to get rid of
leading spaces.
39 \def\nocite#1{\bsphack
With the implementation designed already in LATEX 2.09 the \nocite command
will not work before \begin{document} since it tries to write to the .aux file
which is not open before that point. As a result the “reference” will appear on
the terminal and nothing else will happen.
This would be easy to fix, but then a document using the fix will silently fail
on an older release of LATEX, missing all citations done with \nocite. Thus we do
only generate an error message and leave the fix for a LATEX 2ε successor.
40 \ifx\@onlypreamble\document
Since we are after \begin{document} we can do the citations:
41 \cfor\@citeb:=#1\do{%
42 \edef\@citeb{\expandafter\@firstofone\@citeb}%
43 \if@files w\immediate\write\auxout{\string\citation{\@citeb}}\fi
44 \cifundefined{b@\@citeb}{\G@refundefinedtrue
45 \G@latex@warning{Citation ‘\@citeb’ undefined}{}}
46 \else

```

But before `\begin{document}` we raise an error message:

```
47 \@latex@error{Cannot be used in preamble}\@eha
```

Without the compatibility problems we could fix the problem as follows:

```
48 % \AtBeginDocument{\nocite{#1}}
49 \fi
50 \@esphack}
```

Since `\nocite{*}` should not produce a warning about undefined citation keys (see PR 557), we need to set the control sequence ‘`\b@*`’ to something other than `\relax`. As a result `\cite{*}` will not warn either (but that never worked with BIBTEX in the first place).

```
51 \expandafter\let\csname b@\endcsname\empty
```

## 62.1 Default definitions

This hook determines the ‘relative formatting’ of the two logical parts of a citation with comment.

```
\@cite
52 \def\@cite#1#2{{#1\if@tempswa , #2\fi}}}

\@cite@ofmt This is, in general, a command that appears to have one argument whose value is, in the kernel, a single cs whose name is the expansion of b@\@citeb; the expansion of this cs will typically be some hmode material that produces the detailed typeset form of just the citations themselves.
53 \let\@cite@ofmt\hbox

\@biblabel
54 \def\@biblabel#1{[#1]}
55 </2ekernel>
```

# File J

## ltpage.dtx

### 63 Page styles and related commands

#### 63.1 Page Style Commands

\pagestyle{\{style\}} : sets the page style of the current and succeeding pages to *style*

\thispagestyle{\{style\}} : sets the page style of the current page only to *style*.

To define a page style *style*, you must define \ps@*style* to set the page style parameters.

#### 63.2 How a page style makes running heads and feet

The \ps@... command defines the macros \oddhead, \oddfoot, \evenhead, and \evenfoot to define the running heads and feet. (See output routine.) To make headings determined by the sectioning commands, the page style defines the commands \chaptermark, \sectionmark, etc., where \chaptermark{\{text\}} is called by \chapter to set a mark. The \...mark commands and the \...head macros are defined with the help of the following macros.

(All the \...mark commands should be initialized to no-ops.)

#### 63.3 marking conventions

LATEX extends TEX's \mark facility by producing two kinds of marks a 'left' and a 'right' mark, using the following commands:

\markboth{\{left\}}{\{right\}} : Adds both marks.

\markright{\{right\}} : Adds a 'right' mark.

\leftmark : Used in the output routine, gets the current 'left' mark. Works like TEX's \botmark.

\rightmark : Used in the output routine, gets the current 'right' mark. Works like TEX's \firstmark. The marking commands work reasonably well for right marks 'numbered within' left marks—e.g., the left mark is changed by a \chapter command and the right mark is changed by a \section command. However, it does produce somewhat anomalous results if 2 \markboth's occur on the same page.

Commands like \tableofcontents that should set the marks in some page styles use a \mkboth command, which is \let by the pagestyle command (\ps@...) to \markboth for setting the heading or to \gobbletwo to do nothing.

1 (\*2ekernel)

\pagestyle User command to set the page style for this and following pages.

```
2 \def\pagestyle#1{%
3 \ifundefined{ps@#1}%
4 \undefinedpagestyle
5 {\@nameuse{ps@#1}}}
```

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \thispagestyle            | User command to set the page style for this page only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                           | <pre> 6 \def\thispagestyle#1{% 7   \ifundefined{ps@#1}% 8     \undefinedpagestyle 9   {\global\@specialpagetrue\gdef\@specialstyle{#1}}} </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \ps@empty                 | The empty page style: No head or foot line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                           | <pre> 10 \def\ps@empty{% 11   \let\@mkboth\@gobbletwo\let\@oddhead\@empty\let\@oddfoot\@empty 12   \let\@evenhead\@empty\let\@evenfoot\@empty} </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| \ps@plain                 | The plain page style: No head, centred page number in foot.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                           | <pre> 13 \def\ps@plain{\let\@mkboth\@gobbletwo 14   \let\@oddhead\@empty\def\@oddfoot{\reset@font\hfil\thepage 15   \hfil}\let\@evenhead\@empty\let\@evenfoot\@oddfoot} </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| \@leftmark<br>\@rightmark | We implement \@leftmark and \@rightmark in terms of already defined commands to save token space. We can't get rid of them since they are sometimes used in applications.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                           | <pre> 16 \let\@leftmark\@firstoftwo 17 \let\@rightmark\@secondoftwo </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| \markboth                 | User commands for setting L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X marks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \markright                | Test for \@nobreak added 15 Apr 86 in \markboth and \markright letting \label and \index to \relax added 22 Feb 86 so these commands can appear in sectioning command arguments RmS 91/06/21 Same for \glossary                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                           | <pre> 18 \def\markboth#1#2{% 19   \begingroup 20     \let\label\relax \let\index\relax \let\glossary\relax 21     \unrestored@protected\xdef\@themark {{#1}{#2}}% 22     \temptokena \expandafter{\@themark}% 23     \mark{\the\temptokena}% 24   \endgroup 25   \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi} 26 \def\markright#1{% 27   \begingroup 28     \let\label\relax \let\index\relax \let\glossary\relax </pre> |
|                           | Protection is handled inside \@markright.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                           | <pre> 29     \expandafter\@markright\@themark {#1}% 30     \temptokena \expandafter{\@themark}% 31     \mark{\the\temptokena}% 32   \endgroup 33   \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi} </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| \@markright               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \leftmark                 | <pre> 34 \def\@markright#1#2#3{\@temptokena {#1}% 35   \unrestored@protected\xdef\@themark{{\the\@temptokena}{#3}}} 36 \def\leftmark{\expandafter\@leftmark\botmark\@empty\@empty} 37 \def\rightmark{\expandafter\@rightmark\firstmark\@empty\@empty} </pre>                                                                                                                                                   |
| \@themark                 | Initialise L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X's marks without setting a T <sub>E</sub> X mark <i>&lt;whatsit&gt;</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                           | <pre> 38 \def\@themark{}{}} </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

\mark Test versions of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> initialised T<sub>E</sub>X's \mark system at this point, but this was removed before the first release.

```
41 \AtBeginDocument{\mark{}{}}
```

\raggedbottom \raggedbottom typesets pages with no vertical stretch, so they have their natural height instead of all being exactly the same height. (Uses a space of .0001fil to avoid interfering with the 1fil space of \newpage.)

```
39 \def\raggedbottom{%
40 \def\@textbottom{\vskip \z@ \plus.0001fil}\let\@texttop\relax}
```

\flushbottom \flushbottom: Inverse of \raggedbottom — makes all pages the same height.

```
41 \def\flushbottom{%
42 \let\@textbottom\relax \let\@texttop\relax}
```

\sloppy \sloppy will never (well, hardly ever) produce overfull boxes, but may produce underfull ones. (14 June 85)

```
43 \def\sloppy{%
44 \tolerance 9999%
45 \emergencystretch 3em%
46 \hfuzz .5\p@
47 \vfuzz\hfuzz}
```

\sloppypar A sloppypar environment is equivalent to {\par \sloppy ... \par}.

```
48 \def\sloppypar{\par\sloppy}
49 \def\endsloppypar{\par}
```

\fussy Resets T<sub>E</sub>X's parameters to their normal finicky values.

```
50 \def\fussy{%
51 \emergencystretch\z@
52 \tolerance 200%
53 \hfuzz .1\p@
54 \vfuzz\hfuzz}
```

\overfullrule L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X default is no overfull box rule. Changed by document class option.

```
55 \overfullrule 0pt
```

```
56 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

# File K

## ltoutput.dtx

### 64 Output Routine

#### 64.1 Floats

The ‘2ekernel’ code ensures that a `\usepackage{autoout1}` is essentially ignored if a ‘full’ format is being used that has the autoload file mode already in the format.

```
1 <defx>\begingroup
2 <defx>\makeatletter
3 <defx>\nfss@catcodes
4 <2ekernel>\expandafter\let\csname ver@autoout1.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
5 {*2ekernel}
6 \message{output,}

***** OUTPUT *****

```

#### PAGE LAYOUT PARAMETERS

```
\topmargin : Extra space added to top of page.
@twoside : boolean. T if two-sided printing
\oddsidemargin : IF @twoside = T
 THEN extra space added to left of odd-numbered
 pages.
 ELSE extra space added to left of all pages.
\evensidemargin : IF @twoside = T
 THEN extra space added to left of
even-numbered
 pages.
\headheight : height of head
\headsep : separation between head and text
\footskip : distance separation between baseline of last
 line of text and baseline of foot.
 Note difference between \footSKIP and \headSEP.
\textheight : height of text on page, excluding head and foot
\textwidth : width of printing on page
\columnsep : IF @twocolumn = T
 THEN width of space between columns
\columnsep rule : IF @twocolumn = T
 THEN width of rule between columns (0 if none).
\columnwidth : IF @twocolumn = T
 THEN ($\textwidth - \columnsep$)/2
 ELSE \textwidth
 It is set by the \twocolumn and
```

`\@textbottom` : Command executed at bottom of vbox holding text  
of  
page (including figures). The `\raggedbottom`  
command almost \let's this to `\vfil` (actually sets  
it to `\vskip \z@ plus.0001fil`).  
Should have depth 0pt.  
  
`\@texttop` : Command executed at top of vbox holding text of  
page (including figures). Used by letter style;  
can also be used to produce centered pages.  
Let to `\relax` by `\raggedbottom` and  
`\flushbottom`.

Page layout must initialize `\@colht` and `\@colroom` to `\textheight`.

#### PAGE STYLE PARAMETERS:

`\floatsep` : Space left between floats.  
`\textfloatsep` : Space between last top float or first bottom float  
and the text.  
`\topfigrule` : Command to place rule (or whatever) between floats  
at top of page and text. Executed in inner  
vertical mode right before the `\textfloatsep` skip  
separating the floats from the text. Must occupy  
zero vertical space. (See `\footnoterule`.)  
`\botfigrule` : Same as `\topfigrule`, but put after the  
`\textfloatsep` skip separating text from the  
floats at bottom of page.  
`\intextsep` : Space left on top and bottom of an in-text float.  
`\dblfloatsep` : Space between double-column floats.  
`\dbltextfloatsep` : Space between top double-column floats  
and text.  
`\dblfigrule` : Similar to `\topfigrule`, but for double-column  
floats.  
`\@fptop` : Glue to go at top of float column – must be 0pt +  
stretch  
`\@fpsep` : Glue to go between floats in a float column.  
`\@fpbot` : Glue to go at bottom of float column  
– must be 0pt +  
stretch  
`\@dblftop, \@dblfpsep, \@dblfpbot`  
: Analogous for double-column float page in  
two-column format.

FOOTNOTES: As in PLAIN, footnotes use `\insert\footins`.

#### PAGE LAYOUT SWITCHES AND MACROS

`@twocolumn` : Boolean. T if two columns per page globally.

## PAGE STYLE MACROS AND SWITCHES

\@oddhead : IF @twoside = T  
THEN macro to generate head of  
odd-numbered pages.  
ELSE macro to generate head of all pages.

\@evenhead : IF @twoside = T  
THEN macro to generate head of  
even-numbered pages.

\@oddfoot : IF @twoside = T  
THEN macro to generate foot of  
odd-numbered pages.  
ELSE macro to generate foot of all pages.

\@evenfoot : IF @twoside = T  
THEN macro to generate foot of  
even-numbered pages.

@specialpage : boolean. T if current page is to have a special format.

\@specialstyle : If its value is foo then  
IF @specialpage = T  
THEN the command \ps@foo is executed to  
temporarily reset the page style parameters  
before composing the current page.  
This command should execute only \def's  
and \edef's, making only local definitions.

## FLOAT PLACEMENT PARAMETERS

The following parameters are set by the macro \@floatplacement.

When \@floatplacement is called,

\@colht is the height of the page or column being built. I.e.:

- \* For single-column page it equals \textheight.
- \* For double-column page it equals \textheight - height  
of double-column floats on page.

Note that some are set globally and some locally:

\@topnum :=G Maximum number of floats allowed on the top of a column.

\@toproom :=G Maximum amount of top of column devoted to floats -  
excluding \textfloatsep separation below the floats  
and \floatsep separation between them. For  
two-column output, should be computed as a function  
of \@colht.

\@botnum, \@botroom  
: Analogous to above.

```

\@colnum :=G Maximum number of floats allowed in a column,
 including in-text floats.
\@textmin :=L Minimum amount of text (excluding footnotes) that
 must appear on a text page.
 %% 27 Sep 85 : made local to
 %% \@addtocurcol and \@addtonextcol
 It is now also used locally in processing double
 floats.
\@fpmin :=L Minimum height of floats in a float column.

```

The macro `\@dblfloatplacement` sets the following parameters.

```

\@dbltopnum :=G Maximum number of double-column floats allowed
at
 the top of a two-column page.
\@dbltoproom :=G Maximum height of double-column floats allowed at
 top of two-column page.
\@fpmin :=L Minimum height of floats in a float column.
It should also perform the following local assignments where necessary
– i.e., where the new value differs from the old one:
\@fptop :=L \@dblftop
\@fpsep :=L \@dblfpsep
\@fpbot :=L \@dblfpbot

```

#### OUTPUT ROUTINE VARIABLES

```

\@colht : The total height of the current column. In single column
 style, it equals \textheight. In two-column style, it is
 \textheight minus the height of the double-column floats
 on the current page. MUST BE INITIALIZED TO
\textheight.

\@colroom : The height available in the current column for text and
 footnotes. It equals \@colht minus the height of all
 floats committed to the top and bottom of the current
 column.

\@textfloatsheight : The total height of in-text floats on the
 current page.

\footins : Footnote insertion number.

\@maxdepth : Saved value of TeX's \maxdepth. Must be set
 when any routine sets \maxdepth.

```

#### CALLING THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

---

The output routine is called either by TeX's normal page-breaking mechanism, or by a macro putting a penalty < or = -10000 in the output list. In the latter case, the penalty indicates why the output

routine was called, using the following code.

| penalty | reason                                               |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------|
| -10000  | \pagebreak<br>\newpage                               |
| -10001  | \clearpage (\penalty -10000 \vbox{} \penalty -10001) |
| -10002  | float insertion, called from horizontal mode         |
| -10003  | float insertion, called from vertical mode.          |
| -10004  | float insertion.                                     |

Note: A float or marginpar puts the following sequence in the output list:  
 (i) a penalty of -10004,  
 (ii) a null \vbox  
 (iii) a penalty of -10002 or -10003.

This solves two special problems:

1. If the float comes right after a \newpage or \clearpage, then the first penalty is ignored, but the second one invokes the output routine.
2. If there is a split footnote on the page, the second 'page' puts out the rest of the footnote.

## THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

---

### FUNCTIONS USED IN THE OUTPUT ROUTINE:

\@outputpage : Produces an output page with the contents of box \@outputbox as the text part.  
 Also sets \@colht :=G \textheight.  
 The page style is determined as follows.  
 IF @thispagestyle = true  
 THEN use \thispagestyle style  
 ELSE use ordinary page style.

\@tryfcolumn\FLIST : Tries to form a float column composed of floats from \FLIST (if nonempty) with the following parameters:  
 \@colht : height of box  
 \@fpmin : minimum height of floats in the box  
 \@fpsep : interfloat space  
 \@fptop : glue at top of box  
 \@fpbot : glue at bottom of box.  
 If it succeeds, then it does the following:  
 \* \@outputbox :=L the composed float box.  
 \* @fcollmade :=G true  
 \* \FLIST :=G \FLIST - floats put in box  
 \* \@freelist :=G \@freelist + floats put in box  
 If it fails, then:  
 \* @fcollmade :=G false  
 NOTE: BIT MUST BE A SINGLE TOKEN!

\@makefcolumn \FLIST : Same as \@tryfcolumn except that it fails to make a float column only if \FLIST is empty. Otherwise, it makes a float column containing at least the first box in \FLIST, disregarding \@fpmin.

\@startcolumn :  
Calls \@tryfcolumn\@deferlist. If \@tryfcolumn returns with (globally set) @fcolmade = false, then:

- \* Globally sets \@topl and \@botl to floats from \@deferlist to go at top and bottom of column, deleting them from \@deferlist. It does this using \@colht as the total height, the page style parameters \@floatsep and \@textfloatsep, and the float placement parameters \@topnum, \@toproom, \@botnum, \@botroom, \@colnum and \@textfraction.
- \* Globally sets \@colroom to \@colht minus the height of the added floats.

\@startdblcolumn :  
Calls \@tryfcolumn\@dbldeferlist{8}. If \@tryfcolumn returns with (globally set) @fcolmade = false, then:

- \* Globally sets \@dbltopl to floats from \@dbldeferlist to go at top and bottom of column, deleting them from \@dbldeferlist. It does this using \@textheight as the total height, and the parameters \@dblfloatsep, etc.
- \* Globally sets \@colht to \@textheight minus the height of the added floats.

\@combinefloats : Combines the text from box \@outputbox with the floats from \@topl and \@botl, putting the new box in \@outputbox. It uses \@floatsep and \@textfloatsep for the appropriate separations. It puts the elements of \@TOPLIST and \@BOTLIST onto \@freelist, and makes those lists null.

\@makecol : Makes the contents of \box255 plus the accumulated footnotes, plus the floats in \@topl and \@botl, into a single column of height \@colht (unless the page height has been locally changed), which it puts into box \@outputbox. It puts boxes in \@midlist back onto \@freelist and restores \@maxdepth.

\@opcol : Outputs a column whose text is in box \@outputbox  
If @twocolumn = false, then it calls \@outputpage, sets \@colht :=G \@textheight, and calls \@floatplacement.

If `@twocolumn = true`, then:  
 If `@firstcolumn = true`, then it puts box `\@outputbox`  
 into `\@leftcolumn` and sets `@firstcolumn :=G false`.  
 If `@firstcolumn = false`, then it puts out the current  
 two-column page, any possible two-column float pages,  
 and determines `\@dbltoplist` for the next page.

---

## USER COMMANDS THAT CALL OR AFFECT THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

---

```

\newpage == BEGIN \par\vfil\penalty -10000 END

\clearpage == BEGIN \newpage
 \write -1{}% Part of hack to make sure no
 \vbox{}% \write's get lost.
 \penalty -10001
END

\cleardoublepage == BEGIN \clearpage
 if @twoside = true and c@page is even
 then \hbox{} \newpage fi
 END

```

`\twocolumn[BOX]` : starts a new page, changing to `twocolumn` setting  
 and puts `BOX` in a `parbox` of width `\textwidth` across the top.  
 Useful for full-width titles for double-column pages.  
 SURPRISE: The stretch from `\@dbltextfloatsep` will be inserted  
 between the `BOX` and the top of the two columns.

---

## FLOAT-HANDLING MECHANISMS

---

The float environment obtains an insertion number `B` from the  
`\@freelist` (see below for a description of list manipulation), puts  
 the float into box `B` and sets `\count B` to a FLOAT SPECIFIER. For  
 a normal (not double-column) float, it then causes a page break  
 in one of the following two ways:

- In outer hmode: `\vadjust{\penalty -10002}`
- In vmode : `\penalty -10003`.

For a double-column float, it puts `B` onto the `\@dbldeferlist`.  
 The float specifier has two components:

- \* A PLACEMENT SPECIFICATION, describing where the float may  
 be placed.
- \* A TYPE, which is a power of two—e.g., figures might be

type 1 floats, tables type 2 floats, programs type 4 floats, etc.  
The float specifier is encoded as follows, where bit 0 is the least significant bit.

| Bit | Meaning                                              |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | 1 iff the float may go where it appears in the text. |
| 1   | 1 iff the float may go on the top of a page.         |
| 2   | 1 iff the float may go on the bottom of a page.      |
| 3   | 1 iff the float may go on a float page.              |
| 4   | 1 unless the PLACEMENT includes a !                  |
| 5   | 1 iff a type 1 float                                 |
| 6   | 1 iff a type 2 float                                 |
|     | etc.                                                 |

A negative float specifier is used to indicate a marginal note.

#### MACROS AND DATA STRUCTURES FOR PROCESSING FLOATS

---

A FLOAT LIST consisting of the floats in boxes `\boxa ... \boxN` has the form:

`\@elt \boxa ... \@elt \boxN`  
where `\boxI` is defined by  
`\newinsert\boxI`

Normally, `\@elt` is `\let` to `\relax`. A test can be performed on the entire float list by locally `\def`'ing `\@elt` appropriately and executing the list.

This is a lot more efficient than looping through the list.

The following macros are used for manipulating float lists.

```
\@next \CS \LIST {NONEEMPTY}{EMPTY} == %% NOTE: ASSUME
\@elt = \relax
 BEGIN assume that \LIST == \@elt \B1 ... \@elt \Bn
 if n = 0
 then EMPTY
 else \CS :=L \B1
 \LIST :=G \@elt \B2 ... \@elt \Bn
 NONEEMPTY
 fi
 END
```

`\@bitor\NUM\LIST` : Globally sets switch `@test` to the disjunction for all I of bit  $\log_2 \NUM$  of the float specifiers of all the floats in `\LIST`.  
I.e., `@test` is set to true iff there is at least one float in `\LIST` having bit  $\log_2 \NUM$  of its float specifier equal to 1.

Note:  $\log_2 [(\text{\count} I)/32]$  is the bit number corresponding to the type of float I. To see if there is any float in \LIST having the same type as float I, you run \bitor with

$$\text{\NUM} = [(\text{\count} I)/32] * 32.$$

```
\@bitor\NUM\LIST ==
BEGIN
 @test :=G false
 { \@elt \CTR == if \NUM <> 0 then
 if \count\CTR / \NUM is odd
 then @test := true fi fi
 \LIST
 }
END
```

\cons\LIST\NUM : Globally sets \LIST := \LIST \* \@elt \NUM

```
\cons\LIST\NUM ==
BEGIN { \@elt == \relax
 \LIST :=G \LIST \@elt \NUM
}
```

## BOX LISTS FOR FLOAT-PLACEMENT ALGORITHMS

|               |                                                            |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| \freelist     | : List of empty boxes for placing new floats.              |
| \toplist      | : List of floats to go at top of current column.           |
| \midlist      | : List of floats in middle of current column.              |
| \botlist      | : List of floats to go at bottom of current column.        |
| \deferlist    | : List of floats to go after current column.               |
| \dbltoplist   | : List of double-col. floats to go at top of current page. |
| \dbldeferlist | : List of double-column floats to go on subsequent pages.  |

## FLOAT-PLACEMENT ALGORITHMS

\addtobot : Tries to put insert \currbox on \botlist.

Called only when:

- \* \ht BOX < \colroom
- \* type of \currbox not on \deferlist
- \* \colnum > 0
- \* @insert = false

If it succeeds, then:

- \* sets @insert true
- \* decrements \botroom by \ht BOX
- \* decrements \botnum and \colnum by 1

```

* decrements \@colroom by \ht BOX + either
\floatsep
 or \textfloatsep, as appropriate.
* sets \maxdepth to 0pt

\@addtotoporbot : Tries to put insert \currbox on \toplist or
\botlist.
Called only under same conditions as \addtobot.
If it succeeds, then:
 * sets @insert true
 * decrements \toproom or \botroom by \ht
BOX
 * decrements \colnum and either \topnum or
\botnum by 1
 * decrements \colroom by \ht BOX +
\floatsep
 or \textfloatsep, as appropriate.

\@addtocurcol : Tries to add \currbox to current column, setting
@insert true if it succeeds, false otherwise.
It will add \currbox to top only if bit 0 of
\count \currbox is 0, and to the bottom only if
bit 0 = 0 or an earlier float of the same type is
put on the bottom.
If the float is put in the text, then
\penalty\interlinepenalty is put
right after the float, before the following \vskip,
and \outputpenalty :=L 0.

\@addtonextcol : Tries to add \currbox to the next column, setting
@insert true if it succeeds, false otherwise.

\@addtobdblcol : Tries to add \currbox to the next double-column page,
adding it to \dbltoplist if it succeeds and
\dbldeferalist if it fails.

```

```

\@addmarginpar ==
BEGIN
if \currlist nonempty
 then remove \marbox from \currlist
 add \marbox and \currbox to \freelist
 %% NOTE: \currbox = left box
 else LaTeX error: ? %% shouldn't happen
fi
\tempcnta := 1 %% 1 = right, -1 = left
if @twocolumn = true
 then if @firstcolumn = true
 then \tempcnta := -1
 fi

```

```

else if @mparswitch = true
 then if count0 odd
 else \tempcnta := -1
 fi
fi
if @reversemargin = true
 then \tempcnta := -\tempcnta
fi
fi
if \tempcnta < 0 then \box@marbox :=G \box@currbox
fi
\tempdima :=L maximum(\mparbottom - \pageht
 + ht of \marbox, 0)
if \tempdima > 0 then LaTeX warning: 'marginpar moved' fi
\mparbottom :=G \pageht + \tempdima + depth of \marbox
 + \marginparpush
\tempdima :=L \tempdima - ht of \marbox
\box@marbox :=G \box@currbox
 \vbox { \vskip \tempdima
 \box@marbox
 }
height of \marbox :=G depth of \marbox :=G 0
\kern -\pagedp
\nointerlineskip
\hbox{ if @tempcnta > 0 then \hskip \columnwidth
 \hskip \marginparsep
 else \hskip -\marginparsep
 \hskip -\marginparwidth
 fi
 \box@marbox \hss
}
\nobreak
\nointerlineskip
\hbox{\vrule height 0 width 0 depth \pagedp}
END

```

FLOATS AND MARGINPARS ADD A LOT OF DEAD CYCLES.

```

7 \maxdeadcycles = 100
8 \let@\elt\relax
9 \def@\next#1#2#3#4{\ifx#2\empty #4\else
10 \expandafter\xnext #2\@@#1#2#3\fi}
11 \def@\xnext \elt #1#2\@@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\gdef#4{#2}}
\changes{v1.1v}{1996/07/26}{put \cs{global} into definition}
12 \def@testfalse{\global\let\if@test\iffalse}
13 \def@testtrue {\global\let\if@test\iftrue}
14 \testfalse

```

```
\changes{v1.1v}{1996/07/26}{remove \cs{global} before \cs{@test...}}
15 \def\@bitor#1#2{\@testfalse {\let\@elt\@xbitor
16 \tempcnta #1\relax #2}}
RmS 91/11/22: Added test for |\count#1 = 0|.
Suggested by Chris Rowley.
```

```
\changes{v1.1v}{1996/07/26}{remove \cs{global} before \cs{@test...}}
17 \def\@xbitor #1{\@tempcntb \count#1
18 \ifnum \@tempcnta =\z@
19 \else
20 \divide\@tempcntb\@tempcnta
21 \ifodd\@tempcntb \@testtrue\fi
22 \fi}
DEFINITION OF FLOAT BOXES:
\changes{v1.3a}{2015/09/205}
{extended \cs{@freelist}}
23 </2ekernel>
24 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}%
25 <latexrelease> {\bx@ZZ}{Extended float list}%
26 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
27 \let\@elt\newinsert
28 <2ekernel>
29 \def\@freelist{%
30 \@elt\bx@A\@elt\bx@B\@elt\bx@C\@elt\bx@D\@elt\bx@E
31 \@elt\bx@F\@elt\bx@G\@elt\bx@H\@elt\bx@I\@elt\bx@J
32 \@elt\bx@K\@elt\bx@L\@elt\bx@M\@elt\bx@N
33 \@elt\bx@O\@elt\bx@P\@elt\bx@Q\@elt\bx@R}
34 \@freelist
35 </2ekernel>
36 \ifx\numexpr\undefined\else
37 \def\reserved@a{%
38 \@elt\bx@S\@elt\bx@T\@elt\bx@U\@elt\bx@V
39 \@elt\bx@W\@elt\bx@X\@elt\bx@Y\@elt\bx@Z
40 \@elt\bx@AA\@elt\bx@BB\@elt\bx@CC\@elt\bx@DD\@elt\bx@EE
41 \@elt\bx@FF\@elt\bx@GG\@elt\bx@HH\@elt\bx@II\@elt\bx@JJ
42 \@elt\bx@KK\@elt\bx@LL\@elt\bx@MM\@elt\bx@NN
43 \@elt\bx@OO\@elt\bx@PP\@elt\bx@QQ\@elt\bx@RR
44 \@elt\bx@SS\@elt\bx@TT\@elt\bx@UU\@elt\bx@VV
45 \@elt\bx@WW\@elt\bx@XX\@elt\bx@YY\@elt\bx@ZZ}
46 \reserved@a
47 \def\@elt{\noexpand\@elt\noexpand}
48 \edef\@freelist{\@freelist\reserved@a}
49 \fi
50 \let\reserved@a\relax
51 \let\@elt\relax
52 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
53 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
54 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
55 <latexrelease> {\bx@ZZ}{Extended float list}%
56 <latexrelease>\def\@freelist{%
```

```

57 <|latexrelease> \c@elt\bx@A\c@elt\bx@B\c@elt\bx@C\c@elt\bx@D\c@elt\bx@E
58 <|latexrelease> \c@elt\bx@F\c@elt\bx@G\c@elt\bx@H\c@elt\bx@I\c@elt\bx@J
59 <|latexrelease> \c@elt\bx@K\c@elt\bx@L\c@elt\bx@M\c@elt\bx@N
60 <|latexrelease> \c@elt\bx@O\c@elt\bx@P\c@elt\bx@Q\c@elt\bx@R}
61 <|latexrelease> \insc@unt=234
62 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
63 {*2ekernel}

64 \gdef\@toplist{}
65 \gdef\@botlist{}
66 \gdef\@midlist{}
67 \gdef\@currlist{}
68 \gdef\@deferlist{}
69 \gdef\@dbltoplist{}
70 % \begin{macrocode}
71 % \changes{v1.2m}{2015/03/12}
72 % {initialise \cs{@dbldeferlist} again}
73 % The new algorithm stores page wide floats together with column floats
74 % in a single |\@deferlist| list. We keep |\@dbldeferlist|
75 % initialised as empty so that packages that are testing for
76 % deferred floats can use the same code for old or new float
77 % handling.

\gdef\@dbldeferlist{}
\end{macrocode}

```

## PAGE LAYOUT PARAMETERS

```

78 \newdimen\topmargin
79 \newdimen\oddsidemargin
80 \newdimen\evensidemargin
81 \let\@themargin=\oddsidemargin
82 \newdimen\headheight
83 \newdimen\headsep
84 \newdimen\footskip
85 \newdimen\textheight
86 \newdimen\textwidth
87 \newdimen\columnwidth
88 \newdimen\columnsep
89 \newdimen\columnseprule
90 \newdimen\marginparwidth
91 \newdimen\marginparsep
92 \newdimen\marginparpush

```

\AtBeginDvi \begindvibox We use a box register in which to put stuff that must appear before anything else in the .dvi file.

The stuff in the box should not add any typeset material to the page when it is unboxed.

```

93 \newbox\@begindvibox
94 \def \AtBeginDvi #1{%
95 \global \setbox \@begindvibox
96 \vbox{\unvbox \@begindvibox #1}%
97 }

```

\@maxdepth This is not the right place to set this; it needs to be set in a class/style file when \maxdepth is set.  
Also, many settings to \maxdepth should be to \@maxdepth, probably?

```

98 \newdimen\@maxdepth
99 \@maxdepth = \maxdepth

```

\paperheight New \paper... registers.

```

100 \newdimen\paperheight
101 \newdimen\paperwidth

```

\if@insert Local switches first:

```

102 \newif \if@insert

```

\if@fcolmade These should definitely be global:

```

103 \newif \if@fcolmade
104 \newif \if@specialpage \@specialpagefalse

```

\if@firstcolumn These should be global but are not always set globally in other files.

```

105 \newif \if@firstcolumn \@firstcolumntrue
106 \newif \if@twocolumn \@twocolumnfalse

```

\if@reversemarginpar Not sure about these: two questions. Should things which must apply to a whole document be local or global (they probably should be ‘preamble only’ commands)? Are these three such things?

```

107 \newif \if@twoside \@twosidefalse
108 \newif \if@reversemargin \@reversemarginfalse
109 \newif \if@mparswitch \@mparswitchfalse

```

This counter has been imported from ‘multicol’.

```

110 \newcount \col@number
111 \col@number \one

```

## INTERNAL REGISTERS

```

112 \newcount\@topnum
113 \newdimen\@toproom
114 \newcount\@dbltopnum
115 \newdimen\@dbltoproom
116 \newcount\@botnum
117 \newdimen\@botroom
118 \newcount\@colnum
119 \newdimen\@textmin
120 \newdimen\@fpmin
121 \newdimen\@colht
122 \newdimen\@colroom
123 \newdimen\@pageht
124 \newdimen\@pagedp
125 \newdimen\@mparbottom \@mparbottom\z@
126 \newcount\@currtype
127 \newbox\@outputbox
128 \newbox\@leftcolumn
129 \newbox\@holdpg

130 \def\@thehead{\@oddhead} % initialization
131 \def\@thefoot{\@oddfoot}

```

\clearpage The tests at the beginning are an experimental attempt to avoid a completely empty page after a \twocolumn[...]. This prevents the text from the argument vanishing into a float box, never to be seen again. We hope that it does not produce wrong formatting in other cases.

```

132 \def\clearpage{%
133 \ifvmode
134 \ifnum \dbltopnum =\m@ne
135 \ifdim \pagetotal <\topskip
136 \hbox{}%
137 \fi
138 \fi
139 \fi
140 \newpage
141 \write\m@ne{}%
142 \vbox{}%
143 \penalty -\@Mi
144 }

```

```

\cleardoublepage
145 \def\cleardoublepage{\clearpage\if@twoside \ifodd\c@page\else
146 \hbox{}\newpage\if@twocolumn\hbox{}\newpage\fi\fi\fi}
147
```

#### \onecolumn

```

148 (*2ekernel | ftrace)
149 \def\onecolumn{%
150 \clearpage
151 \global\columnwidth\textwidth
152 \global\hsize\columnwidth
153 \global\linewidth\columnwidth
154 \global\@twocolumnfalse
155 \col@number \c@ne
156 \floatplacement}

```

\newpage The two checks at the beginning ensure that an item label or run-in section title immediately before a \newpage get printed on the correct page, the one before the page break.

All three tests are largely to make error processing more robust; that is why they all reset the flags explicitly, even when it would appear that this would be done by a \leavevmode.

```

157 \def \newpage {%
158 \if@noskipsec
159 \ifx \nodocument\relax
160 \leavevmode
161 \global \c@noskipsecfalse
162 \fi
163 \fi
164 \if@inlabel
165 \leavevmode
166 \global \c@inlabelfalse
167 \fi
168 \if@nobreak \c@nobreakfalse \everypar{}\fi
169 \par

```

```

170 \vfil
171 \penalty -\@M}

\@emptycol It may be better to use an invisible rule rather than an empty box here.
172 \def \@emptycol {\vbox{}\penalty -\@M}

\twocolumn There are several bug fixes to the two-column stuff here.
\@topnewpage 173 \def \twocolumn {%
174 \clearpage
175 \global\columnwidth\textwidth
176 \global\advance\columnwidth-\columnsep
177 \global\divide\columnwidth\tw@
178 \global\hsize\columnwidth
179 \global\linewidth\columnwidth
180 \global\@twocolumntrue
181 \global\@firstcolumntrue
182 \col@number \tw@

There is no reason to put a \@dblfloatplacement here since \@topnewpage ignores these settings. The \@floatplacement is needed in case this comes after some changes.
183 \@ifnextchar [\@topnewpage\@floatplacement
184 }

Note that here, getting a box from the freelist can assume success since this comes just after a \clearpage.
185 \long\def \@topnewpage [#1]{%
186 \nodocument
187 \next@\currbox\@freelist{}{}%
188 \global \setbox\@currbox
189 \color@vbox
190 \normalcolor
191 \vbox {%
192 \hsize\textwidth
193 \parboxrestore
194 \col@number \one
195 #1%
196 \vskip -\dbltextfloatsep
197 }%
198 \color@endbox

Added size test and warning message; perhaps we should use an error message.
199 \ifdim \ht\@currbox>\textheight
200 \ht\@currbox \textheight
201 \fi

This next line is not essential but it is more robust to make this value non-zero, in case of weird errors.
This next bit is what is needed from \@addtobblcol, plus some extra checks for error trapping.
202 \global \count\@currbox \tw@
203 \tempdima -\ht\@currbox
204 \advance \tempdima -\dbltextfloatsep
205 \global \advance \colht \tempdima
206 \ifx \dbltoplist \empty
```

```

207 \else
208 \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb
209 \let \dbltoplist \empty
210 \fi
211 \@cons \dbltoplist \currbox

```

This setting of `\dbltopnum` is used only to change the typesetting in `\combinedblfloats`.

```

212 \global \dbltopnum \m@ne
213 {*trace}
214 \f@trace{dbltopnum set to -1 (= \the \dbltopnum) (topnewpage)}%
215 (/trace)

```

At points such as this we need to check that there is still a minimal amount of room left on the page; this uses an arbitrary small value at present; but note that this value is larger than that used when checking that page is too full of normal floats.

If there is little room left we just force a page-break, OK? This involves producing two empty columns. The second empty column may be produced by `\output`, in which case an extra, misleading, warning will be generated, OK? (This happens only when there is too little room left on the page for any float.) Otherwise (i.e. if the size is such that it is allowed as a normal float) the extra `\emptycol` will be invoked in the second column by the conditional code guarded by the `\if@firstcolumn` test.

I now think that the cut-off point here should be  $3\baselineskip$ , but we make it a bit less so that 3 lines of text will be allowed, OK?

Since this happens only when there is nothing on the page but the ‘top-box’, the empty box should not cause any problem other than some overfull box messages, which is not entirely misleading.

Here we need two page-ends since both columns need to be empty.

```

216 \ifdim \colht<2.5\baselineskip
217 \@latex@warning@no@line {Optional argument of \noexpand\twocolumn
218 too tall on page \thepage}%
219 \emptycol
220 \if@firstcolumn
221 \else
222 \emptycol
223 \fi
224 \else
225 \global \vsize \colht
226 \global \colroom \colht
227 \floatplacement
228 \fi
229 }

```

`\output` This needs some small adjustments. We cannot guarantee that the float mechanism will interact correctly with this stuff, but that mechanism does not always work properly with footnotes already.

RmS 91/09/29:

added reset of `\par` to the output routine. This avoids problems when the output routine is called within a list where `\par` may be a no-op.

```

230 \output {%
231 \let \par \@@par

```

```

232 \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@M
233 \@specialoutput
234 \else
235 \@makecol
236 \@opcol

Moved to \@opcol: \@floatplacement.

237 \@startcolumn

This loop could be replaced by an \expandafter tail recursion in \@startcolumn.

238 \@whilesw \if@fcolmade \fi
239 {%
240 /*trace}
241 \f@trace{PAGE: float \if@twocolumn column \else page \fi
242 completed}%
243 /*trace}
244 \@opcol\@startcolumn}%
245 \fi
246 \ifnum \outputpenalty>-\@Miv

```

At points such as this we need to check that there is still a minimal amount of room left on the page; this uses an arbitrary small value at present. If there is little room left we just force a page-break, OK?

This bit is essential only if a float has just been processed so maybe it should be moved; but this is the natural place at which to set the vsize and a test would need to be done anyway. A check has been added to ensure that there really has been a change in the value of \@colroom.

Since this happens only when there is nothing on the page but floats, the empty box should not cause any problem other than some overfull box messages, which is not entirely misleading.

The twocolumn case does not need any extra code here since this is the \output itself; in the second column there will still not be enough room left so \@emptycol will be executed again when the OR is called by the-page builder when it gets to the penalty inserted by the first execution. (The page-builder is never invoked whilst the OR is being executed since it builds a inner vlist; thus any conditional code for the two-column case within \output may not get executed with the correct value of \if@firstcolumn.

```

247 \ifdim \@colroom<1.5\baselineskip
248 \ifdim \@colroom<\textheight
249 \@latex@warning@no@line {Text page \thepage\space
250 contains only floats}%
251 \@emptycol
252 % \if@twocolumn
253 % \if@firstcolumn
254 % \else
255 % \@emptycol
256 % \fi
257 % \fi
258 \else
259 \global \vsize \@colroom
260 \fi
261 \else
262 \global \vsize \@colroom
263 \fi

```

```

264 \else
265 \global \vsize \maxdimen
266 \fi
267 }

CHANGES TO \specialoutput:
* \penalty\z@ changed to \penalty\interlinepenalty so \samepage
 works properly with figure and table environments.
 (Changed 23 Oct 86)

* Definition of \specialoutput changed 26 Feb 88 so \pageht and
 \pagedp aren't changed for a marginal note.
 (Change suggested by Chris Rowley.)

```

```

268 \gdef\specialoutput{%
269 \ifnum \outputpenalty>-\@Mii
270 \@doclearpage
271 \else
272 \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@Mii
273 \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@MM \deadcycles \z@ \fi
274 \global \setbox\@holdpg \vbox {\unvbox\@cclv}%
275 \else

```

Note that \boxmaxdepth should not be set here since we wish to record the natural depth of the holdpg box.

This is changed so as to not lose anything, such as writes and marks, which may get into box 255 and should be returned to the list. This should only happen when the first penalty in the mechanism is discarded and therefore \@holdpg should always be void in this case. This can happen because a penalty is discarded whenever there is no box on the list.

It was just: \setbox\@tempboxa \box \@cclv.

The last box which is removed is the box put there by the double-penalty mechanism. The \unskip then removes the \topskip which is put there since the box is the first on the page.

```

276 \global \setbox\@holdpg \vbox{%
277 \unvbox\@holdpg
278 \unvbox\@cclv

```

We must now remove the box added by the float mechanism and the \topskip glue therefore added above it by TeX.

```

279 \setbox\@tempboxa \lastbox
280 \unskip
281 }%

```

These two are needed as separate dimensions only by \addmarginpar; for other purposes we put the whole size into \pageht (see below).

```

282 \pagedp \dp\@holdpg
283 \pageht \ht\@holdpg
284 \unvbox \@holdpg
285 \next\currbox\currlist{%
286 \ifnum \count\currbox>\z@

```

Putting the whole size into \pageht (see above).

```

287 \advance \pageht \pagedp
288 \ifvoid\footins \else

```

```

289 \advance \@pageht \ht\footins
290 \advance \@pageht \skip\footins
291 \advance \@pageht \dp\footins
292 \fi
293 \ifvbox \@kludgeins

```

We want to make the adjustment due to this insert only if the non-star form is used. The \*-form will probably not work with floats, but maybe it still could make some adjustment here even so?

```

294 \ifdim \wd\@kludgeins=\z@%
295 \advance \@pageht \ht\@kludgeins
296 (*trace)
297 \f@trace {Extra size added: \the \ht\@kludgeins}%
298
```

```

299 \fi
300 \fi

```

This version puts the inserts back just before the additional material; it could be moved earlier, before unboxing the page-so-far. Neither is guaranteed not to put things on the wrong page. This version is similar to the original version.

```

301 \reinserts
302 \addtocurcol
303 \else
304 \reinserts
305 \addmarginpar
306 \fi
307 } \@latexbug

```

A 2e change: use `\addpenalty` instead of `\penalty` here. Some penalty is needed to create a potential break-point immediately after the reinserts (or the marginal). Otherwise there can be no possibility to break here and this can cause the reinserts or the marginal to appear on the next page (which is often incorrect). However, if the nobreak flag is true, a `\nobreak` must be correct.

```

308 \ifnum \outputpenalty<\z@
309 \if@nobreak
310 \nobreak
311 \else
312 \addpenalty \interlinepenalty
313 \fi
314 \fi
315 \fi
316 \fi
317 }
318
```

`\@testwrongwidth` Test if the float box has the wrong width when trying to place it into some area.  
`\f@depth` (Actually the test is for a conventional depth setting rather than for the width of the float. For that reason the box depth was explicitly tailored when the float was created).

```

319 <| latexrelease> \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
320 <| latexrelease> {\@testwrongwidth}{float order in 2-column}%
321 (*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace)

322 \def\@testwrongwidth #1{%
323 \ifdim\dp#1=\f@depth

```

```

324 {*trace}
325 \fl@trace{\string#1
326 \ifdim\f@depth=\z@ single \else double \fi
327 column float -- ok}%
328 {/trace}
329 \else
330 \global\@testtrue
331 {*trace}
332 \fl@trace{\string#1
333 \ifdim\f@depth=\z@ double \else single \fi
334 column float -- wrong}%
335 {/trace}
336 \fi}%

```

Normally looking for single column floats, which have zero depth.

```

337 \let\f@depth\z@
338 {/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace}
339 {latexrelease}\EndIncludeInRelease
340 {latexrelease}\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
341 {latexrelease} {\@testwrongwidth}{float order in 2-column}%
342 {latexrelease}\let\@testwrongwidth\undefined
343 {latexrelease}\let\f@depth\undefined
344 {latexrelease}\EndIncludeInRelease

```

\@doclearpage This is a very much an emergency action, just dumping everything: footnotes first then floats. A more sophisticated version is needed; but even more urgent is a bug-free version (see, for example, pr/3528).

Also, it puts any left-over non-boxes (writes, specials, etc.) back after any float pages created: this is a very bad bug since, for example, a kludge insert will be in quite the wrong place and, worse, be irremovable and uncancelable.

All the remaining changes are replacing the double column defer list or inserting the extra test \@testwrongwidth{\box} at suitable places. That is at places where a box is taken off the deferlist.

```

345 {latexrelease}\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@doclearpage}%
346 {latexrelease} {\float order in 2-column}%
347 {/2ekernel | latexrelease}
348 \def \@doclearpage {%
349 \ifvoid\footins
350 \ifvbox\@kludgeins
351 {\setbox \tempboxa \box \kludgeins}%
352 {*trace}
353 \fl@trace {\kludgeins box made void}%
354 {/trace}
355 \fi
356 \setbox\tempboxa\vsplit\cclv to\z@ \unvbox\tempboxa
357 \setbox\tempboxa\box\cclv
358 \xdef\@deferlist{\@toplist\@botlist\@deferlist}%
359 \global\let\@toplist\empty
360 \global\let\@botlist\empty
361 \global\@colroom\colht
362 \ifx\currlist\empty
363 \else

```

```

364 \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb
365 \global \let \currlist \empty
366 \fi
367 \makefcolumn\@deferlist
368 \whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\opcol\makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
369 \if@twocolumn
370 \if@firstcolumn
371 \xdef\@deferlist{\@dbltoplist\@deferlist}%
372 \global \let \@dbltoplist \empty
373 \global \colht \textheight
374 \begingroup
375 \dblfloatplacement
376 \makefcolumn\@deferlist
377 \whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\outputpage
378 \makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
379 \endgroup
380 \else
381 \vbox{}\clearpage
382 \fi
383 \fi

```

the next line is needed to avoid losing floats in certain circumstances a single call to the original \doclearpage will now no longer output all floats.

```

384 \ifx\@deferlist\empty \else\clearpage \fi
385 \else
386 \setbox\cclv\vbox{\box\cclv\vfil}%
387 \makecol\opcol
388 \clearpage
389 \fi
390 }%
391 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
392 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
393 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\doclearpage}%
394 <latexrelease> {float order in 2-column}%
395 <latexrelease>\def \doclearpage {%
396 <latexrelease> \ifvoid\footins

```

We empty any left over kludge insert box here; this is a temporary fix. It should perhaps be applied to one page of cleared floats, but who cares? The whole of this stuff needs completely redoing for many such reasons.

```

397 <latexrelease> \ifvbox\kludgeins
398 <latexrelease> \setbox \tempboxa \box \kludgeins}%
399 <*trace>
400 <latexrelease> \f1@trace {\kludgeins box made void}%
401 </trace>
402 <latexrelease> \fi
403 <latexrelease> \setbox\tempboxa\vsplit\cclv to\z@\unvbox\tempboxa
404 <latexrelease> \setbox\tempboxa\box\cclv
405 <latexrelease> \xdef\@deferlist{\@toplist\@botlist\@deferlist}%
406 <latexrelease> \global \let \@toplist \empty
407 <latexrelease> \global \let \@botlist \empty
408 <latexrelease> \global \colroom \colht

```

```

409 <|latexrelease> \ifx \@currlist\@empty
410 <|latexrelease> \else
411 <|latexrelease> \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb

412 <|latexrelease> \global \let \@currlist \@empty
413 <|latexrelease> \fi
414 <|latexrelease> \@makefcolumn\@deferlist
415 <|latexrelease> \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
416 <|latexrelease> {\@opcol\@makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
417 <|latexrelease> \if@twocolumn
418 <|latexrelease> \if@firstcolumn
419 <|latexrelease> \xdef\@dbldeferlist{\@dbltoplist\@dbldeferlist}%

420 <|latexrelease> \global \let \@dbltoplist \@empty
421 <|latexrelease> \global \@colht \textheight
422 <|latexrelease> \begingroup
423 <|latexrelease> \@dblfloatplacement
424 <|latexrelease> \@makefcolumn\@dbldeferlist
425 <|latexrelease> \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
426 <|latexrelease> {\@outputpage\@makefcolumn\@dbldeferlist}%
427 <|latexrelease> \endgroup
428 <|latexrelease> \else
429 <|latexrelease> \vbox{}\clearpage
430 <|latexrelease> \fi
431 <|latexrelease> \fi
432 <|latexrelease> \else
433 <|latexrelease> \setbox\@cclv\vbox{\box\@cclv\vfil}%
434 <|latexrelease> \@makecol\@opcol
435 <|latexrelease> \clearpage
436 <|latexrelease> \fi
437 <|latexrelease> }%
438 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

\@opcol Several changes in detail here.

```

439 (*2ekernel | ftrace)
440 \def \@opcol {%
441 \if@twocolumn
442 \@outputdblcol
443 \else
444 \@outputpage
445 {*trace}
446 \f@trace{PAGE: one column (float? see above) page completed}%
447 /trace}

```

Not needed since it comes after \@outputpage:

```

448 % \global\@colht\textheight
449 \fi

```

These do not need to be done every time \@opcol is used: they should be grouped together since they all need to be done at the end of the non-special output routine, or at the end of a clearpage one.

```

450 \global \@mparbottom \z@ \global \@textfloatsheight \z@
451 \@floatplacement
452 }
453 /2ekernel | ftrace>

```

\@makecol We must rewrite this macro to allow for variations in page-makeup required by changes in page-length.

This uses a different macro if a special-length column is being produced.

```
454 {*2ekernel}
455 \gdef \@makecol {%
456 \ifvoid\footins
457 \setbox\@outputbox \box\@cclv
458 \else
459 \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
```

This \boxmaxdepth setting is to ensure that deep footnotes do not overwrite the footer (on account of the negative skip added later): it should use \@maxdepth otherwise the change is pointless when there are footnotes.

But see also its use when combining floats.

```
460 \boxmaxdepth \@maxdepth
461 % \@tempdima\dp\@cclv
462 \unvbox \@cclv
463 % \vskip-\@tempdima
464 \vskip \skip\footins
465 \color@begingroup
466 \normalcolor
467 \footnoterule
468 \unvbox \footins
469 \color@endgroup
470 }%
471 \fi
```

The h floats have now been finally committed to this page so we can reset their list. The top and bottom floats are then added to the page.

```
472 \let\@elt\relax
473 \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@midlist}%
474 \global \let \@midlist \empty
475 \combinefloats
```

The variations start here in case \enlarge this page has been used.

```
476 \ifvbox\@kludgeins
477 \makespecialcolbox
478 \else
```

This extra reboxing is only needed to add the \texttop and \textbottom but this could be done earlier, when the floats are added.

The \boxmaxdepth resetting here will have no effect unless \textbottom ends with a box or rule. So is this (or possibly \maxdepth) the correct value?

The \vskip -\dimen ensures that the visible depth of the box does not affect the placement of anything on the page. Thus very deep pages will overprint the footer; but these should have been prevented by suitable settings of the maxdepths at appropriate times.

If \textbottom ends with a box or rule of non-zero depth then this skip adjustment should be done again after it.

I think that the final boxing of the main text page could have a common ending which may make it simpler to see what is going on.

This needs further investigation, especially in the ‘special case’.

Also, the `\boxmaxdepth` setting here affects what happens within `\@texttop` and `\@textbottom`, should it? Is it needed at all?

RmS 91/10/22: Replaced `\dimen128` by `\dimen@`.

```
479 \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to\@colht {%
480 % \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth %??
481 \@texttop
482 \dimen@ \dp\@outputbox
483 \unvbox \@outputbox
484 \vskip -\dimen@
485 \@textbottom
486 }%
487 \fi
488 \global \maxdepth \@maxdepth
489 }
```

`\@reinserts` This is the code which reinserts the inserts. It puts them all in one place; this can make some of them come out on the wrong page. It has been put into a separate macro to expedite experimentation.

```
490 \gdef \@reinserts{%
491 \ifvoid\footins\else\insert\footins{\unvbox\footins}\fi
492 \ifvbox\@kludgeins\insert\@kludgeins
493 {\unvbox\@kludgeins}\fi
494 }
495 </2ekernel>
```

`\@makespecialcolbox` This implements certain variations in page-makeup.

```
496 <*2ekernel | fltrace>
497 \gdef \@makespecialcolbox {%
498 <*trace>
499 \fl@trace{Kludgeins ht \the\ht\@kludgeins\space
500 dp \the\dp\@kludgeins\space
501 wd \the\wd\@kludgeins}%
502 </trace>
```

First we find the natural height of the column.

See above for discussion of what is happening here.

This needs further investigation, especially in this ‘special case’.

```
503 \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
504 \@texttop
505 \dimen@ \dp\@outputbox
506 \unvbox\@outputbox
507 \vskip-\dimen@
508 }%
509 \tempdima \@colht
510 \ifdim \wd\@kludgeins>\z@
```

Note that in this case (the `*-`version), the height of the `\@kludgeins` box is not used since its value is somewhat arbitrary: it need only be big enough to ensure that the page-break is not taken prematurely.

Here we calculate how much vertical space needs to be added in order to enable the column to fit into a box of size `\@colht` using the best information we have about the amount of shrink available (another thing which is known internally about a box, but cannot be accessed at the TeX level!).

This needs TeX3 otherwise `\pageshrink` is zero anyway; it may not be exactly the figure we wish as it is the total available from the all the material collected before the page-break decision is made. It will, we think, always be an overestimate of the actual shrink in the box; therefore this should always force the shortest possible column with the possibility of an overfull box.

This should work for both the flush- and ragged-bottom setting since it makes the contents no smaller than the size (`\@colht`) of the box into which they are put.

There should perhaps be an upper limit, of 0pt?, on the extra space added to force shrinking.

See above for a discussion of the `\boxmaxdepth` setting here.

```

511 \advance \@tempdima -\ht\@outputbox
512 \advance \@tempdima \pageshrink
513 <*trace>
514 \f@trace {Natural ht of col: \the \ht\@outputbox}%
515 \f@trace {\string \@colht: \the \@colht}%
516 \f@trace {Pageshrink added: \the \pageshrink}%
517 \f@trace {Hence, space added: \the \@tempdima}%
518 </trace>
519 \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to \@colht {%
520 % \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
521 \unvbox\@outputbox
522 \vskip \@tempdima
523 \textbottom
524 }%

```

For the unstarred version, the final size of the page is precisely specified. Therefore, at least for the flush-bottom case, we need to ensure that, visually, it has this size exactly.

Thus we calculate this size and set the material in a box of this size, which is then put into a box of size `\@colht` with `\vss` at the bottom.

```

525 \else
526 \advance \@tempdima -\ht\@kludgeins
527 <*trace>
528 \f@trace {Natural ht of col: \the \ht\@outputbox}%
529 \f@trace {\string \@colht: \the \@colht}%
530 \f@trace {Extra size added: -\the \ht \@kludgeins}%
531 \f@trace {Hence, height of inner box: \the \@tempdima}%
532 \f@trace {Max? pageshrink available: \the \pageshrink}%
533 </trace>

```

This type of final packaging could be done always; this may simplify all of this page-makeup.

It is not necessary to set `\boxmaxdepth` here since the `\@outputbox` ends with glue.

```

534 \setbox \@outputbox \vbox to \@colht {%
535 \vbox to \@tempdima {%
536 \unvbox\@outputbox
537 \textbottom}%
538 \vss}%
539 \fi

```

Finally we need to explicitly make the insert box void.

```

540 {\setbox \@tempboxa \box \@kludgeins}%
541 {*trace}
542 \f@trace {kludgeins box made void}%
543{/trace}
544}
545{/2ekernel | ftrace}

\@texttop These do nothing as a default.
\@textbottom 546{*2ekernel}
547\let \@texttop \relax
548\let \@textbottom \relax

\@resetactivechars RmS 93/09/06: added hook to protect against certain active characters in the
\@activechar@info output routine. Default checks are for active space and end-of-line.

549\def\@activechar@info #1{%
550 \o@latex@info@no@line {Active #1 character found while
551 output routine is active
552 \MessageBreak
553 This may be a bug in a package file
554 you are using}%
555}

Do not put any spaces in this next bit!

556\begingroup
557\obeylines\obeyspaces%
558\catcode`\\active`%
559\gdef\@resetactivechars{%
560\def^~M{\@activechar@info{EOL}\space}%
561\def {\@activechar@info{\space}\space}%
562\let`\active@math@prime}%
563\endgroup

\@outputpage The \color@hbox hooks here are used to avoid putting just a colour special into
\@shipoutsetup an otherwise empty box (in a header or footer). These boxes are often set to be
\@writesetup completely empty and so adding a special produces a very underfull box message.

There has been extensive tidying up of the old code here; including the removal
of a level of grouping.

The setting of \protect immediately before the \shipout is needed so that
protected commands within \writes are handled correctly.

Within shipout's vbox it is reset to its default value, \relax.

Resetting it to its default value after the shipout has been completed (and the
contents of the writes have been expanded) must be done by use of \aftergroup.
This is because it must have the value \relax before macros coming from other
uses of \aftergroup within this box are expanded.

Putting this into the \aftergroup token list does not affect the definition
used in expanding the \writes because the aftergroup token list is only con-
structed when popping the save-stack, it is not expanded until after the shipout
is completed.

Question: should things from an \aftergroup within the shipped out box be
executed in the environment set up for the writes, or after it finishes?

A lot of this code has been in-lined to prevent mis-use of internal commands
as hooks.

```

```

564 \def\@outputpage{%
565 \begingroup % the \endgroup is put in by \aftergroup
Now all the set-up stuff has been in-lined for Frank.
```

First the stuff for the writes.

From here ... was in the command \@writesetup.

```
566 \let \protect \noexpand
```

RmS 93/08/19: Redefined accents to allow changes in font encoding; but exactly why was this needed?

The \catcode`\ = 10 was removed as it was considered useless (presumably because nothing gets tokenised during shipout).

This was put in as some error produced active spaces in a mark, I think.

Why was the hyphen reset?

```
567 \@resetactivechars
```

If a page break happens between the start of a list and its first item the @newlist will be true and this will mess up any list that is used in the header or footer of the page. So we have to reset that flag.

```

568 \global\let\@if@newlist\if@newlist
569 \global\@newlistfalse
```

This next hook replaces the following:

```

\let\neg@dischyp
\let'\@acci\let`@\@acci\let=\@acci
\let\\@\normalcr
\let\par\@@par %% 15 Sep 87 (this was once inside the box)
```

and it does more than they did; in particular it sets:

```

\parindent\z@
\parskip\z@skip
\everypar{}%
\leftskip\z@skip
\rightskip\z@skip
\parfillskip\@flushglue
\lineskip\normalineskip
\baselineskip\normalbaselineskip
\sloppy
```

```
570 \@parboxrestore
```

... to here was in the command \@writesetup.

```

571 \shipout \vbox{%
572 \set@typeset@protect
573 \aftergroup \endgroup
574 \aftergroup \set@typeset@protect
575 % correct? or just restore by ending
576 % the group?
```

This first bit has been moved inside the shipped out box.

Now the setup inside the shipped out box; this should contain all the stuff that could only affect typesetting; other stuff may need to be reset for the writes also.

From here ... was in the command \@shipoutsetup.

```

577 \if@specialpage
578 \global\@specialpagefalse\@nameuse{ps@\@specialstyle}%
579 \fi
580 \if@twoside
581 \ifodd\count\z@\let\@thehead\@oddhead \let\@thefoot\@oddfoot
582 \let\@themargin\oddsidemargin
583 \else \let\@thehead\@evenhead
584 \let\@thefoot\@evenfoot \let\@themargin\evensidemargin
585 \fi
586 \fi

```

The rest was always inside the box.

RmS 91/08/15: added this line:

```
587 \reset@font
```

RmS 93/08/06 Added `\lineskiplimit=0pt` to guard against it being nonzero:  
e.g. by `\offinterlineskip` being in effect.

There are probably lots of other things that may need resetting.

```
588 \normalsize
```

Reset the space factors.

```
589 \normalsfcodes
```

Reset these here (previously reset separately for head and foot)

```

590 \let\label\@gobble
591 \let\index\@gobble
592 \let\glossary\@gobble
593 \baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip\z@skip \lineskiplimit\z@

```

... to here was in the command `\@shipoutsetup`.

```

594 \@begindvi
595 \vskip \topmargin
596 \moveoveright\@themargin \vbox {%
597 \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox to\headheight{%
598 \vfil
599 \color@hbox
600 \normalcolor
601 \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thehead}%
602 \color@endbox
603 }% %% 22 Feb 87
604 \dp\@tempboxa \z@
605 \box\@tempboxa
606 \vskip \headsep
607 \box\@outputbox
608 \baselineskip \footskip
609 \color@hbox
610 \normalcolor
611 \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thefoot}%
612 \color@endbox
613 }%
614 }%

```

`\endgroup` now inserted by `\aftergroup`

Restore `\if@newlist`

```
615 \global\let\if@newlist\@if@newlist
```

```

616 \global \colht \textheight
617 \stepcounter{page}%

```

It is now clear that this does something useful, thanks to Piet van Oostrum. It is needed because a float page is made without using TeX's page-builder; thus the output routine is never called so the marks are not updated.

```

618 \let\firstmark\botmark
619 }

```

\@begindvi This unboxes stuff that must appear before anything else in the .dvi file, then returns that box register to the free list and cancels itself.

The stuff in the box should not add any typeset material to the page.

```

620 \def \@begindvi{%
621 \unvbox \begindvibox
622 \global\let \begindvi \empty
623 }

```

\@combinefloats The \boxmaxdepth setting here was not made local to a box so was dangerous. It  
 \@cflt is needed only within the box made by \@cflt (and not normally even there), so  
 \@cflb it has been moved there; this also agrees with the original pseudocode.

```

624 \def \@combinefloats {%
625 % \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
626 \ifx \toplist\empty \else \cflt \fi
627 \ifx \botlist\empty \else \cflb \fi
628 }

629 \def \cflt{%
630 \let \elt \comflelt
631 \setbox\tempboxa \vbox{ }%
632 \toplist
633 \setbox\outputbox \vbox{%
634 \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
635 \unvbox\tempboxa
636 \vskip -\floatsep
637 \topfigrule
638 \vskip \textfloatsep
639 \unvbox\outputbox
640 }%
641 \let\elt\relax
642 \xdef\freelist{\freelist\toplist}%
643 \global\let\toplist\empty
644 }

645 \def \cflb {%
646 \let\elt\comflelt
647 \setbox\tempboxa \vbox{ }%
648 \botlist
649 \setbox\outputbox \vbox{%
650 \unvbox\outputbox
651 \vskip \textfloatsep
652 \botfigrule
653 \unvbox\tempboxa
654 \vskip -\floatsep
655 }%

```

```

656 \let\@elt\relax
657 \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@botlist}%
658 \global \let \@botlist\@empty
659 }

\@comflelt
\@comdblflelt 660 \def\@comflelt#1{\setbox\@tempboxa
\@combinedblfloats 661 \vbox{\unvbox\@tempboxa\box #1\vskip\floatsep}}
662 \def\@comdblflelt#1{\setbox\@tempboxa
663 \vbox{\unvbox\@tempboxa\box #1\vskip\dblfloatsep}}
664 \def \@combinedblfloats{%
665 \ifx \@dbltoplist \@empty
666 \else
667 \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox{}%
668 \let \@elt \@comdblflelt
669 \@dbltoplist
670 \let \@elt \relax
671 \xdef \@freelist {\@freelist\@dbltoplist}%
672 \global\let \@dbltoplist \@empty
673 \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to\textheight

```

The setting of `\boxmaxdepth` here has no effect since the `\@outputbox` should already have depth zero. Even so, it would have no effect on the layout of the page.

```

674 {%\boxmaxdepth\maxdepth %% probably not needed, CAR
675 \unvbox\@tempboxa\vskip-\dblfloatsep

```

Here we need different typesetting if the top float comes from `\@topnewpage`.

```

676 \ifnum \@dbltopnum>\m@ne
677 \dblfigrule
678 \fi
679 \vskip \dbltextfloatsep
680 \box\@outputbox
681 }%
682 \fi
683 }
684 </2ekernel>

```

`\@startcolumn`  
`\@startdblcolumn` We could combine (most of) these two into `\@startcol <list>`. Note that `\@xstartcol` was only used once (i.e. in `\@startcolumn`); it has therefore been removed. This is not quite as efficient but it now has the same structure as `\@startdblcolumn`.

The empty-list test has been moved to `\@tryfcolumn`.

```

685 <*2ekernel | ftrace>
686 \def \@startcolumn {%
687 \global \@colroom \@colht
688 \@tryfcolumn \@deferlist
689 \if@fcollmade
690 {*trace}
691 \f@trace{PAGE: float \if@twocolumn column \else page \fi
692 completed}%
693 /trace>
694 \else

```

```

695 \begingroup
696 \let \reserved@b \deferlist
697 \global \let \deferlist \empty
698 \let \@elt \scolelt
699 \reserved@b
700 \endgroup
701 \fi
702 }

```

This one does not need to set \colht.

```

703 </2ekernel | fltrace>
704 <latexrelease | fltrace>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
705 <latexrelease | fltrace> {\@startdblcolumn}{float order in 2-column}%
706 <*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace>
707 \def \@startdblcolumn {%
708 \tryfcolumn \deferlist
709 \if@fcolmade
710 <fltrace> \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
711 \else
712 \begingroup
713 \let \reserved@b \deferlist
714 \global \let \deferlist \empty
715 \let \@elt \sdblcolelt
716 \reserved@b
717 \endgroup
718 \fi
719 }%
720 </2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace>
721 <latexrelease | fltrace>\EndIncludeInRelease
722 <latexrelease | fltrace>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
723 <latexrelease | fltrace> {\@startdblcolumn}{float order in 2-column}%
724 <latexrelease | fltrace>\def \@startdblcolumn {%

```

Not needed since this always comes after \outputpage:

```

725 <latexrelease | fltrace>% \global \colht \textheight
726 <latexrelease | fltrace> \tryfcolumn \dbldeferlist
727 <latexrelease | fltrace> \if@fcolmade
728 <*trace>
729 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
730 </trace>
731 <latexrelease | fltrace> \else
732 <latexrelease | fltrace> \begingroup
733 <latexrelease | fltrace> \let \reserved@b \dbldeferlist
734 <latexrelease | fltrace> \global \let \dbldeferlist \empty
735 <latexrelease | fltrace> \let \@elt \sdblcolelt
736 <latexrelease | fltrace> \reserved@b
737 <latexrelease | fltrace> \endgroup
738 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fi
739 <latexrelease | fltrace>}%
740 <latexrelease | fltrace>\EndIncludeInRelease
741 <*2ekernel | fltrace>

```

\tryfcolumn Now tests if its list is empty before any further exertion.

```

742 \def \@tryfc{%
743 \global \ifcolmadefalse
744 \ifx #1\empty
745 \else
746 {*trace}
747 \f@l@trace{PAGE: try float \if@twocolumn column/page\else page\fi
748 ---\string #1}%
749 \f@l@trace{----- \string #1: #1}%
750 }/{trace}
751 \xdef\@trylist{#1}%
752 \global \let \failedlist \empty
753 \begingroup
754 \let \elt \xtryfc \@trylist
755 \endgroup
756 \if@fcollmade
757 \vtryfc #1%
758 \fi
759 \fi
760 }
761 }/{2ekernel | fltrace}
762 {*}2ekernel}

\@scolelt
763 \def\@scolelt#1{\def\@currbox{#1}\@addtonextcol}

@sdblcolelt
764 \def\@sdblcolelt#1{\def\@currbox{#1}\@addtobdblcol}

\vtryfc
765 \def\@vtryfc #1{%
766 \global\setbox\outputbox\vbox{%
767 \let\elt\wtryfc
768 \@flsucceed
769 \global\setbox\outputbox\vbox to\colht{%
770 \vskip \fptop
771 \vskip -\fpsep
772 \unvbox \outputbox
773 \vskip \fpbot}%
774 \let\elt\relax
775 \xdef #1{\failedlist\@flfail}%
776 \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@flsucceed}}}

\@wtryfc
777 \def\@wtryfc #1{%
778 \global\setbox\outputbox\vbox{%
779 \unvbox \outputbox
780 \vskip\fpsep
781 \box #1}%
782 }/{2ekernel}
783 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@xtryfc}%

```

```

784 <|latexrelease> {float order in 2-column}%
785 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
786 \def\@xtryfc #1{%
787 \next\reserved@a\@trylist{}{}%
788 \@currtype \count #1%
789 \divide\currtype\@xxxii
790 \multiply\currtype\@xxxii
791 \bitor \currtype \@failedlist
792 \testfp #1%
793 \testwrongwidth #1%
794 \ifdim \ht #1>\colht
795 \testtrue
796 \fi
797 \if@test
798 \cons\@failedlist #1%
799 \else
800 \ytryfc #1%
801 \fi}%
802 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
803 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
804 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@xtryfc}%
805 <|latexrelease> {float order in 2-column}%
806 <|latexrelease>\def\@xtryfc #1{%
807 <|latexrelease> \next\reserved@a\@trylist{}{}%
808 <|latexrelease> \@currtype \count #1%
809 <|latexrelease> \divide\currtype\@xxxii
810 <|latexrelease> \multiply\currtype\@xxxii
811 <|latexrelease> \bitor \currtype \@failedlist
812 <|latexrelease> \testfp #1%
813 <|latexrelease> \ifdim \ht #1>\colht
814 <|latexrelease> \testtrue
815 <|latexrelease> \fi
816 <|latexrelease> \if@test
817 <|latexrelease> \cons\@failedlist #1%
818 <|latexrelease> \else
819 <|latexrelease> \ytryfc #1%
820 <|latexrelease> \fi}%
821 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
822 <*2ekernel>

\@ytryfc
823 \def\@ytryfc #1{%
824 \begingroup
825 \gdef\@flsucceed{\@elt #1}%
826 \global\let\@flfail\empty
827 \tempdima\ht #1%
828 \let\@elt\@ztryfc
829 \@trylist
830 \ifdim \tempdima >\fptmin
831 \global\@fcolmadetrue
832 \else
833 \cons\@failedlist #1%
834 \fi

```

```

835 \endgroup
836 \if@fcollmade
837 \let\@elt\@gobble
838 \fi}

\@ztryfc
839 </2ekernel>
840 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{@ztryfc}%
841 <latexrelease> {float order in 2-column}%
842 <2ekernel | latexrelease>
843 \def\@ztryfc #1{%
844 \@tempcnta\count #1%
845 \divide\@tempcnta\@xxxii
846 \multiply\@tempcnta\@xxxii
847 \ifbitor \@tempcnta {\@failedlist \@flfail}%
848 \@testfp #1%
849 not in fixfloats?
850 \@tempdimb\@tempdima
851 \advance\@tempdimb\ht #1%
852 \advance\@tempdimb\@fpsep
853 \ifdim \@tempdimb >\@colht
854 \@testtrue
855 \fi
856 \if@test
857 \@cons\@flfail #1%
858 \else
859 \@cons\@flsucceed #1%
860 \@tempdima\@tempdimb
861 \fi}%
862 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
863 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
864 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{@ztryfc}%
865 <latexrelease> {float order in 2-column}%
866 <latexrelease>\def\@ztryfc #1{%
867 <latexrelease> \@tempcnta \count#1%
868 <latexrelease> \divide\@tempcnta\@xxxii
869 <latexrelease> \multiply\@tempcnta\@xxxii
870 <latexrelease> \ifbitor \@tempcnta {\@failedlist \@flfail}%
871 <latexrelease> \@testfp #1%
872 <latexrelease> \@tempdimb\@tempdima
873 <latexrelease> \advance\@tempdimb \ht#1%
874 <latexrelease> \advance\@tempdimb\@fpsep
875 <latexrelease> \ifdim \@tempdimb >\@colht
876 <latexrelease> \@testtrue
877 <latexrelease> \fi
878 <latexrelease> \if@test
879 <latexrelease> \@cons\@flfail #1%
880 <latexrelease> \else
881 <latexrelease> \@cons\@flsucceed #1%
882 <latexrelease> \@tempdima\@tempdimb
883 <latexrelease> \fi}%
884 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

The major changes for float suppression and the changes to the float mechanism to make it conform to the documentation are in these next macros.

\@addtobot Lots of changes.

```

885 {*2ekernel | ftrace}
886 \def \@addtobot {%
887 {*trace}
888 \f@trace{***Start addtobot}%
889 {/trace}
890 \getfpsbit 4\relax
891 {*trace}
892 \f@trace{fpstype \ifodd \tempcnta OK \else not \fi bot:
893 \the \fpstype}%
894 {/trace}
895 \ifodd \tempcnta
896 \f@setnum \botnum
897 \ifnum \botnum>z@
898 \tempswafalse
899 \f@checkspace \botroom \botlist
900 \if@tempswa

```

This next line means that this page is produced with box 255 having depth zero, rather than the normal maxdepth: is this needed, useful?

```

901 \global \maxdepth z@
902 \f@updates \botnum \botroom \botlist
903 {*trace}
904 \f@trace{colroom (after-bot) = \the \colroom}%
905 \f@trace{colnum (after-bot) = \the \colnum}%
906 \f@trace{botnum (after-bot) = \the \botnum}%
907 \f@trace{***Success: bot}%
908 {/trace}
909 \inserttrue
910 \fi
911 {*trace}
912 \else
913 \f@trace{Fail: botnum = \the \botnum:
914 fpstype \the \fpstype=ORD?}%
915 \ifnum \fpstype<\sixteen
916 \f@trace{ERROR: !b float not successful (addtobot)}%
917 \fi
918 {/trace}
919 \fi
920 \fi
921 }

```

\@addtotoporbot Lots of changes.

```

922 \def \@addtotoporbot {%
923 {*trace}
924 \f@trace{***Start addtotoporbot}%
925 {/trace}
926 \getfpsbit \tw@
927 {*trace}
928 \f@trace{fpstype \ifodd \tempcnta OK \else not \fi top:
929 \the \fpstype}%

```

```

930 </trace>
931 \ifodd \@tempcnta
932 \@flsetnum \@topnum
933 \ifnum \@topnum>\z@
934 \@tempswafalse
935 \@flcheckspace \@toproom \@toplist
936 \if@tempswa
937 \@bitor\@currtype{\@midlist\@botlist}%
938 {*trace}
939 \@fl@trace{(\mid+bot)list: \@midlist, \@botlist:
940 (addtotoporbot-before)}%
941 </trace>
942 \if@test
943 {*trace}
944 \@fl@trace{type already on list: mid or bot---sent to addtobot}%
945 </trace>
946 \else
947 \@flupdates \@topnum \@toproom \@toplist
948 {*trace}
949 \@fl@trace{colroom (after-top) = \the \@colroom}%
950 \@fl@trace{colnum (after-top) = \the \@colnum}%
951 \@fl@trace{topnum (after-top) = \the \@topnum}%
952 \@fl@trace{***Success: top}%
953 </trace>
954 \@inserttrue
955 \fi
956 \fi
957 {*trace}
958 \else
959 \@fl@trace{Fail: topnum = \the \@topnum: fpstype
960 \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
961 \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
962 \@fl@trace{ERROR: !t float not successful (addtotoporbot)}%
963 \fi
964 </trace>
965 \fi
966 \fi
967 \if@insert
968 \else
969 {*trace}
970 \@fl@trace{sent to addtobot (addtotoporbot)}%
971 </trace>
972 \@addtobot
973 \fi
974 }
975 </2ekernel | fltrace>

```

\@addtocurcol Lots of changes.

```

976 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
977 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> {\@addtocurcol}{float order in 2-column}%
978 <2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
979 \def \@addtocurcol {%
980 {*trace}
981 \@fl@trace{***Start addtocurcol}%

```

```

982 </trace>
983 \@insertfalse
984 \@setfloatattypecounts
985 \ifnum \@fpstype=8
986 (*trace)
987 \f1@trace{fpstype !p only (addtocurcol): \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
988 </trace>
989 \else
990 \ifnum \@fpstype=24
991 (*trace)
992 \f1@trace{fpstype p only (addtocurcol): \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
993 </trace>
994 \else
995 \@flsettextmin

```

This is a new adjustment which is quite a major change in functionality; but it implements the documentation. Note that `\@reqcolroom` will include the whole of the page-so-far, and hence includes `\@textfloatsheight` of floats, so before comparing it with `\@textmin`, we add this to `\@textmin` also.

```

996 (*trace)
997 \f1@trace{textfloatsheight (before) = \the \@textfloatsheight}%
998 </trace>
999 \advance \@textmin \@textfloatsheight
1000 \@reqcolroom \@pageht

```

This line must be removed since `\@specialoutput` changed.

```

1001 % \advance \@reqcolroom \@pagedp
1002 (*trace)
1003 \f1@trace{textmin + textfloatsheight: \the \@textmin}%
1004 \f1@trace{page-so-far: \the \@reqcolroom}%
1005 </trace>
1006 \ifdim \@textmin>\@reqcolroom
1007 \@reqcolroom \@textmin
1008 (*trace)
1009 \f1@trace{ORD? textmin being used}%
1010 </trace>
1011 \fi
1012 \advance \@reqcolroom \ht\@currbox
1013 (*trace)
1014 \f1@trace{float size = \the \ht \@currbox (addtocurcol)}%
1015 \f1@trace{colroom = \the \@colroom (addtocurcol)}%
1016 \f1@trace{reqcolroom = \the \@reqcolroom (addtocurcol)}%
1017 </trace>
1018 \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
1019 \@flsetnum \@colnum
1020 \ifnum \@colnum>\z@
1021 \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist

```

We need to defer the float also if its width doesn't fit.

```

1022 \@testwrongwidth\@currbox
1023 (*trace)
1024 \f1@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtocurcol-before)}%
1025 </trace>
1026 \if@test

```

```

1027 <*trace>
1028 \f1@trace{type already on list: defer (addtocurcol)}%
1029 </trace>
1030 \else
1031 \bitor\currtype\botlist
1032 <*trace>
1033 \f1@trace{botlist: \botlist: (addtocurcol-before)}%
1034 </trace>
1035 \if@test
1036 <*trace>
1037 \f1@trace{type already on list: bot---sent to addtobot}%
1038 </trace>
1039 \addtobot
1040 \else
1041 <*trace>
1042 \f1@trace{fpstype \ifodd \tempcnta OK \else not \fi
1043 here: \the \fpstype}%
1044 </trace>
1045 \ifodd \count\currbox
1046 \advance \reqcolroom \intextsep
1047 \ifdim \colroom>\reqcolroom
1048 \global \advance \colnum \mone
1049 \global \advance \textfloatsheight \ht\currbox

```

This may sometimes give an overestimate.

```

1050 \global \advance \textfloatsheight 2\intextsep
1051 \cons \midlist \currbox
1052 <*trace>
1053 \f1@trace{***Success: here}%
1054 \f1@trace{textfloatsheight (after-here) =
1055 \the \textfloatsheight}%
1056 \f1@trace{colnum (after-here) = \the \colnum}%
1057 </trace>

```

CHANGE TO \addtocurcol:

\penalty\z@ changed to \penalty\interlinepenalty so \samepage works properly with figure and table environments. (Changed 23 Oct 86)

There is also an \addpenalty\interlinepenalty above.

Since in 2e \samepage is no longer supported, these could be removed.

Although it is best to use \addvspace in case two h floats come together, this makes other spacing more difficult to adjust; whereas if a user specifies two h floats together then they can more easily get the spacing correct by ad hoc commands.

It is necessary to adjust for the addition of \parskip here in case the float is added between paragraphs (i.e. when in vertical mode).

If the nobreak switch is true we need to reset it and clear \everypar since the float may not reset the flag and cannot reset the \everypar globally.

Typesetting starts here (we are in vertical mode).

```

1058 \if@nobreak
1059 \nobreak
1060 \nobreakfalse
1061 \everypar{}%
1062 \else
1063 \addpenalty \interlinepenalty
1064 \fi

```

```
1065 \vskip \intextsep
1066 \box@\currbox
1067 \penalty\interlinepenalty
1068 \vskip\intextsep
1069 \ifnum\outputpenalty <-@Mii \vskip -\parskip\fi
```

Typesetting ends here.

```
1070 \outputpenalty \z@
1071 \@inserttrue
1072 {*trace}
1073 \else
1074 \f@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
1075 (addtocorcol \string\intextsep)}%
1076 {/trace}
1077 \fi
1078 \fi
1079 \if@insert
1080 \else
```

Next set of docstrip guards are a bit weird, essentially `\@addtotoporbot` ends up inside the kernel and the `fltrace` package and `\@addtobot` shows up in the `flafter` package. Guess that could have been done a bit more obvious :-)

```

1081 {*2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease}
1082 (*trace)
1083 \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtotoporbot}%
1084 (/trace)
1085 \@addtotoporbot
1086 (/2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease)
1087 {*}!2ekernel&!fltrace&!latexrelease}
1088 (*trace)
1089 \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtobot}%
1090 (/trace)
1091 \@addtobot
1092 (/!2ekernel&!fltrace&!latexrelease)
1093 \fi
1094 \fi
1095 \fi
1096 (*trace)
1097 \else
1098 \fl@trace{Fail: colnum = \the \colnum:
1099 fpstype \the \fpstype=ORD?}%
1100 \ifnum \fpstype<\sixt@n
1101 \fl@trace{ERROR: BANG float not successful (addtocurcol)}%
1102 \fi
1103 (/trace)
1104 \fi
1105 (*trace)
1106 \else
1107 \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht: \ht \currbox
1108 (addtocurcol)}%
1109 (/trace)
1110 \fi
1111 \fi
1112 \fi
1113 \if@insert

```

```

1114 \else
1115 \@resethfps
1116 (*trace)
1117 \fl@trace{put on deferlist (addtocurcol)}%
1118
```

```
1119 \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
```

```
1120 (*trace)
1121 \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtocurcol-after)}%
1122
```

```
1123 \fi
1124 }%
1125
```

```
1126 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1127 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>\EndIncludeInRelease
```

```
1128 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> {\@addtocurcol}{float order in 2-column}%
1129 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>\def \@addtocurcol {%
1130 (*trace)
1131 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{***Start addtocurcol}%
1132
```

```
1133 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1134 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@insertfalse
1135 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \ifnum \@fpstype=8
1136 (*trace)
1137 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{fpstype !p only (addtocurcol):
1138 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
1139
```

```
1140 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1141 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \ifnum \@fpstype=24
1142 (*trace)
1143 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{fpstype p only (addtocurcol):
1144 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
1145
```

```
1146 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1147 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@flsettextmin
```

This is a new adjustment which is quite a major change in functionality; but it implements the documentation. Note that `\@reqcolroom` will include the whole of the page-so-far, and hence includes `\@textfloatsheight` of floats, so before comparing it with `\@textmin`, we add this to `\@textmin` also.

```

1148 (*trace)
1149 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{textfloatsheight (before) =
1150 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@textfloatsheight}%
1151
```

```
1152 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \advance \@textmin \@textfloatsheight
1153 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@reqcolroom \@pageht
```

This line must be removed since `\@specialoutput` changed.

```

1154 % \advance \@reqcolroom \@pagedp
1155 (*trace)
1156 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{textmin + textfloatsheight:
1157 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@textmin}%
1158 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{page-so-far: \the \@reqcolroom}%
1159 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1160
```

```
1161 <texkernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \ifdim \@textmin>\@reqcolroom
```

```

1162 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@reqcolroom \@textmin
1163 (*trace)
1164 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1165 //>
1166 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1167 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1168 (*trace)
1169 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1170 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1171 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1172 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1173 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1174 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1175 //>
1176 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1177 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1178 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1179 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1180 (*trace)
1181 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1182 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1183 //>
1184 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1185 (*trace)
1186 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1187 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1188 //>
1189 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1190 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1191 (*trace)
1192 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1193 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1194 //>
1195 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1196 (*trace)
1197 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1198 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1199 //>
1200 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1201 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1202 (*trace)
1203 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1204 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1205 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1206 //>
1207 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1208 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1209 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1210 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1211 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1212 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>

This may sometimes give an overestimate.

1213 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>
1214 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>

```

This may sometimes give an overestimate.

```

1215 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@cons \@midlist \@currbox
1216 <*trace>
1217 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \f1@trace{***Success: here}%
1218 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \f1@trace{textfloatsheight
1219 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> (after-here) =
1220 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@textfloatsheight}%
1221 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \f1@trace{colnum (after-here) =
1222 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \@colnum}%
1223 </trace>

```

CHANGE TO \addtocurcol:

\penalty\z@ changed to \penalty\interlinepenalty so \samepage works properly with figure and table environments. (Changed 23 Oct 86)

There is also an \addpenalty\interlinepenalty above.

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Although it is best to use \addvspace in case two h floats come together, this makes other spacing more difficult to adjust; whereas if a user specifies two h floats together then they can more easily get the spacing correct by ad hoc commands.

It is necessary to adjust for the addition of \parskip here in case the float is added between paragraphs (i.e. when in vertical mode).

If the nobreak switch is true we need to reset it and clear \everypar since the float may not reset the flag and cannot reset the \everypar globally.

Typesetting starts here (we are in vertical mode).

```

1224 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \if@nobreak
1225 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \nobreak
1226 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@nobreakfalse
1227 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \everypar{}%
1228 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1229 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \addpenalty\interlinepenalty
1230 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1231 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \vskip \intextsep
1232 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \box\@currbox
1233 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \penalty\interlinepenalty
1234 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \vskip\intextsep
1235 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \ifnum\outputpenalty
1236 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> <- \OMii \vskip
1237 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> -\parskip\fi

```

Typesetting ends here.

```

1238 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \outputpenalty \z@
1239 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@inserttrue
1240 <*trace>
1241 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1242 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \f1@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
1243 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> (addtocorcol \string\intextsep)}%
1244 </trace>
1245 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1246 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1247 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \if@insert
1248 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else

```

Next set of docstrip guards are a bit weird, essentially \addtotoporbot ends up inside the kernel and the fltrace package and \addtotoporbot shows up in the flaftter package. Guess that could have been done a bit more obvious :-)

```

1249 <*2ekernel | fltrace>
1250 <*trace>
1251 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtotoporbot}%
1252 </trace>
1253 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@addtotoporbot
1254 </2ekernel | fltrace>
1255 <!2ekernel&!autoload&!fltrace>
1256 <*trace>
1257 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtobot}%
1258 </trace>
1259 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \@addtobot
1260 </!2ekernel&!autoload&!fltrace>
1261 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1262 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1263 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1264 <*trace>
1265 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1266 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{Fail: colnum = \the \colnum:
1267 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> fpstype \the \fpstype=ORD?}%
1268 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \ifnum \fpstype<\sixteen
1269 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{ERROR: BANG float not successful
1270 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> (addtocurcol)}%
1271 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1272 </trace>
1273 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1274 <*trace>
1275 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1276 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht:
1277 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \the \ht \currbox (addtocurcol)}%
1278 </trace>
1279 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1280 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1281 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1282 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \if@insert
1283 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \else
1284 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \resethfps
1285 <*trace>
1286 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{put on deferlist (addtocurcol)}%
1287 </trace>
1288 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \cons\@deferlist\currbox
1289 <*trace>
1290 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
1291 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> (addtocurcol-after)}%
1292 </trace>
1293 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> \fi
1294 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter> }%
1295 <latexrelease | fltrace | flafter>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

\@addtonextcol Lots of changes.

```

1296 <latexrelease | fltrace>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
1297 <latexrelease | fltrace> {\@addtonextcol}{float order in 2-column}%
1298 <*2ekernel | fltrace>
1299 \def\@addtonextcol{%
1300 \begingroup

```

```

1301 {*trace}
1302 \f1@trace{***Start addtonextcol}%
1303 {/trace}
1304 \@insertfalse
1305 \@setfloattypecounts
1306 \ifnum \@fpstype=8
1307 {*trace}
1308 \f1@trace{fpstype not curcol: \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
1309 {/trace}
1310 \else
1311 \ifnum \@fpstype=24
1312 {*trace}
1313 \f1@trace{fpstype not curcol: \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
1314 {/trace}
1315 \else
1316 \f1@settextmin
1317 {*trace}
1318 \f1@trace{text-so-far: Opt (top of col)}%
1319 {/trace}
1320 \reqcolroom \ht\currbox
1321 {*trace}
1322 \f1@trace{float size: \the \reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
1323 {/trace}
1324 \advance \reqcolroom \textmin
1325 {*trace}
1326 \f1@trace{colroom = \the \colroom (addtonextcol)}%
1327 \f1@trace{reqcolroom = \the \reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
1328 {/trace}
1329 \ifdim \colroom>\reqcolroom
1330 \f1@setnum \colnum
1331 \ifnum\colnum>\z@
1332 \bitor\currtype\deferlist
1333 {*trace}
1334 \f1@trace{deferlist: \deferlist: (addtonextcol-before)}%
1335 {/trace}
1336 \testwidth\currbox
1337 \if@test
1338 {*trace}
1339 \f1@trace{type already on list: defer (addtonextcol)}%
1340 {/trace}
1341 \else
1342 {*trace}
1343 \f1@trace{sent to addtotoporbot (addtonextcol)}%
1344 {/trace}
1345 \addtotoporbot
1346 \fi
1347 \fi
1348 {*trace}
1349 \else
1350 \f1@trace{Fail---no room: f1 box ht: \the \ht \currbox
1351 (addtonextcol)}%
1352 {/trace}
1353 \fi

```

```

1354 \fi
1355 \fi
1356 \if@insert
1357 \else
1358 {*trace}
1359 \f@l@trace{put back on deferlist (addtonextcol)}%
1360
```

 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{@cons}\text{@deferlist}\text{@currbox}$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{f@l@trace}\{\text{deferlist: }\text{@deferlist: (addtonextcol-after)}\}\%$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{fi}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{f@l@trace}\{\text{End of addtonextcol -- locally counts:}\}\%$ 
 $\langle\text{f@l@trace}\{\text{col: }\text{@colnum. top: }\text{@topnum. bot: }\text{@botnum.}\}\%$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{endgroup}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{f@l@trace}\{\text{End of addtonextcol -- globally counts:}\}\%$ 
 $\langle\text{f@l@trace}\{\text{col: }\text{@colnum. top: }\text{@topnum. bot: }\text{@botnum.}\}\%$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{2ekernel | fltrace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\EndIncludeInRelease}$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\IncludeInRelease\{0000/00/00\}}%$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\{@addtonextcol\}{float order in 2-column}}%$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\def\@addtonextcol\{}}$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\begingroup}$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\f@l@trace\{***Start addtonextcol\}}%$ 
 $\langle\text{}/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\@insertfalse}$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\@setfloattypecounts}$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\ifnum\@fpstype=8}$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\f@l@trace\{fpstype not curcol: }$ 
 $\langle\text{the\@fpstype = 8?}\rangle\text{\}}$ 
 $\langle\text{}/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\else}$ 
 $\langle\text{ifnum\@fpstype=24}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\f@l@trace\{fpstype not curcol: }$ 
 $\langle\text{the\@fpstype = 24?}\rangle\text{\}}$ 
 $\langle\text{}/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\else}$ 
 $\langle\text{\@f@lsettextmin}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\f@l@trace\{text-so-far: Opt (top of col)\}}%$ 
 $\langle\text{}/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\@reqcolroom\ht\@currbox}$ 
 $\langle\text{*trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{latexrelease | fltrace}\rangle\text{\f@l@trace\{float size: }$ 
 $\langle\text{the\@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}\rangle\text{\}}$ 
 $\langle\text{}/\text{trace}\rangle$

```

1408 </trace>
1409 <latexrelease | fltrace> \advance \@reqcolroom \@textmin
1410 <*trace>
1411 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{colroom =
1412 <latexrelease | fltrace> \the \@colroom (addtonextcol)}%
1413 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{reqcolroom =
1414 <latexrelease | fltrace> \the \@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
1415 </trace>
1416 <latexrelease | fltrace> \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
1417 <latexrelease | fltrace> \@f1setnum \@colnum
1418 <latexrelease | fltrace> \ifnum \@colnum>\z@ \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist
1419 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
1420 <*trace> (addtonextcol-before)}%
1421 <latexrelease | fltrace> \if@test
1422 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{type already on list:
1423 </trace> defer (addtonextcol)}%
1424 <latexrelease | fltrace> \else
1425 <*trace> \f1@trace{sent to addtotoporbot
1426 <latexrelease | fltrace> (addtonextcol)}%
1427 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fi
1428 </trace>
1429 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@addtotoporbot
1430 <*trace> \fi
1431 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{Fail---no room: f1 box ht:
1432 <latexrelease | fltrace> \the \ht \@currbox (addtonextcol)}%
1433 </trace>
1434 <latexrelease | fltrace> \else
1435 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@addtotoporbot
1436 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fi
1437 <*trace> \f1@trace{Fail---no room: f1 box ht:
1438 <latexrelease | fltrace> \the \ht \@currbox (addtonextcol)}%
1439 <latexrelease | fltrace> \else
1440 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@addtotoporbot
1441 </trace> \fi
1442 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@addtotoporbot
1443 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fi
1444 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@addtotoporbot
1445 <latexrelease | fltrace> \if@insert
1446 <latexrelease | fltrace> \else
1447 <*trace> \f1@trace{put back on deferlist
1448 <latexrelease | fltrace> (addtonextcol)}%
1449 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1450 </trace>
1451 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1452 <*trace> \f1@trace{@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1453 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
1454 <latexrelease | fltrace> (addtonextcol-after)}%
1455 </trace>
1456 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1457 <*trace> \f1@trace{@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1458 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{End of addtonextcol --
1459 <latexrelease | fltrace> locally counts:}%
1460 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{col: \the \@colnum.
1461 <latexrelease | fltrace> top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%

```

```

1462 </trace>
1463 <latexrelease | fltrace> \endgroup
1464 <*trace>
1465 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{End of addtonextcol --
1466 <latexrelease | fltrace> globally counts:}%
1467 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{col: \the \@colnum.
1468 <latexrelease | fltrace> top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%
1469 </trace>
1470 <latexrelease | fltrace>}%
1471 <latexrelease | fltrace>\EndIncludeInRelease

```

\@addtobblcol Lots of changes.

```

1472 <latexrelease | fltrace>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
1473 <latexrelease | fltrace> {\@addtobblcol}{float order in 2-column}%
1474 <2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace>
1475 \def\@addtobblcol{%
1476 \begingroup
1477 <*trace>
1478 \f1@trace{***Start addtobblcol}%
1479 </trace>
1480 \ifodd\@tempcnta
1481 \setfloattypecounts
1482 \getfpsbit \tw@
1483 <*trace>
1484 \f1@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi dbltop:
1485 \the \@fpstype}%
1486 </trace>
1487 \ifodd\@tempcnta
1488 \flsetnum \dbltopnum
1489 \ifnum \dbltopnum>\z@
1490 \tempswafalse
1491 \ifdim \dbltoproom>\ht\currbox
1492 \tempswatrue
1493 <*trace>
1494 \f1@trace{Space OK: \dbltoproom =
1495 \the \dbltoproom > \the \ht \currbox
1496 (\dbltoproom)}%
1497 </trace>
1498 \else
1499 <*trace>
1500 \f1@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype (addtobblcol)}%
1501 </trace>
1502 \ifnum \fpstype<\sixt@n
1503 <*trace>
1504 \f1@trace{BANG float ignoring \dbltoproom}%
1505 \f1@trace{\spaces \dbltoproom = \the \dbltoproom.
1506 \ht float: \the \ht \currbox-BANG}%
1507 </trace>

```

Need to check that there is room on the page, using the local value of \textmin to make the necessary adjustment to \dbltoproom.

```

1508 \advance \dbltoproom \textmin
1509 <*trace>
1510 \f1@trace{Local value of texmin: \the\textmin}%

```

```

1511 \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page = \the \dbltoproom.
1512 Ht float: \the \ht \currbox-BANG}%
1513
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

```

1514 \ifdim \dbltoproom > \ht \currbox
1515 \tempswatru
1516
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$ 

```

1517 \fl@trace{Space OK BANG: space on page =
1518 \the \dbltoproom > \the \ht \currbox}%
1519
```

 $\langle/\else\rangle$ 

```

1520 \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \fpstype}%
1521 \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-BANG?:}%
1522 \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page = \the \dbltoproom.
1523 Ht float: \the \ht \currbox}%
1524
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

```

1525 \fi
1526 \advance \dbltoproom -\textmin
1527
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$ 

```

1528 \else
1529 \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \fpstype}%
1530 \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-ORD?:}%
1531 \fl@trace{\@spaces \dbltoproom = \the \dbltoproom.
1532 Ht float: \the \ht \currbox}%
1533
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

```

1534 \fi
1535 \fi
1536 \if@tempswa
1537 \bitor \currtype \deferlist
1538
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$ 

```

1539 \fl@trace{(dbl)deferlist: \deferlist: (before)}%
1540
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

not in fixfloats?

```

1541 \testwrongwidth\currbox
1542 \if@test
1543
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$ 

```

1544 \fl@trace{type already on list: (dbl)defer}%
1545
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

```

1546 \else
1547 \tempdima -\ht \currbox
1548 \advance \tempdima
1549 -\ifx \dbltoplist \empty \dbltextfloatsep \else
1550 \dblfloatsep \fi
1551 \global \advance \dbltoproom \tempdima
1552 \global \advance \colht \tempdima
1553 \global \advance \dbltopnum \m@ne
1554 \cons \dbltoplist \currbox
1555
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$ 

```

1556 \fl@trace{dbltopnum (after) = \the \dbltopnum}%
1557 \fl@trace{***Success: dbltop}%
1558
```

 $\langle/\trace\rangle$ 

```

1559 \inserttrue
1560 \fi
1561 \fi
1562
```

 $\langle*\trace\rangle$

```

1563 \else
1564 \fl@trace{Fail: dbltopnum = \the \dbltopnum: fpstype
1565 \the \fpstype=ORD?}%
1566 \ifnum \fpstype<\sixt@@n
1567 \fl@trace{ERROR: !t float not successful (addtodblcol)}%
1568 \fi
1569
```

 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{fi}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{fi}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{if@insert}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{else}\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle@\text{cons}\rangle\langle\text{@deferlist}\rangle\langle\text{@currbox}\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{@deferlist}: \text{@deferlist}: (\text{after})\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{fi}\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{End of addtodblcol -- locally count:}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{dbltop: }\the \dbltopnum.\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{endgroup}\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{End of addtodblcol -- globally count:}\rangle$ 
 $\langle\text{dbltop: }\the \dbltopnum.\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle EndIncludeInRelease\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle IncludeInRelease[0000/00/00]\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle @addtodbcol\rangle\langle float order in 2-column\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle def\rangle\langle addtodbcol\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle begingroup\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle fl@trace{***Start addtodbcol}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle @insertfalse\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle @setfloattypecounts\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle @getfpsbit \tw@$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \tempcnta OK}$ 
 $\langle else not \fi dbltop: \the \fpstype}\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle \ifodd \tempcnta\rangle$ 
 $\langle@flsetnum \the \dbltopnum\rangle$ 
 $\langle\ifnum \the \dbltopnum>\z@$ 
 $\langle@tempswafalse\rangle$ 
 $\langle ifdim \the \dbltoproom>\ht\langle currbox\rangle$ 
 $\langle@tempswatrue\rangle$ 
 $\langle*\text{trace}\rangle$ 
 $\langle latexrelease | fltrace\rangle\langle fl@trace{Space OK: \the \dbltoproom =}$ 
 $\langle the \the \dbltoproom > \the \ht \currbox\rangle$ 
 $\langle/\text{trace}\rangle$

```

1617 <{latexrelease | fltrace} {dbltoproom}%
1618 <{/trace}
1619 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \else
1620 <{*trace}
1621 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \c@fpstype (addtobblcol)}%
1622 <{/trace}
1623 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \ifnum \c@fpstype<\sixt@@n
1624 <{*trace}
1625 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{BANG float ignoring \c@dbltoproom}%
1626 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{\c@spaces \c@dbltoproom =
1627 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \the \c@dbltoproom.
1628 <{latexrelease | fltrace} Ht float: \the \ht \currebox-BANG}%
1629 <{/trace}

```

Need to check that there is room on the page, using the local value of \c{textmin} to make the necessary adjustment to \c{dbltoproom}.

```

1630 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \advance \c@dbltoproom \c{textmin}
1631 <{*trace}
1632 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{Local value of texmin: \the\c{textmin}}%
1633 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{\c@spaces space on page =
1634 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \the \c@dbltoproom.
1635 <{latexrelease | fltrace} Ht float: \the \ht \currebox-BANG}%
1636 <{/trace}
1637 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \ifdim \c@dbltoproom>\ht\currebox
1638 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \c@tempswatru
1639 <{*trace}
1640 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{Space OK BANG: space on page =
1641 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \the\c@dbltoproom > \the\ht\currebox}%
1642 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \else
1643 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \c@fpstype}%
1644 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-BANG?:}%
1645 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{\c@spaces space on page =
1646 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \the \c@dbltoproom.
1647 <{latexrelease | fltrace} Ht float: \the \ht \currebox}%
1648 <{/trace}
1649 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1650 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1651 <{*trace}
1652 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1653 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1654 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1655 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1656 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1657 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1658 <{/trace}
1659 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1660 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1661 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1662 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1663 <{*trace}
1664 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1665 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1666 <{/trace}
1667 <{latexrelease | fltrace}

```

```

1668 {*trace}
1669 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{type already on list: dbldefer}%
1670 </trace>
1671 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1672 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1673 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1674 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1675 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1676 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1677 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1678 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1679 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1680 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1681 {*trace}
1682 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1683 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1684 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1685 </trace>
1686 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1687 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1688 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1689 {*trace}
1690 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1691 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1692 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1693 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1694 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1695 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1696 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1697 </trace>
1698 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1699 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1700 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1701 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1702 {*trace}
1703 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{put on dbldeferlist}%
1704 </trace>
1705 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \@cons\@dbldeferlist\@currbox
1706 {*trace}
1707 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist: (after)}%
1708 </trace>
1709 <{latexrelease | fltrace}
1710 {*trace}
1711 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{End of addtoblcol -- locally count:}%
1712 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{ dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
1713 </trace>
1714 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \endgroup
1715 {*trace}
1716 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{End of addtoblcol -- globally count:}%
1717 <{latexrelease | fltrace} \fl@trace{ dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
1718 </trace>
1719 <{latexrelease | fltrace}%
1720 <{latexrelease | fltrace}\EndIncludeInRelease

```

```

\@addmarginpar
1721 {*2ekernel}
1722 \def\@addmarginpar{\@next\@marbox\@currlist{\@cons\@freelist\@marbox
1723 \@cons\@freelist\@currbox}\@latexbug\@tempcnta\@ne
1724 \if@twocolumn
1725 \if@firstcolumn \@tempcnta\m@ne \fi
1726 \else
1727 \if@mparswitch
1728 \ifodd\c@page \else\@tempcnta\m@ne \fi
1729 \fi
1730 \if@reversemargin \@tempcnta -\@tempcnta \fi
1731 \fi
1732 \ifnum\@tempcnta <\z@ \global\setbox\@marbox\box\@currbox \fi
1733 \global\@tempdima\@mparbottom
1734 \advance\@tempdima -\@pageht
1735 \advance\@tempdima\ht\@marbox
1736 \ifdim\@tempdima >\z@
1737 \@latex@warning@no@line {Marginpar on page \thepage\space moved}%
1738 \else
1739 \global\@tempdima\z@
1740 \fi
1741 \global\@mparbottom\@pageht
1742 \global\advance\@mparbottom\@tempdima
1743 \global\advance\@mparbottom\dp\@marbox
1744 \global\advance\@mparbottom\marginparpush
1745 \advance\@tempdima -\ht\@marbox

```

Putting box movement inside the ‘marbox’:

```

1746 \global\setbox\@marbox
1747 \vbox {\vskip\@tempdima
1748 \box\@marbox}%
1749 \global\ht\@marbox\z@
1750 \global\dp\@marbox\z@

```

Sticking (rather than gluing:-) the ‘marbox’ to the line above, changed vskip to kern:

```

1751 \kern -\@pagedp
1752 \nointerlineskip
1753 \hb@xt@{\columnwidth}
1754 {\ifnum\@tempcnta >\z@
1755 \hskip\columnwidth \hskip\marginparsep
1756 \else
1757 \hskip -\marginparsep \hskip -\marginparwidth
1758 \fi
1759 \box\@marbox \hss}%

```

For this reason the following code can vanish:

```

\nobreak %% No longer needed. CAR92/12
\vskip -\@tempdima %% No longer needed. CAR92/12

1760 \nointerlineskip
1761 \hbox{\vrule\@height\z@ \@width\z@ \@depth\@pagedp}}

```

### 64.1.1 Kludgeins

This part of the file is part of the implementation of the following two new commands for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2e.

```
\enlargethispage{<dim>}
```

Adds <dim> to the height of the current column only. On the printed page the bottom of this column is extended downwards by exactly <dim> without having any effect on the placement of the footer; this may result in an overprinting.

```
\enlargethispage*{<dim>}
```

Similar to \enlargethispage but it tries to squeeze the column to be printed in as small a space as possible, ie it uses any shrinkability in the column. If the column was not explicitly broken (e.g. with \pagebreak) this may result in an overfull box message but except for this it will come out as expected (if you know what to expect).

The star form of this command is dedicated to Leslie Lamport, the other we need for ourselves (FMi, CAR).

These commands may well have unwanted effects if used soon before a \clearpage: please give keep them clear of such places.

\@kludgeins The insert which makes T<sub>E</sub>X do a lot of the necessary work. All we need to put into it is the amount by which the pagegoal should be changed.

```
1762 \newinsert \@kludgeins
1763 \global\dimen@\kludgeins \maxdimen
1764 \global\count@\kludgeins 1000
```

\enlargethispage The user command.

```
\enlargethispage* 1765 \gdef \enlargethispage {
1766 \@ifstar
1767 {
1768 (*trace)
1769 \f@trace{Enlarging page height * }%
1770 }/
1771 \enlargepage{\hbox{\kern\p@}}}%
1772 {
1773 (*trace)
1774 \f@trace{Enlarging page height exactly---}%
1775 }/
1776 \enlargepage\empty}%
1777 }
```

\@enlargepage This actually inserts the insert, after checking for extreme values of the change.

```
1778 \gdef\@enlargepage#1#2{
1779 (*trace)
1780 \f@trace{\@spaces\@spaces by #2}%">
1781 }/
1782 \tempskipa#2\relax
1783 \ifdim \tempskipa>.5\maxdimen
```

```

1784 \@latexerr{Suggested\space extra\space height\space
1785 (\the\@tempskipa)\space dangerously\space
1786 large}\@eha
1787 \else
1788 \ifdim \vsize<.5\maxdimen
1789 {*trace}
1790 \f@l@trace {Kludgeins added--pagegoal before: \the\pagegoal}%
1791 //trace}
1792 \@bsphack
1793 \insert\@kludgeins{\#1\vskip-\@tempskipa}%
1794 \@esphack
This next bit is for tracing only:
1795 {*trace}
1796 \ifvmode \par
1797 \f@l@trace {Kludgeins added--pagegoal after: \the\pagegoal}%
1798 \fi
1799 //trace}
1800 \else
1801 \@latexerr{Page\space height\space already\space
1802 too\space large}\@eha
1803 \fi
1804 \fi
1805 }
1806 //2ekernel}

```

#### 64.1.2 Float control

This part implements controllable floats and other changes to the float mechanism.

It provides, at the document level, the following command for inclusion in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2e.

`\suppressfloats`

This suppresses all further floats on the current page.

With an optional argument it suppresses only floats only in certain positions on the current page.

[**t**] suppresses only floats at the top of the page [**b**] suppresses only floats at the bottom of the page

It also enables the use of an extra specifier, !, in the location optional argument of a float. If this is present then, just for this particular float, whenever it is processed by the float mechanism the followinhg are ignored:

- all restrictions on the number of floats which can appear;
- all explicit restrictions on the amount of space which should (not) be occupied by floats and/or text.

The mechanism will still attempt to ensure that pages are not overfull.

These specifiers override, for the single float, the suppression commands described above.

In its current form, it also supplies a reasonably exhaustive, and somewhat baroque, means of tracing some aspects of the float mechanism.

More tracing.

\f1@trace Set-up tracing for floats independent of other tracing as it produces mega-output.  
\tracefloatoff Default is no tracing.

```

\f1@trace 1807 {*ftrace}
\f1@traceval 1808 \def \f1@tracemessage #1{\let\@elt\empty\typeout{LaTeX2e: #1}}
\tracefloatvals 1809 \def \tracefloats{\let \f1@trace \f1@tracemessage}
\f1@tracemessage 1810 \def \tracefloatoff {\let \f1@trace \gobble}
1811 \tracefloatoff
1812 \def \f1@traceval #1{\f1@trace{\string #1 = \the #1}}
1813 \IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\tracefloatvals}%
1814 {trace float vals}%
1815 \def \tracefloatvals{%

```

As \dblfloatplacement sets \f@depth it needs to be run inside a group, otherwise the float placement will test for the wrong value.<sup>8</sup>

```

1816 \begingroup
1817 \dblfloatplacement
1818 \floatplacement
1819 \f1@trace{***Float placement parameters:}%
1820 \f1@traceval\@colnum
1821 \f1@traceval\@colroom
1822 \f1@traceval\@topnum
1823 \f1@traceval\@toproom
1824 \f1@traceval\@botnum
1825 \f1@traceval\@botroom
1826 \f1@traceval\@fpmin
1827 \f1@trace{\string\textrraction = \textrfraction}%
1828 \f1@traceval\@dbltopnum
1829 \f1@traceval\@dbltoproom
1830 \f1@trace{\string\textrraction = \textrfraction}%
1831 \f1@trace{toplist: \@toplist}%
1832 \f1@trace{botlist: \@botlist}%
1833 \f1@trace{midlist: \@midlist}%
1834 \f1@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist}%
1835 \f1@trace{dbltoplist: \@dbltoplist}%
1836 %FMi \f1@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist}%
1837 \endgroup
1838 }
1839 \EndIncludeInRelease
1840 \IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\tracefloatvals}%
1841 {trace float vals}%
1842 \def \tracefloatvals{%
1843 \begingroup
1844 \dblfloatplacement
1845 \floatplacement
1846 \f1@trace{***Float placement parameters:}%
1847 \f1@traceval\@colnum
1848 \f1@traceval\@colroom
1849 \f1@traceval\@topnum

```

---

<sup>8</sup>This is a somewhat questionable design.

```

1850 \f@traceval\@toproom
1851 \f@traceval\@botnum
1852 \f@traceval\@botroom
1853 \f@traceval\@fpmin
1854 \f@trace{\string\textration = \textfraction}%
1855 \f@traceval\@dbltopnum
1856 \f@traceval\@dbltoproom
1857 \f@trace{\string\textration = \textfraction}%
1858 \f@trace{toplist: \@toplist}%
1859 \f@trace{botlist: \@botlist}%
1860 \f@trace{midlist: \@midlist}%
1861 \f@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist}%
1862 \f@trace{dbltoplist: \@dbltoplist}%
1863 % next line only in old releases
1864 \f@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist}%
1865 \endgroup
1866 }
1867 \EndIncludeInRelease

```

We need to make sure that `fltrace` comes before `flafter` to make the tracing work.

```

1868 \@ifpackageloaded{flafter}
1869 { \PackageWarningNoLine
1870 {fltrace}{Load 'fltrace' before 'flafter'\MessageBreak
1871 Attempting to recover by reloading 'flafter'}}%

```

Hide the fact that `flafter` was already loaded and then request it anew.

```

1872 \expandafter\let\csname ver@flafter.sty\endcsname\relax
1873 \def\reserved@a#1{%
1874 \expandafter\let\csname\string#1+flafter+IIR\endcsname\relax}%
1875 \reserved@a\@addtocurcol
1876 \reserved@a\@addtonextcol
1877 \RequirePackage{flafter}{}%
1878
```

As the code for `flafter` will contain tracing calls so that it works in conjunction with `fltrace` we need to provide a dummy definition for `\f@trace` in that package.

```

1879 (*flafter)
1880 \providecommand\f@trace[1]{}
1881
```

`\suppressfloats` Float suppression commands: these set the relevant counter globally to zero. Thus  
`\@flstop` they are overridden for a particular float by an ! specifier.

```

1882 (*2ekernel)
1883 \def \suppressfloats {%
1884 \@ifnextchar [%
1885 \@flstop
1886 {\global \colnum \z@}%
1887 }

```

Maybe this should be a loop over #1?

```

1888 \def \@flstop [#1]{%
1889 \if t#1%
1890 \global \topnum \z@%

```

```

1891 \fi
1892 \if b#1%
1893 \global \botnum \z@
1894 \fi
1895 }
```

Manipulation of float placement and type; both their strings and the corresponding count registers.

\@fpstype First a new count register to go with \@currtype.

\@reqcolroom Then a new skip register, for information needed to remove the \@maxsep conservatism: it is possible that this could use a temporary register.

\@textfloatsheight Finally a dimension register to hold the total height of in-text floats on the current page. This is needed to implement a major change in the functionality of \@addtocurcol which is, nevertheless, a bug fix. It is not local and therefore cannot be a temporary register.

```

1896 \newcount \@fpstype
1897 \newdimen \@reqcolroom
1898 \newdimen \@textfloatsheight
1899 {/ekernel}
```

\@fpsadddefault Adds the default placement to what is already there.

Should not need to change this, but could do it as follows:

```

\def \@fpsadddefault {%
 \@temptokena \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
 {\csname fps@\currtype \endcsname}%
 \edef \reserved@a {\the\@temptokena}%
 \onelevel@sanitize \reserved@a
 \edef \@fps {\@fps\reserved@a}%
}

1900 {/ekernel | ftrace}
1901 \def \@fpsadddefault {%
1902 {*trace}
1903 \f@trace{fps changed from: \@fps}%
1904 {/trace}
1905 \edef \@fps {\@fps\csname fps@\currtype \endcsname}%
1906 \@latex@warning {%
1907 No positions in optional float specifier.\MessageBreak
1908 Default added (so using '\@fps')}%
1909 }
```

\@setfloattypecounts Sets counters \@fpstype and \@currtype.  
BANG == bit4 of \count\@currbox = 0.

```

1910 \def \@setfloattypecounts {%
1911 \@currtype \count\@currbox
1912 \@fpstype \count\@currbox
1913 \divide\@currtype\@xxxii \multiply\@currtype\@xxxii
1914 \advance \@fpstype -\@currtype
1915 {*trace}
1916 \f@trace{(mod 32) fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
1917 \f@trace{(mult of 32) currtype: \the \@currtype}%
```

```

1918 % Tracing only: but some should be changed into real errors/warnings?
1919 \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@n
1920 \ifnum \@fpstype=\z@
1921 \f@trace{ERROR: no PLACEMENT, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 0?}%
1922 \fi
1923 \ifnum \@fpstype=\@ne
1924 \f@trace{WARNING: only h, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 1?}%
1925 \fi
1926 \f@trace{BANG float}%
1927 \else
1928 \ifnum \@fpstype=\sixt@n
1929 \f@trace{ERROR: no PLACEMENT, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 16?}%
1930 \fi
1931 \ifnum \@fpstype=17
1932 \f@trace{WARNING: only h, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 17?}%
1933 \fi
1934 \f@trace{ORD float}%
1935 \fi
1936
```

1937 }  
1938

Macros for getting, testing and setting bits of the fps.

\@getfpsbit Sets \@tempcnta to required bit of \count\@currbox.

```

1939 <*2ekernel>
1940 \def \@getfpsbit {%
1941 \@boxfpsbit \@currbox
1942 }

```

\@boxfpsbit Used above.

```

1943 \def \@boxfpsbit #1#2{%
1944 \@tempcnta \count#1%
1945 \divide \@tempcnta #2\relax
1946 }

```

\@testfp New definition of the float page test.

```

1947 \def \@testfp #1{%
1948 \@boxfpsbit #18\relax % Really '#1 8' for human readers!
1949 \ifodd \@tempcnta
1950 \else
1951 \@testtrue
1952 \fi
1953 }

```

\@setfpsbit Sets required bit of \@tempcnta (to 1).

```

1954 \def \@setfpsbit #1{%
1955 \@tempcntb \@tempcnta
1956 \divide \@tempcntb #1\relax
1957 \ifodd \@tempcntb
1958 \else
1959 \advance \@tempcnta #1\relax
1960 \fi

```

```

1961 }
1962 </2ekernel>

```

\@resethfps Globally adds t as a possible location for an h or !h only placement: this must be done using the count.

Although it will leave \@fpstype set to 17 even if it was originally 1, this does not matter since it is the last thing in \@addtocurcol.

```

1963 <*2ekernel | ftrace>
1964 \def \@resethfps {%
1965 \let\reserved@a\empty
1966 \ifnum \@fpstype=\@ne
1967 \def \reserved@a {!}%
1968 \@fpstype 17
1969 \fi
1970 \ifnum \@fpstype=17
1971 \global \advance \count\@currbox \tw@
1972 \@latex@warning@no@line {%
1973 '\reserved@a h' float specifier changed to '\reserved@a ht'}%
1974 (*trace)
1975 \f@trace{%
1976 't' added to '\reserved@a h'- new Count: \the \count\@currbox}%
1977 </trace>
1978 \fi
1979 }

```

Special stuff for BANG floats.

\@flsetnum Ignores any zero float counter value in case BANG.

It uses a local assignment to the normally global counter: a bit naughty, perhaps?

These assignments are safe so long as the counter involved is only consulted once (i.e. only for the ‘bang float’) with the changed value. This is the case within \@addtocurcol because it is used only once within a call of the output routine (which forms a group).

For \@addtonextcol this is achieved by putting a group around its code; this is needed because it is called (by \@startcolumn) for each float which was on the deferlist. Almost identical considerations pertain to \@addtobblcol. There may be more efficient ways to handle this, but the group seems to be the simplest.

```

1980 \def \@flsetnum #1{%
1981 (*trace)
1982 \f@trace{\fpstype: \the \@fpstype (\flsetnum \string#1)}%
1983 </trace>
1984 \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@%
1985 \ifnum #1=\z@
1986 (*trace)
1987 \f@trace{BANG float resetting \string#1 to 1}%
1988 </trace>
1989 #1\@ne
1990 \fi
1991 \fi
1992 (*trace)
1993 \f@trace{\#1 (before) = \the #1}%
1994 </trace>

```

```

1995 }

\@flsettextmin This ignores \textfraction space restriction in case BANG.
1996 \def \@flsettextmin {%
1997 {*trace}
1998 \f@trace{fpstype: \the \fpstype (flsettextmin)}%
1999 {/trace}
2000 \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@n
2001 {*trace}
2002 \f@trace{BANG ignoring textmin}%
2003 {/trace}
2004 \textmin \z@
2005 \else
2006 \textmin \textfraction\colht
2007 {*trace}
2008 \f@trace{ORD textmin = \the \textmin}%
2009 {/trace}
2010 \fi
2011 }

\@flcheckspace This ignores space restriction in case BANG; this is still slightly conservative
since it does not allow for the fact that, if there is no text in the column then
\textfloatsep is not needed. Sets @tempswa true if there is room for \currbox.
2012 \def \@flcheckspace #1#2{%
2013 \advance \reqcolroom
2014 \ifx #2\empty \textfloatsep \else \floatsep \fi
2015 {*trace}
2016 \f@trace{colroom = \the \colroom
2017 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
2018 \f@trace{reqcolroom = \the \reqcolroom
2019 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
2020 {/trace}
2021 \ifdim \colroom>\reqcolroom
2022 \ifdim #1>\ht\currbox
2023 \tempswa
2024 {*trace}
2025 \f@trace{Space OK: #1 = \the #1 > \the \ht \currbox
2026 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
2027 {/trace}
2028 \else
2029 {*trace}
2030 \f@trace{fpstype: \the \fpstype
2031 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
2032 {/trace}
2033 \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@n
2034 {*trace}
2035 \f@trace{BANG float ignoring #1
2036 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2):}%
2037 \f@trace{\@spaces #1 = \the #1. Ht float: \the \ht \currbox
2038 BANG}%
2039 {/trace}
2040 \tempswa
2041 {*trace}

```

```

2042 \else
2043 \fl@trace{Fail---no room (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)
2044 (fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?):}%
2045 \fl@trace{\@spaces #1 = \the #1. Ht float: \the \ht \currbox
2046 ORD?}%
2047 </trace>
2048 \fi
2049 \fi
2050 <*trace>
2051 \else
2052 \fl@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
2053 (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
2054 </trace>
2055 \fi
2056 }
2057 </2ekernel | ftrace>
```

\@flupdates This updates everything when a float is placed.

```

2058 <*2ekernel>
2059 \def \@flupdates #1#2#3{%
2060 \global \advance #1\m@ne
2061 \global \advance \colnum \m@ne
2062 \tempdima -\ht\currbox
2063 \advance \tempdima
2064 -\ifx #3\empty \textfloatsep \else \floatsep \fi
2065 \global \advance #2\tempdima
2066 \global \advance \colroom \tempdima
2067 \cons #3\currbox
2068 }
2069 </2ekernel>
```

Interesting facts about float mechanisms past and present, together with a summary of various features, some unresolved:

1. The value \textfraction does not affect the processing of doublecol floats: this seems sensible, but should be documented.
2. \twocolumn floatplacement was wrong: dbl not needed, ord needed.
3. \floatplacement was not called after \startdblcol or \topnewpage. This has been changed; it is clearly a bug fix.
4. The use \topnewpage when \dblfigrule is non-trivial produced a rule in the wrong place. This has been fixed by not using \dblfigrule when processing the ‘float’ from \topnewpage.
5. If the specifier was just h and the float could not be put here, it went on the deferlist and stayed there until a clearpage. It now gets changed to a ‘th’: this is only an error-recovery action, putting just h or !h should be deprecated.
6. \dblmaxsep was ‘the maximum of \dblfloatsep and \dbltexfloatsep’. But it was never used! Now gone completely, like \maxsep.

7. After an h float is put on a page, it was counted as text when applying the `\textfraction` test; this is possibly too big a change although it is a bug fix?
8. Two consecutive h floats are separated by twice `\intextsep`: this could be changed to one by use of `\addvspace`, OK? Note that it would also mean that less space is put in if an h float immediately follows other spaces. This is also possibly too big a change, at least for compatibility mode? Or it may be simply wrong! It has not been changed.
9. Now `\@addtocurcol` checks first for just p fps. I think that this is an increase in efficiency, but maybe the coding should be made even more efficient.
10. `\@tryfcolumn` now tests if the list is empty first, otherwise lots of wasted time! Thus this test has been removed from `\@startcolumn`. As Frank pointed out, this makes `\@startcolumn` less efficient. But it is now the same as `\@startdblcolumn`: I can see no reason why they should be different, but which is best?
11. Why is `\@colroom` set in `\@doclearpage`?
12. Footnotes. Check what `\clearpage` does when footnotes are left over. Footnotes are not put on float pages and, also, `\@addtonextcol` ignores the existence of held-over footnotes in deciding what floats can go on the page. Not changed.
13. `\clearpage` can still lose non-boxes, at least when floats are involved. It also moves some to the ‘wrong page’, but this may be a coding problem.
14. The ! option makes it necessary to check in `\output` that there is enough room left on the page after adding a float. (This would have been necessary anyway if anyone set `\@textmin` too close to zero! A similar danger existed also if the text in a `\twocolumn[text]` entity gets too large.) The current implementation of this also makes the normal case a little less efficient, OK? Not enough room means, at present, less than `\baselineskip`, with a warning: is this OK? Should it be made generic (another parameter)?
15. There are four possibilities for supporting this:  
`\twocolumn[\maketitle more text]`  
One is to change `\maketitle` slightly to allow this. Another is to change `\@topnewpage` so that more than one `\twocolumn[]` command is allowed; in this case `\maketitle\twocolumn[more text]` will work. The former is more robust from the user’s viewpoint, but makes the code for `\maketitle` rather ad hoc (maybe it is already?). Another is to misuse the global `twocolumn` flag locally within `\@topnewpage`. Yet another is to move the column count register from the multicol package into the kernel. This has been done.
16. Where should the reinserts be put to maximise the probability that footnotes come out on the correct page? Or should we go for as much compatibility as possible (but see next item)?

17. Should we continue to support (as much as possible) `\samepage`? Some of its intended functionality is now advertised as being provided by `\enlargethispage`. Use of either is likely to result in wrongly placed footnotes, marginals, etc. Which should have priority: obeying the pagination instructions, or correct placement of notes/marginalia?
18. Is the adjustment of space to cause shrinking in the kludge-\* case correct? Should it be limited to 0pt?
19. Is the setting of `\boxmaxdepth` in `makecol` and friends needed? It only has any effect if `\@textbottom` ends with a box or rule, in which case the vskip to allow for its depth should also be added. If it is kept, it should probably be the last thing in the box. It has now been removed.  
It would perhaps be better to document that `\@textbottom` and `\@texttop` must have natural height 0pt.
20. I cannot see why the vskip adjustment for the depth is needed if `boxmaxdepth` is used to ensure that there is never a too deep box.
21. The value of `\boxmaxdepth` should be explicitly set whenever necessary: it is too risky to assume that it has any particular value. Care is needed in deciding what to set it to.  
It is interesting to note that the value of `\boxmaxdepth` is unique in being read before the local settings for the box group are reset; all other parameter settings which affect the box construction use their values outside the box group.
22. Should `\@maxdepth` store the setting of `\maxdepth` from `lplain`? Or should we provide a proper interface to class files for setting these?

An analysis of various other macros.

`\@opcol` should do `\@floatplacement`, but where? Right at the end, since it always occurs at the start of a column.

```
\def\@opcol{%
 % Why is this done first?
 \global \@mparbottom \z@
 \if@twocolumn
 \@outputdblcol
 \else
 \@outputpage
 % This is not needed since it is done at the end of
 % |\@outputpage|:
 \global \colht \textheight
 \fi}
```

Only tracing has been added to these.

```
2070 {*2ekernel | ftrace}
2071 \def\@makefcolumn #1{%
2072 \begingroup
2073 \fpmmin \z@
2074 \let \testfp \gobble
```

```

2075 \@tryfcolumn #1%
2076 \endgroup
2077 {*trace}
2078 \if@fcolmade
2079 \fl@trace{PAGE: in \string\clearpage
2080 \if@twocolumn ---twocolumn\fi---}%
2081 \fl@trace{---- float column/page completed from \string#1}%
2082 \fi
2083 {/trace}
2084 }

```

This will line up the last baselines in the two columns provided they are constructed in the normal way: i.e. ending in a skip of minus the original depth, with `\@textbottom` adding nothing.

Thus again it is essential for `\@textbottom` to have depth 0pt.

```

2085 {/2ekernel | fltrace}
2086 {latexrelease | fltrace}\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
2087 {latexrelease | fltrace} {\@outputdblcol}{2 column marks}%
2088 {*}2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease}

```

This is just a change to the single command `\@outputdblcol` so that it saves mark information for the first column and restores it in the second column.

```

2089 \def\@outputdblcol{%
2090 \if@firstcolumn
2091 \global\@firstcolumnfalse

```

Save the left column

```

2092 \global\setbox\@leftcolumn\copy\@outputbox
2093 {fltrace} \fl@trace{PAGE: first column boxed}%

```

Remember the marks from the first column

```

2094 \splitmaxdepth\maxdimen
2095 \vbadness\maxdimen

```

In case of `\enlargethispage` we will have infinite negative glue at the bottom of the page (coming from `\vss`) and that will earn us an error message if we `\vsplit` to get at the marks. So we need to remove thek last glue (if any) at the end of `\@outputbox` as we are only interested in marks that change doesn't matter.

```

2096 \setbox\@outputbox\vbox{\unvbox\@outputbox\unskip}%
2097 \setbox\@outputbox\vsplit\@outputbox to\maxdimen

```

One minor difference from the current `fixmarks` package, pass the marks through a token register to stop any # tokens causing an error in a `\def`.

```

2098 \toks@\expandafter{\topmark}%
2099 \xdef\@firstcoltopmark{\the\toks@}%
2100 \toks@\expandafter{\splitfirstmark}%
2101 \xdef\@firstcolfirstmark{\the\toks@}%

```

This test does not work if truly empty marks have been inserted, but L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X marks should always have (at least) two brace groups. (Except before the first mark is used, when the marks are empty, but that is OK here.)

```

2102 \ifx\@firstcolfirstmark\empty
2103 \global\let\@setmarks\relax
2104 \else
2105 \gdef\@setmarks{%
2106 \let\firstmark\@firstcolfirstmark

```

```

2107 \let\topmark\@firstcoltopmark}%
2108 \fi
 End of change
2109 \else
2110 \global\@firstcolumntrue
2111 \setbox\@outputbox\vbox{%
2112 \hb@xt@\textwidth{%
2113 \hb@xt@\columnwidth{\box\@leftcolumn \hss}}%
2114 \hfil
The color of the \vrule should be \normalcolor as to not inherit the color from
the column.
2115 {\normalcolor\vrule \@width\columnseprule}%
2116 \hfil
2117 \hb@xt@\columnwidth{\box\@outputbox \hss}}}}%
2118 {ftrace} \fl@trace{PAGE: second column also boxed}%
2119 \@combinedblfloats
Override current first and top with those of first column if necessary
2120 \@setmarks
 End of change
2121 \@outputpage
2122 {ftrace} \fl@trace{PAGE: two column page completed}%
2123 \begingroup
2124 \dblfloatplacement
2125 \startdblcolumn
2126 \whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\@outputpage
2127 {ftrace} \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
2128 \startdblcolumn}%
2129 \endgroup
2130 \fi}%
2131 {latexrelease | ftrace}\EndIncludeInRelease
2132 {latexrelease | ftrace}\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
2133 {latexrelease | ftrace} {\@outputdblcol}{2 column marks}%
2134 {latexrelease | ftrace}\def\@outputdblcol{%
2135 {latexrelease | ftrace} \if@firstcolumn
2136 {latexrelease | ftrace} \global \@firstcolumnfalse
2137 {latexrelease | ftrace} \global \setbox\@leftcolumn \box\@outputbox
2138 {*trace}
2139 {latexrelease | ftrace} \fl@trace{PAGE: first column boxed}%
2140 {/trace}
2141 {latexrelease | ftrace} \else
2142 {latexrelease | ftrace} \global \@firstcolumntrue
2143 {latexrelease | ftrace} \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
2144 {latexrelease | ftrace} \hb@xt@\textwidth {%
2145 {latexrelease | ftrace} \hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
2146 {latexrelease | ftrace} \box\@leftcolumn \hss}}%
2147 {latexrelease | ftrace} \hfil
2148 {latexrelease | ftrace} {\normalcolor\vrule
2149 {latexrelease | ftrace} \@width\columnseprule}%
2150 {latexrelease | ftrace} \hfil
2151 {latexrelease | ftrace} \hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
2152 {latexrelease | ftrace} \box\@outputbox \hss}}%

```

```

2153 <latexrelease | fltrace> }%
2154 <latexrelease | fltrace>
2155 {*trace}
2156 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{PAGE: second column also boxed}%
2157 </trace>
2158 <latexrelease | fltrace> \@combinedblfloats
2159 <latexrelease | fltrace> \@outputpage
2160 {*trace}
2161 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{PAGE: two column page completed}%
2162 </trace>
2163 <latexrelease | fltrace> \begingroup
2164 <latexrelease | fltrace> \dblfloatplacement
2165 <latexrelease | fltrace> \startdblcolumn

```

This loop could be replaced by an `\expandafter` tail recursion in `\@startdblcolumn`.

```

2166 <latexrelease | fltrace> \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
2167 <latexrelease | fltrace> {\@outputpage
2168 {*trace}
2169 <latexrelease | fltrace> \f1@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
2170 </trace>
2171 <latexrelease | fltrace> \startdblcolumn}%
2172 <latexrelease | fltrace> \endgroup
2173 <latexrelease | fltrace> \fi
2174 <latexrelease | fltrace>}%
2175 <latexrelease | fltrace>\EndIncludeInRelease
2176 </2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease>

```

#### 64.1.3 Float placement parameters

The main purpose of this section is to ensure that all the float-placement parameters which need to be set in a class file or package have been declared. It also describes their use and sets values for them which are reasonable for typical documents using US letter or A4 sized paper.

##### Limits for the placement of floating objects

- `\c@topnumber` This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear at the top of a text page or column.
 

```

2177 {*2ekernel}
2178 \newcount\c@topnumber
2179 \setcounter{topnumber}{2}

```
- `\topfraction` This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that can be occupied by floats at the top.
 

```

2180 \newcommand\topfraction{.7}

```
- `\c@bottomnumber` This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear at the bottom of a text page or column.
 

```

2181 \newcount\c@bottomnumber
2182 \setcounter{bottomnumber}{1}

```

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\bottomfraction</code>       | This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that can be occupied by floats at the bottom.                                             |
|                                    | 2183 <code>\newcommand{\bottomfraction}{.3}</code>                                                                                                                               |
| <code>\c@totalnumber</code>        | This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear on any text page or column.                                                                                      |
|                                    | 2184 <code>\newcount\c@totalnumber</code>                                                                                                                                        |
|                                    | 2185 <code>\setcounter{totalnumber}{3}</code>                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>\textfraction</code>         | This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that must be occupied by text.                                                            |
|                                    | 2186 <code>\newcommand{\textfraction}{.2}</code>                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>\floatpagefraction</code>    | This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a page or column that must be occupied by floating objects before a ‘float page’ is produced.                   |
|                                    | 2187 <code>\newcommand{\floatpagefraction}{.5}</code>                                                                                                                            |
| <code>\c@dbltopnumber</code>       | This counter holds the maximum number of double-column floats that can appear on the top of a two-column text page.                                                              |
|                                    | 2188 <code>\newcount\c@dbltopnumber</code>                                                                                                                                       |
|                                    | 2189 <code>\setcounter{dbltopnumber}{2}</code>                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>\dbltopfraction</code>       | This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a two-column text page that can be occupied by double-column floats at the top.                                 |
|                                    | 2190 <code>\newcommand{\dbltopfraction}{.7}</code>                                                                                                                               |
| <code>\dblfloatpagefraction</code> | This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a page that must be occupied by double-column floating objects before a ‘double-column float page’ is produced. |
|                                    | 2191 <code>\newcommand{\dblfloatpagefraction}{.5}</code>                                                                                                                         |

### Floats on a text page

|                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\floatsep</code>                                                      | When a floating object is placed on a page with text, these parameters control the separation between the float and the other objects on the page. These parameters are used for both one-column mode and single-column floats in two-column mode. They are all rubber lengths. |
| <code>\textfloatsep</code>                                                  | <code>\floatsep</code> is the space between adjacent floats that are placed at the top or bottom of the text page or column.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>\intextsep</code>                                                     | <code>\textfloatsep</code> is the space between the main text and floats at the top or bottom of the page or column.                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             | <code>\intextsep</code> is the space between in-text floats and the text.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2192 <code>\newskip\floatsep</code>                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2193 <code>\newskip\textfloatsep</code>                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2194 <code>\newskip\intextsep</code>                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2195 <code>\setlength{\floatsep}{12\p@ \oplus 2\p@ \ominus 2\p@}</code>     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2196 <code>\setlength{\textfloatsep}{20\p@ \oplus 2\p@ \ominus 4\p@}</code> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2197 <code>\setlength{\intextsep}{12\p@ \oplus 2\p@ \ominus 2\p@}</code>    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**\dblfloatsep** When double-column floats (floating objects that span the whole `\textwidth`) are placed at the top of a text page in two-column mode, the separation between the float and the text is controlled by `\dblfloatsep` and `\dbltextfloatsep`. They are rubber lengths.

`\dblfloatsep` is the space between adjacent double-column floats placed at the top of the text page.

`\dbltextfloatsep` is the space between the main text and double-column floats at the top of the page.

```
2198 \newskip\dblfloatsep
2199 \newskip\dbltextfloatsep
2200 \setlength\dblfloatsep{12\p@ \oplus 2\p@ \ominus 2\p@}
2201 \setlength\dbltextfloatsep{20\p@ \oplus 2\p@ \ominus 4\p@}
```

### Flosts on their own page or column

**\@fptop** When floating objects are placed on a separate page or column, called a ‘float page’, the layout of the page is controlled by these parameters, which are rubber lengths.

At the top of the page `\@fptop` is inserted; typically this supplies some stretchable whitespace. At the bottom of the page `\@fpbot` is inserted. Between adjacent floats `\@fpsep` is inserted.

These parameters are used for all floating objects on a ‘float page’ in one-column mode, and for single-column floats in two-column mode.

Note that at least one of the two parameters `\@fptop` and `\@fpbot` should contain a `plus ... fil` so as to fill the remaining empty space.

```
2202 \newskip\@fptop
2203 \newskip\@fpsep
2204 \newskip\@fpbot
2205 \setlength\@fptop{0\p@ \oplus 1fil}
2206 \setlength\@fpsep{8\p@ \oplus 2fil}
2207 \setlength\@fpbot{0\p@ \oplus 1fil}
```

**\@dblfpptop** Double-column ‘float pages’ in two-column mode use similar parameters.

```
2208 \newskip\@dblfpptop
2209 \newskip\@dblfpsep
2210 \newskip\@dblfpbot
2211 \setlength\@dblfpptop{0\p@ \oplus 1fil}
2212 \setlength\@dblfpsep{8\p@ \oplus 2fil}
2213 \setlength\@dblfpbot{0\p@ \oplus 1fil}
```

**\topfigrule** The macros can be used to put in rules between floats and text; whatever they insert should be vertical mode material which takes up zero space.

```
2214 \let\topfigrule=\relax
2215 \let\botfigrule=\relax
2216 \let\dblfigrule=\relax
2217 </2ekernel>
```

# File L

## ltclass.dtx

### 65 Introduction

This file implements the following declarations, which replace `\documentstyle` in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> documents.

Note that old documents containing `\documentstyle` will be run using a compatibility option—thus keeping everyone happy, we hope!

The overall idea is that there are two types of ‘style files’: ‘class files’ which define elements and provide a default formatting for them; and ‘packages’ which provide extra functionality. One difference between L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.09 is that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> packages may have options. Note that options to classes packages may be implemented such that they input files, but these file names are not necessarily directly related to the option name.

### 66 User interface

```
\documentclass[<main-option-list>]{<class>}[<version>]
```

There must be exactly one such declaration, and it must come first. The `<main-option-list>` is a list of options which can modify the formatting of elements which are defined in the `<class>` file as well as in all following `\usepackage` declarations (see below). The `<version>` is a version number, beginning with a date in the format YYYY/MM/DD. If an older version of the class is found, a warning is issued.

```
\documentstyle[<main-option-list>]{<class>}[<version>]
```

The `\documentstyle` declaration is kept in order to maintain upward compatibility with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.09 documents. It is similar to `\documentclass`, but it causes all options in `<main-option-list>` that the `<class>` does not use to be passed to `\RequirePackage` after the options have been processed. This maintains compatibility with the 2.09 behaviour. Also a flag is set to indicate that the document is to be processed in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.09 compatibility mode. As far as most packages are concerned, this only affects the warnings and errors L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X generates. This flag does affect the definition of font commands, and `\sloppy`.

```
\usepackage[<package-option-list>]{<package-list>}[<version>]
```

There can be any number of these declarations. All packages in `<package-list>` are called with the same options.

Each `<package>` file defines new elements (or modifies those defined in the `<class>`), and thus extends the range of documents which can be processed. The `<package-option-list>` is a list of options which can modify the formatting of elements defined in the `<package>` file. The `<version>` is a version number, beginning with a date in the format YYYY/MM/DD. If an older version of the package is found, a warning is issued.

Each package is loaded only once. If the same package is requested more than once, nothing happens, unless the package has been requested with options that were not given the first time it was loaded, in which case an error is produced.

As well as processing the options given in the  $\langle package-option-list \rangle$ , each package processes the  $\langle main-option-list \rangle$ . This means that options that affect all of the packages can be given globally, rather than repeated for every package.

**filecontents** Note that class files have the extension `.cls`, packages have the extension `.sty`.

The environment `filecontents` is intended for passing the contents of packages, options, or other files along with a document in a single file. It has one argument, which is the name of the file to create. If that file already exists (maybe only in the current directory if the OS supports a notion of a ‘current directory’ or ‘default directory’) then nothing happens (except for an information message) and the body of the environment is bypassed. Otherwise, the body of the environment is written verbatim to the file name given as the first argument, together with some comments about how it was produced.

The environment is allowed only before `\documentclass` to ensure that all packages or options necessary for this particular run are present when needed. The begin and end tags should each be on a line by itself. There is also a star-form; this does not write extra comments into the file.

## 66.1 Option processing

When the options are processed, they are divided into two types: *local* and *global*:

- For a class, the options in the `\documentclass` command are local.
- For a package, the options in the `\usepackage` command are local, and the options in the `\documentclass` command are global.

The options for `\documentclass` and `\usepackage` are processed in the following way:

1. The local and global options that have been declared (using `\DeclareOption` as described below) are processed first.

In the case of `\ProcessOptions`, they are processed in the order that they were declared in the class or package.

In the case of `\ProcessOptions*`, they are processed in the order that they appear in the option-lists. First the global options, and then the local ones.

2. Any remaining local options are dealt with using the default option (declared using the `\DeclareOption*` declaration described below). For document classes, this usually does nothing, but records the option on a list of unused options. For packages, this usually produces an error.

Finally, when `\begin{document}` is reached, if there are any global options which have not been used by either the class or any package, the system will produce a warning.

# 67 Class and Package interface

## 67.1 Class name and version

**\ProvidesClass** A class can identify itself with the `\ProvidesClass{\langle name \rangle}[\langle version \rangle]` command. The  $\langle version \rangle$  should begin with a date in the format YYYY/MM/DD.

## 67.2 Package name and version

\ProvidesPackage A package can identify itself with the \ProvidesPackage{\langle name\rangle}[\langle version\rangle] command. The \langle version\rangle should begin with a date in the format YYYY/MM/DD.

## 67.3 Requiring other packages

\RequirePackage Packages or classes can load other packages using \RequirePackage[\langle options\rangle]{\langle name\rangle}[\langle version\rangle].

If the package has already been loaded, then nothing happens unless the requested options are not a subset of the options with which it was loaded, in which case an error is called.

\LoadClass Similar to \RequirePackage, but for classes, may not be used in package files.

\PassOptionsToPackage Packages can pass options to other packages using:

\PassOptionsToPackage{\langle options\rangle}{\langle package\rangle}.

This adds the \langle options\rangle to the options list of any future \RequirePackage or \usepackage command. For example:

```
\PassOptionsToPackage{foo,bar}{fred}
\RequirePackage[baz]{fred}
```

is the same as:

```
\RequirePackage[foo,bar,baz]{fred}
```

\LoadClassWithOptions \LoadClassWithOptions{\langle name\rangle}[\langle version\rangle]:

This is similar to \LoadClass, but it always calls class \langle name\rangle with exactly the same option list that is being used by the current class, rather than an option explicitly supplied or passed on by \PassOptionsToClass. \RequirePackageWithOptions is the analogous command for packages.

This is mainly intended to allow one class to simply build on another, for example:

```
\LoadClassWithOptions{article}
```

This should be contrasted with the slightly different construction

```
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClass{article}
```

As used here, the effects are more or less the same, but the version using \LoadClassWithOptions is slightly quicker (and less to type). If, however, the class declares options of its own then the two constructions are different; compare, for example:

```
\DeclareOption{landscape}{...}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClassWithOptions{article}
```

with:

```
\DeclareOption{landscape}{...}
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClass{article}
```

In the first case, the `article` class will be called with option `landscape` precisely when the current class is called with this option; but in the second example it will not as in that case `article` is only passed options by the default option handler, which is not used for `landscape` as that option is explicitly declared.

```
\@ifpackageloaded
 \@ifclassloaded
 \@ifpackagelater
 \@ifclasslater
 \@ifpackagewith
 \@ifclasswith
```

To find out if a package has already been loaded, use

```
\@ifpackageloaded{\<package>}{\{true\}}{\{false\}}.
```

To find out if a package has already been loaded with a version equal to or more recent than `<version>`, use

```
\@ifpackagelater{\<package>}{\{version\}}{\{true\}}{\{false\}}.
```

To find out if a package has already been loaded with at least the options `<options>`, use `\@ifpackagewith{\<package>}{\{options\}}{\{true\}}{\{false\}}`.

There exists one package that can't be tested with the above commands: the `fontenc` package pretends that it was never loaded to allow for repeated reloading with different options (see `ltoutenc.dtx` for details).

## 67.4 Declaring new options

Options for classes and packages are built using the same macros.

```
\DeclareOption
\DeclareOption*
```

To define a builtin option, use `\DeclareOption{\<name>}{\{code\}}`.

To define the default action to perform for local options which have not been declared, use `\DeclareOption*{\{code\}}`.

*Note:* there should be no use of

`\RequirePackage`, `\DeclareOption`, `\DeclareOption*` or `\ProcessOptions` inside `\DeclareOption` or `\DeclareOption*`.

Possible uses for `\DeclareOption*` include:

```
\DeclareOption*{}
```

Do nothing. Silently accept unknown options. (This suppresses the usual warnings.)

```
\DeclareOption*{\@unkownoptionerror}
```

Complain about unknown local options. (The initial setting for package files.)

```
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{\<pkg-name>}}
```

Handle the the current option by passing it on to the package `<pkg-name>`, which will presumably be loaded via `\RequirePackage` later in the file. This is useful for building ‘extension’ packages, that perhaps handle a couple of new options, but then pass everything else on to an existing package.

```
\DeclareOption*{\InputIfFileExists{xx-\CurrentOption.yyy}%
 {}%
 {\OptionNotUsed}}
```

Handle the option `foo` by loading the file `xx-foo.yyy` if it exists, otherwise do nothing, but declare that the option was not used. Actually the `\OptionNotUsed` declaration is only needed if this is being used in class files, but does no harm in package files.

## 67.5 Safe Input Macros

```
\InputIfFileExists
```

```
\InputIfFileExists{\<file>}{\{then\}}{\{else\}}
```

Inputs `<file>` if it exists. Immediately before the input, `<then>` is executed. Otherwise `<else>` is executed.

```
\IfFileExists
```

As above, but does not input the file.

One thing you might like to put in the `<else>` clause is

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \@missingfileerror | This starts an interactive request for a filename, supplying default extensions. Just hitting return causes the whole input to be skipped and entering x quits the current run,                                                                                                                                                                  |
| \input             | This has been redefined from the L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X2.09 definition, in terms of the new commands \InputIfFileExists and \@missingfileerror.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \listfiles         | Giving this declaration in the preamble causes a list of all files input via the ‘safe input’ commands to be listed at the end. Any strings specified in the optional argument to \ProvidesPackage are listed alongside the file name. So files in standard (and other non-standard) distributions can put informative strings in this argument. |

## 68 Implementation

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 (*2ekernel)                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \if@compatibility                  | The flag for compatibility mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 2 \newif\if@compatibility          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@documentclasshook                | The hook called after the first \documentclass command. By default this checks to see if \normalsize is undefined, and if so, sets it to \normalsize.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3 \def\@documentclasshook{%        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4   \ifx\@normalsize\@undefined    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 5     \let\@normalsize\normalsize  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 6   \fi                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 7 }                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@declaredoptions                  | This list is automatically built by \DeclareOption. It is the list of options (separated by commas) declared in the class or package file and it defines the order in which the corresponding \dso<option> commands are executed. All local <option>s which are not declared will be processed in the order defined by the optional argument of \documentclass or \usepackage. |
| 8 \let\@declaredoptions\@empty     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@classoptionslist                 | List of options of the main class.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 9 \let\@classoptionslist\relax     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10 \onlypreamble\@classoptionslist |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@unusedoptionlist                 | List of options of the main class that haven’t been declared or loaded as class option files.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11 \let\@unusedoptionlist\@empty   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 12 \onlypreamble\@unusedoptionlist |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \CurrentOption                     | Name of current package or option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 13 \let\CurrentOption\@empty       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@currname                         | Name of current package or option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 14 \let\@currname\@empty           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \@currext                          | The current file extension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 15 \global\let\@currext=\@empty    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \@clsextension    | The two possible values of \@currext.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \@pkgextension    | <pre> 16 \def\@clsextension{cls} 17 \def\@pkgextension{sty} 18 \@onlypreamble\@clsextension 19 \@onlypreamble\@pkgextension </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \@pushfilename    | Commands to push and pop the file name and extension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \@popfilename     | #1 current name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \@currnamestack   | <p>#2 current extension.</p> <p>#3 current catcode of @.</p> <p>#4 Rest of the stack.</p> <pre> 20 \def\@pushfilename{% 21   \xdef\@currnamestack{% 22     {\@currname}% 23     {\@currext}% 24     {\the\catcode`@}% 25     \@currnamestack}% 26 \@onlypreamble\@pushfilename 27 \def\@popfilename{\expandafter\p@filename\@currnamestack\@nil} 28 \@onlypreamble\@popfilename 29 \def\@p@filename#1#2#3#4\@nil{% 30   \gdef\@currname{#1}% 31   \gdef\@currext{#2}% 32   \catcode`\@#3\relax 33   \gdef\@currnamestack{#4}% 34 \@onlypreamble\@p@filename 35 \gdef\@currnamestack{} 36 \@onlypreamble\@currnamestack </pre> |
| \@optionlist      | Returns the option list of the file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                   | <pre> 37 \def\@optionlist#1{% 38   \@ifundefined{opt@#1}\@empty{\csname opt@#1\endcsname}% 39 \@onlypreamble\@optionlist </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \@ifpackageloaded | \@ifpackageloaded{(name)} Checks to see whether a file has been loaded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| \@ifclassloaded   | <pre> 40 \def\@ifpackageloaded{\@ifl@aded\@pkgextension} 41 \def\@ifclassloaded{\@ifl@aded\@clsextension} 42 \@onlypreamble\@ifpackageloaded 43 \@onlypreamble\@ifclassloaded 44 \def\@ifl@aded#1#2{% 45   \expandafter\ifx\csname ver@#2.#1\endcsname\relax 46   \expandafter\@secondoftwo 47   \else 48   \expandafter\@firstoftwo 49   \fi} 50 \@onlypreamble\@ifl@aded </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| \@ifpackagelater  | \@ifpackagelater{(name)}-{YYYY/MM/DD} Checks that the package loaded is more recent than the given date.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| \@ifclasslater    | <pre> 51 \def\@ifpackagelater{\@ifl@ter\@pkgextension} 52 \def\@ifclasslater{\@ifl@ter\@clsextension} 53 \@onlypreamble\@ifpackagelater 54 \@onlypreamble\@ifclasslater </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

```

55 \def\@ifl@ter#1#2{%
56 \expandafter\@ifl@t@r
57 \csname ver@#2.#1\endcsname}
58 \onlypreamble\@ifl@ter

This internal macro is also used in \NeedsTeXFormat.

59 \def\@ifl@t@r#1#2{%
60 \ifnum\expandafter\@parse@version#1//00\@nil<%
61 \expandafter\@parse@version#2//00\@nil
62 \expandafter\@secondoftwo
63 \else
64 \expandafter\@firstoftwo
65 \fi}
66 \onlypreamble\@ifl@t@r

67 \def\@parse@version#1/#2/#3#4#5\@nil{#1#2#3#4 }

\@ifpackagewith \@ifpackagewith{\langle name\rangle}{\langle option-list\rangle} Checks that \langle option-list\rangle is a subset of the options with which \langle name\rangle was loaded.
68 \def\@ifpackagewith{\@if@options\@pkgextension}
69 \def\@ifclasswith{\@if@options\@clsextension}
70 \onlypreamble\@ifpackagewith
71 \onlypreamble\@ifclasswith

72 \def\@if@options#1#2{%
73 \expandtwoargs\@if@pti@ns{\@optionlist{#2.#1}}}
74 \onlypreamble\@if@options

Probably shouldn't use \CurrentOption here... (changed to \reserved@b.)

75 \def\@if@pti@ns#1#2{%
76 \let\reserved@a\@firstoftwo
77 \for\reserved@b:=#2\do{%
78 \ifx\reserved@b\empty
79 \else
80 \expandafter\in@\expandafter{\expandafter,\reserved@b,}{, #1, }%
81 \ifin@%
82 \else
83 \let\reserved@a\@secondoftwo
84 \fi
85 \fi
86 }%
87 \reserved@a
88 \onlypreamble\@if@pti@ns

\ProvidesPackage Checks that the current filename is correct, and defines \ver@filename.
89 \def\ProvidesPackage#1{%
90 \xdef\@gtempa{#1}%
91 \ifx\@gtempa\@currname\else
92 \@latex@warning@no@line{You have requested
93 \cls@pkg\space '@currname', \MessageBreak
94 but the \cls@pkg\space provides '#1'}%
95 \fi
96 \ifnextchar[\@pr@videopackage{\@pr@videopackage[]}]%
97 \onlypreamble\ProvidesPackage

```

```

98 \def\@pr@videopackage[#1]{%
99 \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@\currname.\currext\endcsname{#1}%
100 \ifx\currext\clsextension
101 \typeout{Document Class: \@gtempa\space#1}%
102 \else
103 \wlog{Package: \@gtempa\space#1}%
104 \fi}
105 \onlypreamble\@pr@videopackage

\ProvidesClass Like \ProvidesPackage, but for classes.
106 \let\ProvidesClass\ProvidesPackage
107 \onlypreamble\ProvidesClass

\ProvidesFile Like \ProvidesPackage, but for arbitrary files. Do not apply \onlypreamble to
these, as we may want to label files input during the document.

```

#### \@providesfile

```

108 \def\ProvidesFile#1{%
109 \begingroup
110 \catcode`\ 10 %
111 \ifnum \endlinechar<256 %
112 \ifnum \endlinechar>\m@ne
113 \catcode\endlinechar 10 %
114 \fi
115 \fi
116 \c@makeother\%
117 \c@makeother\&%
118 \kernel@ifnextchar[{\@providesfile{#1}}{\@providesfile{#1}[]}}

```

During initex a special version of \@providesfile is used. The real definition is installed right at the end, in `ltfinal.dtx`.

```

\def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
 \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
 \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@#1\endcsname{#2}%
 \endgroup
 \end{macrocode}

```

\PassOptionsToPackage If the package has been loaded, we check that it was first loaded with the options.  
\PassOptionsToClass Otherwise we add the option list to that of the package.

```

119 \def\@pass@ptions#1#2#3{%
120 \expandafter\xdef\csname opt@#3.#1\endcsname{%
121 \c@ifundefined{opt@#3.#1}\c@empty
122 {\c@name opt@#3.#1\endcsname,}%
123 \zap@space#2 \c@empty}}
124 \onlypreamble\@pass@ptions

125 \def\PassOptionsToPackage{\@pass@ptions\@pkgextension}
126 \def\PassOptionsToClass{\@pass@ptions\@clsextension}
127 \onlypreamble\PassOptionsToPackage
128 \onlypreamble\PassOptionsToClass

```

\DeclareOption Adds an option as a \ds@ command, or the default \default@ds command.  
\DeclareOption\* 129 \def\DeclareOption{%

```

130 \let\@fileswith@pti@ns\@badrequireerror
131 \@ifstar\@defdefault@ds\@declareoption}
132 \long\def\@declareoption#1#2{%
133 \xdef\@declaredoptions{\@declaredoptions,#1}%
134 \toks@{#2}%
135 \expandafter\edef\csname ds#1\endcsname{\the\toks@}%
136 \long\def\@defdefault@ds#1{%
137 \toks@{#1}%
138 \edef\default@ds{\the\toks@}%
139 \onlypreamble\DeclareOption
140 \onlypreamble\@declareoption
141 \onlypreamble\@defdefault@ds

```

**\OptionNotUsed** If we are in a class file, add `\CurrentOption` to the list of unused options. Otherwise, in a package file do nothing.

```

142 \def\OptionNotUsed{%
143 \ifx\@currext\@clsextension
144 \xdef\@unusedoptionlist{%
145 \ifx\@unusedoptionlist\empty\else\@unusedoptionlist,\fi
146 \CurrentOption}%
147 \fi}
148 \onlypreamble\OptionNotUsed

```

**\default@ds** The default default option code. Set by `\@onefilewithoptions` to either `\OptionNotUsed` for classes, or `\@unknownoptionerror` for packages. This may be reset in either case with `\DeclareOption*`.

```
149 % \let\default@ds\OptionNotUsed
```

**\ProcessOptions** **\ProcessOptions\*** `\ProcessOptions` calls `\ds@option` for each known package option, then calls `\default@ds` for each option on the local options list. Finally resets all the declared options to `\relax`. The empty option does nothing, this has to be reset on the off chance it's set to `\relax` if an empty element gets into the `\@declaredoptions` list.

The star form is similar but executes options given in the order specified in the document, not the order they are declared in the file. In the case of packages, global options are executed before local ones.

```

150 \def\ProcessOptions{%
151 \let\ds@\empty
152 \edef\@curroptions{\@optionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
153 \@ifstar\@process@options\@process@options}
154 \onlypreamble\ProcessOptions

155 \def\@process@options{%
156 \@for\CurrentOption:=\@declaredoptions\do{%
157 \ifx\CurrentOption\empty\else
158 \@expandtwoargs\in@{,\CurrentOption,}{%
159 ,\ifx\@currext\@clsextension\else\@classoptionslist,\fi
160 \@curroptions,}%
161 \ifin@
162 \@use@option
163 \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\empty
164 \fi
165 }%

```

```

166 \@process@pti@ns}
167 \onlypreamble\@process@ptions

168 \def\xprocess@ptions{%
169 \ifx\@currext\@clsextension\else
170 \@for\CurrentOption:=\@classoptionslist\do{%
171 \ifx\CurrentOption\@empty\else
172 \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\@empty
173 \ifin@
174 \use@option
175 \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\@empty
176 \fi
177 \fi}%
178 \fi
179 \@process@pti@ns}
180 \onlypreamble\xprocess@ptions

```

The common part of `\ProcessOptions` and `\ProcessOptions*`.

```

181 \def\@process@pti@ns{%
182 \@for\CurrentOption:=\@curroptions\do{%
183 \@ifundefined{ds@\CurrentOption}%
184 {\use@option
185 \default@ds}%

```

There should not be any non-empty definition of `\CurrentOption` at this point, as all the declared options were executed earlier. This is for compatibility with 2.09 styles which use `\def\ds@...` directly, and so have options which do not appear in `\@declaredoptions`.

```
186 \use@option}%

```

Clear all the definitions for option code. First set all the declared options to `\relax`, then reset the ‘default’ and ‘empty’ options. and the lst of declared options.

```

187 \@for\CurrentOption:=\@declaredoptions\do{%
188 \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\relax}%
189 \let\CurrentOption\empty
190 \let\@fileswith@pti@ns\@fileswith@pti@ns
191 \AtEndOfPackage{\let\@unprocessedoptions\relax}%
192 \onlypreamble\@process@pti@ns

```

`\@options` `\@options` is a synonym for `\ProcessOptions*` for upward compatibility with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2.09 style files.

```

193 \def\@options{\ProcessOptions*}
194 \onlypreamble\@options

```

`\@use@option` Execute the code for the current option.

```

195 \def\@use@option{%
196 \expandafter\removeelement\CurrentOption
197 \unusedoptionlist\@unusedoptionlist
198 \csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname}%
199 \onlypreamble\@use@option

```

`\ExecuteOptions` `\ExecuteOptions{\langle option-list\rangle}` executes the code declared for each option.

```
200 \def\ExecuteOptions#1{%

```

```

201 \def\reserved@a##1@nil{%
202 \for\CurrentOption:=#1\do{\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname}%
203 \edef\CurrentOption{##1}%
204 \expandafter\reserved@a\CurrentOption\@nil}
205 \onlypreamble\ExecuteOptions

```

The top-level commands, which just set some parameters then call the internal command, `\@fileswithoptions`.

`\documentclass` The main new-style class declaration.

```

206 \def\documentclass{%
207 \let\documentclass@twoclasseserror
208 \if@compatibility\else\let\usepackage\RequirePackage\fi
209 \@fileswithoptions@clsextension}
210 \onlypreamble\documentclass

```

`\documentstyle` 2.09 style class ‘style’ declaration.

```

211 \def\documentstyle{%
212 \makeatletter\input{latex209.def}\makeatother
213 \documentclass}
214 \onlypreamble\documentstyle

```

`\RequirePackage` Load package if not already loaded.

```

215 \def\RequirePackage{%
216 \@fileswithoptions@pkgextension}
217 \onlypreamble\RequirePackage

```

`\LoadClass` Load class.

```

218 \def\LoadClass{%
219 \ifx\@currext\@pkgextension
220 \@latex@error
221 {\noexpand\LoadClass in package file}%
222 {You may only use \noexpand\LoadClass in a class file.}%
223 \fi
224 \@fileswithoptions@clsextension}
225 \onlypreamble\LoadClass

```

`\@loadwithoptions` Pass the current option list on to a class or package. #1 is `\@cls-or-pkgextension`, #2 is `\RequirePackage` or `\LoadClass`, #3 is the class or package to be loaded.

```

226 \def\@loadwithoptions#1#2#3{%
227 \expandafter\let\csname opt@#3.#1\expandafter\endcsname
228 \csname opt@\@currname.\@currext\endcsname
229 #2{#3}}
230 \onlypreamble\@loadwithoptions

```

`\LoadClassWithOptions` Load class ‘#1’ with the current option list.

```

231 \def\LoadClassWithOptions{%
232 \@loadwithoptions@clsextension\LoadClass}
233 \onlypreamble\LoadClassWithOptions

```

`\RequirePackageWithOptions` Load package ‘#1’ with the current option list.

```

234 \def\RequirePackageWithOptions{%
235 \AtEndOfPackage{\let\@unprocessedoptions\relax}%
236 \@loadwithoptions@pkgextension\RequirePackage}
237 \onlypreamble\RequirePackageWithOptions

```

\usepackage To begin with, \usepackage produces an error. This is reset by \documentclass.

```
238 \def\usepackage#1{%
239 \@latex@error
240 {\noexpand \usepackage before \string\documentclass}%
241 {\noexpand \usepackage may only appear in the document
242 preamble, i.e.,\MessageBreak
243 between \noexpand\documentclass and
244 \string\begin{document}.}%
245 \@gobble}
246 \onlypreamble\usepackage
```

\NeedsTeXFormat Check that the document is running on the correct system.

```
247 \def\NeedsTeXFormat#1{%
248 \def\reserved@a{#1}%
249 \ifx\reserved@a\fmtname
250 \expandafter\@needsformat
251 \else
252 \@latex@error{This file needs format '\reserved@a'%
253 \MessageBreak but this is '\fmtname'}{%
254 The current input file will not be processed
255 further,\MessageBreak
256 because it was written for some other flavor of
257 TeX.\MessageBreak\@ehd}}%
```

If the file is not meant to be processed by L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub><</sub> we stop inputting it, but we do not end the run. We just end inputting the current file.

```
258 \endinput \fi}
259 \onlypreamble\NeedsTeXFormat
260 \def\@needsformat{%
261 \@ifnextchar[%
262 \@needsf@rmat
263 {}}
264 \onlypreamble\@needsformat
265 \def\@needsf@rmat[#1]{%
266 \@ifl@t@r\fmtversion{#1}{%
267 {\@latex@warning@no@line
268 {You have requested release '#1' of LaTeX,\MessageBreak
269 but only release '\fmtversion' is available}}}}
270 \onlypreamble\@needsf@rmat
```

\zap@space \zap@space foo<space>\empty removes all spaces from foo that are not protected by { } groups.

```
271 \def\zap@space#1 #2{%
272 #1%
273 \ifx#2\empty\else\expandafter\zap@space\fi
274 #2}
```

\@fileswithoptions The common part of \documentclass and \usepackage.

```
275 \def\@fileswithoptions#1{%
276 \@ifnextchar[%
277 {\@fileswith@ptions#1}}%
```

```

278 {\@fileswith@ptions#1[]}}
279 \onlypreamble\fileswithoptions
280 \def\fileswith@ptions#1[#2]#3{%
281 \@ifnextchar[%]
282 {\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[{{#2}}]#3}%
283 {\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[{{#2}}]#3[]}}
284 \onlypreamble\fileswith@ptions

```

Then we do some work.

First of all, we define the global variables. Then we look to see if the file has already been loaded. If it has, we check that it was first loaded with at least the current options. If it has not, we add the current options to the package options, set the default version to be 0000/00/00, and load the file if we can find it. Then we check the version number.

Finally, we restore the old file name, reset the default option, and we set the catcode of @.

For classes, we can immediately process the file. For other types, #2 could be a comma separated list, so loop through, processing each one separately.

```

285 \def\fileswith@ptions#1[#2]#3[#4]{%
286 \ifx#1\@clsextension
287 \ifx\@classoptionslist\relax
288 \xdef\@classoptionslist{\zap@space#2 \empty}
289 \def\reserved@a{%
290 \onefilewithoptions#3[{{#2}}] [{{#4}}]#1%
291 \documentclasshook}%
292 \else
293 \def\reserved@a{%
294 \onefilewithoptions#3[{{#2}}] [{{#4}}]#1%}
295 \fi
296 \else

```

build up a list of calls to \onefilewithoptions (one for each package) without thrashing the parameter stack.

```

297 \def\reserved@b##1,{%
298 \ifx\@nil##1\relax\else
299 \ifx\relax##1\relax\else
300 \noexpand\onefilewithoptions##1[{{#2}}] [{{#4}}]%
301 \noexpand\@pkextension
302 \fi
303 \expandafter\reserved@b
304 \fi}%
305 \edef\reserved@a{\zap@space#3 \empty}%
306 \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a,\@nil,}%
307 \fi
308 \reserved@a
309 \onlypreamble\fileswith@ptions

```

Have the main argument as #1, so we only need one \expandafter above.

```

310 \def\onefilewithoptions#1[#2]#[#3]#4{%
311 \pushfilename
312 \xdef\currname{#1}%
313 \global\let\currext#4%
314 \expandafter\let\csname\currname.\currext-h@@k\endcsname\empty
315 \let\CurrentOption\empty

```

```

316 \reset@options
317 \makeatletter
318 \def\reserved@a{%
319 \@ifl@aded\@currext{#1}%
320 {\@if@ptions\@currext{#1}{#2}{}}%
321 {\@l@tex@error
322 {Option clash for \cls@pkg\space #1}%
323 {The package #1 has already been loaded
324 with options:\MessageBreak
325 \space\space[\@optionlist{#1.\@currext}]\MessageBreak
326 There has now been an attempt to load it
327 with options\MessageBreak
328 \space\space[#2]\MessageBreak
329 Adding the global options:\MessageBreak
330 \space\space
331 \@optionlist{#1.\@currext},#2\MessageBreak
332 to your \noexpand\documentclass declaration may fix this.%}
333 \MessageBreak
334 Try typing \space <return> \space to proceed.}}}}%
335 {\@pass@ptions\@currext{#2}{#1}}%
336 \global\expandafter
337 \let\csname ver@\@currname.\@currext\endcsname\@empty
338 \InputIfFileExists
339 {\@currname.\@currext}%
340 {}%
341 {\@missingfileerror\@currname\@currext}%

```

\@unprocessedoptions will generate an error for each specified option in a package unless a \ProcessOptions has appeared in the package file.

```

342 \let\@unprocessedoptions\@unprocessedoptions
343 \csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname
344 \expandafter\let\csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname
345 \undefined
346 \@unprocessedoptions}

347 \@ifl@ter\@currext{#1}{#3}{}}%
348 {\@l@tex@warning@no@line
349 {You have requested,\on@line,
350 version\MessageBreak
351 '#3' of \cls@pkg\space #1,\MessageBreak
352 but only version\MessageBreak
353 '\csname ver@#1.\@currext\endcsname'\MessageBreak
354 is available}}}}%

355 \ifx\@currext\@clsextension\let\LoadClass\@twoloadclasserror\fi
356 \popfilename
357 \reset@ptions}%
358 \reserved@a}
359 \onlypreamble\onefilewithoptions

```

\@files with @ptions Save the definition (for error checking).

```

360 \let\@files@with@pti@ns\@files@with@pti@ns
361 \onlypreamble\@files@with@pti@ns

\@reset@ptions Reset the default option, and clear lists of declared options.
362 \def\@reset@ptions{%
363 \global\ifx\@curr@ext\@clsextension
364 \let\default@ds\OptionNotUsed
365 \else
366 \let\default@ds\@unknownoptionerror
367 \fi
368 \global\let\ds@\@empty
369 \global\let\@declaredoptions\@empty}
370 \onlypreamble\@reset@ptions

```

## 68.1 Hooks

Allow code do be saved to be executed at specific later times.

Save things in macros, I considered using toks registers, (and `\addto@hook` from the NFSS code, that would require stacking the contents in the case of required packages, so just generate a new macro for each package.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\@begindocumenthook</code><br><code>\@enddocumenthook</code><br><code>\g@addto@macro</code><br><code>\AtEndOfPackage</code><br><code>\AtEndOfClass</code><br><code>\AtBeginDocument</code><br><code>\AtEndDocument</code><br><code>\@cls@pkg</code> | Stuff to appear at the beginning or end of the document.<br><pre> 371 \ifx\@begindocumenthook\@undefined 372   \let\@begindocumenthook\@empty 373 \fi 374 \let\@enddocumenthook\@empty </pre> Globally add to the end of a macro.<br><pre> 375 \long\def\g@addto@macro#1#2{% 376   \begingroup 377     \toks@\expandafter{\#1#2}% 378     \xdef#1{\the\toks@}% 379   \endgroup} </pre> The access functions.<br><pre> 380 \def\AtEndOfPackage{% 381   \expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname\currname.\@curr@ext-h@@k\endcsname} 382 \let\AtEndOfClass\AtEndOfPackage 383 \onlypreamble\AtEndOfPackage 384 \onlypreamble\AtEndOfClass 385 \def\AtBeginDocument{\g@addto@macro\@begindocumenthook} 386 \def\AtEndDocument{\g@addto@macro\@enddocumenthook} 387 \onlypreamble\AtBeginDocument </pre> The current file type.<br><pre> 388 \def\@cls@pkg{% 389   \ifx\@curr@ext\@clsextension 390     document class% 391   \else 392     package% 393   \fi} 394 \onlypreamble\@cls@pkg </pre> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\@unknownoptionerror</code>  | Bad option.<br><pre>395 \def\@unknownoptionerror{% 396   \@latex@error 397     {Unknown option '\CurrentOption' for \@cls@pkg\space`@\currname'}% 398     {The option '\CurrentOption' was not declared in 399      \@cls@pkg\space`@\currname', perhaps you\MessageBreak 400        misspelled its name. 401      Try typing \space &lt;return&gt; 402      \space to proceed.}% 403 \onlypreamble\@unknownoptionerror</pre>                                                                                      |
| <code>\@@unprocessedoptions</code> | Declare an error for each option, unless a <code>\ProcessOptions</code> occurred.<br><pre>404 \def\@@unprocessedoptions{% 405   \ifx\@currext\@pkextension 406     \edef\@curroptions{\@optionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}% 407     \@for\CurrentOption:=\@curroptions\do{% 408       \ifx\CurrentOption\@empty\else\@unknownoptionerror\fi}% 409     \fi} 410 \onlypreamble\@unprocessedoptions 411 \onlypreamble\@@unprocessedoptions</pre>                                                                       |
| <code>\@badrequireerror</code>     | <code>\RequirePackage</code> or <code>\LoadClass</code> occurs in the options section.<br><pre>412 \def\@badrequireerror#1[#2]#3[#4]{% 413   \@latex@error 414     {\noexpand\RequirePackage or \noexpand\LoadClass 415      in Options Section}% 416     {The \@cls@pkg\space`@\currname' is defective.\MessageBreak 417      It attempts to load '#3' in the options section, i.e.,\MessageBreak 418      between \noexpand\DeclareOption and \string\ProcessOptions.}% 419 \onlypreamble\@badrequireerror</pre> |
| <code>\@twoloadclasserror</code>   | Two <code>\LoadClass</code> in a class.<br><pre>420 \def\@twoloadclasserror{% 421   \@latex@error 422     {Two \noexpand\LoadClass commands}% 423     {You may only use one \noexpand\LoadClass in a class file}% 424 \onlypreamble\@twoloadclasserror</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>\@twoclasseserror</code>     | Two <code>\documentclass</code> or <code>\documentstyle</code> .<br><pre>425 \def\@twoclasseserror#1{% 426   \@latex@error 427     {Two \noexpand\documentclass or \noexpand\documentstyle commands}% 428     {The document may only declare one class.}\@gobble} 429 \onlypreamble\@twoclasseserror</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## 68.2 Providing shipment

|                               |                                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\two@digits</code>      | Prefix a number less than 10 with '0'.<br><pre>430 \def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1&lt;10 0\fi\number#1}</pre> |
| <code>\filecontents</code>    | This environment implements inline files. The star-form does not write extra comments into the file.     |
| <code>\endfilecontents</code> |                                                                                                          |

```

431 \begingroup%
432 \catcode`*=11 %
433 \catcode`\^M\active%
434 \catcode`\^L\active\let^\relax%
435 \catcode`\^I\active%
436 \gdef\filecontents{\@tempswatrue\filec@ntents}%
437 \gdef\filecontents*{\@tempswafalse\filec@ntents}%
438 \gdef\filec@ntents#1{%
439 \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
440 \ifeof\@inputcheck%
441 \@latex@warning@no@line%
442 {Writing file '\currdir#1'}%
443 \chardef\reserved@c15 %
444 \ch@ck7\reserved@c\write%
445 \immediate\openout\reserved@c#1\relax%
446 \else%
447 \closein\@inputcheck%
448 \@latex@warning@no@line%
449 {File '#1' already exists on the system.\MessageBreak%
450 Not generating it from this source}%
451 \let\write@gobbletwo%
452 \let\closeout\gobble%
453 \fi%
454 \if@tempswa%
455 \immediate\write\reserved@c{%
456 \percentchar\percentchar\space%
457 \expandafter\gobble\string\LaTeXe file '#1'^J%
458 \percentchar\percentchar\space generated by the %
459 '\currenvir' \expandafter\gobblefour\string\newenvironment'^J%
460 \percentchar\percentchar\space from source '\jobname' on %
461 \number\year/\two@digits\month/\two@digits\day.^J%
462 \percentchar\percentchar}%
463 \fi%
464 \let\do\makeother\dospecials%
465 \edef\E{\@backslashchar end\string{\@currenvir\string}}%
466 \edef\reserved@b{%
467 \def\noexpand\reserved@b{%
468 #####1#####2#####3\relax}%
469 \reserved@b{%
470 \ifx\relax##3\relax%
There was no \end{filecontents}
471 \immediate\write\reserved@c{##1}%
472 \else%
There was a \end{filecontents}, so stop this time.
473 \edef^M{\noexpand\end{\@currenvir}}%
474 \ifx\relax##1\relax%
475 \else%

```

Text before the `\end`, write it with a warning.

```
476 @latex@warning{Writing text ‘##1’ before %
477 \string\end{\currenvir}\MessageBreak as last line of #1}%
478 \immediate\write\reserved@c{##1}%
479 \fi%
480 \ifx\relax##2\relax%
481 \else%
```

Text after the `\end`, ignore it with a warning.

```
482 @latex@warning{%
483 Ignoring text ‘##2’ after \string\end{\currenvir}}%
484 \fi%
485 \fi%
486 ^^M}%
487 \catcode‘^^L\active%
488 \let\L\@undefined%
489 \def^^L{\@ifundefined L^^J^^J^^J}%
490 \catcode‘^^I\active%
491 \let\I\@undefined%
492 \def^^I{\@ifundefined I\space\space}%
493 \catcode‘^^M\active%
494 \edef^^M##1^^M{%
495 \noexpand\reserved@b##1\relax}%
496 \endgroup%
497 \begingroup
498 \catcode`!=\catcode`\%
499 \catcode`\%=12
500 \catcode`*=11
501 \gdef\@percentchar{%
502 \gdef\endfilecontents{%
503 \immediate\closeout\reserved@c
504 \def\T##1##2##3{%
505 \ifx##1\@undefined\else
506 @latex@warning{no@line##2 has been converted to Blank ##3e}%
507 \fi}%
508 \T\L{Form Feed}{Lin}%
509 \T\I{Tab}{Spac}%
510 \immediate\write\@unused{}}
511 \global\let\endfilecontents*\endfilecontents
512 \onlypreamble\filecontents
513 \onlypreamble\endfilecontents
514 \onlypreamble\filecontents*
515 \onlypreamble\endfilecontents*
516 \endgroup
517 \onlypreamble\filecontents
```

518 ⟨/2ekernel⟩

## 69 After Preamble

Finally we declare a package that allows all the commands declared above to be `\onlypreamble` to be used after `\begin{document}`.

```
519 {*afterpreamble}
520 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
521 \ProvidesPackage{pkgindoc}
522 [1994/10/20 v1.1 Package Interface in Document (DPC)]
523 \def\reserved@a{\do@classoptionslist\do\filec@ntents#3\relax\%
524 \gdef\@preamblecmds{\#1#3}}
525 \expandafter\reserved@a\@preamblecmds\relax
526
```

## File M

# lthyphen.dtx

This file contains the code for loading hyphenation patterns into L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Most of this will end up in a file called `hyphen.ltx`. If you wish to customize your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X system in respect of hyphenation patterns, write a file `hyphen.cfg`. If this file exists, it will be loaded instead of `hyphen.ltx`. See the comments below for additional information.

To produce the printed version of this file the following code is used. It can be extracted with the DOCSTRIP program, or one can run this file directly through L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>.

```
1 {*driver}
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 \begin{document}
4 \DocInput{lthyphen.dtx}
5 \end{document}
6
```

The default file `hyphen.ltx` loads hyphenation patterns for US english. If you want to load additional or other hyphenation patterns, you should create a file `hyphen.cfg`. This is best done by starting from `hyphen.ltx`.

For backward compatibility, the default file, `hyphen.ltx`, first tries to load the file `hyphen.tex`. If this file exists, an information message is issued and the appropriate defaults for T<sub>E</sub>X's internal parameters are set: `\language` is initialized to 0, and `\lefthyphenmin` and `\righthyphenmin` to 2 and 3, respectively, to disallow x- or -xx breaks.

```
7 {*default}
8 \InputIfFileExists{hyphen.tex}%
9 {\message{Loading hyphenation patterns for US english.}%
10 \language=0
11 \lefthyphenmin=2 \righthyphenmin=3 }%
```

Otherwise, since we cannot do anything without any hyphenation patterns, an error message is printed and the IniT<sub>E</sub>X run is terminated by invoking `\@@end` (which is the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> name for T<sub>E</sub>X's `\end` primitive).

```
12 \errhelp{The configuration for hyphenation is incorrectly
13 installed.^^J%
14 If you don't understand this error message you need
15 to seek^Jexpert advice.}%
16 \errmessage{OOPS! I can't find any hyphenation patterns for
17 US english.^^J \space Think of getting some or the
18 latex2e setup will never succeed}\@@end}
19
```

The following example describes the possible contents of a file `hyphen.cfg` that will load both US English and German hyphenation patterns, making the former the default. It sets `\language` to 0 for the US patterns and to 1 for the German patterns. Then `\language` is set to 0 to make this the default and the default values of `\lefthyphenmin` and `\righthyphenmin` are set.

```
\language=0
\input hyphen % (or \input ushyphen1 if the file has been renamed)
```

```
\language=1
\input ghyph31
\language=0
\lefthyphenmin=2
\righthyphenmin=3
\endinput
```

Another possibility is to use the package `babel`, by Johannes Braams. That package is distributed with a suitable `hyphen.cfg` file.

# File N

## ltxluatex.dtx

### 70 Overview

LuaTeX adds a number of engine-specific functions to TeX. Several of these require set up that is best done in the kernel or need related support functions. This file provides *basic* support for LuaTeX at the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  kernel level plus as a loadable file which can be used with plain TeX and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

This file contains code for both TeX (to be stored as part of the format) and Lua (to be loaded at the start of each job). In the Lua code, the kernel uses the namespace `luatexbase`.

The following \count registers are used here for register allocation:

```
\e@alloc@attribute@count Attributes (default 258)
\e@alloc@ccodetable@count Category code tables (default 259)
\e@alloc@luafunction@count Lua functions (default 260)
\e@alloc@whatsit@count User whatsits (default 261)
\e@alloc@bytecode@count Lua bytecodes (default 262)
\e@alloc@luachunk@count Lua chunks (default 263)
```

(\count 256 is used for \newmarks allocation and \count 257 is used for \newXeTeXintercharclass with XeTeX, with code defined in `ltfinal.dtx`). With any L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  kernel from 2015 onward these registers are part of the block in the extended area reserved by the kernel (prior to 2015 the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  kernel did not provide any functionality for the extended allocation area).

### 71 Core TeX functionality

The commands defined here are defined for possible inclusion in a future L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X format, however also extracted to the file `ltxluatex.tex` which may be used with older L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X formats, and with plain TeX.

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \newattribute    | \newattribute{\langle attribute\rangle}                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  | Defines a named \attribute, indexed from 1 ( <i>i.e.</i> \attribute0 is never defined). Attributes initially have the marker value -"7FFFFFFF ('unset') set by the engine.                                 |
| \newcatcodetable | \newcatcodetable{\langle catcodetable\rangle}                                                                                                                                                              |
|                  | Defines a named \catcodetable, indexed from 1 (\catcodetable0 is never assigned). A new catcode table will be populated with exactly those values assigned by InitTeX (as described in the LuaTeX manual). |
| \newluafunction  | \newluafunction{\langle function\rangle}                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                  | Defines a named \luafunction, indexed from 1. (Lua indexes tables from 1 so \luafunction0 is not available).                                                                                               |
| \newwhatsit      | \newwhatsit{\langle whatsit\rangle}                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                  | Defines a custom \whatsit, indexed from 1.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| \newluabytecode  | \newluabytecode{\langle bytecode\rangle}                                                                                                                                                                   |

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                        | Allocates a number for Lua bytecode register, indexed from 1.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| \newluachunkname       | <code>\newluachunkname{&lt;chunkname&gt;}</code><br>Allocates a number for Lua chunk register, indexed from 1. Also enters the name of the register (without backslash) into the <code>lua.name</code> table to be used in stack traces.         |
| \catcodetable@initex   | Predefined category code tables with the obvious assignments. Note that the <code>latex</code> and <code>atletter</code> tables set the full Unicode range to the codes predefined by the kernel.                                                |
| \catcodetable@string   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| \catcodetable@latext   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| \catcodetable@atletter |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| \setattribute          | <code>\setattribute{&lt;attribute&gt;}{&lt;value&gt;}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| \unsetattribute        | <code>\unsetattribute{&lt;attribute&gt;}</code><br>Set and unset attributes in a manner analogous to <code>\setlength</code> . Note that attributes take a marker value when unset so this operation is distinct from setting the value to zero. |

## 72 Plain $\text{\TeX}$ interface

The `l luatex` interface may be used with plain  $\text{\TeX}$  using `\input{l luatex}`. This inputs `l luatex.tex` which inputs `etex.src` (or `etex.sty` if used with `LATEX`) if it is not already input, and then defines some internal commands to allow the `l luatex` interface to be defined.

The `luatexbase` package interface may also be used in plain  $\text{\TeX}$ , as before, by inputting the package `\input luatexbase.sty`. The new version of `luatexbase` is based on this `l luatex` code but implements a compatibility layer providing the interface of the original package.

## 73 Lua functionality

### 73.1 Allocators in Lua

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| new_attribute | <code>luatexbase.new_attribute(&lt;attribute&gt;)</code><br>Returns an allocation number for the <code>&lt;attribute&gt;</code> , indexed from 1. The attribute will be initialised with the marker value <code>-"7FFFFFFF</code> ('unset'). The attribute allocation sequence is shared with the $\text{\TeX}$ code but this function does <i>not</i> define a token using <code>\attributedef</code> . The attribute name is recorded in the <code>attributes</code> table. A metatable is provided so that the table syntax can be used consistently for attributes declared in $\text{\TeX}$ or Lua. |
| new_whatsit   | <code>luatexbase.new_whatsit(&lt;whatsit&gt;)</code><br>Returns an allocation number for the custom <code>&lt;whatsit&gt;</code> , indexed from 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| new_bytocode  | <code>luatexbase.new_bytocode(&lt;bytocode&gt;)</code><br>Returns an allocation number for a bytecode register, indexed from 1. The optional <code>&lt;name&gt;</code> argument is just used for logging.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| new_chunkname | <code>luatexbase.new_chunkname(&lt;chunkname&gt;)</code><br>Returns an allocation number for a Lua chunk name for use with <code>\directlua</code> and <code>\latelua</code> , indexed from 1. The number is returned and also <code>&lt;name&gt;</code> argument is added to the <code>lua.name</code> array at that index.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

### 73.2 Lua access to $\text{\TeX}$ register numbers

|                |                                                     |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| registernumber | <code>luatexbase.registernumer(&lt;name&gt;)</code> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

Sometimes (notably in the case of Lua attributes) it is necessary to access a register *by number* that has been allocated by TeX. This package provides a function to look up the relevant number using LuaTeX's internal tables. After for example `\newattribute\myattrib`, `\myattrib` would be defined by (say) `\myattrib=\attribute15`. `luatexbase.registernumber("myattrib")` would then return the register number, 15 in this case. If the string passed as argument does not correspond to a token defined by `\attributedef`, `\countdef` or similar commands, the Lua value `false` is returned.

As an example, consider the input:

```
\newcommand\test[1]{%
\typeout{#1: \expandafter\meaning\csname#1\endcsname^^J
\space\space\space\space
\directlua{tex.write(luatexbase.registernumber("#1") or "bad input")}%
}

\test{undefinedrubbish}

\test{space}

\test{hbox}

\test{@MM}

\test{@tempdima}
\test{@tempdimb}

\test{strutbox}

\test{sixt@0n}

\attributedef\myattr=12
\myattr=200
\test{myattr}
```

If the demonstration code is processed with LuaTeX then the following would be produced in the log and terminal output.

```
undefinedrubbish: \relax
 bad input
space: macro:->
 bad input
hbox: \hbox
 bad input
@MM: \mathchar"4E20
 20000
@tempdima: \dimen14
 14
@tempdimb: \dimen15
 15
strutbox: \char"B
 11
sixt@0n: \char"10
```

```

16
myattr: \attribute12
12

```

Notice how undefined commands, or commands unrelated to registers do not produce an error, just return `false` and so print `bad input` here. Note also that commands defined by `\newbox` work and return the number of the box register even though the actual command holding this number is a `\chardef` defined token (there is no `\boxdef`).

### 73.3 Module utilities

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>provides_module</code> | <code>luatexbase.provides_module(&lt;info&gt;)</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                              | This function is used by modules to identify themselves; the <code>info</code> should be a table containing information about the module. The required field <code>name</code> must contain the name of the module. It is recommended to provide a field <code>date</code> in the usual L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X format <code>yyyy/mm/dd</code> . Optional fields <code>version</code> (a string) and <code>description</code> may be used if present. This information will be recorded in the log. Other fields are ignored. |
| <code>module_info</code>     | <code>luatexbase.module_info(&lt;module&gt;, &lt;text&gt;)</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>module_warning</code>  | <code>luatexbase.module_warning(&lt;module&gt;, &lt;text&gt;)</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>module_error</code>    | <code>luatexbase.module_error(&lt;module&gt;, &lt;text&gt;)</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                              | These functions are similar to L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X's <code>\PackageError</code> , <code>\PackageWarning</code> and <code>\PackageInfo</code> in the way they format the output. No automatic line breaking is done, you may still use <code>\n</code> as usual for that, and the name of the package will be prepended to each output line.                                                                                                                                                                               |

Note that `luatexbase.module_error` raises an actual Lua error with `error()`, which currently means a call stack will be dumped. While this may not look pretty, at least it provides useful information for tracking the error down.

### 73.4 Callback management

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>add_to_callback</code>       | <code>luatexbase.add_to_callback(&lt;callback&gt;, &lt;function&gt;, &lt;description&gt;)</code> Registers the <code>&lt;function&gt;</code> into the <code>&lt;callback&gt;</code> with a textual <code>&lt;description&gt;</code> of the function. Functions are inserted into the callback in the order loaded.                                                         |
| <code>remove_from_callback</code>  | <code>luatexbase.remove_from_callback(&lt;callback&gt;, &lt;description&gt;)</code> Removes the callback function with <code>&lt;description&gt;</code> from the <code>&lt;callback&gt;</code> . The removed function and its description are returned as the results of this function.                                                                                    |
| <code>in_callback</code>           | <code>luatexbase.in_callback(&lt;callback&gt;, &lt;description&gt;)</code> Checks if the <code>&lt;description&gt;</code> matches one of the functions added to the list for the <code>&lt;callback&gt;</code> , returning a boolean value.                                                                                                                                |
| <code>disable_callback</code>      | <code>luatexbase.disable_callback(&lt;callback&gt;)</code> Sets the <code>&lt;callback&gt;</code> to <code>false</code> as described in the L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X manual for the underlying <code>callback.register</code> built-in. Callbacks will only be set to false (and thus be skipped entirely) if there are no functions registered using the callback. |
| <code>callback_descriptions</code> | A list of the descriptions of functions registered to the specified callback is returned. <code>{}</code> is returned if there are no functions registered.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>create_callback</code>       | <code>luatexbase.create_callback(&lt;name&gt;, metatype, &lt;default&gt;)</code> Defines a user defined callback. The last argument is a default function or <code>false</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>call_callback</code>         | <code>luatexbase.call_callback(&lt;name&gt;, ...)</code> Calls a user defined callback with the supplied arguments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## 74 Implementation

```
1 <*2ekernel | tex | latexrelease>
2 <2ekernel | latexrelease>\ifx\directlua\@undefined\else
```

### 74.1 Minimum LuaTeX version

LuaTeX has changed a lot over time. In the kernel support for ancient versions is not provided: trying to build a format with a very old binary therefore gives some information in the log and loading stops. The cut-off selected here relates to the tree-searching behaviour of `require()`: from version 0.60, LuaTeX will correctly find Lua files in the `texmf` tree without ‘help’.

```
3 \latexrelease\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}
4 \latexrelease {\newluafunction}{LuaTeX}%
5 \ifnum\luatexversion<60 %
6 \wlog{*****}
7 \wlog{* LuaTeX version too old for ltluatex support *}
8 \wlog{*****}
9 \expandafter\endinput
10 \fi
```

### 74.2 Older L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X/Plain T<sub>E</sub>X setup

```
11 <*tex>
```

Older L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X formats don’t have the primitives with ‘native’ names: sort that out. If they already exist this will still be safe.

```
12 \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",tex.extraprimitives("luatex"))}
13 \ifx\@alloc\@undefined
 In pre-2014 LATEX, or plain TEX, load etex.{sty,src}.
14 \ifx\documentclass\@undefined
15 \ifx\@count\@undefined
16 \input{etex.src}%
17 \fi
18 \catcode`\@=11 %
19 \outer\expandafter\def\csname newfam\endcsname
 {\@alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}
20
21 \else
22 \RequirePackage{etex}
23 \expandafter\def\csname newfam\endcsname
 {\@alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}
24
25 \expandafter\let\expandafter\new@mathgroup\csname newfam\endcsname
26 \fi
```

#### 74.2.1 Fixes to `etex.src/etex.sty`

These could and probably should be made directly in an update to `etex.src` which already has some LuaTeX-specific code, but does not define the correct range for LuaTeX.

```
27 % 2015-07-13 higher range in luatex
28 \edef\et@xmaxregs{\ifx\directlua\@undefined 32768\else 65536\fi}
29 % luatex/xetex also allow more math fam
30 \edef\et@xmaxfam{\ifx\Umathchar\@undefined\sixt@@n\else\@cclvi\fi}
```

```

31 \count 270=\et@xmaxregs % locally allocates \count registers
32 \count 271=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \dimen registers
33 \count 272=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \skip registers
34 \count 273=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \muskip registers
35 \count 274=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \box registers
36 \count 275=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \toks registers
37 \count 276=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \marks classes

and 256 or 16 fam. (Done above due to plain/LATEX differences in ltluatex.)
38 % \outer\def\newfam{\alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}

```

End of proposed changes to `etex.src`

#### 74.2.2 luatex specific settings

Switch to global cf `luatex.sty` to leave room for inserts not really needed for luatex but possibly most compatible with existing use.

```

39 \expandafter\let\csname newcount\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
40 \csname globcount\endcsname
41 \expandafter\let\csname newdimen\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
42 \csname globdimen\endcsname
43 \expandafter\let\csname newskip\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
44 \csname globskip\endcsname
45 \expandafter\let\csname newbox\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
46 \csname globbox\endcsname

```

Define `\e@alloc` as in latex (the existing macros in `etex.src` hard to extend to further register types as they assume specific 26x and 27x count range. For compatibility the existing register allocation is not changed.

```

47 \chardef\@alloc@top=65535
48 \let\@alloc\chardef\chardef

49 \def\@alloc#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
50 \global\advance#3\@ne
51 \e@ch@ck{#3}{#4}{#5}{#1%
52 \allocationnumber#3\relax
53 \global#2#6\allocationnumber
54 \wlog{\string#6=\string#1\the\allocationnumber}}%
55 \gdef\@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%
56 \ifnum#1<#2\else
57 \ifnum#1=#2\relax
58 #1\@cclvi
59 \ifx\count#4\advance#1 10 \fi
60 \fi
61 \ifnum#1<#3\relax
62 \else
63 \errmessage{No room for a new \string#4}%
64 \fi
65 \fi}%

```

Two simple L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X macros used in `ltlateX.sty`.

```

66 \long\def\@gobble#1{}
67 \long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}

68 % Fix up allocations not to clash with |etex.src|.

```

```

69 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@attribute@count
70 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@ccodetable@count
71 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@luafunction@count
72 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@whatsit@count
73 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@bytecode@count
74 \expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\@alloc@luachunk@count

 End of conditional setup for plain TEX / old LATEX.

75 \fi
76
```

### 74.3 Attributes

- \newattribute** As is generally the case for the LuaT<sub>E</sub>X registers we start here from 1. Notably, some code assumes that `\attribute0` is never used so this is important in this case.

```

77 \ifx\@alloc@attribute@count\@undefined
78 \countdef\@alloc@attribute@count=258
79 \fi
80 \def\newattribute#1{%
81 \@alloc@attribute\attributedef
82 \@alloc@attribute@count\m@ne\@alloc@top#1%
83 }
84 \@alloc@attribute@count=\z@

```

- \setattribute** Handy utilities.

```

\unsetattribute 85 \def\setattribute#1{\#1=\numexpr#2\relax}
86 \def\unsetattribute#1{\#1=-"7FFFFFFF\relax}

```

### 74.4 Category code tables

- \newcatcodetable** Category code tables are allocated with a limit half of that used by LuaT<sub>E</sub>X for everything else. At the end of allocation there needs to be an initialisation step. Table 0 is already taken (it's the global one for current use) so the allocation starts at 1.

```

87 \ifx\@alloc@ccodetable@count\@undefined
88 \countdef\@alloc@ccodetable@count=259
89 \fi
90 \def\newcatcodetable#1{%
91 \@alloc@catcodetable\chardef
92 \@alloc@ccodetable@count\m@ne{"8000}#1%
93 \initcatcodetable\allocationnumber
94 }
95 \@alloc@ccodetable@count=\z@

```

- \catcodetable@initex** Save a small set of standard tables. The Unicode data is read here in using a parser simplified from that in `load-unicode-data`: only the nature of letters needs to be detected.

```

\catcodetable@string
\catcodetable@latex
\catcodetable@atletter 96 \newcatcodetable\catcodetable@initex
97 \newcatcodetable\catcodetable@string
98 \begingroup
99 \def\setrangingcatcode#1#2#3{%

```

```

100 \ifnum#1>#2 %
101 \expandafter\@gobble
102 \else
103 \expandafter\@firstofone
104 \fi
105 {%
106 \catcode#1=#3 %
107 \expandafter\setrangepage\expandafter
108 {\number\numexpr#1 + 1\relax}{#2}{#3}
109 }%
110 }
111 \@firstofone{%
112 \catcodetable\catcodetable@initex
113 \catcode0=12 %
114 \catcode13=12 %
115 \catcode37=12 %
116 \setrangepage{65}{90}{12}%
117 \setrangepage{97}{122}{12}%
118 \catcode92=12 %
119 \catcode127=12 %
120 \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@string
121 \endgroup
122 }%
123 \newcatcodetable\catcodetable@latex
124 \newcatcodetable\catcodetable@atletter
125 \begingroup
126 \def\parseunicodedataI#1;#2;#3;#4\relax{%
127 \parseunicodedataII#1;#3;#2 First>\relax
128 }%
129 \def\parseunicodedataII#1;#2;#3 First>#4\relax{%
130 \ifx\relax#4\relax
131 \expandafter\parseunicodedataIII
132 \else
133 \expandafter\parseunicodedataIV
134 \fi
135 {#1}#2\relax%
136 }%
137 \def\parseunicodedataIII#1#2#3\relax{%
138 \ifnum 0%
139 \if L#21\fi
140 \if M#21\fi
141 >0 %
142 \catcode"#1=11 %
143 \fi
144 }%
145 \def\parseunicodedataIV#1#2#3\relax{%
146 \read\unicoderead to \unicodedataline
147 \if L#2%
148 \count0="#"1 %
149 \expandafter\parseunicodedataV\unicodedataline\relax
150 \fi
151 }%
152 \def\parseunicodedataV#1;#2\relax{%
153 \loop

```

```

154 \unless\ifnum\count0>"#1 %
155 \catcode\count0=11 %
156 \advance\count0 by 1 %
157 \repeat
158 }%
159 \def\storedpar{\par}%
160 \chardef\unicoderead=\numexpr\count16 + 1\relax
161 \openin\unicoderead=UnicodeData.txt %
162 \loop\unless\ifeof\unicoderead %
163 \read\unicoderead to \unicodedataline
164 \unless\ifx\unicodedataline\storedpar
165 \expandafter\parseunicodedataI\unicodedataline\relax
166 \fi
167 \repeat
168 \closein\unicoderead
169 \ifeof\unicoderead{%
170 \catcode64=12 %
171 \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@latex
172 \catcode64=11 %
173 \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@atletter
174 }
175 \endgroup

```

## 74.5 Named Lua functions

`\newluafunction` Much the same story for allocating LuaTeX functions except here they are just numbers so they are allocated in the same way as boxes. Lua indexes from 1 so once again slot 0 is skipped.

```

176 \ifx\@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
177 \countdef\@alloc@luafunction@count=260
178 \fi
179 \def\newluafunction{%
180 \@alloc@luafunction\@alloc@chardef
181 \@alloc@luafunction@count\m@ne\@alloc@top
182 }
183 \@alloc@luafunction@count=\z@

```

## 74.6 Custom whatsits

`\newwhatsit` These are only settable from Lua but for consistency are definable here.

```

184 \ifx\@alloc@whatsit@count\@undefined
185 \countdef\@alloc@whatsit@count=261
186 \fi
187 \def\newwhatsit#1{%
188 \@alloc@whatsit\@alloc@chardef
189 \@alloc@whatsit@count\m@ne\@alloc@top#1%
190 }
191 \@alloc@whatsit@count=\z@

```

## 74.7 Lua bytecode registers

`\newluabytecode` These are only settable from Lua but for consistency are definable here.

```

192 \ifx\@alloc@bytecode@count\@undefined
193 \countdef\@alloc@bytecode@count=262
194 \fi
195 \def\newluabytecode#1{%
196 \@alloc@luabytecode\@alloc@chardef
197 \@alloc@bytecode@count\m@ne\@alloc@top#1%
198 }
199 \@alloc@bytecode@count=\z@

```

## 74.8 Lua chunk registers

\newluachunkname As for bytecode registers, but in addition we need to add a string to the `lua.name` table to use in stack tracing. We use the name of the command passed to the allocator, with no backslash.

```

200 \ifx\@alloc@luachunk@count\@undefined
201 \countdef\@alloc@luachunk@count=263
202 \fi
203 \def\newluachunkname#1{%
204 \@alloc@luachunk\@alloc@chardef
205 \@alloc@luachunk@count\m@ne\@alloc@top#1%
206 {\escapechar\m@ne
207 \directlua{lua.name[\the\allocationnumber]="\string#1"}%}
208 }
209 \@alloc@luachunk@count=\z@

```

## 74.9 Lua loader

Load the Lua code at the start of every job. For the conversion of `TEX` into numbers at the Lua side we need some known registers: for convenience we use a set of systematic names, which means using a group around the Lua loader.

```

210 <2ekernel>\everyjob\expandafter{%
211 <2ekernel> \the\everyjob
212 \begingroup
213 \attributedef\attributezero=0 %
214 \chardef\charzero=0 %

```

Note name change required on older luatex, for hash table access.

```

215 \countdef\CountZero=0 %
216 \dimendef\dimenzero=0 %
217 \mathchardef\mathcharzero=0 %
218 \muskipdef\muskipzero=0 %
219 \skipdef\skipzero=0 %
220 \toksdef\tokszero=0 %
221 \directlua{require("ltluatex")}
222 \endgroup
223 <2ekernel>
224 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

225 % \changes{v1.0b}{2015/10/02}{Fix backing out of \TeX{} code}
226 % \changes{v1.0c}{2015/10/02}{Allow backing out of Lua code}
227 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
228 <|latexrelease> {\newluafunction}{LuaTeX}%
229 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@attribute@count\@undefined
230 <|latexrelease>\let\newattribute\@undefined

```

```

231 <|latexrelease>\let\setattribute\@undefined
232 <|latexrelease>\let\unsetattribute\@undefined
233 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@ccodetable@count\@undefined
234 <|latexrelease>\let\newcatcodetable\@undefined
235 <|latexrelease>\let\catcodetable@initex\@undefined
236 <|latexrelease>\let\catcodetable@string\@undefined
237 <|latexrelease>\let\catcodetable@latex\@undefined
238 <|latexrelease>\let\catcodetable@atletter\@undefined
239 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
240 <|latexrelease>\let\newluafunction\@undefined
241 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
242 <|latexrelease>\let\newwhatsit\@undefined
243 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@whatsit@count\@undefined
244 <|latexrelease>\let\newluabytecode\@undefined
245 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@bytecode@count\@undefined
246 <|latexrelease>\let\newluachunkname\@undefined
247 <|latexrelease>\let\@alloc@luachunk@count\@undefined
248 <|latexrelease>\directlua{luatexbase.uninstall()}
249 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease

250 <|2ekernel | latexrelease>\fi
251 <|/2ekernel | tex | latexrelease>

```

## 74.10 Lua module preliminaries

252 <\*lua>

Some set up for the Lua module which is needed for all of the Lua functionality added here.

**luatexbase** Set up the table for the returned functions. This is used to expose all of the public functions.

```

253 luatexbase = luatexbase or { }
254 local luatexbase = luatexbase

```

Some Lua best practice: use local versions of functions where possible.

```

255 local string_gsub = string.gsub
256 local tex_count = tex.count
257 local tex_setattribute = tex.setattribute
258 local tex_setcount = tex.setcount
259 local texio_write_nl = texio.write_nl

260 local luatexbase_warning
261 local luatexbase_error

```

## 74.11 Lua module utilities

### 74.11.1 Module tracking

**modules** To allow tracking of module usage, a structure is provided to store information and to return it.

```
262 local modules = modules or { }
```

**provides\\_module** Local function to write to the log.

```
263 local function luatexbase_log(text)
```

```

264 texio_write_nl("log", text)
265 end

```

Modelled on \ProvidesPackage, we store much the same information but with a little more structure.

```

266 local function provides_module(info)
267 if not (info and info.name) then
268 luatexbase_error("Missing module name for provides_module")
269 end
270 local function spaced(text)
271 return text and (" " .. text) or ""
272 end
273 luatexbase_log(
274 "Lua module: " .. info.name
275 .. spaced(info.date)
276 .. spaced(info.version)
277 .. spaced(info.description)
278)
279 modules[info.name] = info
280 end
281 luatexbase.provides_module = provides_module

```

#### 74.11.2 Module messages

There are various warnings and errors that need to be given. For warnings we can get exactly the same formatting as from TeX. For errors we have to make some changes. Here we give the text of the error in the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X format then force an error from Lua to halt the run. Splitting the message text is done using \n which takes the place of \MessageBreak.

First an auxiliary for the formatting: this measures up the message leader so we always get the correct indent.

```

282 local function msg_format(mod, msg_type, text)
283 local leader = ""
284 local cont
285 local first_head
286 if mod == "LaTeX" then
287 cont = string.gsub(leader, ".", " ")
288 first_head = leader .. "LaTeX: "
289 else
290 first_head = leader .. "Module " .. msg_type
291 cont = "(" .. mod .. ")"
292 .. string.gsub(first_head, ".", " ")
293 first_head = leader .. "Module " .. mod .. " " .. msg_type .. ":" ..
294 end
295 if msg_type == "Error" then
296 first_head = "\n" .. first_head
297 end
298 if string.sub(text,-1) ~= "\n" then
299 text = text .. " "
300 end
301 return first_head .. " "
302 .. string.gsub(
303 text
304 .. "on input line "

```

```

305 .. tex.inputlineno, "\n", "\n" .. cont .. " "
306)
307 .. "\n"
308 end

module_info Write messages.
module_warning 309 local function module_info(mod, text)
module_error 310 texio_write_nl("log", msg_format(mod, "Info", text))
311 end
312 luatexbase.module_info = module_info
313 local function module_warning(mod, text)
314 texio_write_nl("term and log",msg_format(mod, "Warning", text))
315 end
316 luatexbase.module_warning = module_warning
317 local function module_error(mod, text)
318 error(msg_format(mod, "Error", text))
319 end
320 luatexbase.module_error = module_error

```

Dedicated versions for the rest of the code here.

```

321 function luatexbase_warning(text)
322 module_warning("luatexbase", text)
323 end
324 function luatexbase_error(text)
325 module_error("luatexbase", text)
326 end

```

## 74.12 Accessing register numbers from Lua

Collect up the data from the TeX level into a Lua table: from version 0.80, LuaTeX makes that easy.

```

327 local luaregisterbasetable = { }
328 local registermap = {
329 attributezero = "assign_attr" ,
330 charzero = "char_given" ,
331 CountZero = "assign_int" ,
332 dimenzero = "assign_dimen" ,
333 mathcharzero = "math_given" ,
334 muskipzero = "assign_mu_skip" ,
335 skipzero = "assign_skip" ,
336 tokszero = "assign_toks" ,
337 }
338 local createtoken
339 if tex.luatexversion > 81 then
340 createtoken = token.create
341 elseif tex.luatexversion > 79 then
342 createtoken = newtoken.create
343 end
344 local hashtokens = tex.hashtokens()
345 local luatexversion = tex.luatexversion
346 for i,j in pairs (registermap) do
347 if luatexversion < 80 then
348 luaregisterbasetable[hashtokens[i][1]] =

```

```

349 hashtokens[i][2]
350 else
351 luaregisterbasetable[j] = createtoken(i).mode
352 end
353 end

```

**registernumber** Working out the correct return value can be done in two ways. For older LuaTEX releases it has to be extracted from the `hashtokens`. On the other hand, newer LuaTEX's have `newtoken`, and whilst `.mode` isn't currently documented, Hans Hagen pointed to this approach so we should be OK.

```

354 local registernumber
355 if luatexversion < 80 then
356 function registernumber(name)
357 local nt = hashtokens[name]
358 if(nt and luaregisterbasetable[nt[1]]) then
359 return nt[2] - luaregisterbasetable[nt[1]]
360 else
361 return false
362 end
363 end
364 else
365 function registernumber(name)
366 local nt = createtoken(name)
367 if(luaregisterbasetable[nt.cmdname]) then
368 return nt.mode - luaregisterbasetable[nt.cmdname]
369 else
370 return false
371 end
372 end
373 end
374 luatexbase.registernumber = registernumber

```

### 74.13 Attribute allocation

**new\\_attribute** As attributes are used for Lua manipulations its useful to be able to assign from this end.

```

375 local attributes=setmetatable(
376 {}, {
377 __index = function(t,key)
378 return registernumber(key) or nil
379 end
380 }
381)
382 luatexbase.attributes=attributes

383 local function new_attribute(name)
384 tex_setcount("global", "e@alloc@attribute@count",
385 tex_count["e@alloc@attribute@count"] + 1)
386 if tex_count["e@alloc@attribute@count"] > 65534 then
387 luatexbase_error("No room for a new \\attribute")
388 end
389 attributes[name]= tex_count["e@alloc@attribute@count"]
390 luatexbase_log("Lua-only attribute " .. name .. " = " ..
391 tex_count["e@alloc@attribute@count"])

```

```

392 return tex_count["e@alloc@attribute@count"]
393 end
394 luatexbase.new_attribute = new_attribute

```

#### 74.14 Custom whatsit allocation

`new\_\_whatsit` Much the same as for attribute allocation in Lua.

```

395 local function new_whatsit(name)
396 tex_setcount("global", "e@alloc@whatsit@count",
397 tex_count["e@alloc@whatsit@count"] + 1)
398 if tex_count["e@alloc@whatsit@count"] > 65534 then
399 luatexbase_error("No room for a new custom whatsit")
400 end
401 luatexbase_log("Custom whatsit " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
402 tex_count["e@alloc@whatsit@count"])
403 return tex_count["e@alloc@whatsit@count"]
404 end
405 luatexbase.new_whatsit = new_whatsit

```

#### 74.15 Bytecode register allocation

`new\_\_bytecode` Much the same as for attribute allocation in Lua. The optional *(name)* argument is used in the log if given.

```

406 local function new_bytecode(name)
407 tex_setcount("global", "e@alloc@bytecode@count",
408 tex_count["e@alloc@bytecode@count"] + 1)
409 if tex_count["e@alloc@bytecode@count"] > 65534 then
410 luatexbase_error("No room for a new bytecode register")
411 end
412 luatexbase_log("Lua bytecode " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
413 tex_count["e@alloc@bytecode@count"])
414 return tex_count["e@alloc@bytecode@count"]
415 end
416 luatexbase.new_bytecode = new_bytecode

```

#### 74.16 Lua chunk name allocation

`new\_\_chunkname` As for bytecode registers but also store the name in the `lua.name` table.

```

417 local function new_chunkname(name)
418 tex_setcount("global", "e@alloc@luachunk@count",
419 tex_count["e@alloc@luachunk@count"] + 1)
420 local chunkname_count = tex_count["e@alloc@luachunk@count"]
421 chunkname_count = chunkname_count + 1
422 if chunkname_count > 65534 then
423 luatexbase_error("No room for a new chunkname")
424 end
425 lua.name[chunkname_count]=name
426 luatexbase_log("Lua chunkname " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
427 chunkname_count .. "\n")
428 return chunkname_count
429 end
430 luatexbase.new_chunkname = new_chunkname

```

## 74.17 Lua callback management

The native mechanism for callbacks in LuaTeX allows only one per function. That is extremely restrictive and so a mechanism is needed to add and remove callbacks from the appropriate hooks.

### 74.17.1 Housekeeping

The main table: keys are callback names, and values are the associated lists of functions. More precisely, the entries in the list are tables holding the actual function as `func` and the identifying description as `description`. Only callbacks with a non-empty list of functions have an entry in this list.

```
431 local callbacklist = callbacklist or {}
```

Numerical codes for callback types, and name-to-value association (the table keys are strings, the values are numbers).

```
432 local list, data, exclusive, simple = 1, 2, 3, 4
433 local types = {
434 list = list,
435 data = data,
436 exclusive = exclusive,
437 simple = simple,
438 }
```

Now, list all predefined callbacks with their current type, based on the LuaTeX manual version 0.80. A full list of the currently-available callbacks can be obtained using

```
\directlua{
 for i,_ in pairs(callback.list()) do
 texio.write_nl("- " .. i)
 end
}
\bye
```

in plain LuaTeX. (Some undocumented callbacks are omitted as they are to be removed.)

```
439 local callbacktypes = callbacktypes or {}
```

Section 4.1.1: file discovery callbacks.

```
440 find_read_file = exclusive,
441 find_write_file = exclusive,
442 find_font_file = data,
443 find_output_file = data,
444 find_format_file = data,
445 find_vf_file = data,
446 find_map_file = data,
447 find_enc_file = data,
448 find_sfd_file = data,
449 find_pk_file = data,
450 find_data_file = data,
451 find_opentype_file = data,
452 find_truetype_file = data,
453 find_type1_file = data,
454 find_image_file = data,
```

Section 4.1.2: file reading callbacks.

```
455 open_read_file = exclusive,
456 read_font_file = exclusive,
457 read_vf_file = exclusive,
458 read_map_file = exclusive,
459 read_enc_file = exclusive,
460 read_sfd_file = exclusive,
461 read_pk_file = exclusive,
462 read_data_file = exclusive,
463 read_truetype_file = exclusive,
464 read_type1_file = exclusive,
465 read_opentype_file = exclusive,
```

Not currently used by luatex but included for completeness. may be used by a font handler.

```
466 find_cidmap_file = data,
467 read_cidmap_file = exclusive,
```

Section 4.1.3: data processing callbacks.

```
468 process_input_buffer = data,
469 process_output_buffer = data,
470 process_jobname = data,
```

Section 4.1.4: node list processing callbacks.

```
471 contribute_filter = simple,
472 buildpage_filter = simple,
473 pre_linebreak_filter = list,
474 linebreak_filter = list,
475 append_to_vlist_filter = list,
476 post_linebreak_filter = list,
477 hpack_filter = list,
478 vpack_filter = list,
479 hpack_quality = list,
480 vpack_quality = list,
481 pre_output_filter = list,
482 process_rule = list,
483 hyphenate = simple,
484 ligaturing = simple,
485 kerning = simple,
486 insert_local_par = simple,
487 mlist_to_hlist = list,
```

Section 4.1.5: information reporting callbacks.

```
488 pre_dump = simple,
489 start_run = simple,
490 stop_run = simple,
491 start_page_number = simple,
492 stop_page_number = simple,
493 show_error_hook = simple,
494 show_warning_message = simple,
495 show_error_message = simple,
496 show_lua_error_hook = simple,
497 start_file = simple,
498 stop_file = simple,
```

Section 4.1.6: PDF-related callbacks.

```

499 finish_pdffile = data,
500 finish_pdfpage = data,
Section 4.1.7: font-related callbacks.
501 define_font = exclusive,
502 }
503 luatexbase.callbacktypes=callbacktypes

callback.register Save the original function for registering callbacks and prevent the original being used. The original is saved in a place that remains available so other more sophisticated code can override the approach taken by the kernel if desired.
504 local callback_register = callback_register or callback.register
505 function callback.register()
506 luatexbase_error("Attempt to use callback.register() directly\n")
507 end

```

#### 74.17.2 Handlers

The handler function is registered into the callback when the first function is added to this callback's list. Then, when the callback is called, the handler takes care of running all functions in the list. When the last function is removed from the callback's list, the handler is unregistered.

More precisely, the functions below are used to generate a specialized function (closure) for a given callback, which is the actual handler.

Handler for **data** callbacks.

```

508 local function data_handler(name)
509 return function(data, ...)
510 for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
511 data = i.func(data,...)
512 end
513 return data
514 end
515 end

```

Handler for **exclusive** callbacks. We can assume `callbacklist[name]` is not empty: otherwise, the function wouldn't be registered in the callback any more.

```

516 local function exclusive_handler(name)
517 return function(...)
518 return callbacklist[name][1].func(...)
519 end
520 end

```

Handler for **list** callbacks.

```

521 local function list_handler(name)
522 return function(head, ...)
523 local ret
524 local alltrue = true
525 for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
526 ret = i.func(head, ...)
527 if ret == false then
528 luatexbase_warning(
529 "Function '" .. i.description .. "' returned false\n"
530 .. "in callback '" .. name .. "'"

```

```

531)
532 break
533 end
534 if ret ~= true then
535 alltrue = false
536 head = ret
537 end
538 end
539 return alltrue and true or head
540 end
541 end

Handler for simple callbacks.

542 local function simple_handler(name)
543 return function(...)
544 for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
545 i.func(...)
546 end
547 end
548 end

Keep a handlers table for indexed access.

549 local handlers = {
550 [data] = data_handler,
551 [exclusive] = exclusive_handler,
552 [list] = list_handler,
553 [simple] = simple_handler,
554 }

```

#### 74.17.3 Public functions for callback management

Defining user callbacks perhaps should be in package code, but impacts on `add_to_callback`. If a default function is not required, it may be declared as `false`. First we need a list of user callbacks.

```
555 local user_callbacks_defaults = { }
```

`create\_callback` The allocator itself.

```

556 local function create_callback(name, ctype, default)
557 if not name or name == ""
558 or not ctype or ctype == ""
559 then
560 luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback:\n" ..
561 "valid callback name and type required")
562 end
563 if callbacktypes[name] then
564 luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback '" .. name ..
565 "' :\ncallback type disallowed as name")
566 end
567 if default ~= false and type (default) ~= "function" then
568 luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback '" .. name ..
569 "' :\ndefault is not a function")
570 end
571 user_callbacks_defaults[name] = default
572 callbacktypes[name] = types[ctype]

```

```

573 end
574 luatexbase.create_callback = create_callback

call__callback Call a user defined callback. First check arguments.
575 local function call_callback(name,...)
576 if not name or name == "" then
577 luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback:\n" ..
578 "valid callback name required")
579 end
580 if user_callbacks_defaults[name] == nil then
581 luatexbase_error("Unable to call callback '" .. name
582 .. "' :\nunknown or empty")
583 end
584 local l = callbacklist[name]
585 local f
586 if not l then
587 f = user_callbacks_defaults[name]
588 if l == false then
589 return nil
590 end
591 else
592 f = handlers[callbacktypes[name]](name)
593 end
594 return f(...)
595 end
596 luatexbase.call_callback=call_callback

add__to__callback Add a function to a callback. First check arguments.
597 local function add_to_callback(name, func, description)
598 if not name or name == "" then
599 luatexbase_error("Unable to register callback:\n" ..
600 "valid callback name required")
601 end
602 if not callbacktypes[name] or
603 type(func) ~= "function" or
604 not description or
605 description == "" then
606 luatexbase_error(
607 "Unable to register callback.\n\n"
608 .. "Correct usage:\n"
609 .. "add_to_callback(<callback>, <function>, <description>)"
610)
611 end

Then test if this callback is already in use. If not, initialise its list and register the
proper handler.
612 local l = callbacklist[name]
613 if l == nil then
614 l = { }
615 callbacklist[name] = l

If it is not a user defined callback use the primitive callback register.
616 if user_callbacks_defaults[name] == nil then
617 callback_register(name, handlers[callbacktypes[name]](name))
618 end

```

```
619 end
```

Actually register the function and give an error if more than one `exclusive` one is registered.

```
620 local f = {
621 func = func,
622 description = description,
623 }
624 local priority = #l + 1
625 if callbacktypes[name] == exclusive then
626 if #l == 1 then
627 luatexbase_error(
628 "Cannot add second callback to exclusive function\n" ..
629 name .. "'")
630 end
631 end
632 table.insert(l, priority, f)
```

Keep user informed.

```
633 luatexbase_log(
634 "Inserting '" .. description .. "' at position "
635 .. priority .. " in '" .. name .. "'."
636)
637 end
638 luatexbase.add_to_callback = add_to_callback
```

`remove\_from\_callback` Remove a function from a callback. First check arguments.

```
639 local function remove_from_callback(name, description)
640 if not name or name == "" then
641 luatexbase_error("Unable to remove function from callback:\n" ..
642 "valid callback name required")
643 end
644 if not callbacktypes[name] or
645 not description or
646 description == "" then
647 luatexbase_error(
648 "Unable to remove function from callback.\n\n"
649 .. "Correct usage:\n"
650 .. "remove_from_callback(<callback>, <description>)"
651)
652 end
653 local l = callbacklist[name]
654 if not l then
655 luatexbase_error(
656 "No callback list for '" .. name .. "'\n")
657 end
```

Loop over the callback's function list until we find a matching entry. Remove it and check if the list is empty: if so, unregister the callback handler.

```
658 local index = false
659 for i,j in ipairs(l) do
660 if j.description == description then
661 index = i
662 break
663 end
```

```

664 end
665 if not index then
666 luatexbase_error(
667 "No callback '" .. description .. "' registered for '" ..
668 name .. "'\n")
669 end
670 local cb = l[index]
671 table.remove(l, index)
672 luatexbase_log(
673 "Removing '" .. description .. "' from '" .. name .. "'."
674)
675 if #l == 0 then
676 callbacklist[name] = nil
677 callback_register(name, nil)
678 end
679 return cb.func, cb.description
680 end
681 luatexbase.remove_from_callback = remove_from_callback

```

**in\\_callback** Look for a function description in a callback.

```

682 local function in_callback(name, description)
683 if not name
684 or name == ""
685 or not callbacklist[name]
686 or not callbacktypes[name]
687 or not description then
688 return false
689 end
690 for _, i in pairs(callbacklist[name]) do
691 if i.description == description then
692 return true
693 end
694 end
695 return false
696 end
697 luatexbase.in_callback = in_callback

```

**disable\\_callback** As we subvert the engine interface we need to provide a way to access this functionality.

```

698 local function disable_callback(name)
699 if(callbacklist[name] == nil) then
700 callback_register(name, false)
701 else
702 luatexbase_error("Callback list for " .. name .. " not empty")
703 end
704 end
705 luatexbase.disable_callback = disable_callback

```

**callback\\_descriptions** List the descriptions of functions registered for the given callback.

```

706 local function callback_descriptions (name)
707 local d = {}
708 if not name
709 or name == ""
710 or not callbacklist[name]

```

```

711 or not callbacktypes[name]
712 then
713 return d
714 else
715 for k, i in pairs(callbacklist[name]) do
716 d[k]= i.description
717 end
718 end
719 return d
720 end
721 luatexbase.callback_descriptions =callback_descriptions

uninstall Unlike at the TEX level, we have to provide a back-out mechanism here at the same time as the rest of the code. This is not meant for use by anything other than latexrelease: as such this is deliberately not documented for users!
722 local function uninstall()
723 module_info(
724 "luatexbase",
725 "Uninstalling kernel luatexbase code"
726)
727 callback.register = callback_register
728 luatexbase = nil
729 end
730 luatexbase.uninstall = uninstall

731 </lua>
 Reset the catcode of @.
732 <tex>\catcode`@=\etacatcode\relax

```

# File O

## ltfinal.dtx

### 75 Final settings

This section contains the final settings for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. It initialises some debugging and typesetting parameters, sets the default \catcodes and uc/lc codes, and inputs the hyphenation file.

#### 75.1 Debugging

By default, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X shows statistics:

```
1 {*2ekernel}
2 \tracingstats1
```

#### 75.2 Typesetting parameters

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \@lowpenalty                 | These are penalties used internally.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \@medpenalty                 | 3 \newcount \@lowpenalty                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| \@highpenalty                | 4 \newcount \@medpenalty<br>5 \newcount \@highpenalty                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| \newmarks                    | Allocate extended marks types if etex is active. Placed here at the end of the format to increase compatibility with count allocations in earlier releases.<br>6 </2ekernel><br>7 {*2ekernel \| latexrelease}<br>8 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}% 9 <latexrelease> {\newmarks}{Extended Allocation}% 10 \ifx\marks\@undefined\else 11 \def\newmarks{% 12   \e@alloc\marks \e@alloc@chardef{\count256}\m@ne\@alloc@top} 13 \fi 14 </2ekernel \| latexrelease> 15 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease 16 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}% 17 <latexrelease> {\newmarks}{Extended Allocation}% 18 <latexrelease>\let\newmarks\@undefined 19 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease 20 {*2ekernel} |
| \newXeTeXintercharclass      | Allocate \XeTeXintercharclass types if xetex is active. previously defined in xetex.ini.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| \xe@alloc@intercharclass@top | 21 </2ekernel> 22 {*2ekernel \| latexrelease} 23 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}% 24 <latexrelease> {\newXeTeXintercharclass}{Extended Allocation}% Classes allocated 1 to 4094 (or 254 on older xetex) (In earlier XeLaTeX versions 1, 2 and 3 were pre-set for CJK). 25 \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined 26 \else                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

```

27 \ifdim\the\XeTeXversion\XeTeXrevision\p@>0.99993\p@
28 \chardef\@alloc@intercharclass@top=4095
29 \else
30 \chardef\@alloc@intercharclass@top=255
31 \fi
32 \def\newXeTeXintercharclass{%
33 \@alloc@XeTeXcharclass
34 \chardef\@alloc@intercharclass\m@ne\@alloc@intercharclass@top}
35 \fi
36 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
37 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
38 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
39 <latexrelease> {\newXeTeXintercharclass}{Extended Allocation}%
40 <latexrelease> \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
41 <latexrelease> \else
42 <latexrelease> \def\xe@alloc@#1#2#3#4{\global\advance#1\@ne
43 <latexrelease> \xe@ch@ck#1#4#2%
44 <latexrelease> \allocationnumber#1%
45 <latexrelease> \global#3#5\allocationnumber
46 <latexrelease> \wlog{\string#5=\string#2\the\allocationnumber}}
47 <latexrelease> \def\xe@ch@ck#1#2#3{%
48 <latexrelease> \ifnum#1<#2\else
49 <latexrelease> \errmessage{No room for a new #3}%
50 <latexrelease> \fi}
51 <latexrelease> \def\newXeTeXintercharclass{%
52 <latexrelease> \xe@alloc@\xe@alloc@intercharclass
53 <latexrelease> \XeTeXcharclass\chardef\@cclv}
54 <latexrelease> \fi
55 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
56 <*2ekernel | latexrelease>
57 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2016/02/01}%
58 <latexrelease> {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
59 \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
60 \else
61 \countdef\xe@alloc@intercharclass=257
62 \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\z@
63 \fi
64 </2ekernel | latexrelease>
65 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
66 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
67 <latexrelease> {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
68 <latexrelease> \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
69 <latexrelease> \else
70 <latexrelease> \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\thr@@
71 <latexrelease> \fi
72 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
73 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
74 <latexrelease> {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
75 <latexrelease> \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
76 <latexrelease> \else
77 <latexrelease> \newcount\xe@alloc@intercharclass
78 <latexrelease> \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\thr@@
79 <latexrelease> \fi

```

```

80 <latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
81 <*2ekernel>

```

The default values of the picture and \fbox parameters:

```

82 \unitlength = 1pt
83 \fboxsep = 3pt
84 \fboxrule = .4pt

```

The saved value of  $\text{\TeX}'s \maxdepth$ :

```

85 \cmaxdepth = \maxdepth

```

$\text{\vsiz}$  initialized because a  $\text{\clearpage}$  with  $\text{\vsiz} < \text{\topskip}$  causes trouble.  
 $\text{\@colroom}$  and  $\text{\@colht}$  also initialized because  $\text{\vsiz}$  may be set to them if a  
 $\text{\clearpage}$  is done before the  $\text{\begin\{document\}}$

```

86 \vsiz = 1000pt
87 \c@colroom = \vsiz
88 \c@colht = \vsiz

```

Initialise  $\text{\textheight}$   $\text{\textwidth}$  and page style, to avoid internal errors if they  
are not set by the class.

```

89 \textheight=.5\maxdimen
90 \textwidth=\textheight
91 \ps@empty

```

### 75.3 Lccodes for hyphenation

For 7- and 8-bit engines the assumption of T1 encodings is the basis for the hyphenation patterns. That's not the case for the Unicode engines, where the assumption is engine-native working. The common loader system provides access to data from the Unicode Consortium covering not only  $\text{\lccode}$  but also other related data. The  $\text{\lccode}$  part of that at least needs to be loaded before hyphenation is tackled: Xe $\text{\TeX}$  follows the standard  $\text{\TeX}$  route of building patterns into the format. Lua $\text{\TeX}$  doesn't require this data be loaded *here* but it does need to be loaded somewhere. Rather than test for the Unicode engines by name, the approach here is to look for the extended math mode handling both provide: any other engine developed in this area will presumably also provide  $\text{\Umathcode}$ .

```

92 \ifnum 0%
93 \ifx\Umathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
94 \ifx\XeTeXmathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
95 >\z@
96 \message{ Unicode character data,}
97 \input{load-unicode-data}
98 </2ekernel>
99 <latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease[2016/02/01]%
100 <latexrelease> {\XeTeXintercharclasses}{XeTeX character classes}%
101 <latexrelease> \ifx\XeTeXinterchartoks\undefined
102 <latexrelease> \else
103 <latexrelease> \begingroup
104 <latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassID = 0 %
105 <latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassOP = 0 %
106 <latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassCL = 0 %
107 <latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassEX = 0 %
108 <latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassIS = 0 %

```

```

109 <|latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassNS = 0 %
110 <|latexrelease> \chardef\XeTeXcharclassCM = 0 %
111 <|latexrelease> \input{load-unicode-xetex-classes}
112 <|latexrelease> \endgroup
113 <|latexrelease> \global\let\xtxHanGlue\undefined
114 <|latexrelease> \global\let\xtxHanSpace\undefined
115 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 1 = {}
116 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 2 = {}
117 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 3 = {}
118 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 0 = {}
119 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 0 = {}
120 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 0 = {}
121 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 1 = {}
122 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 2 = {}
123 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 3 = {}
124 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 1 = {}
125 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 2 = {}
126 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 3 = {}
127 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 1 = {}
128 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 2 = {}
129 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 3 = {}
130 <|latexrelease> \fi
131 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
132 <|latexrelease>\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
133 <|latexrelease> {\XeTeXintercharclasses}{XeTeX character classes}%
134 <|latexrelease> \ifx\XeTeXinterchartoks\undefined
135 <|latexrelease> \else
136 <|latexrelease> \input{load-unicode-xetex-classes}
137 <|latexrelease> \gdef\xtxHanGlue{\hskip0pt plus 0.1em\relax}
138 <|latexrelease> \gdef\xtxHanSpace{\hskip0.2em plus 0.2em minus 0.1em\relax}
139 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 1 = {\xtxHanSpace}
140 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 2 = {\xtxHanSpace}
141 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanSpace}
142 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 0 = {\xtxHanSpace}
143 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 0 = {\nobreak\xtxHanSpace}
144 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 0 = {\xtxHanSpace}
145 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 1 = {\xtxHanGlue}
146 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 2 = {\xtxHanGlue}
147 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
148 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 1 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
149 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 2 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
150 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 3 = {\xtxHanGlue}
151 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 1 = {\xtxHanGlue}
152 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 2 = {\xtxHanGlue}
153 <|latexrelease> \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
154 <|latexrelease> \fi
155 <|latexrelease>\EndIncludeInRelease
156 {*2ekernel}

```

There is one over-ride that makes sense here (see below for the same for 8-bit engines): setting the lccode for - to itself.

```
157 \lccode`-='`- % default hyphen char
```

The alternative is that a “traditional” engine is in use.

```
158 \else
```

We set things up so that hyphenation files can assume that the default (T1) lccodes are in use (at present this also sets up the uccodes). We temporarily define \reserved@a to apply \reserved@c to all the numbers in the range of its arguments.

```

159 \def\reserved@a#1#2{%
160 \@tempcnta#1\relax
161 \@tempcntb#2\relax
162 \reserved@b
163 }
164 \def\reserved@b{%
165 \ifnum\@tempcnta>\@tempcntb\else
166 \reserved@c\@tempcnta
167 \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
168 \expandafter\reserved@b
169 \fi
170 }
```

Depending on the TeX version, we might not be allowed to do this for non-ASCII characters.

```

171 \def\reserved@c#1{%
172 \count@=#1\advance\count@ by -"20
173 \uccode#1=\count@
174 \lccode#1=#1
175 }
176 \reserved@a{'\a}{'\z}
177 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
178 \reserved@a{"A0}{''BC}
179 \reserved@a{"E0}{''FF}
180 \fi
```

The upper case characters need their \uccode and \lccode values set, and their \sfcodeset to 999.

```

181 \def\reserved@c#1{%
182 \count@=#1\advance\count@ by "20
183 \uccode#1=#1
184 \lccode#1=\count@
185 \sfcodeset=999
186 }
187 \reserved@a{'\A}{'\Z}
188 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
189 \reserved@a{"80}{''9C}
190 \reserved@a{"C0}{''DF}
191 \fi
```

Well, it would be nice if that were correct, but unfortunately, the Cork encoding contains some odd slots whose uccode or lccode isn't quite what you'd expect.

```

192 \uccode'``Y='`I % dotless i
193 \lccode'``Y='``Y % dotless i
194 \uccode'``Z='`J % dotless j, ae in OT1
195 \lccode'``Z='``Z % dotless j, ae in OT1
196 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
197 \lccode'``9d='`i % dotted I
198 \uccode'``9d='``9d % dotted I
199 \lccode'``9e='``9e % d-bar
200 \uccode'``9e='``d0 % d-bar
```

```

201 \fi
Finally here is one that helps hyphenation in the OT1 encoding.
202 \lccode`^`=\`[% oe in OT1
 And we also set the \lccode of \- and \textcompwordmark so that they do not
 prevent hyphenation in the remainder of the word (as suggested by Lars Helström).

203 \lccode`\- =\`- % default hyphen char
204 \lccode 127=127 % alternate hyphen char
205 \lccode 23 =23 % textcompwordmark in T1
 End of the conditional to select either Unicode or T1 encoding defaults.
206 \fi
 This is as good a place as any to active a few XeTeX-specific settings
207 \ifx\XeTeXuseglyphmetrics\undefined
208 \else
209 \XeTeXuseglyphmetrics=1 %
210 \XeTeXdashbreakstate=1 %
211 \fi

```

## 75.4 Hyphenation

The following code will be compiled into the format file. It checks for the existence of `hyphen.cfg` in inputs that file if found. Otherwise it inputs `hyphen.ltx`. Note that these are loaded in *before* the `\catcodes` are set, so local hyphenation files can use 8-bit input.

We try to load the customized hyphenation description file.

```

212 \InputIfFileExists{hyphen.cfg}
213 {\typeout{=====
214 Local configuration file hyphen.cfg used^^J%
215 =====}%
216 \def\@addtolist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
217 }%
218 {\input{hyphen.ltx}}
219 \let\@addtolist\@gobble

```

## 75.5 Font loading

Fonts loaded during the formatting process might already have changed the `\font@submax` from Opt to something higher. If so, we put out a bold warning.

```

220 % \changes{v1.1c}{2000/08/23}{Fix typo in warning}
221 \ifdim \font@submax >\z@
222 \font@warning{Size substitutions with differences\MessageBreak
223 up to \font@submax\space have occurred.\MessageBreak
224 \MessageBreak
225 Please check the transcript file
226 carefully\MessageBreak
227 and redo the format generation if necessary!
228 \gobbletwo}%
229 \errhelp{Only stopped, to give you time to
230 read the above message.}
231 \errmessage{}

```

We reset the macro. Otherwise every user will get a warning on every job.

```
232 \def\font@submax{0pt}
233 \fi
```

## 75.6 Input encoding

We temporarily define `\reserved@a` to apply `\reserved@c` to all the numbers in the range of its arguments.

```
234 \def\reserved@a#1#2{%
235 \tempcnta#1\relax
236 \tempcntb#2\relax
237 \reserved@b
238 }
239 \def\reserved@b{%
240 \ifnum\tempcnta>\tempcntb\else
241 \reserved@c\tempcnta
242 \advance\tempcnta\ne
243 \expandafter\reserved@b
244 \fi
245 }
```

Set the special catcodes (although some of these are useless, since an error will have occurred if the catcodes have changed). Note that `^J` has catcode ‘other’ for use in warning messages.

```
246 \catcode`\ =10
247 \catcode`\#=6
248 \catcode`\$=3
249 \catcode`\%=14
250 \catcode`\&=4
251 \catcode`\\"=0
252 \catcode`\^=7
253 \catcode`_=8
254 \catcode`\#=1
255 \catcode`\)=2
256 \catcode`\~=13
257 \catcode`\@=11
258 \catcode`\^I=10
259 \catcode`\^J=12
260 \catcode`\^L=13
261 \catcode`\^M=5
```

Set the ‘other’ catcodes.

```
262 \def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=12\relax}
263 \reserved@c{`!`}
264 \reserved@c{`}
265 \reserved@a{`}{}{`}
266 \reserved@c{`[]`}
267 \reserved@c{`[]`}
268 \reserved@c{``}
269 \reserved@c{`\|`}
```

Set the ‘letter’ catcodes.

```
270 \def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=11\relax}
271 \reserved@a{`A}{`Z}
272 \reserved@a{`a}{`z}
```

All the characters in the range 0–31 and 127–255 are illegal, *except* tab (^I), nl (^J), ff (^L) and cr (^M).

Now allow 8-bit characters, although their use in this way is strongly discouraged. See `inputenc.dtx` for a supported mechanism for 8-bit input.

```
273 \def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=15\relax}
274 \reserved@a{0}{`^\^H}
275 \reserved@c{'^\^K}
276 \reserved@a{'^\^N}{31}
277 %\ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne
278 \catcode"7F=15
279 %\else
280 % \reserved@a{"7F}{FF}
281 %\fi
```

## 75.7 Lccodes and uccodes

We now again set up the default (T1) uc/lccodes. The lower case characters need their `\uccode` and `\lccode` values set. Some of this is a repeat of the set-up before loading hyphenation files. Depending on the `TeX` version, we might not be allowed to do this for non-ASCII characters. For the Unicode engines (Xe`TeX` and Lua`TeX`) there is no need to do any of this: they use hyphenation data which does not alter any of the set up and so this entire block is skipped.

```
282 \ifnum 0%
283 \ifx\Umathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
284 \ifx\XeTeXmathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
285 >\z@
286 \else
287 \def\reserved@c#1{%
288 \count@=#1\advance\count@ by -"20
289 \uccode#1=\count@
290 \lccode#1=#1
291 }
292 \reserved@a{'\a}{`\z}
293 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
294 \reserved@a{"A0}{BC}
295 \reserved@a{"E0}{FF}
296 \fi
```

The upper case characters need their `\uccode` and `\lccode` values set, and their `\sfcode` set to 999.

```
297 \def\reserved@c#1{%
298 \count@=#1\advance\count@ by "20
299 \uccode#1=#1
300 \lccode#1=\count@
301 \sfcode#1=999
302 }
303 \reserved@a{'\A}{`\Z}
304 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
305 \reserved@a{"80}{9C}
306 \reserved@a{"C0}{DF}
307 \fi
```

Well, it would be nice if that were correct, but unfortunately, the Cork encoding contains some odd slots whose uccode or lccode isn't quite what you'd expect.

```

308 \uccode`^\^Y='\I % dotless i
309 \lccode`^\^Y='\^\^Y % dotless i
310 \uccode`^\^Z='\J % dotless j, ae in OT1
311 \lccode`^\^Z='\^\^Z % dotless j, ae in OT1
312 \ifnum\inputlineno=\m@ne\else
313 \lccode`^\^9d='\i % dotted I
314 \uccode`^\^9d='\^\^9d % dotted I
315 \lccode`^\^9e='\^\^9e % d-bar
316 \uccode`^\^9e='\^\^d0 % d-bar
317 \fi

```

Finally here is one that helps hyphenation in the OT1 encoding.

```

318 \lccode`^\^=[='\^\[^ % oe in OT1
319 \fi % End of reset block for 8-bit engines

```

\MakeUppercase And whilst we're doing things with uc/lc tables, here are two commands to upper-  
\MakeUppercase and lower-case a string.

@cucllist Note that this implementation is subject to change! At the moment we're not providing any way to extend the list of uc/lc commands, since finding a good interface is difficult. These commands have some nasty features, such as uppercasing mathematics, environment names, labels, etc. A much better long-term solution is to use all-caps fonts, but these aren't generally available.

```

320 \DeclareRobustCommand{\MakeUppercase}[1]{{%
321 \def\i{#1}\def\j{#2}%
322 \def\reserved@a##1##2{\let##1##2\reserved@a}%
323 \expandafter\reserved@a\@cucllist\reserved@b{\reserved@b\@gobble}%
324 \protected@edef\reserved@a{\uppercase{#1}}%
325 \reserved@a
326 }
327 \DeclareRobustCommand{\MakeLowercase}[1]{{%
328 \def\reserved@a##1##2{\let##1##2\reserved@a}%
329 \expandafter\reserved@a\@cucllist\reserved@b{\reserved@b\@gobble}%
330 \protected@edef\reserved@a{\lowercase{#1}}%
331 \reserved@a
332 }
333 \def\@cucllist{\oe\OE\o\O\ae\AE
334 \dh\DH\dj\DJ\l\L\ng\NG\ss\SS\th\TH}

```

The above code works, but has the nasty side-effect that if you say something like:

```

\markboth{\MakeUppercase\contentsname}
 {\MakeUppercase\contentsname}

```

then the uppercasing is only done to the first letter of the contents name, since the mark expands out to:

```

\mark{\protect\MakeUppercase Table of Contents}
 {\protect\MakeUppercase Table of Contents}

```

In order to get round this, we redefine \MakeUppercase and \MakeLowercase to grab their argument and brace it. This is a very low-level hack, and is *not* recommended practice! This is an instance of a general problem that makes it

unsafe to grab arguments unbraced, and probably needs a more general solution. For the moment though, this hack will do:

```
335 \protected@edef\MakeUppercase#1{\MakeUppercase{#1}}
336 \protected@edef\MakeLowercase#1{\MakeLowercase{#1}}
```

## 75.8 Applying Patch files

Between major releases, small patches will be distributed in files `ltpatch.ltx` which must be added at this point.

Patch file code removed.

```
337 \% \IfFileExists{ltpatch.ltx}
338 % {\typeout{=====
339 % Applying patch file ltpatch.ltx^^J%
340 % =====}
341 % \def\fmtversion@topatch{unknown}
342 % \input{ltpatch.ltx}
343 % \ifx\fmtversion\fmtversion@topatch
344 % \ifx\patch@level\undefined
345 % \typeout{^^J^^J^^J%
346 % !!!!!!!Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' not suitable for this^^J%
347 % !! Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' not suitable for this^^J%
348 % !! version of LaTeX.^^J^^J%
349 % !! Please check if initex found an old patch file:^^J%
350 % !! --- if so, rename it or delete it, and redo the^^J%
351 % !! initex run.^^J%
352 % !!!!!!!Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' not suitable for this^^J}%
353 % \batchmode \@@end
354 % \else
```

The code below adds the ‘patch level’ string to the first `\typeout` in the startup banner.

```
355 % \def\fmtversion@topatch{0}%
356 % \ifx\fmtversion@topatch\patch@level\else
357 % \def\reserved@a\typeout##1##2\reserved@a{%
358 % \typeout{##1 patch level \patch@level}##2}
359 % \everyjob\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
360 % \expandafter\reserved@a\the\everyjob\reserved@a}
361 % \let\reserved@a\relax
362 % \the\everyjob
363 % \fi
364 % \fi
365 % \else
366 % \typeout{^^J^^J^^J%
367 % !!!!!!!Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' (for version <\fmtversion@topatch>)^^J%
368 % !! Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' (for version <\fmtversion@topatch>)^^J%
369 % !! is not suitable for version <\fmtversion> of LaTeX.^^J^^J%
370 % !! Please check if initex found an old patch file:^^J%
371 % !! --- if so, rename it or delete it, and redo the^^J%
372 % !! initex run.^^J%
373 % !!!!!!!Patch file 'ltpatch.ltx' not suitable for this^^J}%
374 % \batchmode \@@end
375 % \fi
376 % \let\fmtversion@topatch\relax
```

```
377 % }{}
```

## 75.9 Freeing Memory

- \reserved@a And just to make sure nobody relies on those definitions of \reserved@b and \reserved@c friends. These macros are reserved for use in the kernel. *Do not use them as general scratch macros.*
- ```
378 \let\reserved@a\@filelist
379 \let\reserved@b=\@undefined
380 \let\reserved@c=\@undefined
381 \let\reserved@d=\@undefined
382 \let\reserved@e=\@undefined
383 \let\reserved@f=\@undefined
```
- \toks
- ```
384 \toks0{}
385 \toks2{}
386 \toks4{}
387 \toks6{}
388 \toks8{}
```
- \errhelp Empty the error help message, which may have some rubbish:
- ```
389 \errhelp{}
```

75.10 Initialise file list

- \@providesfile Initialise for use in the document. During initex a modified version has been used which leaves debugging information for `latexbug.tex`.
- ```
390 \def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
391 \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
392 \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@#1\endcsname{#2}%
393 \endgroup}
```
- \@filelist \addtofilelist Reset \@filelist so files input while making the format are not listed. The list built up so far may take up a lot of memory and so it is moved to \reserved@a where it will be overwritten as soon as almost any L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X command is issued in a class file. However the `latexbug.tex` program will be able to access this information and insert it into a bug report.
- ```
394 \let\@filelist@gobble
395 \def\@addtofilelist#1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,#1}}%
```

75.11 Dumping the format

Finally we make @ into a letter, ensure the format will be in the ‘normal’ error mode, and dump everything into the format file.

```
396 \makeatother
397 \errorstopmode
398 \dump
399 </2ekernel>
```

Change History

1985/11/04 ltmath.dtx	LaTeX2.09		1989/04/29 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0h	
General:	produce warning message if line extends into margin.		General:	Documented problem with \halign, and \noalign	140
Doesn't warn about formula overprinting equation number.	265	\mathversion:	Test if version defined added.	.....	148
1989/04/10 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0a		1989/04/29 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0i	
General:	Starting with version numbers! \ifmmode added in \math@group	140	General:	Removed the \halign \noalign correction (wasn't bugfree)	..... 140
1989/04/10 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0b		1989/04/29 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0f	
General:	\preload@sizes added. \wrong@fontshape changed to define substitution font/shape macro.	140	General:	Corrections to L ^A T _E X tabular env. added.	..... 209
1989/04/10 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0a		1989/05/01 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0j	
General:	Starting with version numbers \newif for \c@tempswa added since this switch is unknown at the time when this file is read in. (latex.tex is loaded later.) \math@famname changed to \math@version.	209	General:	Default for \baselinestretch added.	... 140
1989/04/14 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0c		1989/05/22 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0k	
General:	More documentation added.	140	General:	Lines longer than 72 characters folded.	..... 140
1989/04/15 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0b		1989/05/22 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0g	
General:	\mathfontset renamed to \mathversion.	209	General:	Lines shortened to 72 characters	..... 209
1989/04/19 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0d		1989/09/14 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0m	
General:	Even more doc.	140	General:	Global replacement: \group to \mathgroup	..... 140
1989/04/21 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0e		\mathversion:	Corrected typo: \endcsname to \endcsname	.. 148
General:	Documentation is fun! Parameters of \define@mathalphabet changed.	140	1989/11/07 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0i	
1989/04/21 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0c		General:	All family, series, and shape names abbreviated.	... 209
General:	Changed to conform to fam.tex.	209	1989/11/08 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0o	
1989/04/23 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0f		General:	First parameter of \define@mathalphabet and \define@mathgroup changed from string to control sequence.	..... 140
General:	% in \getanddefinefonts added.	140	1989/11/14 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0p	
1989/04/26 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0d		\mathversion:	Math version prefix 'mv@' added.	..... 148
General:	\xpt added.	209	1989/11/19 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0q	
1989/04/27 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0g		\define@newfont:	Group added.	150
General:	Documentation revised.	140	\wrong@fontshape:	Instead of calling \family\default@family, etc. we directly set \f@family, etc.	153
1989/04/27 ltfssini.dtx	v1.0e		1989/11/22 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0r	
General:	Definitions of L ^A T _E X symbols corrected.	209	\mathversion:	\def → \edef for \mathversion.	..... 148
			1989/11/25 ltfssbas.dtx	v1.0s	
			General:	All \edef\font@name changed to \xdef\font@name.	

Necessary after introduction of \begingroup/\endgroup in v1.0q.	140	1990/01/21 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.2b \use@mathgroup: Macro added to allow cleaner interface.	170
extra// → + in \extra@def.	140	1990/01/23 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2c General: \no@version@warning renamed to \no@alphabet@error.	140
1989/11/26 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0t \select@group: \bgroup/\egroup changed to \begingroup/\endgroup to avoid empty Ord atom on math list.	155	Macro \no@alphabet@help added	140
1989/12/02 ltfssini.dtx v1.1b General: \rmmath renamed to \mathrm	209	\no@alphabet@error: Changed to error call	140
1989/12/03 ltfssini.dtx v1.1c General: Some internal macros renamed to make them inaccessible.	209	1990/01/25 ltfssini.dtx v1.1e \nfss@text: Macro added.	212
1989/12/05 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0u \addto@hook: \addto@hook added.	158	1990/01/27 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2d \DeclarePreloadSizes: Font identifier set to \relax.	145
1989/12/05 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0u fam.dtx \every@math@size: Hook \every@size added.	167	1990/01/28 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2e \mathgroup: \newfam let to \new@mathgroup.	140
1989/12/13 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0f \use@mathgroup: \expandafter added before final \fi.	170	1990/01/28 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2f \define@newfont: Added call to \curr@fontshape macro to allow substitution.	151
1989/12/16 ltfssbas.dtx v1.1a \select@group: \relax in front added.	155	\wrong@fontshape: Warning message slightly changed.	153
Now four arguments.	155	1990/01/28 ltfssini.dtx v1.2b \em: Call to \nomath added.	210
Redefinition of alphabet now simpler.	156	1990/02/08 ltfssini.dtx v1.1g General: Protected the commands \family, \series, \shape, \size, \selectfont, and \mathversion.	209
Usage of '=' macro added.	156	1990/02/16 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2g General: Support for changes of \baselineskip without changing the size.	140
1989/12/16 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.1a \selectfont: Changed order of calls.	164	\math@version: \nomath added.	148
\use@mathgroup: Redefinition of alphabet now simpler.	170	1990/02/16 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0i \selectfont: Changed \f@size to \lcl@currsize (see fam file).	164
Usage of '=' macro added.	170	1990/02/18 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0j General: Redefine unprotected version \p@selectfont instead of \selectfont.	164
1990/01/18 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0h General: \tracingfonts meaning changed.	160	1990/03/14 ltfssstrc.dtx v1.0k General: Added code for TeX3.	160
1990/01/20 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2a \math@bgroup: Def. placed in this file.	157	\extract@font: Added code for TeX3.	163
\math@egroup: Def. placed in this file.	157	\selectfont: Added code for TeX3.	164
\select@group: Def for alph id changed.	156	1990/03/30 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2h \math@egroup: Changed to have one arg.	157
1990/01/21 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2b \select@group: Code moved to \use@mathgroup.	156		

1990/03/30 ltfssrc.dtx v1.2h		1990/08/27 ltfssrc.dtx 1.0r
\use@mathgroup: Third argument removed (see \math@egroup).	170	\type@restoreinfo: Some extra tracing info.
1990/04/01 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2i		166
General: Code added from tracefnt.dtx.	140	\getanddefine@fonts: Correcting missing name after
Support for TeX3.	140	\tracingon.
1990/04/01 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0l		171
General: Part of code moved to fam.dtx.	160	1991/03/28 ltfssini.dtx v1.1m
\tracingfonts: Check if \tracingfonts already defined.	161	\copyright: Extra braces added. 212
1990/04/01 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0o		1991/03/30 ltfssini.dtx v1.2g
\tracingfonts: Check if \tracingfonts defined removed again.	161	\newfont: Definition added.
1990/04/02 ltfssini.dtx v1.1i		211
General: \input of files now handled by docstrip.	209	\symbol: Definition added.
1990/04/05 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0m		211
\selectfont: Call \tracingon only if \tracingfonts greater than 3.	164	1991/07/24 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
1990/05/05 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0n		\@verbatim: Added
\selectfont: \tracingon with new syntax.	164	\penalty\interlinepenalty to definition of \par so that
1990/06/23 ltfssini.dtx v1.1k		\samepage works
\nfss@text: Changed to \mbox. .	212	1991/08/14 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
1990/06/24 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2j		\cases: (RmS) inserted extra
\DeclarePreloadSizes: Missing percent added.	144	braces around entry for NFSS 262
1990/06/24 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0o		1991/08/14 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
\baselinestretch: Moved to tracefnt.dtx.	167	General: (RmS) inserted extra
\getanddefine@fonts: \Adding tracing code.	171	braces around entry for NFSS 322
\Macro moved from fam.dtx. .	171	1991/08/14 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09
Adding debug code.	171	\@endtheorem: Moved \itshape after \item to make it work
\use@mathgroup: Tracing code added.	170	with NFSS
1990/06/30 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2l		344
\showhyphens: Macro added. . .	158	1991/08/26 ltfssini.dtx v1.1n
1990/06/30 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0p		\p@reset@font: Macro introduced 212
\use@mathgroup: Added \relax after math group number. . .	170	1991/08/26 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
1990/07/07 ltfssrc.dtx v1.0q		\@verbatim: \@@par added
\getanddefine@fonts: Group number added to tracing. . .	171	1991/08/26 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
\math@egroup: Tracing code added.	170	\endpicture: (RmS & FMi) extra
\use@mathgroup: Group number added to tracing.	170	boxing level around \picbox to guard against unboxing in
		math mode (proposed by John Hobby)
		321
		1991/08/26 ltpplain.dtx LaTeX209
		\tracingall: Added \errorcon-
		textlines=\maxdimen,
		suggested by J. Schrod
		29
		1991/09/29 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX2.09
		\@mpfootnotetext: (RmS) added
		\reset@font
		294
		1991/09/29 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
		\@footnotetext: (RmS) added
		\reset@font
		373
		1991/09/29 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
		\@eqnnum: RmS: \reset@font
		added.
		265
		1991/09/29 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09
		\@dottedtocline: (RmS) added
		\reset@font for page number 354

1991/10/17 ltcntrl.dtx LaTeX209 \@tfor: (Rms) \xdef replaced by \def (See FMi's array.doc)	54	1992/01/10 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@bibitem: Changed \c@enumiv to \value of \@listctr	378
1991/10/25 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@citex: added \reset@font, suggested by Bernd Raichle.	378	1992/01/10 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09 equation: RmS: put \hbox around \@eqnnum to typeset the equation number in text mode (as in the eqnarray env.)	265
1991/11/01 ltfloor.dtx LaTeX2.09 \f footnote: (RmS) Added \let\protect\noexpand in \f footnote, \f footnotemark, and \f footnotetext, since \xdef is used	372	1992/01/10 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@othm: (RmS) Check for existence of theorem environment	343
1991/11/04 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09 \makelabel: (RmS) Added default definition for \makelabel, to produce an error message.	282	1992/01/14 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@biblabel: removed \hfill	380
1991/11/04 lplain.dtx RmS General: Removed \itemitem since never needed/useful with L ^A T _E X.	28	1992/01/14 ltsect.dtx 0.0 \@starttoc: (RmS) added \immediate to \openout as all \write commands are also executed \immediate	353
1991/11/06 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@citex: added code to remove a leading blank	378	1992/02/26 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@lbibitem: Added \hfill to restore left-alignment of bibliography labels in alpha style	378
1991/11/13 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@bibitem: Changed counter enumi to enumiv, as it says in the comment above	378	1992/03/18 ltnodefs.dtx LaTeX209 General: (RMS) changed input channel from 0 to \@inputcheck to avoid conflicts with other channels allocated by \newread	36
1991/11/21 ltfssini.dtx v1.1o \p@reset@font: Added extra braces for robustness.	212	1992/03/18 ltfloor.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@xmpar: (RmS) added \global\@ignorefalse	368
Changed to protected version of macro.	212	\end@float: (RmS) changed \@esphack to \@Espack	362
1991/11/22 ltfloor.dtx LaTeX2.09 \f footnote: (RmS) Added \let\protect\noexpand in \f xfootnote, \f xfootnotemark, and \f xfootnotetext	372	1992/03/18 ltlists.dtx 0.0 General: RmS: added \@nmbrlistfalse	279
1991/11/22 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09 \@item: (RmS) Changed second call to \makelabel to \unhbox\@tempboxa. Avoids problems with side effects in \makelabel and is more efficient.	282	1992/03/18 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09 \begin: Changed \@ignoretrue to \@ignorefalse (as documented)	254
1991/11/27 ltfssbas.dtx v1.3a General: All \family, \shape etc. renamed to \fontfamily etc.	140	1992/03/21 ltfssini.dtx v1.2d General: Renamed \text to \nfss@text to make it internal.	209
1991/11/27 ltfssini.dtx v1.2a General: All \family, \shape etc. renamed to \fontfamily etc.	209	1992/05/12 ltfssbas.dtx v1.3c \extract@alph@from@version: Macro added.	156
1992/01/06 ltfssini.dtx v1.2c General: added slitex code	209	\select@group: Added call to \ex- tract@alph@from@version.	156
		1992/07/26 ltfssbas.dtx v1.9a \curr@fontshape:	150
		\DeclareFontShape: Introduced \DeclareFontShape	141

\define@newfont:	150	\@secCntformat	348
\math@fonts:	155	1992/09/18 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09	
\select@group:	155, 156	General: (RmS) Added warning if	
\split@name: Added splitting into		\item is used in math mode	280
\f@encoding.	150	1992/09/18 lttab.dtx LaTeX2.09	
\wrong@fontshape:	153	\@array: Changed \par to	
1992/07/26 ltfssrc.dtx v2.0b		\@empty to avoid starting new	
\s@fct@:	179	row e.g. after \hline	308
\s@fct@sub:	180	1992/09/19 ltfssrc.dtx v2.0c	
\selectfont:	164	\try@simple@size:	173
\try@simple@size:	173, 174	1992/09/21 ltfssini.dtx v1.4d	
\try@size@orange:	177	\not@math@alphabet: Macro	
\use@mathgroup:	170	defined.	210
1992/08/14 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09		1992/09/22 ltfssbas.dtx v1.91a	
\@citex: added missing argument		General: Introduced \tf@size for	
braces around \hbox, found by		math size.	140
Ed Sznyter	378	1992/09/22 ltfssrc.dtx v2.1a	
1992/08/14 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX209		\getanddefine@fonts: Introduced	
\endminipage: (RmS) replaced		\tf@size for math size.	171
\vskip-\lastskip by \unskip		1992/11/13 ltfssini.dtx v?	
(proposed by FMi)	294	\hexnumber@: Made expandable.	211
1992/08/17 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09		1992/11/23 ltcounds.dtx LaTeX209	
\@citex: simplified code for		\stepcounter: Replaced {} in	
removing leading blanks in		\stepcounter by \begingroup	
citation key (proposed by		\endgroup to avoid adding an	
Frank Jensen and Kresten		empty ord in math mode	134
Krab Thorup)	378	1992/11/26 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX2.09	
1992/08/19 ltsect.dtx 0.0		\@mpfootnotetext: (RmS) added	
\@xsect: (RmS) corrected bug:		protection for \edef	294
stretch and shrink in argument		1992/11/26 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09	
to \hskip previously not		\@footnotetext: (RmS) added	
negated	349	protection for \edef	373
1992/08/19 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09		\footnote: (RmS) Changed all to	
\@othm: (RmS) Changed error		‘def’protect‘noexpand‘protect‘noexpand	
message to complain about		. . . . .	372
undefined counter	343	1992/12/03 ltfssini.dtx v?	
1992/08/20 ltfssini.dtx v1.4b		\hexnumber@: Make it accept	
\@setsizes: Added \@currsize.	211	counters.	211
1992/08/24 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX209		1993/03/08 preload.dtx v2.0b	
\@ifnextchar: (Rms)		General: Added 12pt preloads	233
\@ifnextchar didn't work if its		1993/03/18 ltfssbas.dtx v2.0c	
first argument was an equal		General: Changed all \tempdima	
sign.	46	in \tempdimb to avoid killing	
1992/08/24 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09		\numberline	140
\begin: Added code to \begin to		1993/03/18 ltfssrc.dtx v2.1b	
remember line number. Used		General: Changed all \tempdima	
by \@badend to display position		in \tempdimb to avoid killing	
of non-matching \begin.	254	\numberline	160
\verb: Changed \verb and		Changed all \tempdimb in	
\@sverb to work correctly in		\tempdimx to avoid killing	
math mode	257	\numberline	160
1992/08/25 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09		1993/03/18 ltfssrc.dtx v2.1c	
\@sect: (FMi) replaced explicit		\DeclareSizeFunction: Added all	
setting of \svsec by call to		args to avoid blanks problems	176

1993/04/09 lterror.dtx v1.0e		1993/09/02 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1i
\@latexerr: Mention The Companion	60	General: Corrected name of sgen size function.
1993/04/11 lterror.dtx v1.0f		160
\@latexerr: Remove setting of errorcontextlines	60	1993/09/03 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
1993/05/05 ltfntcmd.dtx v2.0b		\verb@atbeginlist@: Replaced \@noligs by extensible list .
General: Removed all LaTeX related cmd's	237	257
1993/05/16 ltfsbas.dtx v2.0e		1993/09/07 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\showhyphens: Use \reset@font .	158	\verb@balance@group: (RmS)
1993/07/16 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1h		Changed definition of \verb so that it detects a missing second delimiter.
General: Changed layout of info messages	160	257
1993/07/17 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0d		1993/09/08 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: changed \catencoding @ .	94	\enddocument: Added warning in case of undefined references.
1993/08/03 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09		251
\enddocument: Changed redefinition of \global to redefinition of \setckpt. . .	251	1993/09/15 ltfsbas.dtx v2.0g
1993/08/05 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09		\DeclareFontEncoding: Corrected: \default@T to \default@M. .
\circle: (RMS) Added error message if \circle is used in math mode.	337	143
1993/08/05 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09		1993/09/15 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1j
\@sect: (RMS) Made sure that \protect works correctly in expansion of \the counter . .	348	General: Corrected spelling of \noexpand.
1993/08/05 ltspace.dtx LaTeX2e		160
\@hskip: (RMS) Removed superfluous \leavevmode in \@hskip and \@skip, as suggested by CAR.	79	1993/09/19 lterror.dtx LaTeX2.09
1993/08/05 ltab.dtx latex2e		\@invalidchar: (RmS) Error message for invalid input characters.
\tabular*: Replaced \expandafter\def by \@namedef.	308	62
1993/08/06 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09		1993/11/02 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@citex: Moved writing to .aux file in loop over citation keys so that leading blanks are removed there as well.	378	General: RmS: Corrected description of \eqnse1, moved \eqnse1 accordingly and removed extra \tabskip assignment.
1993/08/13 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0f		265
General: Protected against active @ sign.	94	1993/11/03 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2e
1993/08/13 preload.dtx v2.0c		General: RmS: Initialized \everycr to empty
General: Added \relax at end of font names.	234	265
1993/08/16 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0g		1993/11/03 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: Needs space after \string .	94	General: (RmS) changed \halign to \ialign to initialize \tabskip and \everycr
1993/08/18 ltfsdcl.dtx v2.0e		322
\new@mathversion: Exchanged names of encodings in warning message of \SetSymbolFont.	194	1993/11/11 ltfsini.dtx v2.1a
		\normalfont: Macro added
		1993/11/11 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.2a
		General: Option concept added for LaTeX2e
		160
		1993/11/14 ltclass.dtx v0.2a
		\@current: Name changed from \@currextension
		457
		\@fileswithoptions: Moved resetting of \default@ds, \ds@ and \declaredoptions here, from the end of \ProcessOptions.
		465
		\@reset@options: macro added
		467
		\AtEndDocument: Included extension in the generated

macro name for package and class hooks.	467	1993/11/22 ltclass.dtx v0.2f \@fileswithoptions: Made the default [] not [\@unknowndversion] 465
\documentstyle: Added \RequirePackage [\@unusedoptionlist stuff.	463	Made the initial version [] not [\@unknowndversion] 465
\g@addto@macro: Made global	467	\@ifclasslater: Added //00 so parsing never produces a runaway argument. 459
\NeedsTeXFormat: made more robust for alternative syntax for other formats.	464	General: \@unknowndversion removed 470
\ProcessOptions*: Optimise ‘empty option’ code.	461	1993/11/22 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX2e \@minus: Macro added 35
Stop adding the global option list inside class files.	461	\@plus: Macro added 35
1993/11/15 ltclass.dtx v0.2b		\CheckCommand: Macro added 41
\documentstyle: Modified to match \ProcessOption*	463	\providecommand: Macro added 41
\ProcessOptions*: Star form added.	461	1993/11/22 lterror.dtx LaTeX2e \c@errorcontextlines: Macro added 59
1993/11/17 ltclass.dtx v0.2c		1993/11/22 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e \listfiles: Removed checking for \@unknowndversion 89
\@fileswith@pti@ns: Macro added	466	1993/11/22 ltlength.dtx LaTeX2e \settodim: Macro added 139
\@badrequireerror: Macro added	468	\settopoint: Macro added 139
\@fileswithoptions: Added trap for two \LoadClass commands.	466	\settodepth: Macro added 139
\@twoloadclasserror: Macro added	468	\settoheight: Macro added 139
\CurrentOption: Name changed from \curroption	457	1993/11/22 ltlogos.dtx LaTeX2e \LaTeXe: Macro added 80
\DeclareOption*: Error checking added	460	1993/11/23 ltclass.dtx v0.2g \use@option: Name changed from \executeoption 462
\NeedsTeXFormat: Name changed from \NeedsFormat	464	General: Various macros now moved to latex.tex. 457
\ProcessOptions*: restoring \@fileswith@pti@ns added.	461	Warnings and errors now directly coded. 457
1993/11/18 ltclass.dtx v0.2d		1993/11/23 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX2e \argdef: Macro added 37
\documentstyle: Modified \RequirePackage stuff.	463	\ifundefined: Redefined to remove a trailing \fi 46
\ExecuteOptions: Use \CurrentOption not \reserved@a	462	\newcommand: Macro added 37
\NeedsTeXFormat: \fmtname \fmtversion not \@...	464	\newenv: Macro interface changed 40
1993/11/21 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e		\xargdef: Macro interface changed 37
\@missingfileerror: Stop infinite looping on \er@ext	88	\yargdef: Avoid \@?@? token 38
Macro interface changed		Macro interface changed 38
1993/11/21 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9a		\newcommand: Macro reimplemented and extended 37
\@verbatim: use \verb@font instead of \tt	256	\renewcommand: Macro reimplemented and extended 39
\verb: Use \verb@font instead of \tt.	257	\renewenvironment: Macro reimplemented and extended 40
\verb@font: Macro added	257	\twodigits: Macro added 34

1993/11/23 ltoutput.dtx v0.1a	\@imakebox: macro modified	287
\paperheight: Register added	\@irsbox: redefined to support	397
\paperwidth: Register added	\height	295
1993/11/23 ltoutput.dtx v0.1c	\@isavebox: color support	289
\@enlargepage: Command added	extra group	437
\@kludgeins: Insert added	\@isavepicbox: extra group	437
\@makecol: Command changed	\@makebox: default changed from x	407
\@specialoutput: Command	to c	400
changed	\@makepicbox: macro modified	287
\enlargethispage*: Commands	\@savebox: default c not x	289
added	\bm@b: macros added	287
1993/11/24 ltfntcmd.dtx v2.1a	\endlrbox: macro added	289
\maybe@ic@: Use \t@st@ic	\fbox: extra group	242
\t@st@ic: Macro added	\lrbbox: color support	242
1993/11/24 ltfssini.dtx v2.1a	macro added	289
General: Removed \xpt stuff	\makebox: modified	212
1993/11/24 ltlogos.dtx LaTeX2e	\mbox: extra group	287
\LaTeX: Macro changed	\minipage: Redefined to support	80
1993/11/28 ltclass.dtx v0.2h	extra optional arguments	293
\@twoclasseserror: Macro added	\newsavebox: Pass the whole of	468
General: Assorted commands now	arg 1 to \@ifdefinable	288
in the kernel removed.	\parbox: Redefined to support	457
Directory syntax checing moved	extra optional arguments	291
to dircheck.dtx	\raisebox: redefined to support	457
Primitive filenames now	\height	295
terminated by space not	\sbox: color support	289
\relax.	extra group	289
\endfilecontents: Don't globally	\set@color: color support	288
allocate a write stream (always	macro added	288
use 15)	1993/12/03 ltclass.dtx v0.2i	468
1993/11/28 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e	\@cls@pkg: Name changed to avoid	288
\@missingfileerror: Use filename	clash with output routine.	467
parser from dircheck	General: \@onlypreamble: Many	88
1993/11/29 ltoutput.dtx v1.0b	commands declared.	457
\@makecol: \@makespecialcolbox	Removed obsolete	407
added	\@documentclass	457
\@makespecialcolbox: Command	1993/12/03 lterror.dtx v1.0b	408
added	\@latexerr: Set	408
1993/11/29 ltpplain.dtx LaTeX2e	\c@errorcontextlines to -1	60
General: All accents in decimals;	1993/12/03 ltfssini.dtx v2.1a	29
suggested by Paul Taylor	General: update for LaTeX2e	209
1993/11/30 ltoutput.dtx v1.0c	1993/12/04 ltfiles.dtx v0.9b	29
\f@t@tracemessage: Commands	\@iinput: Macro reimplemented	88
added	\@input: Macro reimplemented	88
1993/12/01 fontdef.dtx v2.1a	\IfFileExists: Macro added	87
General: Update for LaTeX2e	\Input: Macro reimplemented	88
1993/12/01 ltoutput.dtx v1.0e	\InputIfFileExists: Macro	88
\@reinserts: Command added	added	408
1993/12/03 ltboxes.dtx v0.1a	1993/12/05 ltffloat.dtx LaTeX2e	295
\@argsbox: macro removed	\@dblfloatplacement: Command	287
\@begin@tempboxa: macro added	changed	287
\@end@tempboxa: macro added	\@xfloat: Command changed	287
\@irsbox: redefined to support	1993/12/05 ltoutput.dtx v1.0f	296
\height	\@addtobot: Command changed	419

\@addtocurcol: Command changed	420	1993/12/07 ltclass.dtx v0.2m
\@addtoblcol: Command changed	431	\@fileswithoptions: Reset \CurrentOption 465 1993/12/07 ltoutenc.dtx 1.1
\@addtonextcol: Command changed	427	General: Protected all special characters with \string. 94
\@addtotopbot: Command changed	419	1993/12/07 ltoutenc.dtx v1.1 General: Made all character numbers decimal. 91
\@boxfpsbit: Command added ..	442	Removed a lot of equal signs and the like. 91
\@f1checkspace: Command added	444	1993/12/08 ltboxes.dtx v0.1b
\@f1setnum: Command added ..	443	\@begin@tempboxa: Extra braces for color support (braces removed from other macros) 287
\@f1settextmin: Command added	444	\@irsbox: fix typo 295
\@f1stop: Commands added ..	440	\@parboxo: \endgraf added due to extra group in \@begin@tempboxa 292
\@f1updates: Command added ..	445	\lrbbox: move \endpefalse out of the inner group 289
\@fpsadddefault: Command added	441	1993/12/08 ltntcmd.dtx v2.1b
\@getfpsbit: Command added ..	442	General: Macros \rm, \bf and \sf moved to classes.dtx 244
\@opcol: Command changed ...	406	1993/12/08 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2e
Hook added	406	\@item: use \sbox to support colour 282
\@outputpage: Command changed	410	1993/12/08 ltspace.dtx LaTeX2e
\@resetfps: Command added ..	443	\@bsphack: Command reimplemented 71
\@setfloattypecounts: Command added	441	Command reimplemented; late birthday present for Chris ... 71
\@setfpsbit: Command added ..	442	\@vbsphack: Command added ... 73
\@shipoutsetup: Command added	410	1993/12/09 ltboxes.dtx v0.1c
\@startcolumn: Command changed	414	\@irsbox: fix another typo 295
\@startdblcolumn: Command changed	414	1993/12/09 ltclass.dtx v0.2n
\@testfp: Command added	442	\documentstyle: input 209 compatibility file. 463
\@textfloatsheight: Commands added	441	1993/12/09 ltfiles.dtx v0.9e
\@topnewpage: Commands changed	399	\document: Hook added 83
\@tryfcolumn: Command changed	415	1993/12/09 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9e
\@writesetup: \@startpagehook added	410	\enddocument: Hook added 251
\output: Command changed ...	400	1993/12/10 ltoutenc.dtx v1.2
1993/12/06 ltclass.dtx v0.2k		General: Added source code for t1enc.sty. 91
\ExecuteOptions: Preserve \CurrentOption	462	1993/12/11 ltntcmd.dtx v3.0a
1993/12/06 ltoutput.dtx v1.0f		General: Complete reworking of all text commands, using just one creator function 237
\@specialoutput: Unboxing of 255 added to rescue writes	400	italic correction now put in front of penalty before glue 237
1993/12/06 ltoutput.dtx v1.0g		newcommands replaced by defs 237
\@topnewpage: \@floatplacement placement bug fixed	399	newfontswitch command corrected and changed 237
1993/12/07 ltclass.dtx v0.2l		
\ProvidesFile: Macro added ..	460	

\DeclareTextFontCommand: Macro changed	239	\IfExists: Removed interactive prompting for current directory syntax	10
\emph: Macro changed	240	\strip@prefix: modified, name changed from \stripmeaning. .	5
\fix@penalty: Macro added	242		
\maybe@ic: Macro name changed	241		
\maybe@ic@: Macro and name changed	241		
\sw@slant: Macro changed	242		
\textup: Macros changed	240		
1993/12/11 ltmath.dtx v0.9g		1993/12/13 ltlists.dtx latex2e	
General: Added a group around the first argument of \frac to prevent changes (for example font changes) from modifying the contents of the second argument.	265	\trivlist: Initialised	
1993/12/11 ltoutenc.dtx v1.2a		\@itemlabel	279
General: Corrected for t1enc, math.	91	1993/12/13 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9h	
1993/12/11 ltsect.dtx LaTeXe		\@noligs: Readded \@noligs ...	258
\@author: Added default	345	\@verbatim: Readded \@noligs .	256
\@title: Added default	345	Removed optional argument of \item	256
1993/12/11 ltxref.dtx LaTeXe		center: Removed optional argument of \item	255
\@setref: Macro added	247	flushleft: Removed optional argument of \item	255
\pageref: Macro reimplemented	247	flushright: Removed optional argument of \item	255
\ref: Macro reimplemented	247	1993/12/13 ltoutenc.dtx v1.2b	
1993/12/12 ltoutput.dtx v1.0h		General: Corrected file name in driver code.	91
\@cf1b: boxmaxdepth setting moved	413	1993/12/13 lttab.dtx latex2e	
defs changed to lets	413	\tabbing: Removed optional argument of \item	303
\@cflt: name changed	413	1993/12/14 ltoutput.dtx v1.0i	
\@doclearpage: defs changed to lets	405, 406	General: Section added to declare all parameters	450
\@makecol: defs changed to lets ..	407	1993/12/15 ltboxes.dtx v0.1d	
\@resetfps: Warnings added: minimal	443	\@iminipage: Changed default from 'c' to 's'	293
\@startdblcolumn: defs changed to lets	415	\@iparbox: Changed default from 'c' to 's'	292
\@topnewpage: braces removed ..	399	\minipage: Changed default from 'c' to 's'	293
\@tryfcolumn: defs changed to lets	416	extra space removed.	293
\f1@tracemessage: Commands changed	439	\parbox: Changed default from 'c' to 's'	291
1993/12/13 ltclass.dtx v0.2o		1993/12/15 ltclass.dtx v0.2p	
General: Removed setting \errorcontextlines (now in latex.tex)	457	General: Removed extra '.'s from \@@warnings	457
\documentstyle: compatibility file now latex209.sty.	463	1993/12/16 ltlogos.dtx LaTeXe	
\usepackage: Fixed error handling	464	\LaTeXe: Extended logo by DPC	80
1993/12/13 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2a		1993/12/16 ltmath.dtx v0.9i	
General: on the 'docstrip' pass, do not check openin path	10	\@eqncr: use \refstepcounter instead of shortcut	266
		General: use \refstepcounter instead of shortcut	265
		1993/12/16 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9i	
		General: \literal added	258
		1993/12/16 ltpage.dtx LaTeXe	
		\mark: Init \mark at begin document	383

1993/12/16 ltspase.dtx LaTeX2e \@bsphack: Corrected optimisation :-)	71	initializing mark until the problem is solved.	382
1993/12/16 ltab.dtx latex2e \@xhline: Measure from middle of vertical rules	317	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx 1.3b General: Fixed typos with \ProvidesPackage lines. Added the \NeedsTeXFormat	
1993/12/17 ltclass.dtx v0.2q \@documentclasshook: Macro added	457	line. Added the last argument to \DeclareEncoding. Moved the use of the encodings to after their declaration.	94
\@fileswithoptions: Add \@compatibility hook	465	Replaced the missing last argument to \DeclareFontEncoding.	105, 107
\@documentstyle: Match Alan's new code.	463	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx 1.3c General: Rewrote for the new	
1993/12/17 ltoutenc.dtx 1.3 General: Added this section	94	syntax of \EncodingSpecific.	105, 107
Removed all the hackery for use in \DeclareFontEncoding, and redid everything using \DeclareTextFoo.	105, 107	Split \EncodingSpecificAccent up into \EncodingSpecific and \DeclareAccent.	94
Removed the catcode hackery, since the file is only read as a package in the preamble, and removed all the messages on the screen, which just confuse users. Replaced them by the appropriate \ProvidesPackage commands. Added XXXenc.	94	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.3a General: Replaced OT3 by XXX	91
1993/12/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.3 General: Added \EncodingSpecificAccent, \EncodingSpecificAccent- edLetter and \EncodingSpecificCommand.	91	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.3b General: Corrected typos.	91
Made Rokicki's encoding a proper encoding scheme rather than a variant of OT1.	91	Replaced the missing last argument to \DeclareFontEncoding.	91
1993/12/17 ltoutput.dtx v1.0j \@opcol: Hook removed	406	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.3c General: A new syntax, separating	
\@specialoutput: Page room test added	401	accent-definitions from encoding-specific definitions, and allowing encoding-specific \chardef, \let, etc.	91
\@topnewpage: check for vsize too small added	399	Rewrote for the new syntax of \EncodingSpecific.	91
Page room test added	400	1993/12/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.3d General: Some T1 stuff had drifted	
\@writesetup: —and then removed	410	into the OT1 file.	91
\fl@tracemessage: tracefloatvals made a document command	439	1993/12/18 ltpage.dtx LaTeX2e \sloppy: Added	
1993/12/17 ltpage.dtx LaTeX2e \mark: Removed init \mark at begin document, since it doesn't work.	383	\emergencystretch	383
\rightmark: Stopgap solution to mark \leftmark and \rightmark work without		1993/12/19 ltclass.dtx v0.2r \endfilecontents: Different	
		message when ignoring a file	468
		1993/12/19 lfntcmd.dtx v3.0b General: \@pdef command added	
		Added by ASAJ.	237
		Made \@newfontswitch produce	
		an error if command already	
		exists, and added	
		\@renewfontswitch, ASAJ	237
		Other tidying	237
		Some more tidying done	237

Untidying added, so this is now a TEMPORARY version.	237	\math@version: New math font setup	148
Wording changes by CAR.	244	1994/01/17 ltfssini.dtx v2.1e \not@math@alphabet: Message changed	210
\DeclareOldFontCommand: Corrected and tidied	244	1994/01/17 lfsstrc.dtx v2.3a General: New math font setup	160
\DeclareTextFontCommand: Corrected and tidied	239	\check@mathfonts: New math font setup	169
1993/12/19 ltspace.dtx LaTeX2e \Qbsphack: There seem to be problems with selfmade birthday presents	72	\glb@currsize: New math font setup	166
1993/12/20 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX2e \reargdef: Kept old version of \reargdef, for array.sty	39	\restglb@settings: New math font setup	169
1993/12/20 ltfiles.dtx v0.9m \obsoletefile: Added this command, removed \oldfilewarning	89	1994/01/18 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2e \bibliography: Use \Cinput@ so include files are listed.	379
1994/01/05 fontdef.dtx v2.1d General: Removed nf prefix from file names.	217	1994/01/18 ltclass.dtx v0.2t \ifclassloaded: Fix typo \pkgetension	458
1994/01/13 ltmath.dtx v0.9o \@eqncr: correcting 0.9i	266	1994/01/18 ltfiles.dtx v0.9p \Ciffileonpath: Macro added	87
General: correcting 0.9i	265	\Cinput: do not use a different definition for \input@path	88
1994/01/14 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2d \IfFileExists: Close the texsys.aux output stream	10	\Cinput@: Macro added	88
1994/01/15 ltfiles.dtx v0.9o \document: move \Cpreamblecmds after document hook	84	\IfFileExists: New Definition	87
1994/01/17 ltclass.dtx v0.2s \fileswithoptions: Modify to reduce parameter stack usage	465, 466	\include: Use \Cinput@ so include files are listed.	86
General: Added many more \onlypreamble commands	457	\InputIfFileExists: New Definition	88
Wrapped long lines to column 72	457	1994/01/18 ltfssini.dtx v2.1f \not@math@alphabet: Message corrected	210
1994/01/17 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e \listfiles: New Version, adds 'tex' if needed, and lines up columns	89	1994/01/18 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9p \verbatim: Add \global@\inlabelfalse	256
1994/01/17 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1a General: New math font setup	140	Only add \penalty if in hmode	256
\curr@math@size: New math font setup	149	1994/01/19 fontdef.dtx v2.1e General: Added missing setting for symbols in bold version.	220
\everydisplay: New math font setup	149	1994/01/19 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2e \IfFileExists: name changed from \test	9
\everymath: New math font setup	149	\input@path: No longer check that an empty group is in the path	11
\frozen@everydisplay: New math font setup	149	\strip@prefix: name changed from \strip@meaning, to match NFSS.	5
\frozen@everymath: New math font setup	149	1994/01/19 ltmath.dtx v1.0n classes \mathindent: Deferred setting of \mathindent	268
		1994/01/20 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2f General: \Copytexsys and the texsys.new file removed	9
		Modify all of ltxcheck	13

\IfFileExists: \@copytexsys removed	10	1994/01/31 ltftntcmd.dtx v3.1b General: \@normalsize no longer defined	237
1994/01/21 ltclass.dtx v0.2u \documentstyle: compatibility file now latex209.def.	463	1994/02/01 ltpage.dtx LaTeX2e \pagestyle: (DPC) Modify to get nicer error message	381
1994/01/21 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2g General: Improve documentation, reorganise docstrip module	1	\thispagestyle: (DPC) Modify to get nicer error message	382
\filename@parse: Minor changes, and add Mac version (:)	11	1994/02/02 ltclass.dtx v0.2x \@fileswithoptions: Only run the hook and options check if the file was loaded.	466
\today: Name changed from \stamp, to save memory	9	1994/02/03 ltoutput.dtx v1.0k \@makespecialcolbox: correct mistakes in the documentation	409
1994/01/21 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2e \@xfloat: Added missing percent characters.	359	1994/02/07 ltclass.dtx v0.2y \@fileswithoptions: Run \@compatibility on the first class to start (not the first to finish)	465
1994/01/21 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9s \verbatim@font: Removed unnecessary category code hackery.	257	\@ifclasswith: Add extra ,s so 'two' is not matched with 'twocolumn'	459
1994/01/24 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2h \IfFileExists: Stop testing once texsys.aux has been found	9	\ProcessOptions*: Add extra ,s so 'two' is not matched with 'twocolumn'	461, 462
1994/01/24 ltpage.dtx LaTeX2e \pagestyle: (DPC) Complain if pagestyle is undefined.	381	1994/02/07 ltfsbsas.dtx v2.1c \DeclareFontEncoding: revert catcode settings earlier	142
1994/01/25 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2i General: Protect against looping on \@cinput and \@cend.	2	\DeclareFontShape: revert catcode settings earlier	141
1994/01/25 ltfsbsas.dtx v2.1b \math@version: Corrections for math setup	149	1994/02/08 ltoutput.dtx v1.0k \@makespecialcolbox: boxmaxdepth setting added	409
1994/01/25 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2e \bordermatrix: Removed \p@renwd.	262	boxmaxdepth setting removed	408
1994/01/26 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.3c \check@mathfonts: Correct trace info placement	169	General: Documentation and tasks tidied.	384
\restglb@settings: Correct trace info placement	169	1994/02/10 ltclass.dtx v0.2z \@documentclasshook: Changed the name from \@compatibility to \@documentclasshook, and added the check for whether \@normalsize has been defined. ASA.J.	457
1994/01/27 ltftntcmd.dtx v3.1a \nocorrlist: Only ., used as default for cm fonts	243	\@fileswithoptions: Renamed \@compatibility to \@documentclasshook. ASA.J.	465
1994/01/29 ltclass.dtx v0.2v \@unprocessedoptions: Macro added.	468	1994/02/10 ltfsbsas.dtx v2.1d \addto@hook: Made \addto@hook long.	158
\@fileswithoptions: All options raise error if no \ProcessOptions appears	466		
1994/01/31 ltclass.dtx v0.2w \g@addto@macro: Use toks register to avoid 'hash' problems	467		
1994/01/31 ltfiles.dtx v0.9t \document: set \@normalsize or \normalsize if necessary	84		

1994/02/10 ltfsscmp.dtx v2.1d		Long lines wrapped to 72
\scan@fontshape: scan away stuff		columns 81
after pt 183		
1994/02/22 ltfssini.dtx v2.1g		1994/03/07 ltfinal.dtx v0.1a
General: Correct error message .. 212		General: Add code from the old
1994/02/24 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1e		dump.dtx 506
\DeclareFontShape: Separate		Initial version, split from
restoration of catcodes for fd		latex.dtx 497
cmds 141		move code here from
\define@newfont: Separate		lhyphen.dtx 502
restoration of catcodes for fd		Remove oldcomments
cmds 151		environment 497
\nfss@catcodes: Separate		use \InputIfFileExists not
restoration of catcodes for fd		\IfExists 502
cmds 151		
1994/02/25 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2j		1994/03/07 ltfloat.dtx v1.0a
General: Remove need for drv file . 1		\@endfloatbox: (DPC) Extra
1994/03/01 ltdirchk.dtx v0.2k		group for colour 364
General: Add unstripped module,		\@footnotetext: (DPC) Extra
so that dircheck.dtx may be		group for colour 373
used with initex 1		\@xfloat: (DPC) Extra group for
1994/03/02 ltboxes.dtx v0.1e		colour 360
General: Add 2ekernel module .. 286		1994/03/07 lthyphen.dtx v0.1c
Remove need for drv file 286		General: move the 2ekernel code to
1994/03/02 ltclass.dtx v0.3a		ltfinal.dtx 472
General: Remove need for driver		1994/03/07 ltlength.dtx v1.0a
file 457		\@settodim: (DPC) Extra group
1994/03/03 ltboxes.dtx v0.1f		for colour 139
\@irsbox: Replaced a missing		1994/03/07 ltlists.dtx v1.0a
\else 295		General: Initial version, split from
1994/03/04 ltfloat.dtx v1.0a		latex.dtx 271
General: Initial version, split from		Long lines wrapped to 72
latex.dtx 355		columns 271
1994/03/04 ltsect.dtx v1.0a		1994/03/07 ltpage.dtx v1.0a
General: Initial version, split from		General: Initial version, split from
latex.dtx 345		ltherest.dtx 381
1994/03/04 ltab.dtx v1.0a		1994/03/07 ltpictur.dtx v0.1a
General: Initial version, split from		General: Initial version, split from
latex.dtx 297		latex.dtx 319
1994/03/04 ltvers.dtx v1.0a		Long lines wrapped to 72
General: Initial version, split from		columns 319
latex.dtx 32		1994/03/07 ltsect.dtx v1.0a
1994/03/07 ltboxes.dtx v0.1a		\@hangfrom: (DPC) Extra groups
\@mpfootnotetext: Extra group		for colour 351
for colour 294		1994/03/07 ltab.dtx v1.0a
1994/03/07 ltboxes.dtx v1.0a		General: Long lines wrapped to 72
General: Unify format with other		columns 297
Kernel files 286		1994/03/08 ltclass.dtx v0.3b
1994/03/07 ltdefns.dtx v1.0a		General: Modify driver code into
\@italiccorr: Macro added ... 35		‘new style’ 457
1994/03/07 ltfiles.dtx v1.0a		1994/03/08 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0a
General: Initial version, split from		General: Reorganise driver module
latex.dtx 81		into ‘new style’ 1
		1994/03/08 lplain.dtx v1.0a
		General: Remove need for a driver
		file. 14

1994/03/10 ltfssbas.dtx v2.2f	\math@egroup: Changed \begingroup/\endgroup to \bgroup/\egroup.	157	1994/03/13 ltfiles.dtx v0.3b	\InputIfFileExists: Use new cmd \@addtofilelist	88
1994/03/11 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1b	\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@: Added check against use of alphabet switch outside of math mode.	208	1994/03/13 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1g	General: add 2ekernel module to omit repeated code	140
	\SetMathAlphabet@: Changed parameter template in temporary macro to catch check add below.	199	1994/03/13 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1c	General: add 2ekernel module to omit repeated code	186
1994/03/12 ltclass.dtx v0.3c	\@fileswithoptions: Do not use \pr@videpackage to avoid typeout	466	1994/03/14 ltboxes.dtx v1.0b	\@isavebox: Use \color@setgroup	289
	General: Change name from docclass to ltclass	457	\@isavepicbox: Use \color@setgroup	289	
	\ProvidesFile: Add \wlog	460	\color@begingroup: macro added for colour support	288	
	\ProvidesPackage: Add \wlog ... use \gtempa	459	\color@endgroup: macro added for colour support	288	
1994/03/12 ltdefns.dtx v1.0b	\reargdef: New defn, in terms of \@yargdef	39	\lrcornerbox: Use \color@setgroup ..	289	
	\@yargd@f: Name changed from \XXX@argdef	38	\sbox: Use \color@setgroup ..	289	
1994/03/12 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0b	General: Change name from dircheck.dtx	1	1994/03/14 ltfloat.dtx 1.0c	\@xympar: (DPC) Use \color@begingroup	368
	Minor edits to the typeouts in ltxcheck	1	1994/03/14 ltfloat.dtx v1.0c	\@endfloatbox: (DPC) Use \color@endgroup	364
1994/03/12 ltfloat.dtx v1.0b	\@savemarbox: (DPC) Extra group for colour	367	\@footnotetext: (DPC) Use \color@begingroup, add \endgraf	373	
	\@xympar: (DPC) Extra bgroup for colour	368	\@savemarbox: (DPC) Use \color@begingroup	367	
1994/03/12 ltplain.dtx v1.0b	General: Name changed from iplain. The end of an era	14	\@xfloat: (DPC) Use \color@begingroup	360	
1994/03/12 ltplain.dtx v1.0e	General: Replaced remaining width, height, depth by L ^A T _E X macro names to save tokens. .	14	1994/03/15 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e	\@missingfileerror: Quit on x or X just like a real error	88
1994/03/13 ltcntrl.dtx v1.0c	\@tfor: (DPC) Add \tfor so a single group is correctly treated.	54	1994/03/15 ltfloat.dtx v3.2a	General: Adapted to mass formatting	237
				Changed \v/ to \@italiccorr	237
				Removed \renewfontswitch .	237
				Removed defs of short-forms and all sizes except \normalize .	237
1994/03/13 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e	\@addtofilelist: Macro added ..	89	1994/03/15 ltoutput.dtx v1.0l	\@addtocurcol: Changed \addvspace to \vskip ..	422, 426
	\listfiles: Reset \addtofilelist at begin document	89	\@combinedblfloats: Removed boxmaxdepth setting.	414	
			\@makecol: \maxdepth changed to \maxdepth	407	
			Removed boxmaxdepth setting.	408	
			\@makespecialcolbox: Removed boxmaxdepth setting.	409	

\@topnewpage: Corrected and amended warning message . . .	399	1994/03/28 ltsect.dtx v1.0b General: Split further from ltherest.dtx	345
Warning added: it should be improved	400	1994/03/28 ltab.dtx v1.0b General: Improve documentation	297
General: Added some warnings when page gets full of top floats.	384	1994/03/28 ltthm.dtx v1.0a General: Initial version, split from latex.dtx	341
Driver added and further tidying.	384	1994/03/29 ltcnts.dtx v1.0c General: Create file from parts of ltmiscen and ltherest.	133
Removed duplicated code and corrected docstrip options. . .	384	1994/03/29 ltlenth.dtx v1.0c General: Create file ltcntlen from parts of ltmiscen and ltherest.	139
Some boxmaxdepth settings removed.	384	1994/03/29 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0d General: Remove counter macros to ltcntlen	250
1994/03/16 ltclass.dtx v0.3f General: Add pkgindoc package .	470	1994/03/29 ltpageno.dtx v1.0c General: Create file ltcntlen from parts of ltmiscen and ltherest.	245
1994/03/16 ltfiles.dtx LaTeXe \listfiles: Move this code directly into \document	89	1994/03/29 ltxref.dtx v1.0c General: Create file ltcntlen from parts of ltmiscen and ltherest.	245
1994/03/16 ltfiles.dtx v1.0c \document: (DPC) directly add file list settings	84	1994/03/29 ltxref.dtx v1.0c General: Create file ltcntlen from parts of ltmiscen and ltherest.	246
1994/03/16 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0b \Overbatim: Remove \global\@inlabelfalse again.	256	1994/03/31 ltbibl.dtx v1.0a General: Initial version of ltidxbib.dtx, split from ltherest.dtx	377
1994/03/28 ltalloc.dtx v1.0d General: Redefinition of 'new' allocations removed.	49	1994/03/31 ltidxglo.dtx v1.0a General: Initial version of ltidxbib.dtx, split from ltherest.dtx	375
1994/03/28 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0d General: Improve documentation .	1	1994/04/09 ltcnts.dtx v1.0d \@newctr: \@nocnterr now has counter name argument	134
1994/03/28 lterror.dtx v1.0d \@invalidchar: (DPC) Comment out (use catcode15 instead) . . .	62	\addtocounter: \@nocnterr now has counter name argument	134
General: Remove test for \inputlineno undefined.	59	\setcounter: \@nocnterr now has counter name argument	134
1994/03/28 ltfiles.dtx v1.0d \document: (DPC) Use \normalsize not \normalsize	84	\stepcounter: Use \addtocounter to have name checked	134
(DPC) remove \normalsize check	84	1994/04/09 ltthm.dtx v1.0b \@othm: Use standard counter error message (FMi)	343
1994/03/28 ltfloat.dtx v1.0b \caption: Use \normalsize not \normalsize	358	1994/04/11 ltclass.dtx v0.3g \endfilecontents: Add star form, dont write \endinput at the end of the file.	468
General: Split further from ltherest.dtx	355	\ProvidesFile: Protect against weird catcodes.	460
1994/03/28 ltlists.dtx v1.0b General: Improve documentation	270	1994/04/11 ltfsbsas.dtx v2.1h General: Added \defaultscriptratio and \defaultscriptscriptratio.	
1994/03/28 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0c General: Improve Documentation	250	ASAJ.	140
1994/03/28 ltplain.dtx v1.0c \newlanguage: Remove some \outer declarations.	16		

\defaultscriptratio: Macro added	158	\no@alphabet@error: Use std LaTeX error macro	140
\defaultscriptscriptratio: Macro added	158	1994/04/18 ltfssdcl.dtx ???	
1994/04/12 ltboxes.dtx v1.0c General: Remove \@acci, now defined in lplain.dtx	292	\DeclareMathAlphabet: Pass correct arg (2 not 3)	197
Remove \@dischyp, now defined in ltinit.dtx	292	1994/04/18 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1d General: Removed surplus \no@alphabet@error (see fam.dtx)	186
1994/04/12 ltdefns.dtx v1.0g \@dischyp: Define \@dischyp, was previously in ltboxes.dtx .	35	1994/04/18 lfsstrc.dtx v2.3d General: Changed to new error/warning scheme	160
1994/04/12 lplain.dtx v1.0d General: Define \@acci	29	\font@submax: Changed dimen to macro	177
1994/04/12 ltvers.dtx v1.0b General: Have version info generated automatically.	32	\fontsubfuzz: Changed dimen to macro	177
1994/04/14 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.2b General: Macros renamed to non-private forms, JB	237	\subst@size: \font@submax and \fontsubfuzz now macros ..	178
\DeclareOldFontCommand: Renamed from \@newfontswitch	243	1994/04/19 ltpage.dtx v1.0b General: Improve documentation	381
1994/04/15 ltboxes.dtx v1.0d \@isavebox: Added missing procent character.	289	1994/04/20 lftncmd.dtx v3.3a General: Documentation up-dated	237
1994/04/17 ltcnts.dtx v1.0e \@newctr: Use \@nocntrerr instead of \@nocntrr	134	New implementation of \nocorr	237
\addtocounter: Use \@nocntrerr instead of \@nocntrr	134	\check@nocorr@: Macros added .	240
\setcounter: Use \@nocntrerr instead of \@nocntrr	134	\maybe@ic@: \nocorr etc removed from list of tokens to check, leaving only punctuation characters	242
1994/04/17 lterror.dtx v1.0h \@nocntrerr: New name for error message, old error message (without arg) kept	60	1994/04/20 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0e \enddocument: Changed logic for producing warning messages	252
1994/04/17 ltthm.dtx v1.0c \@othm: Use new std counter error message (FMi)	343	1994/04/21 ltboxes.dtx v1.0e \ciiminipage: Extra \bgroup for colour	293
1994/04/18 ltfinal.dtx v0.1b General: Initialise \textheight, \textwidth and page style .	499	\@mpfootnotetext: Extra \endgraf for colour	294
1994/04/18 ltfloat.dtx v1.0d \@footnotetext: (DPC) Remove Colour support	373	\endminipage: Extra \egroup for colour	294
1994/04/18 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1i General: Macro \no@alphabet@help removed again	140	1994/04/21 ltfinal.dtx v0.1c General: Added comments, set the catcodes of 128–255.	497
\@savemarbox: (DPC) Remove Colour support	367	1994/04/22 ltfssini.dtx v2.1g \not@math@alphabet: Message changed again	210
1994/04/18 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1i General: Macro \no@alphabet@help removed again	140	1994/04/23 ltfinal.dtx v0.1d General: Check that \font@submax is still zero	497
\calculate@math@sizes: Changed message to log only	158	1994/04/24 ltoutput.dtx v1.0m \@resetfps: Number 2 changed to \tw@	443
		Warning changed	443

\@specialoutput: Message changed to give more info and ‘top’ removed	401	1994/04/28 lplain.dtx v1.0g General: Turn off overfull box tracing in log	24
\@topnewpage: Message changed to give more info	400	1994/04/29 lclass.dtx v1.0a General: Change version number to 1 (no other change)	457
Warning message removed as it will be generated later	399	1994/04/29 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0f \@verbatim: \leavevmode added	256
General: Changed \@normalsize to \@normalsize.	384	Change to \everypar added	256
Corrected unverbed commands in documentation.	384	1994/04/29 ltoutenc.dtx 1.4a General: Removed	
Removed some long lines and other aesthetic changes.	384	\EncodingSpecific. Renamed all the commands. Added \DeclareTextGlyph and \UndeclareTextCommand.	94
Warning messages changed/corrected.	384	Removed Rokicki’s OT1 variant encoding. Moved the driver to the top.	94
1994/04/24 ltpictur.dtx v0.1b General: Removed surplus spaces after \hbox to in several cases	319	1994/04/30 lfntcmd.dtx v3.3b General: Documentation up-dated and tidied	237
1994/04/25 lclass.dtx v0.3h General: Removed spurious extra ‘.’s at the end of error messages	457	Prefix frag@ changed to frag in \@protecteddef	237
1994/04/25 lfloat.dtx v1.0e \@largefloatcheck: Changed warning message to give more info	364	Title changed	237
Command added	364	Warning changed to info message in \@protecteddef	237
General: Changed warning messages	355	1994/04/30 ltoutput.dtx v1.0n \@activechar@info:	
Removed obsolete tracing code	355	\@activechar@warning changed to \@activechar@info	410
1994/04/27 lfsstrc.dtx v2.3e General: Corrected item that was forgotten in last change.	160	\@combinedblfloats: Removed rule in topnewpage case	414
1994/04/28 lterror.dtx v1.0j \@inmatherr: Macro added	62	\@emptycol: Empty column action added: \@emptycol	399
1994/04/28 lterror.dtx v1.1c \@inmatherr: Replaced \noexpand with \protect.	62	\@fsetnum: Rogue space removed	443
1994/04/28 lfsdcl.dtx v2.1e General: Removed all \uppercase in hex num parsing macros	186	\@specialoutput: Cut-off point changed to 2\baselineskip	401
1994/04/28 llists.dtx v1.0c General: Replaced \@ltxnomath by \@inmatherr	280	Empty column action added: \@emptycol	401
1994/04/28 ltpictur.dtx v0.1c General: bezier curves added	338	Extra empty column added for twocolumn case	401
\multiput: (DPC) Ignore spaces between)(.	321	Extra empty column added for twocolumn case (wrong, see below)	401
(DPC) Macro added	321	\@topnewpage: Added setting of \col@number	399
\picture: (DPC) Ignore spaces before (.	320	Cut-off point changed to 3\baselineskip	400
		Empty column action added: \@emptycol	400
		Message changed for Frank	400

General: \@activechar@warning changed to an info message.	384	1994/05/02 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0g General: Changed 91 to 1991 and moved some bits	250
Added \col@number.	384	1994/05/02 ltoutput.dtx v1.0o \@resethfps: Code shortened . . .	443
Documentation tidied.	384	General: Code of \@resethfps shortened.	384
Empty column action added. . .	384	1994/05/03 ltbibl.dtx v1.0b \nocite: Make \nocite issue a warning for an undefined citation key.	379
Fixed bug from \dblfigrule with \atopnewpage.	384	1994/05/03 ltfinal.dtx v0.1f General: Set the catcode of control-J to be ‘other’, for use in messages.	497
Full of floats action improved. .	384	1994/05/03 ltfloat.dtx v1.0f General: (CAR) Added	
\col@number: Added \col@number	397	\@largefloatcheck	355
\onecolumn: Added setting of \col@number	398	Removed unnecessary braces from arguments of \@ifnextchar	355
1994/05/01 lterror.dtx v1.0k \@latexerr: (CAR) Added draft \@latexinfo.	60	\end@dblfloat: \@largefloatcheck added . . .	363
1994/05/01 ltoutenc.dtx 1.4a General: Added the \a command.	102	\end@float: (CAR) Added \@largefloatcheck	362
Added the \SaveAtCatcode and \RestoreAtCatcode commands.	105	1994/05/03 ltfsdcl.dtx v2.1f General: Renamed	
Removed the uc/lc table settings, since the T1 uc/lc table is now the default. . . .	112	\@DeclarMathDelimiter to \@DeclarMathDelimiter . . .	186
Rewrote for the new syntax.	105, 107	1994/05/03 ltlists.dtx v1.0d \@item: \hskip changed to \kern .	281
1994/05/01 ltoutenc.dtx v1.4a General: Removed Rokicki’s encoding.	91	General: Removed superfluous braces	280
Renamed the commands, removed the \EncodingSpecific command. Turned all slots into decimal. Added \a.	91	1994/05/03 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0h \@centercr: \@badcrerr replaced by \@nolnerr	255
1994/05/02 lcntrl.dtx v1.0l \@break@tfor: Macro added (from ltfiles.dtx)	54	1994/05/03 ltab.dtx v1.0d \@endpbox: Use \@finalstrut based on depth of \@arstrutbox	318
1994/05/02 ltfiles.dtx v1.0f \@iffilenonpath: \@break@loop renamed to \@break@tfor . . .	87	1994/05/04 ltclass.dtx v1.0b \NeedsTeXFormat: Changed wording of the warning . . .	464
\@obsoletefile: Make \@onlypreamble	89	1994/05/04 lterror.dtx v1.0m \@badcrerr: Error message removed	62
1994/05/02 ltfinal.dtx v0.1e General: Added setting the ‘letter’ catcodes.	503	1994/05/05 ltbibl.dtx v1.0c \@citex: Set switch for warning and end of run.	378
Added setting the ‘other’ catcodes.	503	\nocite: Do not write page number in \nocite warning message.	379
Added setting the special catcodes.	503	Set switch for warning and end of run.	379
Made slot 127 illegal	504		
Set all the catcodes	497		
1994/05/02 ltfinal.dtx v0.1f General: Set the catcode of control-J.	503		

1994/05/05 ltfinal.dtx v0.1g	General: Superfluous braces removed from several commands
General: Added empty errhelp. . . 497	
\errhelp: Set error help empty. . . 507	
1994/05/05 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3c	\color@setgroup: macro added for colour support 288
@\math@egroup: Corrected \fontswitch and added saved versions 244	
General: Corrected \fontswitch 237	\endminipage: Use new \color@setgroup concept. . . 294
1994/05/05 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0i	1994/05/11 ltclass.dtx v1.0c
General: Removed braces from ifnextchar and ifstar arguments 250	\endfilecontents: Add checks for form feed and tab 468
1994/05/07 ltab.dtx v1.0c	1994/05/11 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0e
@\maxtab: Changed \firsttab to \chardef 301	General: Add \ProvidesFile as used in fd files. 4
Changed \maxtab to \chardef 301	\@latexerr: (ASAJ) Removed one of the extra blank lines to \@latexerr. 60
General: Removed definition of \+ 297	1994/05/11 ltlogos.dtx v1.0o
Removed surplus braces from \ifnextchar constructs 297	\LaTeX: Use \DeclareProtectedCommand. ASAJ. 80
1994/05/08 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3d	\LaTeXe: Use \DeclareProtectedCommand. ASAJ. 80
General: Removed \undefinedfonterror 237	1994/05/11 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5a
\normalsize: Removed \undefinedfonterror 244	General: Made T1 and OT1 generate packages rather than def files. Renamed the ‘package’ module to ‘teststy’. . . 94
1994/05/09 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3f	1994/05/11 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5a
General: Replaced all \next by \let@token and undo change 3.3e, whatever that was. 237	General: Reimplemented \DeclareTextCommand using \changed@cmd and \DeclareProtectedCommand. . . 94
1994/05/10 ltdefns.dtx v1.0n	Renamed the commands again. Made the encoding part of the command syntax. Added the \DeclareTextCommand interface. Used \DeclareProtectedCommand. . . 91
General: (ASAJ) Added \DeclareProtectedCommand. . . 34	\DeclareTextAccent: Reimplemented using \DeclareTextCommand. 97
Added \DeclareProtectedCommand 42	1994/05/11 ltspace.dtx v1.0o
Added \makeatletter and \makeatother ASAJ. 47	\,: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. ASAJ. 78
Removed braces around \ifundefined argument. ASAJ. 39	\hspace: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. ASAJ. 79
1994/05/10 lterror.dtx v1.0n	1994/05/12 ltboxes.dtx v1.0g
\@latexerr: (ASAJ) Added extra blank lines to \@latexerr. 60	\@finalstrut: macro added 296
1994/05/10 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0j	\fbox: New definition, merged with \framebox 290
@\verb: Slight change in error message text. 257	
1994/05/11 ltboxes.dtx v1.0f	
@\begin@tempboxa: Use new \color@setgroup concept. 287	
@\iiiminipage: Use new \color@setgroup concept. 293	
@\mpfootnotetext: Use new \color@setgroup concept. 294	
Use new \normalcolor and \@finalstrut. 294	

\framebox: Merged \fbox and \fbox 290	\RestoreAtCatcode commands 105
\normalcolor: macro added for colour support 288	Rewrote for the new syntax 105, 107
1994/05/12 ltdefns.dtx v1.0p General: (ASAJ) Fixed a bug with \relax which was using \@gobble before defining it. 34	1994/05/12 ltoutput.dtx v1.0p \@writestop: \normalcoloradded 410
Fixed a bug with \relax which was using \@gobble before defining it. 42	General: \normalcoloradded in various places (DPC). 384
1994/05/12 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1j General: New baselinestretch concept 140	1994/05/13 ltboxes.dtx v1.0h \@arrayparboxrestore: New accent system, use \let not \def 293
Replaced hand-protected commands by \DeclareRobustCommand defs 140	1994/05/13 ltcnts.dtx v1.0f General: Removed \@ialph 135 Removed \@ialph 135
\f@linespread: New macro 148	1994/05/13 ltdefns.dtx v1.0q General: (ASAJ) Renamed \DeclareProtectedCommand to \DeclareRobustCommand. Removed \@if@short@command. 34
\fontencoding: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. 146	(ASAJ) Replaces \space by ' ' in \csname 34
\fontfamily: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. 147	Renamed \DeclareProtectedCommand to \DeclareRobustCommand. Removed \@if@short@command.
\fontseries: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. 147	Moved to after the definition of \@gobble. 42
\fontshape: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. 147	1994/05/13 ltdefns.dtx v1.0r General: (ASAJ) Added logging message to \DeclareProtectedCommand. . 34
\fontsize: Redefined to use \set@fontsize 148	Added logging message to \DeclareProtectedCommand. . 42
\linespread: New macro 148	1994/05/13 ltdefns.dtx v1.0s General: (ASAJ) Added \@backslashchar. 34
\mathversion: Use \DeclareRobustCommand. 148	(ASAJ) Coded \@ifdefinable more efficiently 34
1994/05/12 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1g General: Allow \relax as undefined command 186	Coded more efficiently, thanks to FMi. 39
Allow \relax'ed cmds to be declared 186	1994/05/13 ltfiles.dtx LaTeXe \listfiles: Stop \listfiles being run twice 89
1994/05/12 ltfssini.dtx v2.1i General: Moved \fontencoding to fam.dtx 209	1994/05/13 ltfiles.dtx v1.0g \document: Added execution of \every@size 84
Moved \fontfamily to fam.dtx 209	1994/05/13 ltfinal.dtx v0.1h General: Added package ot1enc, and defined \@acci, \@accii and \@acciii. 497
Moved \fontseries to fam.dtx 209	
Moved \fontshape to fam.dtx 209	
Moved \fontsize to fam.dtx . 209	
Moved \mathversion to fam.dtx 209	
Moved \selectfont to tracefnt.dtx 209	
1994/05/12 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.3f \selectfont: Use \DeclareRobustCommand ... 164	
1994/05/12 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5a General: Removed the \SaveAtCatcode and	

1994/05/13 ltfinal.dtx v1.0h	\DeclareFontEncoding: Log if encoding is redeclared	143
General: Added output enc stuff .	506	
1994/05/13 ltfloat.dtx v1.0g	Only init enc change cmd when new encoding	143
\@footnotetext: (DPC) Add new style colour support: \normalcolor	373	
(DPC) Use \@finalstrut	373	
\@xfloat: (DPC) Use \normalcolor	360	
1994/05/13 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3g	1994/05/14 ltfssini.dtx v2.1k	
General: Replaced \protecteddef by \DeclareRobustCommand	237	
1994/05/13 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1k	1994/05/14 ltfssrc.dtx v2.3h	
General: Remove File identification 'typeout'	140	
1994/05/13 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1l	\selectfont: Added \enc@update	165
\DeclareFontEncoding: Init encoding change command	143	
\define@newfont: Use \@input@ for fd files	151	
1994/05/13 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1h	1994/05/14 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5d	
General: Removed file identification typeout	186	
1994/05/13 ltfssini.dtx v2.1j	1994/05/14 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5c	
General: Removed file identification typeout	209	
1994/05/13 ltfssrc.dtx v2.3g	1994/05/14 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5c	
General: Removed typeouts as \ProvidesPackage writes to log.	160	
1994/05/13 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5b	1994/05/14 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5d	
General: Added \{, \} and \\$..	91	
Renamed \DeclareProtectedCommand to \DeclareRobustCommand.	91	
Replaces \space by ' ' in \csname.	91	
1994/05/13 ltpictur.dtx v0.1d	General: Rewrote \DeclareTextCommand to define its argument to use the current encoding by default, rather than the encoding provided to \DeclareTextCommand.	91, 94
General: Removed surplus braces from \@if.. constructions	319	
1994/05/13 lttab.dtx v1.0d	Tidied up the documentation.	91
\@contfield: Colour support	303	
\@startfield: Colour support	302	
\@stopfield: Colour support	302	
\@a: moved to ltoutenc	301	
1994/05/14 fontdef.dtx v2.1f	1994/05/14 ltalloc.dtx v1.1a	
General: Removed .def files.	217	
1994/05/14 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1m	1994/05/16 ltcntrl.dtx v1.0a	
\enc@update: Macro added	147	
1994/05/14 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1n	General: (ASAJ) Split from ltinit.dtx.	49
General: Set defaults for all \f@.	148	
\DeclareErrorFont: Don't set \f@encoding	152	
	1994/05/16 lterror.dtx v1.1a	
	General: (ASAJ) Completely new error interface.	55
	(ASAJ) Split from ltinit.dtx.	55
	1994/05/16 ltfinal.dtx v1.0i	
	General: moved output enc stuff to lffonts	506

1994/05/16 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1p		Remove \@acci and friends again 29
\fontsize: Pass \baselinestretch not \f@linespread 148		Remove unnecessary def for \item 28
\linespread: Remove surplus braces 148		\loop: Use Kabelschacht method 26
1994/05/16 ltfssini.dtx v2.1m		\m@th: Remove unnecessary space 28
\@acciii: Define saved versions of accents 214		1994/05/16 ltspace.dtx v1.1a
1994/05/16 ltlogos.dtx v1.1a	General: (ASAJ) Split from ltinit.dtx. 80	General: (ASAJ) Split from ltinit.dtx. 66
1994/05/16 ltmath.dtx v1.0k		1994/05/17 ltclass.dtx v1.0e
\ensuremath: Use \DeclareRobustCommand and add extra braces in math mode 267		\use@option: Execute option after removing from list, not before 462
1994/05/16 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5h	General: \pounds was still using u rather than ui shape. 105	1994/05/17 ltdefns.dtx 1.1b
1994/05/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5f	General: enc files now have uc encoding name parts (FMi) .. 91	General: (ASAJ) Added the \protect@... commands. ... 43
	Revert code so that the encoding given is used in \DeclareTextCommand (FMi) . 91	1994/05/17 ltdefns.dtx v1.1b
1994/05/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5g	General: Made fontenc.sty use the new mixed-case encoding files. 91	General: (ASAJ) Added definitions for protect. 34
	Removed the lowercasing of the filename. 119	(ASAJ) Removed warnings and logging to lterror.dtx. 34
1994/05/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5h	General: Added \NG, \ng, \TH, \th, \DH, \dh, \DJ and \dj. 91	Added the discussion of protected commands, defined the values that \protect should have. 43
	Added \r (ring accent) and \k (ogonek) accents. 91	1994/05/17 ltdefns.dtx v1.1c
	Fixed a bug with \pounds. 91	General: (ASAJ) Redid definitions for protect. 34
	Removed \P from the OT1 definitions file. 91	1994/05/17 lterror.dtx v1.1b
1994/05/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5i	General: Fixed a bug with \d. .. 91	General: (ASAJ) Moved error stuff from ltdefns.dtx. 55
1994/05/16 ltoutput.dtx v1.0q	\@writesetup: Changed setting of accents (FMi): with the new encoding setup they can use \let. It could also use the new internal commands? 411	1994/05/17 ltfsini.dtx v2.1n
	General: Changed setting of accents (FMi). 384	\copyright: Really add extra braces 212
1994/05/16 ltpar.dtx v1.1a	General: (ASAJ) Split from ltinit.dtx. 64	\nfss@text: Added braces to allow use in subscripts 212
1994/05/16 lplain.dtx v1.0h	General: Comment out encoding specific commands 28	1994/05/17 ltmath.dtx v1.0i
		General: Replaced \let by \gdef, for indirect definition. 263
		1994/05/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5j
		General: Added braces to \pounds so it works as a subscript. ... 91
		1994/05/18 ltdefns.dtx 1.1c
		General: (ASAJ) Renamed the commands, and removed one which is no longer needed. ... 43
		1994/05/18 ltdefns.dtx v1.1c
		General: Redid the discussion and definitions, in line with the proposed new setting of \protect in the output routine. 43
		1994/05/18 ltfinal.dtx v0.1j
		General: Corrected the lccode for d-bar. 497

1994/05/18 ltlogos.dtx v1.1b		1994/05/20 ltdefns.dtx v1.1e	
General: (ASAJ) Added the T _E X logo.	80	General: Changed command name from \checkcommand to \CheckCommand.	34
(ASAJ) Made the L _A T _E X 2 _ε logo use the text font ‘2’ rather than the math font ‘2’.	80	\CheckCommand: Changed name from \checkcommand to \CheckCommand.	41
1994/05/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5k		1994/05/20 lterror.dtx v1.1c	
General: Made dotted-i produce ‘i’.	91	General: (ASAJ) Added \@latex@info@no@line.	55
Removed braces from \pounds and \dollar.	91	(ASAJ) Added missing full stops.	55
Replaced \defaultencoding with \encodingdefault.	91	(ASAJ) Fixed a bug with \@inmatherr.	55
1994/05/19 ltbibl.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 ltfinal.dtx v0.11	
General: Initial version of ltbibl.dtx, split from ltidxbib.dtx	377	General: Use new font warning commands	502
1994/05/19 ltcnts.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 ltfloat.dtx v1.0h	
General: Extracted file from ltcntlen.	133	\@endfloatbox: Restore outer value of @nobreak switch.	364
1994/05/19 ltdefns.dtx v1.1d		1994/05/20 ltfnctcmd.dtx v3.3h	
General: (RmS) Added definitions for \cnamedef and \nameuse again.	34	General: Use new error commands	237
1994/05/19 ltfinal.dtx v0.1k		1994/05/20 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1q	
General: Removed \makeat.	497	General: Use new error commands	140
1994/05/19 ltidxglo.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 lfsstrc.dtx v2.3i	
General: Initial version of ltidxglo.dtx, split from ltidxbib.dtx	375	General: Use new error command names	160
1994/05/19 ltlength.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0l	
General: Extract file ltlength from ltcntlen.	139	\@writefile: Added correct setting of \protect.	252
1994/05/19 ltpageno.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0m	
General: Extract file ltpageno from ltcntlen.	245	General: Use new warning commands	250
1994/05/19 ltplain.dtx v0.1k ltfinal		1994/05/20 ltoutput.dtx v1.0s	
\showoutput: used \maxdimen not 99999	29	\@writesetup: Added setting of \protect during \shipout.	410
\showoverfull: used \ne not 1	29	General: Added setting of \protect during \shipout.	384
1994/05/19 ltxref.dtx v1.1a		1994/05/20 ltpage.dtx v1.0d	
General: Extract file ltxref from ltcntlen.	246	\markright: Changed setting for \protect.	382
1994/05/1g fontdef.dtx v2.1g		1994/05/20 ltsect.dtx v1.0c	
General: Removed \DeclareFontEncoding for ot1 and t1 and input .def files instead	217	General: Correct setting of \protect.	353
1994/05/2 ltdefns.dtx v1.1f		\addcontentsline: Correct setting of \protect.	353
\renewcommand: Removed surplus \space in error	39	1994/05/21 ltbibl.dtx v1.1b	
\renewenvironment: Removed surplus \space in error	40	General: Use new warning commands	377
		1994/05/21 lterror.dtx v1.1d	
		General: (ASAJ) Made the error commands robust.	55
		1994/05/21 ltfiles.dtx v1.0h	
		General: Use new error commands	81

1994/05/21 ltlists.dtx v1.0f	General: Use new error commands	270	1994/05/23 ltclass.dtx v1.0h	\NeedsTeXFormat: Don't stop completely when format is wrong	464
1994/05/21 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0n	General: Use new error commands	250	\usepackage: Remove argument if possible	464	
1994/05/21 ltsect.dtx v1.0d	General: Use new error commands	345	1994/05/23 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0f	General: Document \TeXversion	1
1994/05/21 lttab.dtx v1.0f	General: Use new error commands	297	1994/05/23 ltfssrc.dtx v2.3j	General: Removed def of \f@warn@break	177
1994/05/21 ltxref.dtx v1.1b	General: Use new warning commands	246	1994/05/23 ltoutput.dtx v1.0u	\@activechar@info: Added \MessageBreak	410
	\newlabel: Use new warning commands	247	\@writestop: Changed resetting of \protect after shipout to use \aftergroup	410	
1994/05/22 ltclass.dtx v1.0f	General: Use new warning and error commands	453	General: Added \MessageBreak.	384	
1994/05/22 ltdefns.dtx v1.1f	General: Use new warning and error cmds	34	Changed resetting of \protect after shipout.	384	
1994/05/22 lterror.dtx v1.1e	General: (ASAJ) Replaced bgroup by begingroup in error messages, to stop extra mathords creeping into math mode	55	1994/05/24 lterror.dtx v1.2e	\@latex@info@no@line: Macro added	58
1994/05/22 lterror.dtx v1.2a	General: (ASAJ) Made \GenericError, \GenericWarning and \GenericInfo robust.	55	1994/05/24 lterror.dtx v1.2f	General: (DPC) wrap long lines	55
	(ASAJ) Replaced \generic@message and \generic@error by \GenericError, \GenericWarning and \GenericInfo.	55	1994/05/24 lftntcmd.dtx v3.3i	General: Tidying and typos fixed	237
	(ASAJ) Replaced \\ and tilde by \MessageBreak and \space.	55	1994/05/24 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0q	\currenyline: Use \empty as outer default	254
	(ASAJ) Replaces \string by \protect in some messages.	55	1994/05/25 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0g	\filename@parse: Mac parser had " typo for :	12
1994/05/22 lterror.dtx v1.2d	\GenericError: (DPC) Alternative version added for old TeXs	55	1994/05/25 lftntcmd.dtx v3.3j	General: Insertion of \aftergroups to implement \nocorr moved to the end of the group	237
	(DPC) New version using long command name.	55	\check@icr: Macros added	240	
1994/05/22 lfloat.dtx v1.0i	General: Use new warning commands	355	\check@nocorr@: Insertion of \aftergroups moved and defaults set up for efficiency	240	
1994/05/22 ltoutput.dtx v1.0t	General: Changed warnings and infos to new commands.	384	\DeclareTextFontCommand: \expandafter inserted	239	
1994/05/22 ltpictur.dtx v0.1e	General: Use new warning cmds	319	Insertion of \aftergroups moved	239	
			1994/05/25 ltoutput.dtx v1.0v	General: Extra documentation.	384
			1994/05/25 ltsect.dtx v1.0e	\dottedtocline: Put braces around argument 4 (the actual toc entry) to avoid font (and possibly other) changes leaking out to the leaders.	354

1994/05/25 ltthm.dtx v1.0c	\check@nocorr@: Added check for empty text	240
General: Modify documentation .	341	
1994/05/25 ltvers.dtx v1.0d		
General: Remove PRELIMINARY TEST RELEASE from startup banner (spring is here)	32	
1994/05/25 ltxref.dtx v1.1c		
General: Modify documentation .	246	
1994/05/26 ltfiles.dtx LaTeXe		
\@missingfileerror: Modify message format	88	
1994/05/26 ltlogos.dtx v1.1c		
General: Remove \SLiTeX logo .	80	
1994/05/26 ltplain.dtx v1.1m		
\iterate: (CAR) added \long .	26	
\underbar: (CAR/FMi) changed to use box \tw@	28	
1994/05/26 ltplain.dtx v1.1p		
\underbar: (DPC) changed to use \sbox	28	
1994/05/26/16 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0r		
General: \literal removed	258	
1994/05/29 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.1j		
General: Use new error commands .	186	
1994/05/31 ltfinal.dtx v1.0n		
General: Renamed lthyphen.* to lthyphen.*.	497	
1994/06/01 ltboxes.dtx v1.0i		
\@framebox: Macro added.	291	
\@ifframebox: New version, so \width is correct in \framebox	290	
\fbox: New version, using \@framebox	290	
\framebox: New version, so \width is correct in \framebox	290	
1994/06/01 ltlogos.dtx v1.1d		
\LaTeX: Add \m@th to force math size calculations	80	
1994/06/01 ltoutput.dtx v1.0w		
General: Tidied up typesetting.	384	
1994/06/08 ltfinal.dtx v1.0m		
General: Add patch file system .	506	
1994/06/09 ltfinal.dtx v1.0n		
General: For TeX2, do not set codes for higher half of character table.	501, 504	
1994/06/09 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3k		
General: Tidying and typos fixed in documentation	237	
1994/06/18 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3l		
General: Added check for empty text	237	
	\check@nocorr@: Renamed \check@nocorr to \text@command to improve \long error message	240
	\DeclareTextFontCommand: Removed space from \nfss@text	237
	Renamed \check@nocorr	237
	\mathindent: Set \mathindent at the end of the class instead of at begin document	268
	\LaTeX: Save a few tokens	80
	\LaTeXe: Save a few tokens	80
	\sloppy: Save a few tokens	383
	\nfss@catcodes: Reset [and] as well, just in case	152
	\@TeXversion: Check for TeX3.14	13
	General: Modify all of ltxcheck again	13
	\@TeXversion: General: Moved the ogonek accent.	91
	\tdirchk: General: Doc. typos	345
	\fontdef: General: New coding	215
	\fssini: General: New coding for cfg files .	209
	\m@th: General: Move math to other file .	250
	\plain: General: Moved code to other files.	14
	\fssbas: \extract@alph@from@version: Warn if math alpha is used outside math	157
	\@framebox: \leavevmode added	291
	\@ifframebox: \leavevmode moved to \@framebox	290
	\@parboxto: Macro added to remove misuse of \empty	292
	General: stuff from ltpatch done	286
	\fbox: \long added	290
	\mbox: \long added	287

\sbox: \long added	289	\textsterling, \textunderline.	107
1994/10/18 ltclass.dtx v1.0j		Removed \textlbrace,	
General: Move \listfiles to		\textrbrace, \textunderline	
ltfiles.dtx	470	to give them their proper	
1994/10/18 ltdefns.dtx v1.2a		names.	107
\@star@\or@long: macro added . .	37	1994/10/25 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6a	
General: Add extra test for		General: Added	
\endgraf	34	\ProvideTextCommand,	
Add star-forms for all commands	34	\UseTextSymbol,	
\renewenvironment: reset end		\UseTextAccent,	
command	40	\DeclareTextSymbolDefault,	
1994/10/18 ltfiles.dtx v1.0i		\DeclareTextAccentDefault,	
\listfiles: code moved here from		\DeclareTextCommandDefault,	
ltclass	89	and	
1994/10/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5l		\ProvideTextCommandDefault.	91
General: Added new definitions of		Added the \Provide commands,	
\patterns and \hyphenation.	101	and the default definitions. . .	94
1994/10/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5m		Added the defaults.	102
General: Added new definitions of		Added the files OT1enc.def,	
\patterns and \hyphenation.	91	T1enc.def and OMSenc.def. .	102
1994/10/18 ltsect.dtx v1.0g		Added the OMS encoding.	112
\@dottedtocline: Added		1994/10/27 ltoutenc.dtx 1.6b	
\normalcolor for page		General: Added \textasciicircum	
number	354	\textasciitilde	
General: Added \normalcolor . .	345	\textbackslash \textbar	
1994/10/19 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1t		\textbraceleft	
\DeclareFontEncoding: Add		\textbraceright	
missing \relax.	142	\textcompwordmark	
1994/10/23 lfsstrc.dtx v23.k		\textemdash \textendash	
\every@math@size: Renamed to		\textexclamdown	
\every@math@size	167	\textgreater	
1994/10/23 ltmath.dtx v1.0l		\texthyphenchar \texthyphen	
\@eqnnum: Added \normalcolor		\textless \textquestiondown	
since \eqno introduces a		\textquotedblleft	
subgroup of the displayed math		\textquotedblright	
group	265	\textquotedbl	
\ensuremath: Remove extra		\textquotefont	
braces: but see p 168 of		\textquoteright	
Leslie's book	267	\textunderscore	
1994/10/24 ltboxes.dtx v1.0k		\textvisiblespace	107
\fbox: Inner braces added (to fix		Added: \textemdash	
latex/1061)	290	\textendash \textexclamdown	
1994/10/25 fontdef.dtx v2.2c		\texthyphenchar \texthyphen	
General: Added OMSenc.def . .	217	\textquestiondown	
1994/10/25 ltboxes.dtx v1.0l		\textquotedblleft	
\@isavepicbox: missing percent		\textquotedblright	
(moved from ltpatch) . . .	289	\textquotefont	
1994/10/25 ltdefns.dtx v1.2b		\textquoteright	105
General: Documentation		1994/10/27 ltoutenc.dtx v1.5d	
improvements	34	General: Rewrote	
1994/10/25 ltoutenc.dtx 1.6a		\DeclareTextSymbol to define	
General: Added \textdollar,		its argument to use the current	
\textlbrace, \textrbrace,		encoding by default, to fit with	

	\DeclareTextCommand{ }{ . . . }	95	Made \textless and \textgreater come from OML	103
1994/10/27	ltoutenc.dtx v1.6b		Moved math commands here from ltmath.	105
	General: Added \textbackslash.	112	Removed \textregistered.	103
	Added more defaults for OT1.	102	Rewrote \copyright to use \textcircled.	103
	Removed the enc.def files	91	1994/10/31	fontdef.dtx v2.2d
	Removed the files OT1enc.def, T1enc.def and OMSenc.def.	102	General: Added OMLenc.def	217
	Renamed \textlbrace to \textbraceleft and \textrbrace to \textbraceright.	112	1994/10/31	fontdef.dtx v2.2e
1994/10/29	ltmath.dtx 1.0m		General: ... and moved further down	217
	General: ASAJ: Added \DeclareMathOperator.	259	1994/10/31	ltfloat.dtx v1.1a
	ASAJ: Tidied up documentation.	263	\@dblfloat: Major changes since two-column and one-column cases merged	359
1994/10/29	ltmath.dtx v1.0m		\@dblflset: Macro added	358
	General: ASAJ: Added \mathellipsis, \mathdollar and \mathsterling.	263	Major changes to parameter parsing, setting of local variables, etc; two-column and one-column cases merged; space hacks moved	358
	ASAJ: Removed \dag, \ddag.	263	\@endfloatbox: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added to remove colour resetting from vmode	364
	ASAJ: Renamed \S and \P to \mathsection and \mathparagraph and made them \mathchardef.	263	\@floatboxreset: Macro added	362
1994/10/29	ltoutenc.dtx v1.6c		\@footnotetext: (DPC/CAR) Move colour setting to output routine	373
	General: Added commands like \dots for use in text and math.	102	\@savemarbox: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added for colour	367
	Renamed \P, \S, \dag and \ddag to \textparagraph, \textsection, \textdagger and \textdaggerdbl.	91	\@setfps: Macro added	359
1994/10/30	ltdefns.dtx v1.2c		\@dblfloat: Macros removed: \@dbfl, \@dblfloat	364
	\@onelvel\@sanitize: Macro added	47	\@xfloat: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added to remove colour resetting from vmode	360
	General: (CAR)\@onelvel\@sanitize added	34	Major changes, removing setting of local variables, space hacks etc; two-column and one-column cases merged	359
1994/10/30	ltdefns.dtx v1.2f		Reset hook added	360
	General: (DPC)\newwrite's moved to ltfiles	34	\@xympar: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added since needed for floats	368
1994/10/30	ltmath.dtx v1.0n		\@fps@dbl: Macro added	359
	General: ASAJ: Moved the new commands to ltoutenc.	263	1994/10/31	ltoutput.dtx v1.1a
1994/10/30	ltoutenc.dtx v1.6d		\@makecol: (DPC/CAR) Colour resetting moved to here	407
	General: Added \DeclareTextCom- positeCommand.	91	\@topnewpage: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added to remove colour resetting from vmode	399
	Added \textcircled.	91, 103, 112	(DPC/CAR) Use \color@begingroup for colour	399
	Added \t.	103		
	Added math commands.	91		
	Added OML encoding.	91, 103		
	Added the OML encoding.	113		

(DPC/CAR) Use \normalcolor	399	\makeglossary: Removed \if@filesw from \makeglossary.	376
1994/11/02 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6d General: Wrapped lines longer than 70 characters.	91	1994/11/04 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0t \@writefile: Removed setting of \protect. ASAJ.	252
1994/11/03 ltclass.dtx v1.0k General: Move \@missingfileerror to ltfiles	457	1994/11/04 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6f General: Added _.	104
1994/11/03 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0i General: Generate an error if latex.ltx not used with clean initex	1	Added \mathunderscore.	105
1994/11/03 ltfiles.dtx v1.0j \@missingfileerror: Move here from ltclass	88	1994/11/04 ltpage.dtx v1.0e \markright: Added \unexpandable@protect. ASAJ.	382
1994/11/04 ltboxes.dtx v1.0m \@mpfootnotetext: Added \protected@edef. ASAJ. . .	294	1994/11/04 ltsect.dtx 1.0h \@sect: (ASAJ) Added \protected@edef.	348
1994/11/04 ltdefns.dtx v1.2e General: Added \set@display@protect to \typeout. ASAJ.	34	General: (ASAJ) Added \protected@xdef to \thanks.	345
Added commands for setting and restoring \protect. ASAJ.	44	1994/11/04 ltsect.dtx v1.0h General: Added \protected@write to \addtocontents. ASAJ. . .	353
Rewrote protected short commands using \x@protect. ASAJ.	43	\addcontentsline: Added \protected@write to \addcontentsline. ASAJ. . .	353
1994/11/04 lterror.dtx v1.2g General: Added \set@display@protect to \Generic* commands. ASAJ.	55	1994/11/04 ltab.dtx v1.0h \@mkpream: (ASAJ) Added \unexpandable@protect to \@mkpream.	314
1994/11/04 ltfiles.dtx v1.0k \nofiles: Added setting of \protected@write, \makeindex and \makeglossary to \nofiles. ASAJ.	85	\multicolumn: (ASAJ) added \set@typeset@protect.	310
\protected@write: Macro added ASAJ.	85	1994/11/04 ltxref.dtx v1.1d \label: (ASAJ) Added \protected@write	248
1994/11/04 ltfloat.dtx v1.1b \@footnotetext: (ASAJ) Added \protected@edef.	373	\refstepcounter: (ASAJ) Added \protected@edef	248
\fotnotemark: Added \protected@xdef to \fotnotemark.	373	1994/11/05 ltboxes.dtx v1.0n \@mpfootnotetext: Colour resetting for footnotes moved to endminipage: as for main page.	294
1994/11/04 ltidxglo.dtx v1.1b \@wrglossary: Added \protected@write to \@wrglossary.	376	\color@endbox: macro added for colour support	288
\@wrindex: Added \protected@write to \@wrindex.	376	\color@box: macro added for colour support	288
General: Removed \if@filesw from \makeindex.	375	\endminipage: Colour resetting for footnotes moved to here: as for main page.	294
		1994/11/05 ltboxes.dtx v1.0o \@mpfootnotetext: Colour groups restored here.	294
		1994/11/05 ltfloat.dtx v1.1c \@dblflset: Add compatibility with old version of \xfloa.	358

\@endfloatbox: Use new \color@hbox concept.	364	(DPC) Updated to use \ProvidesFile	217
\@footnotetext: Removed \normalcolor (again)	373	1994/11/07 ltfiles.dtx v1.0l \@unused: move here from ltdefns, remove duplicate \@mainaux	83
\@savemarbox: Use new \color@hbox concept.	367	1994/11/07 ltfiles.dtx v1.0m \document: Renamed \every@size to \every@math@size.	84
\@setfps: Add compatibility with old version of \@xfloat.	359	1994/11/07 preload.dtx v2.1e General: (DPC) Updated to use \ProvidesFile	233
\@xfloat: Add compatibility with old version of \@xfloat: but the arguments, provided at exorbitant cost, are now completely ignored	359	1994/11/09 ltboxes.dtx v1.0p \@finalstrut: Revert \finalstrut to 2.09 equivalent (from ltpatch)	296
Use new \color@hbox concept. \@xypar: Use new \color@hbox concept.	360	General: more colour changes.	286
1994/11/05 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6g General: Added setting of \@typeset@protect to \patterns and \hyphenation.	101	1994/11/09 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1v \@vpt: (DPC) macros added, from setsizes.dtx	158
1994/11/05 ltoutput.dtx v1.1b \@topnewpage: Use new \color@hbox concept.	399	(DPC) reduce save stack usage latex/1742	158
\@writesetup: Change protect settings for new-style, protect-free aux-files.	410	1994/11/10 ltbibl.dtx v1.1c General: Fix \nocite{*}	377
Use new \color@hbox concept.	410	\nocite: Fix \nocite{*}	379
1994/11/05 ltoutput.dtx v1.1c \@begindvi: Added macro	413	1994/11/10 ltmath.dtx v1.2v classes \eqnarray: Added value of \parskip to	
\@begindvibox: Added macro	396	\abovedisplayskip to compensate for negative \topsep	269
\@writesetup: Add new \AtBeginDvi concept	410	1994/11/10 ltoutput.dtx v1.1e \@writesetup: Modify \protect setting	410
\AtBeginDvi: Added macro	396	1994/11/10 lplain.dtx v1.1b General: (CAR) added patch to \loop	14
1994/11/06 ltfssbas.dtx v2.1u \cf@encoding: New macro	148	\iterate: (CAR) added extra \relax	26
\DeclareFixedFont: Renamed \every@size to \every@math@size.	141	1994/11/11 ltspace.dtx v1.2a \\: (DPC) Make robust	70
1994/11/06 ltfssini.dtx v2.2b \@setsizes: Use \@typeset@protect	211	1994/11/12 ltftcmd.dtx v3.3o \ normalsize: Added \MessageBreak	244
1994/11/06 lftsstrc.dtx v2.3k \glb@currsize: New implementation	166	1994/11/12 ltlists.dtx v1.2b ltspace \endtrivlist: Changed order of	
\try@simples: New implementation	177	tests to make \noitemerror correct: end of an era.	279
\try@size@substitution: New implementation	177	1994/11/12 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0u \center: Changed end macro to \def: safer and consistent	255
\tryis@simple: New implementation	177	\flushleft: Changed end macro to \def: safer and consistent	255
1994/11/07 fontdef.dtx v2.2f General: (DPC) Add \DeclareMathSizes declarations	220	\flushright: Changed end macro to \def: safer and consistent	255

1994/11/12 ltplain.dtx v1.1c		1994/11/17 lfsstrc.dtx v2.3l
General: Comment out more encoding specific commands .	28	General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 160
1994/11/12 ltspace.dtx v1.2b		1994/11/17 ltmath.dtx v1.0o
\addpenalty: Corrected error message	75	General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 259
\addvspace: Corrected error message	75	1994/11/17 ltmiscen.dtx v1.0v
1994/11/13 ltspace.dtx v1.2c		General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 250
\addpenalty: Recorrected error message	75	1994/11/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6h
\addvspace: Recorrected error message	75	General: (DPC) \@tempa to \reserved@a
1994/11/14 ltoutput.dtx v1.1f		1994/11/17 ltoutput.dtx v1.1h
\@begindvi: Use normal box register: why a box?	413	General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 384
\@begindvibox: Use normal box register: why a box?	396	1994/11/17 ltpictur.dtx v1.0f
\@writesetup: Modify new \AtBeginDvi concept	410	General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 319
General: Removed old definition of \@testfp	384	1994/11/17 lttab.dtx v1.0j
1994/11/14 ltspace.dtx v1.2d		General: \@tempa to \reserved@a 297
\\" (DPC) Macro modified	70	1994/11/18 ltboxes.dtx v1.0r
1994/11/14 lttab.dtx v1.0i		\color@vbox: macro added for colour support
\tabularnewline: (DPC) Macro added	309	1994/11/18 ltfinal.dtx v1.0n
1994/11/16 fontdef.dtx v2.2h		General: re-allow slots 127–255 ..
General: (DPC) Removed \f and \}	217	504
1994/11/17 ltboxes.dtx v1.0q		1994/11/18 lfssbas.dtx v2.1x
General: \@tempa to \reserved@a	286	General: (DPC) use \reserved@f not \next
1994/11/17 ltclass.dtx v1.0l		140
General: \@tempa to \reserved@a	453	1994/11/18 lftssdcl.dtx v2.1m
1994/11/17 ltcntrl.dtx v1.0b		\DeclareMathDelimiter: (DPC) \expandafter instead of \next
General: \@tempa to \reserved@a	51	202
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1995/08/09 ltmath.dtx v1.0u		1995/10/03 fontdef.dtx v2.2l General: \@sqrt from patch file for /1701	215
General: Added code for class options leqno and fleqn	267	1995/10/03 ltdefns.dtx v1.2r \typein: Add missing \typein for /1710 (from patch file) ..	36
1995/08/11 ltlength.dtx v1.1b		1995/10/03 ltpictur.dtx v1.1e General: New autoload code ..	319
General: Doc typos fixed for latex/753	139	1995/10/04 ltfsbas.dtx v3.0g General: Modify autoload code ..	140
1995/08/16 ltcntrl.dtx v1.0g			
\@break@tfor: Made long	54		
\@forloop: Made defs long	53		
\@fornoop: Made defs long	53		
\@iforloop: Made defs long	53		
\@iwhiledim: Made defs long	52		
Removed \@whilenoop	52		
\@iwhilenum: Made defs long	52		
Removed \@whilenoop	52		
\@iwhiles: Removed \@whilesnoop	52		
\@tfor: Made defs long	54		

1995/10/04 ltfsstrc.dtx v3.0d		\nopagebreak: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	69
General: (DPC) Modify autoload code	160	1995/10/16 ltthm.dtx v1.0g	
1995/10/04 ltab.dtx v1.1d		General: Revert to previous \newtheorem behaviour	341
General: Modify autoload support	297	1995/10/17 ltclass.dtx v1.0r	
1995/10/06 ltfiles.dtx v1.0w		\@providesfile: Delay definition of \ProvidesFile till ltfinal	460
\@missingfileerror: Autoload error	88	\ProcessOptions*: Reset \CurrentOption for graphics/1873	462
1995/10/09 lterror.dtx v1.2j		1995/10/17 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0l	
General: Modify autoload support	55	General: Modify initex version of \ProvidesFile	4
1995/10/09 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7m		1995/10/17 ltfinal.dtx v1.0v	
\@inmathwarn: Autoload error . .	96	\@providesfile: reset macro	507
1995/10/10 ltfsbas.dtx v3.0h		\reserved@b: reset here after the \input above	507
\showhyphens: Use \normalfont and make colour safe, and autoloadable	158	1995/10/17 ltplain.dtx v1.1s	
1995/10/10 ltfsdcl.dtx v3.0c		\reject: Move \supereject to compat file	27
\@non@alpherr: (DPC) autoload error message	190	1995/10/17 ltab.dtx v1.1e	
1995/10/10 ltplain.dtx v1.1r		\@cline: (DPC) Use \@multicnt	317
General: Autoload tracing code . .	14	\@multispan: (DPC) Macro added.	317
1995/10/10 ltthm.dtx v1.0f		1995/10/19 ltfinal.dtx v1.0w	
General: Make \newtheorem ‘only preamble’	341	\@filelist: Move after \reserved@a setting:-)	507
1995/10/11 ltoutput.dtx v1.1r		1995/10/20 ltbibl.dtx v1.1k	
\clearpage: Added a check so that it does not lose the argument of \twocolumn[...]	398	\@citex: Removed refundefined flag	378
1995/10/16 ltbibl.dtx v1.1j		\@nocite: Removed refundefined flag	379
\cite: (DPC) Make robust	378	1995/10/20 ltclass.dtx v1.0s	
1995/10/16 ltboxes.dtx v1.0w		\@begindocumenthook: Make setting conditional, for autoload version	467
General: Clarify makebox description	286	1995/10/20 ltfsbas.dtx v3.0i	
1995/10/16 ltdefns.dtx v1.2u		General: (DPC) Modify autoload code, change \undefined	140
\@ifstar: (DPC) New implementation, for /1910	47	1995/10/20 ltfsstrc.dtx v3.0e	
\new@command: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	37	General: (DPC) Modify autoload code	160
\new@environment: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	40	1995/10/22 ltfsbas.dtx v3.0j	
\typein: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	36	General: (RmS) New size function macro \genb@sfcnt needs to be disabled at \document.	140
1995/10/16 ltfsini.dtx v3.0f		1995/10/22 ltfsstrc.dtx v3.0f	
\p@reset@font: Added \relax after \usefont, as the latter eats up spaces.	212	General: Added ‘genb’ and ‘sgenb’ size functions to support new DC font naming scheme.	160
1995/10/16 ltmath.dtx v1.0y		1995/10/23 ltab.dtx v1.1f	
\@yeqnrc: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	266	\@settab: (CAR) Ensure that \@heightab increases by at most	
\sqrt: (DPC) Make robust /1808	265		
1995/10/16 ltspace.dtx v1.2j			
\nolinebreak: (DPC) Use \@testopt /1911	69		

one	304	1995/10/27 ltpictur.dtx v1.1f
\@startline: (CAR) Ensure that \@nxttabmar is never larger than \@heightab	302	General: Move initialisation to kernel from autoload file 338
\poptabs: (CAR) Ensure that \@curtab is never larger than \@heightab	305	1995/10/31 ltboxes.dtx v1.0x \@finalstrut: Add \nobreak in horiz mode to allow hyphenation. internal/1931 296
\tabbing: (CAR) Make \@heightab consistently a local variable	303	1995/11/01 fontdef.dtx v2.2m General: add \nfss@catcodes for internal/1932 218
1995/10/24 ltfiles.dtx v1.1a		1995/11/01 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0n General: Initialise
\document: Removed multiplelabels switch	83	\@addtofilelist to \@gobble 4
Removed refundefined switch	84	1995/11/01 ltfinal.dtx v1.0x General: (DPC) Switch meaning of \@addtofilelist for cfg files 502
1995/10/24 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0k		1995/11/01 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0m \DeclareFontShape: (DPC) Test for \relax not \undefined, internal/1933 141
\@@defaultsubs: macro removed	155	1995/11/01 ltfsmini.dtx v3.0g General: (DPC) Switch meaning of \@addtofilelist for cfg files 213
\wrong@fontshape: Make this code inline since it happens only here	154	1995/11/02 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0n \wrong@fontshape: (DPC) Remove extra space with \string for latex/1676 153
1995/10/24 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1b		1995/11/02 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7n General: Changed internal name \@ to \@tabacckludge to protect against redefinition by malicious users. 102
\enddocument: Changed logic for producing warning messages and removed switch	252	1995/11/07 ltlists.dtx v1.0k \@doendpe: Enclosed \setbox0 assignment by a group so that it leaves the contents of box 0 intact. 280
\@refundefined instead of switch	252	1995/11/07 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7o General: Added \leavevmode at start of \c, otherwise the output routine might be invoked within the macro. 106
1995/10/24 ltxref.dtx v1.1h		Changed \char32 to \@xxxii (two tokens less). 106
\@multiplelabels: Switch for multiplelabels removed	248	Replaced octal number 27 by decimal number 23 to protect against the quote character being active. 106
\@newl@bel: Switch for multiplelabels replaced by inline code	247	Replaced some 0's by \z@ (faster). 106
\@refundefined: Switch for refundefined replaced	247	1995/11/10 ltoutput.dtx v1.1s \@shipoutsetup: Command removed 410
\@setref: Switch for refundefined renamed	247	
\if@multiplelabels: Macro removed	248	
1995/10/25 ltalloc.dtx v1.1b		
General: General doc improvements	49	
1995/10/25 ltfloat.dtx v1.1n		
\@endfloatbox: (CAR) macro added: to unify code for double and single versions	364	
\end@dblfloat: (CAR) unify code for double and single versions	363	
\end@float: (CAR) unify code for double and single versions	362	
1995/10/25 ltidxglo.dtx v1.1d		
General: Doc cleanup	375	
1995/10/25 ltsect.dtx v1.0q		
\subparagraphmark: Use \let not \def to save space.	352	

\@writessetup: Command removed	410	Added \textless and \textgreater.	103, 113
In-lined	410	1995/12/01 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7u	
1995/11/14 ltclass.dtx v1.0t		General: Made \SS a Default, rather than having the default point to the OT1 definition.	103
\@unprocessedoptions: Allow empty option	468	1995/12/04 ltspacel.dtx v1.2k	
\@loadwithoptions: macro added	463	\nobreakspace: (Macro added ..	78
\LoadClassWithOptions: macro added	463	1995/12/04 ltspacel.dtx v1.2l	
\RequirePackageWithOptions: macro added	463	\@xobesp: (braces added to definition of tilde	78
1995/11/17 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0m		1995/12/04 preload.dtx v2.4e	
\@wrong@font@char: (DPC) Macro added. latex/1676	155	General: Ulrik Vieth. added 12pt OMS and OML preloads /1989	235
\define@newfont: Redefine \typeout latex/1676	150	1995/12/05 ltdefns.dtx 1.2w	
\wrong@fontshape: Support \@wrong@font@char latex/1676	153	\@unexpandable@noexpand: Removed as never used. internal/1733	43
1995/11/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7p		1995/12/05 ltfiles.dtx v1.1c	
\UseTextSymbol: Support \@wrong@font@char latex/1676	99	\document: \ignorespaces added for latex/1933	85
1995/11/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7q		1995/12/05 ltfloat.dtx v1.1n	
\UseTextSymbol: Modify message slightly	99	\@textsuperscript: Use \ensuremath for latex/1984.	372
1995/11/21 fontdef.dtx v2.2n		1995/12/05 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7v	
General: Incorporate changed figures, as in plain.tex	229	\@inmathwarn: Changed \TextSymbolUnavailable text	96
1995/11/27 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0n		1995/12/06 ltfssbas.dtx v3.00	
\nfss@catcodes: Reset hash, for definitions in fd files	152	\nfss@catcodes: Reset hat, for typeouts etc in fd files	152
1995/11/28 ltfloat.dtx v1.1n		1995/12/07 ltbibl.dtx v1.11	
General: documentation fixes ..	355	\@citex: Restored name of \G@refundefinedtrue	378
1995/11/28 ltfsssrc.dtx v3.0g		1995/12/07 ltfloat.dtx v1.1m	
General: documentation fixes ..	160	\@textsuperscript: Move \m@th out of the \ensuremath for latex/1984.	372
1995/11/28 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7r		1995/12/07 ltxref.dtx v1.1i	
General: Added math mode checks to text commands.	95	\@setref: Switch for refundefined restored	247
doc fixes	91	\G@refundefinedtrue: Renamed (back) from \G@refundefined	247
Renamed \@changed@x@err to \TextSymbolUnavailable.	95	1995/12/11 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7w	
1995/11/29 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7t		General: Modified \copyright ..	103
General: Added \textasciicircum, \textasciitilde, \textbackslash, \textbar, \textgreater and \textless.	108	1995/12/13 ltdefns.dtx 1.2x	
Added \textasciicircum, \textasciitilde, \textregistered and \texttrademark.	103	\-: Documentation changed.	34
Added \textbackslash and \textbar.	103, 112	1996/01/10 ltfiles.dtx v1.1d	
		\@iffileonpath: Change argument handling to not require doubled hash.	
		latex/2024	87

1996/01/20 ltidxglo.dtx v1.1e		(DPC) Moved brace to allow commands like
\makeglossary: Make no-op after use pr/2048	376	\MakeUppercase in 6th argument. Changed \par to \endgraf to allow non-long commands. internal/2148 . . .
\makeindex: Make no-op after use pr/2048	376	348
1996/01/20 ltspace.dtx v1.2m		\@ssect: (DPC) Added extra braces for internal/2148
\vspace: Made robust	76	351
1996/03/25 ltmath.dtx v1.1a		(DPC) Moved brace to allow commands like
\@ensuredmath: Macro added for amslatex/2104	267	\MakeUppercase in 4th argument. Changed \par to \endgraf to allow non-long commands. internal/2148 . . .
\ensuremath: Reimplement for amslatex/2104	267	351
1996/04/18 ltpage.dtx v1.0i		1996/05/23 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7z
General: Improve documentation	381	\@strip@args: \expandafter added to match other changes for latex/2133
1996/04/22 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1c		99
General: Improve Documentation	250	\add@accent: macro added. latex/2133
1996/04/22 ltspace.dtx v1.2n		97
General: Documentation Improvements	66	\DeclareTextAccent:
1996/04/22 ltab.dtx v1.1g		Reimplemented using \add@accent to save space
\@tabclassz: (DPC) Extra \hskip keeps tabcolsep in empty columns internal/2122	315	latex/2133
1996/04/23 ltcounds.dtx v1.1d		97
General: Documentation improvements	133	\DeclareTextCompositeCommand:
1996/04/24 ltfiles.dtx v1.1e		Modified to cope with new \add@accent command: required removal of check for one argument-command
\document: (DPC) Reset \AtBeginDocument eg for latex/1297	84	98
1996/05/08 ltfssrc.dtx v3.0h		1996/05/24 ltoutput.dtx v1.1t
\math@egroup: Use \bgroup instead of \begingroup to match a kernel change made in 1994!!	170	\@specialoutput: Check that \colroom is less than \vsize, indicating that a float has been added
1996/05/09 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3t		401
\check@icr: Default definitions added	240	Cut-off point changed to 1.5\baselineskip
1996/05/17 fontdef.dtx v2.2o		401
General: \@@sqrt removed, at last	215, 228	\@topnewpage: Cut-off point changed to 2.5\baselineskip
1996/05/17 ltfiles.dtx v1.1f		400
\nofiles: added \write to \protected@write for latex/2146	85	1996/05/25 ltoutput.dtx v1.1u
1996/05/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7x		\@specialoutput: Correct the above check
General: Produce error if encoding not found. pr/2054	119	401
1996/05/21 ltoutenc.dtx v1.7y		1996/06/03 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1d
General: Corrected error message (CAR)	119	\@verbatim: Exchanged the following two code lines so that \dospecials cannot reset the category code of characters handled by \noligs.
1996/05/21 ltsect.dtx v1.0s		256
\@sect: (DPC) Added extra braces for internal/2148	349	General: Move setting of verbatim font and \noligs.
		250
		\verb: Put setting of verbatim font after \dospecials so that \dospecials cannot reset the category code of characters handled by \noligs.
		257

1996/06/10 ltboxes.dtx v1.0y	\@parboxto: (DPC) Changed \endgraf to \@@par	292	1996/07/26 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0p	\@DeclareMathSizes: use faster \if test	145
1996/06/10 ltsect.dtx v1.0t	\@sect: (DPC) Changed \endgraf to \@@par	348	\nfss@catcodes: omit \relax as not needed	152	1996/07/26 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0e
	\@ssect: (DPC) Changed \endgraf to \@@par	351	\init@restore@version: Removed \ifrestore@version switch and replaced by \init@restore@version . . .	190	
1996/06/13 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0r	General: documentation improvements mainly from internal/2174	1	1996/07/26 lfsstrc.dtx v3.0i	\init@restore@glb@settings: macro added replacing \if@inmath switch	169
1996/06/14 lttab.dtx v1.1h	\@tabclassz: (DPC) Change both\z@skip to 1sp for latex/2160	315	1996/07/26 ltlists.dtx v1.0l	\@item: Remove unnecessary \global before \@minipage...	281
1996/06/22 ltspace.dtx v1.2o	General: Documentation of problems added	66		Remove unnecessary \global before \nobreak...	282
1996/07/10 ltfinal.dtx v1.0y	\toks: Free up memory from scratch registers /2213	507	1996/07/26 ltmath.dtx v1.1b	General: Removed \global before \@ignoretrue in various places.	259
1996/07/19 ltoutenc.dtx v1.8a	\@strip@args: Use char 0 not @ as carrier for \lowercase /2197 .	99	1996/07/26 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1e	\@ignorefalse: put \global into definition	251
1996/07/26 ltboxes.dtx v1.0z	\if@minipage: put \global into definition	293	\begin{: remove \global before \@ignore...	254	
1996/07/26 ltclass.dtx v1.0u	\@classoptionslist: made only preamble	457	\end: remove \global before \@ignore...	254	
	\@unusedoptionlist: made only preamble	457	\ignorespacesafterend: user level macro added	251	
1996/07/26 ltdefns.dtx v1.2y	\@reargdef: third arg picked up by \@yargdef	39	1996/07/26 ltoutput.dtx v1.1v	\@testfp: remove \global before \@test...	442
	\renew@command: use \noexpand instead of \string	39	\@xtryfc: remove \global before \@test...	416	
	use \relax in place of empty arg	39	\@ztryfc: remove \global before \@test...	418	
	\renew@environment: use \relax in place of empty arg	40	\clearpage: add number of missing percents	398	
1996/07/26 ltfloat.dtx v1.1n	\@endfloatbox: remove unnecessary \global before \@minipage...	364	1996/07/26 ltplain.dtx v1.1t	\sh@ft: replace \dimen\z@ by \dimen@	28
	\@savemarbox: remove unnecessary \global before \@minipage...	367	1996/07/26 ltsect.dtx v1.0u	\@starttoc: removed \global before \nobreak...	353
	\@setminipage: remove unnecessary \global before \@minipage...	362	\@xsect: Removed \global before \nobreak...	350	
	\@setnobreak: remove unnecessary \global before \nobreak...	362	1996/07/26 ltspace.dtx v1.2p	\if@nobreak: put \global inside definition	71

1996/07/27 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0q		1996/10/05 ltfiles.dtx v1.1h
General: \if@inmath switch removed	149	\clubpenalty: Added setting its value
1996/07/27 ltspace.dtx v1.2q		1996/10/08 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3u
General: Further documentation of problems	66	\DeclareTextFontCommand: Removed \check@icr when in vmode since it causes various errors (see pr/2157)
1996/07/27 ltspace.dtx v1.2r		1996/10/21 lttab.dtx v1.1i
General: Correct documentation of problems	66	\array: Use \set@typeset@protect
1996/08/02 ltfloat.dtx v1.1o		General: Moved the code associated with \mkpream into the group provided by the box, for robustness (latex/2183) ..
\@xmpar: Remove \global before \ignore.....	368	308
1996/08/02 ltsect.dtx v1.0v		\multicolumn: Make \multicolumn long (latex/2180)
\@afterheading: Removed \global before \nobreak...	351	310
1996/08/02 ltspace.dtx v1.2s		\tabbing: Moved the \indent so that the \everypar can remove it when necessary; this is needed because the code for items in lists has changed (see pr/22111)
\@EphHack: Remove \global before \ignore.....	73	303
1996/08/25 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0r		1996/10/23 ltlists.dtx v1.0m
\nfss@catcodes: Reset the acute, grave and double quote chars as well	152	\item: \nobreak... moved into the \everypar and not executed unconditionally, see above
1996/09/21 ltoutput.dtx v1.1w		282
\@writesetup: Added \parboxrestore and made consequent deletions: wait for the howls of protest	410	\kern... changed to \setbox...
1996/09/25 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0t		281
General: Move ltxcheck to separate file	13	Added setting of \clubpenalty and set \nobreakfalse only when necessary
1996/09/28 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1f		1996/10/23 ltsect.dtx v1.0x
\@xobeysp: Moved to ltspace.dtx	256	\@xsect: Replaced \hskip... with \setbox... as used in \@afterheading
1996/09/28 ltspace.dtx v1.2t		350
\@xobeysp: Moved from ltmisce.dtx and redefined to use \nobreakspace	78	1996/10/24 ltboxes.dtx v1.1a
1996/09/29 ltfiles.dtx v1.1g		\arrayparboxrestore: Added local settings of flags: dangerous!
\document: Added disabling of \@nodocument	85	292
1996/09/29 ltoutput.dtx v1.1x		\iiiminipage: Use it or lose it (@setminipage): Frank will want to lose it
\newpage: Checks for noskipsec and inlabel added	398	293
1996/09/29 ltsect.dtx 1.0w		1996/10/24 ltfloat.dtx v1.1p
\@noskipsetrue: Added documentation	346	\floatboxreset: Added local settings of flags: dangerous! ..
1996/09/30 ltoutput.dtx v1.1y		362
\newpage: Checks for noskipsec and inlabel removed pending further tests	398	\marginparreset: Added local settings of flags: dangerous! ..
1996/10/04 ltclass.dtx v1.0v		368
\RequirePackageWithOptions: Reset \unprocessedoptions for /2269	463	\xfloat: Added \nodocument to trap floats in the preamble ..

1996/10/24 ltoutput.dtx v1.1z		1996/11/04 lterror.dtx v1.2m
\@addtocurcol: Added \nobreak, etc as appropriate	422, 426	\@nодокумент: Always define \@nодокумент in kernel, so that it can be cleared by \document. 61
\@specialoutput: Added \nobreak as appropriate . . .	403	1996/11/04 ltlists.dtx v1.0q
\@topnewpage: Added \@nодокумент to trap \twocolumn in the preamble	399	\@trivlist: Moved check for missing item: only checked when not inlabel flag is false 278
\newpage: Better checks for noskipsec and inlabel added, plus nobreak	398	1996/11/05 ltfiles.dtx v1.1i
1996/10/25 ltlists.dtx v1.0n		\@nofiles: Standard \if\nobreak test added 85
\endtrivlist: Change \indent to \leavevmode	279	1996/11/09 ltmath.dtx v1.1c
Reset flags explicitly	279	\@ensuredmath: Made long, as it was before. /2104 267
1996/10/25 ltoutput.dtx v1.2a		1996/11/18 ltfsbsbas.dtx v3.0s
\newpage: Reset all flags explicitly	398	\@define@newfont: (DPC) lowercase fd file names. internal/1044 151
1996/10/26 ltlists.dtx v1.0o		1996/11/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.8d
\endtrivlist: Correct typo . . .	279	General: (DPC) lowercase external file names. internal/1044 . . . 119
1996/10/27 ltoutenc.dtx v1.8c		1996/11/20 fontdef.dtx v2.2p
\@strip@args: Removed macro .	98	General: lowercase fd and enc.def file names /1044 215
General: Added \r A	106	1996/11/20 ltvers.dtx v1.0f
Added \textasteriskcentered 103, 112		General: Check for old format modified /2319 32
Corrected syntax descriptions .	92	1996/11/23 ltoutenc.dtx v1.8e
Removed \aa and \AA 102, 106, 108		General: Corrected description . . 92
1996/10/28 ltplain.dtx v1.1u		Extended description 93
General: (CAR) More doc changes 14		1996/11/28 ltvers.dtx v1.0g
\dotfill: Removed math mode .	29	General: Check for old format modified /2319 32
1996/10/29 ltplain.dtx v1.1v		1996/12/06 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0u
\dotfill: Got arithmetic correct (CAR)	29	\@IfExists: *** removed from various messages for GNU Make. internal/2338 10
1996/10/29 ltspace.dtx v1.2u		1996/12/06 ltfloat.dtx v1.1r
\@gnewline: Added macro	70	\@caption: Call \@setminpage if needed. latex/2318 358
\@no@lnbk: Macro replaces \@lnbk and \@nolnbk	69	1996/12/06 ltfsbsini.dtx v3.0h
\\: Corrected and rationalised code	70	General: (DPC) Remove *** from messages internal/2338 213
\@nolinebreak: Reimplemented both using \@no@lnbk	69	1996/12/17 ltclass.dtx v1.0w
1996/10/31 ltfinal.dtx v1.0z		\@g@addto@macro: Use \begin{group} to save making a mathord . . . 467
General: Added extra \lcode, hoping it does no harm in T1 (pr/1969)	502, 505	1996/12/20 ltsect.dtx v1.0z
1996/10/31 ltlists.dtx v1.0p		\@dottedtocline: Added \nobreak for latex/2343 354
\@trivlist: Added check for missing item in outer list . . .	278	1997/01/08 fontdef.dtx v2.2q
1996/10/31 ltsect.dtx v1.0y		General: Use \DeclareMathDelimiter to set delimiter codes 223
General: Corrected and tidied documentation; removed long lines	345	
1996/11/03 ltplain.dtx v1.1w		
\dotfill: Saved tokens by using \hb@xt@	29	

\mathparagraph: Define using \DeclareMathSymbol	230	1997/05/07 ltspace.dtx v1.2v \newline: Made completely robust.	70
1997/01/08 ltfiles.dtx v1.1j \Qinclude: reset \deadcycles latex/2365	86	1997/05/29 lfsstrc.dtx v3.0j General: Replaced \\ by \MessageBreak, as suggested by Donald Arseneau.	162
1997/01/08 ltmath.dtx v1.1d \root: (DPC) Remove spurious space tokens from plain TeX definition /2359	261	1997/05/29 ltlogos.dtx v1.1f \LaTeXe: Added \m@th so that the L ^A T _E X 2 _ε logo works with non-zero values of \mathsurround.	80
1997/02/05 ltclass.dtx v1.0x \g@addto@macro: missing percent /2402	467	1997/06/16 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0v General: documentation improvements mainly from internal/2520	1
1997/02/21 ltlists.dtx v1.0r \@item: \ifvoid check added for \noindent. latex/2414	281	1997/06/16 ltfloat.dtx v1.1s General: documentation fixes	355
1997/03/21 ltcnts.dtx v1.1e \fnsymbol: Use \mathsection and \mathparagraph. latex/2445	135	1997/06/16 lfntcmd.dtx v3.3v General: Fix typo in documentation.	237
1997/04/14 ltfiles.dtx v1.1k \document: Set the document space factor defaults. latex/2404	84	1997/08/05 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9e General: Corrected order of arguments in \UseTextSymbol example.	92
1997/04/14 ltoutput.dtx v1.2b \@writesetup: Call \normalsfcodes (from patch file) latex/2404	412	1997/08/29 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9f General: Added OT4 encoding, provided by Marcin Woliński.	91
1997/04/24 ltblbl.dtx v1.1m \@citex: \empty to avoid primitive error on empty cite keys. latex/2432	378	1997/09/09 ltdefns.dtx v1.2z \provide@command: Use \begingroup to avoid generating math ords if used in math mode. pr/2573	41
1997/04/30 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9a General: Changed \textsc to \scshape	104	1997/09/15 ltpictur.dtx v1.1g \@getcirc: Warn if lines become invisible pr/2524	335
Introduced \textcopyright and modified \copyright	103	\@picture@warn: Macro added pr/2524	335
Introduced \textcopyright and modify \copyright	104	\@sline: Warn if lines become invisible pr/2524	326
Modified \textunderscore, removing \mathunderscore	103	1997/10/06 ltcnts.dtx v1.1f \@Roman: Change \@Roman to be fully expandable, so that the result is written properly to files.	136
Modified \ underscore, removing \mathunderscore	104	\@slowromancap: Macro added.	136
1997/04/30 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9b General: Added \leavevmode to \textunderscore	103	1997/10/08 ltlogos.dtx v1.1h \LaTeXe: Simplify macro (force loading of suitable math fonts once).	80
1997/05/04 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9c General: Added 'hex index tabs'	109	1997/10/10 ltclass.dtx v1.0y \endfilecontents: \currenvir in banner	469
Added TS1 encoding v2.2.beta	115		
1997/05/07 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9d General: Added \leavevmode to \textcompwordmark	103		

\reserved@c not \verb@im@out to save a csname	469	inline use of \stepcounter (faster, and saves a csname per math version as no reset list)	190
Check for text before or after \end environment. latex/2636	469	\select@group: (DPC) inline use of \stepcounter (faster, and saves a csname per math version as no reset list)	188
Use \gobbletwo	469		
1997/10/17 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3w		1997/11/23 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9g	
\check@nocorr@: Check for vertical mode moved here, from \DeclareTextFontCommand (see PR/2646).	241	General: Use \textperthousand, \textpertenthousand and \textfractionsolidus not \textpermill, \textpertenmill and \textfraction. /2673	115
\DeclareTextFontCommand: Reinstalled \check@icr as check is now done in \check@nocorr@ (see PR/2646).	239		
1997/10/20 ltfinal.dtx v1.1a		1997/12/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9h	
\@uclclist: Removed \aa and \AA from \@uclclist as these are macros.	505	General: Added \textperthousand and \textpertenthousand	108
1997/10/21 ltdefns.dtx v1.2z1		Added code for textcomp.sty.	119
\renew@command: Use \begin{group}/\end{group} rather than braces for grouping, to avoid generating empty math atom.	39	Added section.	119
1997/10/21 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0t		Added textcomp.sty.	91
\define@newfont: Move \makeatletter to \nfss@catcodes.	151	As in OT1, Added \leavevmode at start of \c, otherwise the output routine might be invoked within the macro.	108
\nfss@catcodes: Moved \makeatletter from \try@load@font@shape.	152	Changed to decimal codes in \ooalign.	117
1997/11/09 ltoutput.dtx v1.2c		Changed to decimal codes.	113
\@specialoutput: Remove incorrect code: only one \@emptytycol is needed here . . .	401	Documentation changes and additions.	91
\@topnewpage: Documentation of vsize check enhanced	399	Example corrected, braces removed.	91
1997/11/13 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0f		Removed default settings, see next section.	115
\DeclareSymbolFont: (DPC) Really update \group@list dont leave new version in \toks@. latex/2661	194	1997/12/19 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9i	
\stepcounter: (DPC) Remove as never used. (Re)defined in ltcounts	188	General: Documentation corrections.	91
1997/11/19 ltfloat.dtx v1.1t		1997/12/20 fontdef.dtx v2.2s	
\@footnotetext: Missing percent, again	373	General: Added documentation	217
1997/11/19 ltoutput.dtx v1.2d		1997/12/31 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9k	
\@vtryfc: Reindent code, to be understandable(DPC).	416	General: Further correction	92
1997/11/20 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0g		1998/01/12 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9k	
\document@select@group: (DPC)		General: Added \ProvidesPackage for textcomp.sty	91
		Adding missing braces and \ushape.	117
		1998/01/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9m	
		General: fixed decimal codes. latex/2734	113
		1998/03/04 ltdefns.dtx v1.2z2	
		\@xargdef: Unnecessary \expandafter removed: pr/2758	38

1998/03/05 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9n		1998/05/20 ltfinal.dtx v1.1b	
General: Added masc/fem ords as in pr/2579	104	General: Set up lccodes before loading hyphenation files: pr/2639	501
1998/03/20 ltdefns.dtx v1.2z3		Set up uc/lccodes after loading hyphenation files: pr/2639 . .	504
\@thirdofthree: Macro added . .	42		
1998/03/20 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9o		1998/05/28 lterror.dtx v1.2n	
General: Added various \UndeclareTextCommand declarations for pr/2783 . . .	129	\@notdefinable: Added message re 'end...' pr/1555	60
Documentation added about order of decls	94	1998/06/04 ltboxes.dtx v1.1c	
Documentation added for pr/2783	93	\@rule: Support calc-expressions	295
Load decls after defaults for speed.	129	1998/06/12 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9p	
\UndeclareTextCommand: Macro added for pr/2783	100	General: Corrected 130 and 131, see pr/2834	118
1998/03/21 ltclass.dtx v1.0z		Renamed \textmacron pr/2840	119, 125
General: Added to documentation of filecontents	453	1998/06/12 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9q	
1998/03/21 ltclass.dtx v1.1a		\add@accent: Explicitly set \spacefactor after \accent (pr/2877)	98
\@providesfile: Allow & Internal/2702	460	1998/06/18 ltab.dtx v1.1k	
General: Correct to new onlypreamble command list .	470	General: Small addition to documentation	297
1998/03/25 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0u		1998/07/06 ltab.dtx v1.1l	
\showhyphens: Suppress unnecessary error when used in preamble	158	General: Small correction to documentation	297
1998/04/11 fontdef.dtx v2.2t		1998/08/17 ltboxes.dtx v1.1e	
General: Added \mathring accent (pr2785)	228	General: (RmS) Minor Documentation fixes.	285
1998/04/15 fontdef.dtx v2.2u		1998/08/17 ltclass.dtx v1.1c	
General: Use new syntax for \DeclareMathDelimiter . . .	223	General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	453
1998/04/15 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0h		1998/08/17 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0w	
\@xxDeclareMathDelimiter: Macro added (pr/2662) . . .	202	General: (RmS) Documentation improvements.	1
1998/04/17 fontdef.dtx v2.2v		1998/08/17 lftntcmd.dtx v3.3x	
General: Reinsert symbol defs for < and > chars.	223	General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	237
1998/04/18 fontdef.dtx v2.2w		1998/08/17 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0v	
General: Reinsert symbol def for / char.	223	General: (RmS) Documentation fixes.	140
1998/05/07 ltclass.dtx v1.1b		1998/08/17 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0i	
\@fileswithoptions: Modify help message for latex/2805 . . .	466	General: (RmS) Corrected minor glitches in changes entries. .	186
1998/05/18 ltab.dtx v1.1j		1998/08/17 ltfssini.dtx v3.0i	
\@endpbox: Use \setlength to set \hsize, so that the changes in the calc package apply here. .	318	General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	209
\tabular*: Use \setlength, so that calc extensions apply. .	308	1998/08/17 ltlogos.dtx v1.1i	
		General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	80
		1998/08/17 ltmath.dtx v1.1c	
		General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	259

1998/08/17 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1g		1999/01/18 ltdefns.dtx v1.3c
General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	250	\@yargd@f: New implementation DPC /2942
1998/08/17 ltspacel.dtx v1.2w		1999/02/09 ltdefns.dtx v1.3d
General: Documentation fixes.	66	\@yargd@f: catch bad argument forms by re-inserting #3
1998/08/17 preload.dtx v2.1g		1999/02/12 ltfssini.dtx v3.0j
General: (RmS) Minor documentation fixes.	233	\oldstylenums: Use \rmdefault instead of cmm (pr/2954)
1998/09/19 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9r		1999/02/24 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9t
\@a: Added \string (pr/2878)	102	General: Corrected hackery cyrillic uc/lc list
1998/11/13 lttab.dtx v1.1m		1999/03/01 ltdefns.dtx v1.3e
\@array: Check for hmode to see if something went wrong during parsing (pr/2884)	309	\@ifnextchar: remove extra \long. internal/2967
1999/01/05 fontdef.dtx v2.2x		1999/04/15 ltpictur.dtx v1.1h
General: Need special protection for character > in \changes entry.	215	\@getlarrow: Replaced octal number, CAR
1999/01/06 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0w		1999/04/15 \upvector: Replaced octal number, CAR
\@DeclarFontEncoding: Added \LastDeclaredEncoding to support cyrillic integration (pr/2988)	143	General: Replaced octal number, CAR
\LastDeclaredEncoding: Added \LastDeclaredEncoding to support cyrillic integration (pr/2988)	143	Replaced octal numbers, CAR
1999/01/06 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9r		1999/04/19 ltfloat.dtx v1.1u
\@strip@args: New impl for latex/2930	99	\caption: Made caption an error outside a float: latex/2815
General: Minor documentation fix.	117	1999/04/27 ltboxes.dtx v1.1f
1999/01/06 ltoutput.dtx v1.2e		\@parboxto: (CAR) Changed \empty to \relax as flag for natural width: pr/2975
\@makecol: Added negative vskip, as when processing outputbox below: suggested by Fred Bartlett pr/2892	407	New macro added
1999/01/07 ltdefns.dtx v1.3a		1999/04/29 ltdefns.dtx v1.3f
\@ifnextchar: made long	46	\@yargd@f: Full expansion and conversion needed for digit in new version, see pr/3013
\@newenvb: made long and brace optional arg. latex/2896	40	New macro added
\@testopt: made long and brace optional arg. latex/2896	38	1999/06/10 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9u
1999/01/07 ltdefns.dtx v1.3b		General: Ensure that we also forget old options (pr/2888)
\@ifnextchar: extra \long. latex/2902	46	1999/06/12 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9v
1999/01/07 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9r		General: Extend \@uclclist only once
General: Hackery to allow using fontenc several times	121	1999/10/09 ltmath.dtx v1.1e
Hackery to temp support cyrillic uc/lc	120	\active@math@prime: Macro added, see PR 3104.
1999/01/13 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9s		1999/10/09 \prime@: Introduce \active@math@prime.
\@strip@args: Simplified solution for latex/2930	99	1999/10/09 ltoutput.dtx 1.2f
		\@activechar@info: Reset definition of active prime character (used in math mode)
		1999/10/28 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9w
		\add@accent: Give \accent@spacefactor a

default definition (pr/3084) . . .	98	2000/07/11 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1j
1999/12/08 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9x		\enddocument: Fix typo in warning 252
General: Changed \CYRRHOOK and \cyrrhook to \CYRRHK and \cyrrhk as name changed in the cyrillic bundle for naming consistency with other “hook” glyphs. 120		2000/07/12 ltoutput.dtx 1.2g General: Ensure that rule is in \normalcolor 448
2000/01/07 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1h		2000/07/12 ltoutput.dtx 1.2i \@makecol: Removed negative vskip, as it gives unacceptable results when the depth is large: pr/3189 407
\@verbatim: Disable hyphenation even if the font allows it. 256		2000/07/19 ltoutput.dtx v1.2h \@writestop: Reset and restore \@if@newlist for internal/3231 411
2000/01/15 ltpictur.dtx v1.1i		2000/08/30 ltoutenc.dtx v1.91 \@use@text@encoding: Rearranged but no change to final code, CAR (pr/3160) 99
\@upvector: Removed space at end-of-line, CAR 328		\add@accent: Rearranged but no change to final code, CAR (pr/3160) 97
2000/01/30 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.3y		2000/09/01 ltfinal.dtx v1.1d \errhelp: Set error help empty at very end (pr/449 done correctly). 507
\DeclareTextFontCommand: Use \hmode@bgroup now (pr/3160) 239		2000/09/24 ltfloat.dtx v1.2b \end@dblfloat: FMi: use output routine to defer float 363
2000/01/30 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9y		2000/09/24 ltoutput.dtx v1.2b \@doclearpage: FMi: ensure \doclearpage is called again until all floats are output. 405
General: Use \hmode@bgroup where applicable (pr/3160) 106–108, 112, 114, 115, 117		2000/09/24 ltoutput.dtx v1.2n \@addtocurcol: FMi: test for wide float was in wrong place 421
\add@accent: Use \hmode@bgroup where applicable (pr/3160) 97		2001/01/07 ltoutput.dtx v1.2j \@writestop: And do it in the right macro (pr/3286) 411
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2000/01/30 ltoutenc.dtx v1.9z		2001/05/25 ltclass.dtx v1.1d \@providesfile: Explicitly set catcode of \endlinechar to 10 (pr/3334) 460
\@use@text@encoding: Macro reimplemented (pr/3160) 99, 100		2001/05/25 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0x General: Explicitly set catcode of \endlinechar to 10 (pr/3334) 4
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\enddocument: Reset \AtEndDocument for latex/3060 251		
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\markright: Reimplementation to fix expansion error (pr/3203). 382		
\rightmark: Use \empty instead of brace group (pr/3203). 382		
2000/06/02 ltpage.dtx v1.0k		
\@markright: Small adjustment to give slightly less expansion, CAR 382		
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2001/06/02 fontdef.dtx v2.2y General: Provide default cfg files (pr/3264)	231	2002/10/02 ltfssbas.dtx v3.0x <code>\DeclareFontSubstitution</code> : Adding <code>\LastDeclaredEncoding</code> introduced a bug as on some occasions that macro name was stored in the internal lists instead of the actual encoding. (pr/3459)	143
2001/06/04 fontdef.dtx v2.2z General: Guard against math active equal and pipe sign in <code>\models</code> (pr/3333)	227	2002/10/28 ltlists.dtx v1.0s <code>\endtrivlist</code> : Check for math mode (pr/3437)	279
Guard against math active equal sign in <code>\Relbar</code> (pr/3333)	227	2002/10/28 ltoutenc.dtx v1.96 General: coding change, to follow bug fix by DEK in plain.tex (pr/3469)	106, 114
2001/06/04 ltclass.dtx v1.1e <code>\@providesfile</code> : But only if it is a char (pr/3334)	460	2002/12/13 ltbibl.dtx v1.1n <code>\@citex</code> : Added <code>\leavevmode</code> in case citation is at start of paragraph (pr/3486)	378
2001/06/04 ltdirchk.dtx v1.0y General: But only if it is a char (pr/3334)	4	2003/01/01 lftntcmd.dtx v3.3z General: Code checked and documentation extended by Chris	239
2001/06/04 ltpictur.dtx v1.1j <code>\@sline</code> : Don't warn for exactly zero pr/3318	326	2003/05/18 ltbibl.dtx v1.1o <code>\nocite</code> : Check if we are after <code>\document</code>	379
2001/06/04 ltvers.dtx v1.0i General: Check for old format disabled	32	2003/08/27 ltpictur.dtx v1.1k <code>\@bezier</code> : added missing displacement pr/3566	340
2001/06/05 ltoutenc.dtx v1.94 General: Text composite Commands need kludges for ',' - see tlb1903.lvt	107	<code>\@sline</code> : check for <code>\@linechar</code> being empty pr/3570	326
2001/08/26 ltclass.dtx v1.1f <code>\@providesfile</code> : Readded setting of space char (pr/3353)	460	2003/10/13 ltfinal.dtx v1.1e General: Added extra <code>\lccode</code> for <code>\-</code> and <code>\textcompwordmark</code> .	502
2002/02/24 ltpplain.dtx v1.1x <code>\loggingall</code> : Macro added	29	2003/12/16 ltoutput.dtx v1.2k <code>\@makecol</code> : Ensure that <code>\@elt</code> has a defined state (pr/3586)	407
<code>\loggingoutput</code> : Macro added	29	2003/12/30 ltpictur.dtx v1.1j <code>\@getcirc</code> : issue warning if circle size can't be met pr/3473	335
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<code>\tracingall</code> : Use newly added <code>\loggingoutput</code>	29	Added composites for <code>\k</code> (pr/3532)	112
2002/06/16 ltoutenc.dtx v1.95 General: Added <code>\textbardbl</code> (pr/3400)	112	Use <code>\oalign</code> for <code>\k</code> (pr/3532)	108
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2002/06/17 ltoutenc.dtx v1.95 General: Corrected <code>\c</code> for T1 (pr/3442)	108		
Definition of <code>\texTEXCLDOWN</code> changed (pr/3368)	106		
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2002/06/18 ltoutenc.dtx v1.95 General: Changed def for <code>\textREGISTERED</code> to avoid small caps (pr/3420)	104		

2004/01/04 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99c	\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet: (MH) Make document commands robust	206
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2004/01/23 ltdefns.dtx v1.1g	\new@mathalphabet: (MH) Make document commands robust	197
\@newenva: Use kernel version of \ifnextchar (pr/3501)	40	
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\@xargdef: Use kernel version of \ifnextchar (pr/3501)	37	
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2004/01/23 ltdefns.dtx v1.3g	\kernel@ifnextchar: Added macro (pr/3501)	46
2004/01/28 ltclass.dtx v1.1g	\@providesfile: Use kernel version of \ifnextchar (pr/3501)	460
2004/01/28 ltvers.dtx v1.0k	General: Check for old format made 5 years (pr/3601)	32
2004/02/02 fontdef.dtx v2.3	General: Many things from here on made robust	227
2004/02/04 fontdef.dtx v2.3a	General: Added bigtriangle synonyms for stmaryrd	225
2004/02/04 ltspace.dtx v1.3	\nobreakdashes: (Macro added	77
2004/02/06 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99d	\@inmathwarn: New command added to fix severe bug: pr/3563	95
2004/02/07 ltoutput.dtx v1.2l	\@doclearpage: Empty kludgeins box if necessary, pr/3528	405
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2004/02/15 ltbibl.dtx v1.1q	\@cite@ofmt: Added hook with default value \hbox	380
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2004/02/15 ltspace.dtx v1.3a	\nobreakdashes: (Added spacefactor setting	77
2004/10/20 ltoutput.dtx v1.2m	\@makecol: Removed dead code	407
2005/07/27 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0j	\DeclareMathAlphabet: (MH) Make document commands robust	196
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	\non@alpherr: (MH) Change because command is now properly robust	190
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2005/09/27 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99g	General: Replace \sh@ft by \ltx@sh@ft	106, 108, 114
2005/09/27 lplain.dtx v1.1y	\ltx@sh@ft: New macro	29
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2005/11/08 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99h	General: Added \ij and \IJ from babel. (pr/3771)	103, 107, 108
2005/11/10 ltmath.dtx v1.1g	\L: (MH) Fixed potential problem in \L (pr/3399).	264
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2006/05/18 ltboxes.dtx v1.1g	\@parboxto: Ensure \@parboxto holds the value of \tempdimb not the register itself (pr/3867)	292
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2009/09/24 ltvers.dtx v1.0l	General: Stop checking for old format	32
2009/10/20 ltfssdcl.dtx v3.0m	\in@: More robust thanks to Heiko.	186
2009/10/28 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99k	General: Added Latin Modern and TeX Gyre subsets	131
2009/11/04 ltoutenc.dtx v1.99l	General: Added more Latin Modern and TeX Gyre subsets	131

2009/12/14 ltfntcmd.dtx v3.4a	\textsubscript: Command added (latexrelease)	372
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2010/08/17 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1k	\enddocument: Use braces around \input arg (pr/4124)	252
2010/08/17 ltmiscen.dtx v1.1l	\enddocument: Change of plan: use \@input instead (pr/4124)	252
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 \@clsextension L16, L41, L52, L69, L100, L126, L143, L159, L169, L209, L224, L232, L286, L355, L363, L389
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 \@currentlabel x34,
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 L459, L465, L473, L477, L483
 \@currenline ... g203, y56, y66, B103
 \@currext L15, L23, L31, L99, L100,
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 L228, L313, L314, L319, L320,
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 K1332, K1419, K1537, K1662,
 K1911, K1913, K1914, K1917
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 C26, C75, C76, C77, C83, C84,
 C87, C91, C92, C96, C131, C132
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 C26, C38, C44, C78, C91, C95, C96
 \@d@r a156, a157
 \@dashbox D175, D176,
 D177, D178, D179, D182, D185,
 D187, D196, D198, D199, D200,
 D201, D204, D207, D210, D359
 \@dashcnt D169, D170,
 D171, D172, D173, D174, D184,
 D186, D189, D190, D191, D192,
 D194, D195, D206, D209, D359
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 D171, D173, D176, D178, D179,
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 B367, C160, C192, D106, D157,
 D160, D175, D182, D402, K1761
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\@dischyp d11, B235
\@doclearpage K270, K345
\@documentclasshook L3, L291
\@doendpe y62, A123
\@dofilelist k209, k225, y21
\@donoparitem A144, A158
\@dot D328, D341
\@dotsep F160
\@dottedtocline F149
\@downline D154, D158, D163
\@downvector D125, D163
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 g194, g196, g204, g206, g236,
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 o109, o152, o218, o273, p106,
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 r314, r346, r387, r432, r437,
 r492, r601, r605, r609, r644,
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 r782, r837, r840, r843, r910,
 r916, v129, y54, K1786, K1802, I47
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 g226, g228, K208, K364, K411
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 d132, g174, g231, g234, g240,
 g242, y130, y141, z298, A220, F4
\@ehd g174, g201, g208, g211, g213,
 g219, r118, C89, C98, G6, L257
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 K11, K15, K27, K30, K31, K32,
 K33, K38, K39, K40, K41, K42,
 K43, K44, K45, K47, K51, K57,
 K58, K59, K60, K472, K630,
 K641, K646, K656, K668, K670,
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 m105, r693, x19, J16, L48, L64, L76
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 G199, G201, G212, G216,
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 K1417, K1488, K1609, K1980
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 K1147, K1316, K1399, K1996
 \@flstop K1882
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 \@fltofv g227, G93, G162, G326
 \@flupdates K902, K947, K2058
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 \@font@info o98, o136, o142,
 o300, o317, o476, p30, p38, p46,
 p74, p87, p126, p154, p168,
 p179, p193, p209, p215, p228,
 p235, p242, p247, p257, p269,
 p281, p445, p457, p462, p469,
 p494, p502, r202, r217, r251,
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 r512, r592, r635, r729, r878, r907
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 p468, p493, p501, q30, y23, O222
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 C6, C7, C8, L90, L91, L101, L103
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 D40, D41, D106, D156, D159,
 D175, D182, D196, D206, D209,
 D365, D387, D400, D401, D402
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 B121, B168, B178, B324, B367,
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 D157, D160, D175, D182, D198,
 D205, D280, D323, D401, K1761
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 K276, K277, K282, K283, K284
 \@hspace i296, i297
 \@hspacer i296, i298
 \@hvvector D118, D122
 \@icentercr y71, y72
 \@iden d191
 \@if d148, d149, d151
 \@if@pti@ns L73, L75, L88
 \@if@ptions .. L68, L69, L72, L74, L320
 \@ifatmargin C55, C95
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 \@ifclassloaded 456, L40
 \@ifclasswith 456, L68
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 \@makefntext B301, G424
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 o341, o342, o343, o344, o345,
 o346, o347, o348, o349, o350,
 y113, [y123](#), y134, L116, L117, [L464](#)
 \@makepicbox . . . B10, B19, [B45](#), D211
 \@makespecialcolbox . . . K477, [K496](#)
 \@marbox . G324, G326, G330, G334,
 G335, G359, K1722, K1732,
 K1735, K1743, K1745, K1746,
 K1748, K1749, K1750, K1759
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 \@medpenalty i56, [O3](#)
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 B248, B286, [G187](#), G250, G345
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 \@minus d13, K2195,
 K2196, K2197, K2200, K2201
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 \@mklab A45, [A140](#)
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 \@mparbottom G367,
 G368, K125, K450, K1733,
 K1741, K1742, K1743, K1744
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 \@width b403, d13, i298, l240, l243, p146, t522, B118, B120, B170, B177, B324, B367, C161, C192, C306, C325, D106, D156, D159, D176, D183, D197, D204, D273, D317, D403, G375, K1761, K2115, K2149
 \@wrglossary H25, H30
 \@wrindex H8, H13
 \@writeckpt k110, k119
 \@writefile k26, y43, F147
 \@writesetup K564
 \@wrong@font@char l121, o392, o426, o439
 \@wtryfc K767, K777
 \@x@protect d82, d219
 \@x@sf G440, G442
 \@xDeclareMathDelimiter . . r695, r751
 \@xaddvskip i139, i160
 \@xarg D56, D59, D64, D68, D69, D105, D107, D112, D113, D117, D123, D131, D349
 \@xarrayacr C178, C187, C191
 \@xargdef d57
 \@xarraycr C175, C176
 \@xbitor K15, K17
 \@xcentercr y69, y70
 \@xdblarg d311
 \@xdblfloor G268
 \@xdim D26, D32, D34, D353, D407, D408, D409, D410, D416
 \@xeqncr z280
 \@xexnoop C199, C209
 \@xexpast C200, C201
 \@xfloat G28, G29, G34, G270
 \@xfootnote G405, G408
 \@xfootnotemark G428, G432
 \@xfootnotenext G445, G448
 \@xhline C319, C320
 \@xifnch d297, d307
 \@xiipt o507, t83, t85, t86
 \@xipt o506, t82
 \@xivipt o508, t84, t86
 \@xmpar G328, G329
 \@xnewline i39, i40, i44
 \@xnnext K10, K11
 \@xnthm E5, E6
 \@xobeysp i276, y94, y95
 \@xprocess@ptions . . L153, L168, L180
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 O199, O200, O202, O252, O258,
 O259, O260, O261, O274, O275,
 O276, O308, O309, O310, O311,
 O313, O314, O315, O316, O318
 _ a70, b8, b14,
 d314, l263, t173, z166, z167, O253
 \` 1182,
 l321, l355, l389, l399, l477, l539,
 l546, l550, l555, l560, l565, l572,
 l576, l577, l585, l590, l652, l691,
 o348, s168, y145, B236, C61, O268
 \| 1461, m78, m89, t479, O269
 \^ a70, b10, b14,
 d314, g20, i278, l189, l237, l322,
 l402, l459, l542, l554, l558, l568,
 l584, l588, l653, y139, y149, O256
 \u a69, a86, b13,
 b368, b386, d313, g19, g20, g21,
 g22, g25, i277, o331, o497, t171,
 y93, y94, E36, E38, L110, O246, I17

A

\A O187, O271, O303
 \a l173, C1, O176, O272, O292
 \AA b374, l190, l363, l429
 \aa b374, l195, l357, l439
 \abovedisplayshortskip .. b349, z389
 \abovedisplayskip b348,
 z382, z384, z386, z387, z388, z389
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 b11, b383, b384, b386, y93, y94,
 y138, y147, z151, z166, K558,
 L433, L434, L435, L487, L490, L493
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 A175, F33, K312, K1063, K1229
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\atopwithdelims z57, z58, z59 \Bigrm z45
 \attribute N81 \bigrm z42
 \attributedef N81, N213 \bigodot t271
 \attributezero N213 \bigoplus t270
 \author 345, F5 \bigotimes t269

B
 \b l183, l327, l410, l660 \bigr z46
 \backslash t170, t494 \bigr z43
 \badness b307 \bigskip b418, i256
 \bar t428 \bigskipamount b417, i258, i259, G371
 \baselineskip b367, b397 \bigsqcup t274
 b433, p140, p141, p142, p144, \bigtriangledown t279, t280
 p145, t418, z112, z113, z121, \bigtriangleup t278, t281
 z127, z131, B243, C171, D46, \biguplus t262
 D166, K216, K247, K593, K608 \bigvee t260
 \baselinestretch o253, p118, p119, p138, p199 \bigwedge t261
 \batchmode k183, k184, q106, s135, O353, O374 \binoppenalty b319
 \begin g201, g203, l617, p7, t4, \bm@b B36
 u4, y51, y52, z325, z337, F14, \bm@c B36
 F17, G256, G258, K70, L244, M3 \bm@l B36
 \belowdisplayshortskip b351, z388 \bm@r B36
 \belowdisplayskip b350, z387 \bm@s B36
 \best@size p392, p416, p422, p428 \bm@t B36
 \beta t188 \bmod z35
 \bezier 319, D367, D368 \boldmath j14, s63
 \bfdefault s15, t32 \bordermatrix z115
 \bfseries s13, s14, v19, x13, E36, E38, I20 \bot t242
 \bgroup b381 \botfigrule K652, K2214
 \bibcite I7, I9, I10 \botmark J36, K618
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 \bibitem I3 \bowtie t390
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 b342, D246, D291, D330, K460,
 K480, K520, K625, K634, K674 \brace z59
 \bibstyle I25, I37 \braceeld t459, t463, t464, t466, t468
 \Big t525, z44, z45, z46 \braceelu t461, t465, t467
 \big t524, z41 \bracerd t460, t465, t467
 \bigbreak b413 \braceru t462, t464, t468
 \bigcap t263 \bracevert t512
 \bigcirc t306 \brack z58
 \bigcup t264 \break b406, b411, i53
 \Bigg t527, z50, z51, z52 \breve t429
 \bigg t526, z47, z48, z49 \brokenpenalty b324
 \Biggl z50 \buildrel t377, z107
 \biggl z47 \bullet t295
 \Biggr z51 \bx@A K30, K57
 \biggm z48 \bx@AA K40
 \Biggm z52 \bx@B K30, K57
 \biggr z49 \bx@BB K40
 \Bigl z44 \bx@C K30, K57
 \bigl z41 \bx@CC K40
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\bx@EE	K40	\c@enumi	A227
\bx@F	K31, K58	\c@enumii	A227, A227
\bx@FF	K41	\c@enumiv	A227
\bx@G	K31, K58	\c@equation	z242, z275, z401
\bx@GG	K41	\c@errorcontextlines	g163
\bx@H	K31, K58	\c@footnote	F11, G377, G434
\bx@HH	K41	\c@mpfootnote	B271, G379
\bx@I	K31, K58	\c@ncel	t369, t370
\bx@II	K41	\c@page	w3, w6, w7, K145, K1728
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\bx@JJ	K41	\c@tocdepth	F123, F150
\bx@K	K32, K59	\c@topnumber	G271, G275, K2177
\bx@KK	K42	\c@totalnumber	G274, G280, K2184
\bx@L	K32, K59	\cal	s169
\bx@LL	K42	\calculate@math@sizes ..	o475, p173
\bx@M	K32, K59	\call_callback	477, N575
\bx@MM	K42	\callback.register	N504
\bx@N	K32, K59	\callback_descriptions ..	477, N706
\bx@NN	K42	\cap	t286
\bx@O	K33, K60	\capitalacute	I737, l1025
\bx@OO	K43	\capitalbreve	I744, l1032
\bx@P	K33, K60	\capitalcaron	I743, l1031
\bx@PP	K43	\capitalcedilla	I730, l1022
\bx@Q	K33, K60	\capitalcircumflex	I738, l1026
\bx@QQ	K43	\capitaldieresis	I740, l1028
\bx@R	K33, K60	\capitaldotaccent	I746, l1034
\bx@RR	K43	\capitalgrave	I736, l1024
\bx@S	K38	\capitalhungarumlaut	I741, l1029
\bx@SS	K44	\capitalmacron	I745, l1033
\bx@T	K38	\capitalnewtie	I750, l1099, l1100
\bx@TT	K44	\capitalogonek	I733, l1023
\bx@U	K38	\capitalring	I742, l1030
\bx@UU	K44	\capitaltie	I748, l1095, l1096
\bx@V	K38	\capitaltilde	I739, l1027
\bx@VV	K44	\caption	G4
\bx@W	K39	\cases	z108
\bx@WW	K45	\catcodetable	N91, N112
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\bx@Y	K39	\catcodetable@latex ..	475, N96, N237
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 b200, b201, b202, b220, b230,
 b231, b232, b233, b261, b263,
 b275, b276, b277, b278, b284, L444
 \changes l614,
 G257, K71, N225, N226, O220
 \char ... l329, l332, l365, l368, l379,
 l386, l412, l416, l421, l424, l426,
 l428, l634, l662, l665, l695, l702,
 l709, l732, l735, l783, s69, y150,
 z148, D111, D139, D153, D161,
 D164, D233, D271, D276, D315,
 D319, D334, D335, D337, D348
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 b16, b17, b18, b19, b20, b58,
 b64, b66, b70, b76, b77, b87,
 b89, b90, b91, b92, b101, b107,
 b108, b121, b123, b187, b235,
 b239, b241, b265, b280, b427,
 b428, b429, e2, l18, o15, C4,
 C9, L443, N20, N24, N38, N47,
 N48, N91, N160, N214, O28,
 O30, O34, O53, O104, O105,
 O106, O107, O108, O109, O110
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 \charzero N214
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 \check@icl
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 \check@mathfonts j5,
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 \check@range p333, p334
 \check@single p332, p354
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O184, O288, O289, O298, O300	\cyrc	1873
\countdef . a61, b37, b38, b39, b41,	\CYRCH	1873
b51, b83, w3, N78, N88, N177,	\cyrch	1873
N185, N193, N201, N215, O61	\CYRCHLDSC	1873
\CountZero	\cyrchldsc	1873
\cr	\CYRCHRDSC	1874
b377,	\cyrchrdsc	1873
l1012, l1016, z118, z122, z270,	\CYRCHVCRS	1874
z300, z398, C165, C176, C183,	\cyrchvcrs	1874
C192, C193, C336, D51, D53, D54	\CYRD	1874
\crcr	\cyrd	1874
b434, l276, l302,	\CYRDELTA	1874
l303, l328, l332, l335, l411, l415,	\cyrdelta	1874
l419, l421, l424, l633, l661, l665,	\CYRDJE	1875
l668, l732, l735, l782, l1017, s91,	\cyrdje	1875
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t374, t438, t439, t440, t441,	\cyrdez	1875
t442, t443, t444, t445, t446,	\CYRDZHE	1875
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\create_callback	\CYREPS	1876
\cs	\cyreps	1875
\csc	\CYREREV	1876
\cup	\cyrerev	1876
\curr@fontshape	\CYRERY	1876
o53, o297, o305, o309, o311,	\cyrery	1876
o374, o380, o383, o392, o399,	\CYRF	1876
o401, o409, o415, o418, o426,	\cyrf	1876
o433, o435, p92, p100, p121,	\CYRFITA	1877
p431, p451, p483, p496, r223, r228	\cyrfita	1876
\curr@math@size	\CYRG	1877
o286, p210, p216, p221, p238	\cyrg	1877
\CurrentOption	\CYRGDSC	1877
l913, L13, L146, L156, L157,	\cyrgdsc	1877
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L175, L182, L183, L187, L188,	\cyrgdschcrs	1877
L189, L196, L198, L202, L203,	\CYRGHCRS	1878
L204, L315, L397, L398, L407, L408	\cyrghcrs	1878
\CYRA	\CYRGHK	1878
\cyra	\cyrghk	1878
\CYRABHCH	\CYRGUP	1878
\cyrabhch	\cyrup	1878
\CYRABHCHDSC	\cyrhdsc	1879
\cyrabhchdsc	\cyrhhk	1879
\CYRABHDZE	\cyrhhcrs	1879
\cyrabhdze	\cyrhhk	1879
\CYRABHHA	\CYRH	1878
\cyrabhha	\cyrh	1878
\CYRAE	\CYRHDSC	1879
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\CYRI	1880	\CYROTLD	1886
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\displaymath ..... z240
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 p427, p428, p433, p447, p459,
 p464, p476, p484, p489, p497, p511
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 \fboxsep B124, B130,
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 K907, K913, K916, K924, K928,
 K939, K944, K949, K950, K951,
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 K987, K992, K997, K1003,
 K1004, K1009, K1014, K1015,
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 K1121, K1131, K1137, K1143,
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\footnotemark ..... F9, G427
\footnoterule ..... B283, G374, K467
\footnotesep . B302, G404, G417, G425
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\footnotetext ..... F11, G444
\footskip ..... K84, K608
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\frac ..... z247
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\framebox ..... 285, B133
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\futurelet ..... d293,
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\Gammama ..... t216
\gamma ..... t189
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\ge ..... t330
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\genb@sfcnt ..... p461, p462, p463
\genb@x ..... p464, p466
\genb@y ..... p466
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\GenericWarning ..... g11,
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\guilsinglleft ..... l445
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          D23, D32, D122, D156, D159,
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\headsep ..... K83, K606
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 l667, l696, l703, l731, l734, l780, v7
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 \hom z29
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 \hookrightarrow t386
 \phantom z75
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 i242, i250, l240, l243, t246,
 t522, B116, B121, B168, B178,
 C318, C335, D280, D323, G375
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I

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 \ifmaybe@ic v65, v74
 \ifnot@nil p297, p314, p335
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 i81, i94, i105, i121, i134, i312,
 k60, o249, y63, y71, y72, z208,
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 C57, C58, C59, C72, C81, C94,
 C98, C105, C112, C114, C123,
 C198, C260, C262, C264, C291,
 D16, D24, D35, D53, D54, E30,
 E32, F93, G17, G24, G425, I7, I9
 \ignorespacesafterend y7
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 \ij l199, l369, l449
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 \in t340, t369
 \in@ 1913, 1916, q49, q51, r1,
 r21, r249, r351, r353, r411, r424,
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 r617, r629, r698, r701, r721,
 r752, r755, r799, r803, r806,
 r873, r876, r904, L80, L158, L172
 \in@ r5, r6, r7, r9
 \in@false r10
 \in@true r12
 \in_callback 477, N682
 \include 81, k86
 \IncludeInRelease
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 b112, b118, b127, b132, b141,
 b147, b161, b175, b179, b213,
 b226, b271, b455, b490, b497,
 b544, c53, d249, d277, i70, i86,
 i98, i111, i126, i167, i203, i285,
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K1063, K1067, K1229, K1233 \last@fontshape o375, o393, o410, o427
\intextsep . K1046, K1050, K1065, \lastbox ..... z123, z124, A130,
K1068, K1075, K1208, K1214, A136, A185, F82, F115, K279
K1231, K1234, K1243, K2192 \LastDeclaredEncoding ... o102, o105
\intop ..... t265, t266 \lastpenalty ..... v95, v98
\iota ..... t195 \lastskip ..... b412,
\is@range ..... p330, p331 b413, b415, b417, i19, i66, i78,
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\item ..... g234, y73, y80, v88, A115, A116, A150, A151, D36
y86, y100, z328, z340, z367, A141, A219, C67, E36, E38, I4, I8
\itemindent . A9, A42, A95, A187, A208 \LaTeX ..... j3, j15, L457
\itemize ..... A242 \LaTeXe ..... j13
\itemize (environment) ..... A242 \latexreleaseversion ..... c5
\itemsep ..... A1, A176 \lbrace ..... l257, t502
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\itshape ..... l382, l705, s28, \lccode ..... g19,
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y139, y149, O157, O174, O184,
O193, O195, O197, O199, O202,
O203, O204, O205, O290, O300,
O309, O311, O313, O315, O318
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t464, t465, t467, t468, C335,
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\leadsto ..... s108
\leavevmode ..... b403, b430, b433,
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v106, y108, y119, y132, y150,
z328, z340, z367, A58, A103,
B8, B17, B23, B109, B111,
B127, B154, B214, B262, B318,
B335, B342, C151, D44, D166,
F23, F155, G439, K160, K165, I14
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t525, t526, t527, z108, z114, z125
\Leftarrow ..... t324, t400, t406
\leftarrow ..... t347, t348, t388, t398, t404, t456
\leftarrowfill ..... t442, t456
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\leftmargin		\Longleftrightarrow	t406, t408
. A9, A52, A53, A94, A146, A148		\longleftrightarrow	t404
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\leftmarginii	A17	\Longrightarrow	t394
\leftmarginiii	A17	\rightarrow	t395, t402
\leftmarginiv	A17	\loop	a76, b388, C341, N153, N162
\leftmarginv	A17	\lor	t285
\leftmarginvi	A17	\lower	j2, t366, B166, D15, D75, D162, D163, D200, D201
\leftmark	J34	\lower@bound	p340, p341, p352
\Leftrightarrow	t323	\lowercase	g26, l105, l901, o266, o324, y143, y150, O330
\leftrightarrow	t346	\lq	b370
\leftskip	b425, y77, y84, y90, y102, A74, B241, F152, F157	\lrbox	B97
\leq	t327, t328	\lrbox (environment)	285
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\lgroup	t512	\luachunk	N204
\lhd	s111	\luafunction	N180
\lhook	t385, t386	\luatexbase	N253
\lim	z6	\luatexluafunction	a18, a23
\liminf	z8	\luatexversion	a11, N5
\limits	t446, t450, z107, z246		
\limsup	z7		
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\listfiles	457, k201		
\listparindent	A9, A41, A50		
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\llap	A238, A249, B372, B373		
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\ln	z5		
\lnot	t251		
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\log	z3		
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\tracingfonts p₁₇, p₅₄, p₅₈,
 p₈₆, p₁₁₆, p₁₂₅, p₁₄₈, p₁₇₈,
 p₁₉₂, p₂₀₈, p₂₁₄, p₂₂₇, p₂₃₄,
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\tracingifs b₄₇₆, b₅₂₇
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\tracingnone b₄₉₇
\tracingoff p₁₁₆, p₂₇₆
\tracingon p₁₁₇, p₂₇₇
\tracingonline b₄₅₀, b₅₀₂, b₅₁₉, b₅₄₀
\tracingoutput b₄₅₁, b₅₀₆, b₅₂₃, b₅₃₇
\tracingpages b₄₆₀, b₄₇₂, b₄₉₂, b₅₁₂, b₅₃₂
\tracingparagraphs b₄₆₂, b₄₇₄, b₄₉₃, b₅₀₉, b₅₂₉
\tracingrestores b₄₆₇, b₄₈₃, b₄₉₃, b₅₀₈, b₅₁₈
\tracingscantokens b₄₅₇, b₄₇₇, b₅₀₀, b₅₂₆
\tracingstats b₄₅₉, b₄₇₁, b₄₉₁, b₅₁₃, b₅₃₃, O₂
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\try@load@fontshape o₃₀₆, o₃₁₄, o₃₈₆, p₄₇₄, r₂₀₈, r₂₂₅
\try@simple@size p₃₁₀, p₄₃₅
\try@simples p₃₉₃, p₃₉₉, p₄₀₃
\try@size@range p₁₀₁, p₃₁₀, p₃₈₆
\try@size@substitution p₁₀₃, p₃₉₀
\tryif@simple p₄₀₁, p₄₀₂
\tryis@simple p₄₀₂
\ttdefault s₁₂, t₂₉
\ttfamily s₁₀, s₁₁, v₁₇, y₁₂₀
\tw@ b₁₆
\two@digits a₈₁,
 a₁₈₀, a₁₈₁, d₂, p₄₆₆, L₄₃₀, L₄₆₁
\twocolumn K₁₇₃
\type@restoreinfo p₁₅₆, p₁₆₁
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 a₂₃₉, a₂₅₂, a₂₆₅, a₂₇₈, a₂₉₂,
 c₂₀, c₃₇, c₄₂, c₄₇, d₃, d₂₃,
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\uppercase O324
 \upshape l377, l633, l700,
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 \upsilon t205
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 \usebox B109
 \usecounter A225, A238
 \usefont o45, o247, s81, s94
 \usepackage L208, L238
 \UseTextAccent l110, l138,
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 \UseTextSymbol l110, l136, l1020, l1089

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\version@list r16,
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 \vfilneg b409
 \vfuzz b338, J47, J54
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 \vglue b399
 \vline C325
 \voidb@x b291, b430, n18
 \vphantom z75, z94
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 C306, C325, D106, D156, D159,
 D175, D182, D197, D204, D273,
 D317, D401, K1761, K2115, K2148
 \vspace i226, i256, i257, i258
 \vsplit K356, K403, K2097

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